# FINANCIAL TIMES Shadowy forces lurk behind Beirut abdrictions. Page 4

**EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER** 

Thursday March 28 1985

# abductions, Page 4

World news

#### Denmark **Earnings** at BAT moves up 44% to end strike to £1.4bn

Wage costs in Denmark will inwage cases in Legislation crease by just over 3% per cent over the next two years under legislation proposed by the minority Government to end the industrial strike

which has affected the country. The Government proposed ex-tending the present collective wage agreements in both the public and private sector for two years.

This will make it compulsory for the 300,000 workers who are either on strike or locked out in the private sector to return to work probably from Sunday or Monday morning. The measures will also avert strikes in the public sector next

#### Secret snaps

The Reagan Administration acknowledged that the U.S. Army major killed by a Soviet sentry in East Germany had been taking photographs of Soviet military equipment in a restricted area.

#### Tehran air attack

Iran said at least 10 people were killed and 50 wounded when an Iraqi jet attacked a residential area in east Tehran. Page 4

#### Neves critical

The next 24 hours are expected to be critical for the survival of Brazil's President-elect Tancredo Neves, recovering in hospital from an abdominal operation. Page 5

#### Briton freed

Kidnappers freed British scientist Geoffrey Nash, one of eight West-erners abducted in Lebanon. Page 4

#### **Economist killed**

Italy's Red Brigades murdered Professor Exio Tarantelli, a leading economist closely associated with the trade unions. Page 3

#### 47 die in clashes

At least 47 people died in clashes between communist guerrilias and the military in the southern Philippines. The clashes took place in several parts of Mindanao island ahead of the 16th anniversary of Page 4

#### Hijack ends

A hijacker who forced a Lufthansa airliner to land at Istanbul was captured after all 142 passengers were released. The aircraft was seized over northern Greece on a flight from Munich to Athens.

#### Amritsar explosion

At least one person was seriously icjured when a hand grenade ex-ploded in the Sikh holy city of Am-ritsar in the northern Punjab.

#### N-plant liquidation

The eight electricity companies that built Austria's Zwentendorf nuclear power station decided yesterday to "liquidate" it. The plant, which has never been opened, was mothballed after a 1978 referendum rejected nuclear generated power.

#### 'Vigilante' indicted

A Grand Jury indicted self-styled subway vigilante Bernhard Goetz on four counts of attempted murder after he refused to testify before the panel about why he shot four youths on a New York subway train last December.

#### Police dismissed

Spain's Socialist Government dismissed seven senior police officers and disbanded an entire unit in Leon to counter mounting unrest over a campaign to demilitarise the

#### Khartoum riot

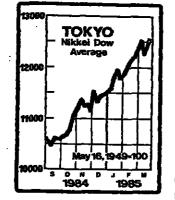
Demonstrators burned cars in dent Gaafar Nimeiri left for the

No. 29,586

Business summary

BAT INDUSTRIES, the UK tobacco retailing and financial services conglomerate, reported a 44 per cent rise in 1984 pre-tax profits to £1.4bn (\$1.68bn). Page 28.

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones in dustrial average closed up 5.19 a 1,264.91. Section III



TOYKO stocks encountered strong buying support. The Nikkei-Dow market average advanced 64.67 to a record 1,2550.82. Section III

LONDON shares edged lower in quiet trading and the FT Ordinary share index eased 2.7 to 979.3. Gilts moved higher. Section III

PARIS shares reached record levels spurred by U.S. investors seeking a currency hedge. The CAC General index added 1.0 to a peak of 210.4.

Other European bourses were mixed to weaker. Section III DOLLAR fell in volatile London trading, closing at DM 3.125 (DM 3.209), FFr 9.545 (FFr 9.8025), Swfr 2.6485 (SwFr 2.721) and Y251.85 (Y255.45), On Bank of England figures the dollar's exchange index fell to 147.3 from 149.6. In New York it

2.6535, and Y253.82.Page 49 STERLING rose sharply in London, closing at \$1.239 (\$1.1825), DM 3.875 (DM 3.795), FFr 11.84 (FFr 11.59), SwFr 3.27 (SwFr 3.2125) and Y312.5 (Y302.0). The pound's exchange index rose 1.9 to 77.8. In New York it

was DM 3.1410, FFr 9.5975, SwFr

was \$1.2310. Page 49 GOLD gained \$7.75 on the London bullion market to close at \$331.75. It also improved in Zurich to \$330.50. In New York t tlement was \$327.80. Page 48

FRENCH Government plans to sell about 10 per cent of the equity in Société Européene de Propulsion, the state-controlled group which makes engines for the Ariane space rocket. Page 29

CANADIAN Government agencies and the country's six biggest banks are set to become majority shareholders in Canadian Commercial Bank, the Edmonton-based lender they rescued from collapse this week. Page 29

HONG KONG'S Commercial Crimes Bureau arrested Mr Anthony Pong, a former director of Deak Perera (Far East) and issued warrants for the arrest of group founder Mr Nicholas Deak and Mr

Otto Roethenmund, thought to be in the U.S. Page 32 CITICORP, the biggest U.S. bank holding company, is near agree-ment with the state of Ohio to take

over Home State Savings Bank, the thrift whose collapse precipitated the recent banking crisis. Page 29 NEW YORK investment bank Forstmann Little said it would not increase its bid for McGraw-Edison, the Illinois-based conglomerate leaving the way open for rival bid-der Cooper Industries of Houston. Page 29

BABCOCK INTERNATIONAL, the UK engineering group, said its 1984 profits were badly hit by the British miners' strike, falling to £31.6m (\$38.8m) before tax, compared with £34.1m in 1983. Lex, Page 28; Details, Page 35

THE U.S. Senate Finance Committee has informally agreed to legisla-Khartoum apparently in protest at tion setting up a free-trade zone befood price rises shortly after Presician headed by Mr Fritz Leutwiler, will end all tariffs on goods traded

# £ soars as worry over U.S. banks depresses dollar

BY PHILIP STEPHENS IN LONDON AND PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

and a more general erosion of confidence in the U.S. currency.

The fall brought heavy gains for sterling, which surged against all currencies as investors switching out of dollars took advantage of the high level of UK interest rates.

The pound rose to its best level since November against the dollar, while its value against a basket of currencies as measured by the ster-ling index was the highest since

September last year.
The dollar closed in London 8.4 prennigs lower at DM 3.1250, while the pound gained 5.65 cents to \$1.2390.

The sterling index jumped by 1.9

points to 77.6, reflecting the pound's

advance against European currencies as well as the dollar.

was also concern over the health of agricultural banks.

THE DOLLAR fell sharply yester-day to its lowest level since last De-cember, amid renewed concern on foreign exchange markets over the health of the U.S. banking system that the number of banks on the office's "problem" list had grown sharply recently to 800.

It is likely to expand "significantly" this year, spurred by problems in the farm sector, the official said. Foreign exchange traders, how-

ever, also reported a more widespread weakening of confidence in the U.S. currency since the crisis which hit Ohio saving banks earlier

That weakening centred on fears of slower economic growth and the view that the U.S. authorities would seek to hold down interest rates to protect the banking system, which might in turn allow an upsurge in

A low federal funds rate and the The dollar's steep decline was lack of Fed intervention yesterday blamed in the markets partly on rumours that Texan banks with large energy-related loans were experiencing difficulties, and there Board's policy making Open Market Committee voted at its meeting this week to hold U.S. monetary

Although reluctant to predict a - it suffered a major but temporary reversal at almost exactly the same time last year - traders said that there had been a significant change of sentiment towards the currency. "There has not been a major

flight from the dollar but we have not got any customers buying them. I think we have seen a general change of sentiment in the last few days," said the foreign exchange manager of one leading Frankfurt

The nervousness in the markets was also reflected in a further rise in the gold price, which closed \$7% higher at \$331%, partly in response to a large purchase from a London

Traders said that the pound had been the main beneficiary of the dollar's fall because of the high level of UK interest rates - in real terms nearly double the level in West Germany - and the boost to

Continued on Page 28

UK retail prices, Page 10; Money markets, Page 49

# Case and Paris disagree on terms for Harvester

BY ANDREW GOWERS IN LONDON

of International Harvester's three outstanding on Harvester's Franch: French agricultural machinery fac-debts. tories, have run into serious

German manufacturing operations

NEGOTIATIONS between J. I. for substantial cuts in manufactur- purchase of Harvester's profitable Case, the tractor making subsidiary ing capacity.

Case also wants the Government West Germany, and its Danid subfrench Government over the future to relieve it of some of the interest—sidiary.

political pressure over redundan-Last November Tenneco bought cies elsewhere in industry, has already provided a FFr 160m out them.

UK farm equipment businesses and an option on its French and West sisting job cuts.

Distribution of credit for Harvester's factories, and is vigorously reverything in France, we would be sisting job cuts.

Mr John Gleason, senior vice-That option closes on Sunday. terday that Case Europe, said yes-terday that Case's president, Mr But Case has made the purchase of Jerry Green, visited France last the three French plants: a combine week and came away disappointed factory at Angers, a cab-building ta-cility at Croix and a transmission— if Tenneco does not buy Interna-

making and assembly plant at tional Harvester France, which Saint Dizier; conditional on agree makes annual losses of about \$37m, ment by the Government to a plan it is still likely to go ahead with the

It is belived that while it could obdebts.

The Government, under heavy tain the German plant for a token amount if bought in conjunction with the French operations, it

pacity in Europe. Why would anyone want to buy a business that is losing money without some concessions from the Government? Some thing has to give before we see it as a viable opportunity.

chase is of key importance for the Continued on Page 28

#### Chinese reforms fuel credit and wage explosion

By Mark Baker in Peking

ZHAO ZIYANG, the Chinese Prime Minister, yesterday publicly re-vealed that China's economic reforms are causing serious prob-

In an unusually frank speech at the opening of the National People's Congress, Zhao said that China's money supply had grown at an alarming rate and that unauthorised pay rises and bonuses had resulted in a leap in the national wage

There was a drastic increase in credit lest year, he said. Total bank loans had increased 28.9 per cent, with about half of the increase occurring in December. The government payroll had risen 21 per cent with a rapid increase in the final quarter. Many enterprises had paid excessive wage rises and bonuses out of bank loans.

Zhao indicated that the wage and currency spiral was undermining the Government's plans to introduce a comprehensive wage system which rewarded merit, initiative and hard work. He laid much of the blame for runaway growth in the money supply on financial organi-sations which had ignored the country's overall interests by competing against one another to grant loans.

Zhao's criticisms come at a time of upheaval within China's banking system. Jin Deqin, president of the Bank of China, the country's foreign exchange authority, was re-cently replaced without explanation, although western diplomats and bankers believe he was dismissed for allowing too generous bomises within the bank.

In another surprise move, an-nounced late last week, Chen Muhua, the Trade Minister, was appointed head of the People's Bank of China, the central bank, Zhao indicated at the time of her appointment that the bank would be given Zhao's keynote speech to the Na-

tional Congress, usually regarded as a broad-ranging "state of the nation" address, was dominated by economic matters, especially the difficulties involving the country's current urban reform programme. "Last year's somewhat excessive

increase in the money supply in our economy has created certain difficulties for the reform." he said. "If we do not take the initiative in carrying out the reform, let good op-portunities slip and fail to strengthen our various economic relations,

# **EEC** ministers to allow new steel subsidies

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN BRUSSELS

nity industry ministers to permit a made more capacity cuts than those new round of subsidies this year finally demanded by the Commis-linked to capacity cuts to help the sion in 1983.

make subsidies over and above 36.3m tonnes. By the end of last those already agreed. It was at their year the two countries were making insistence that the European Com- slower progress in reducing capacimission last autumn put forward a ty than all the other EEC steel prod-

plan to permit new subsidies.

This proposal was eventually accepted yesterday after about 14 hours of discussion, two earlier for France and Italy can seek permisters and an informal gathering.

decision to allow operating sub- more cuts - a plus for Germany. sidies this year for steel companies.

These should have finished at the powerful West German steel industrial to the powerful was to the powerful sion suggested that they be extended because the finances of steel

that December 3I 1985 was the last German jobs.
date for the payment of any sort of The industry called for compencharge of competition policy, said distorted by subsidies.

announced last year.

pected to draw up by the early summer its ideas on how to dismantle the system of supervised subsidies and market controls that have been the umbrella for the industry. Ministers will probably have a first look at what ideas emerge just before the summer holidays.

All applications for subsidies,

linked to restructuring, should have been notified and dealt with by the Commission by the end of June 1983, although the subsidies could be paid up to the end of 1985.

It was the need of France and Ita- sidy ly for more subsidies beyond what In that case, they fear demands months afterwards - set against the sidy deadline and Bonn's agree-Continued on Page 28 dominated discussions.

FRANCE AND Italy face further cuts in their steel industries after the decision by European Commutation of their respective national industries

The two countries are considered the most likely to approach the Commission for authorisation to Italian case 5.8m tonnes out of

mal meetings of the industry minis- sion for more subsidies. But the Commission will make certain that The agreement runs parallel with such subsidies are accompanied by

Peter Bruce adds from Bonn: the end of last year, but the Commis- try reacted angrily yesterday to the decision on subsidies.

The German steel industry assocompanies had been seriously af- ciation said in Düsseldorf that the fected by a market slump in the second half of 1983.

The ministers, however, stressed tor producers here and would cost

subsidy to the steel industry. The sation from the Bonn Government primary principle is "the absolute for allowing the decision to go requirement that this date at the through, and said German producend of 1985 be observed," Mr Peter ers could not compete under their Sutherland, Commissioner in own power in a European market

yesterday. It is also possible that the minis-Considerable scepticism remains, ters' decision – which was welhowever, about whether subsidies comed by the West German Ecowill end on that date, given the size nomics Minister Dr Martin Bangeof the subsidy programmes that, for mann - could sour relations beexample, the French Government tween him and the German producers, many of which have recently Whether the scepticism is justified will not become clear until later mined to stand up for the domestic this year. The Commission is exited the stand up for the domestic this year. industry in its campaign against European steel subsidies.

The alarm in the German steel industry at the extra subsidies partly reflects the fragility of the recovery in steel industry profits in Germany in the past 18 months. Some big producers are still losing money or just breaking even.
The Germans are also worried,

however, that the French and particularly the Italian state-owned steel makers may not be operating profitably, despite the new funds, by the December 31 deadline for last sub-

had been settled then and in the for a further extension of the subreluctance of Germany to see any ment to the latest payments will unrelaxation of the dates - which has dermine confidence so that it would

# Gatt report asks industrialised countries to open their markets

BY WILLIAM DULLFORCE IN GENEVA

up their markets to heavily indebt-ed countries such as Argentina, Brazil and Nigeria as part of a programme of action to resolve the crisis in the world trading system.

The debtor countries, it was suggested, should abandon the idea of negotiations organised on "North-South" lines and seek salvation for their beleaguered economies by reducing their own trade barriers and integrating into the trading system.

The suggestions were contained in an independent report - Trade Policies For A Better Future - published yesterday by the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt), the Geneva-based trade or-The report is the work of a com-

mittee of seven eminent econo-

mists, businessmen and one politi-

who until the end of last year was

president of the Bank for Interna-

INDUSTRIALISED nations were man-designate of Brown Boveri, the Several of the report's recom urged yesterday to discard discri-minatory trade practices and open up their markets to heavily indebt-months ago by Mr Arthur Dunkel, wohntary export agreements of the the director-general of Gatt, to ex-amine the situation in which an ac-

> tices was threatening to choke the pan on videocassette recorders. world market Its report puts forward 15 wideranging proposals for making trade gests that time limits be placed on policies and Gatt more effective. It so-called safeguard protections procalls for closer co-ordination of monetary and trade policies at the

> plaining the long-term costs of pro-tectionist policies to consumers and of clearer and fairer rules for agri-The report supports the new nese. It also supports the U.S. pro-posal that multilateral rules might be devised for trade in services, but

Mr Leutwiler said yesterday that

services would not be high on his

dations concentrate on eliminating kind between the U.S. and Japan on cumulation of restrictive trade prac- the European Community and Ja-The committee wants the rules

vided for domestic industries facing technological change.

Optimistically, it calls for the phasing out of the Multifibre Arinternational level, enhanced status for trade ministers and greater openness by governments in ex-

for subsidies to be revised, and sug-

cultural trade. Gatt would be given a considerround of multilateral trade talks under the auspices of Gatt being sought by the Americans and Japa-ture. Sur 15; apailable in English, French, Spanish and German from Gatt Secretariat, Centre William Rappard, 154 Rue de Lausanne,

> Details, Page 6; Putting Gatt together again, Page 27

tional Settlements and is now chair- personal list of priorities. CONTENTS EMS: why West Germany British valves: an industry El Salvador: crucial poll test World trade: putting Gatt 

> Management: how JWT up- Lex: BAT; Norcros; Coats set Madison Avenue ..... 14 Patons; Babcock ........ 28

> gary; UK aviation ...... 26 privatisation doubtful .... 33

Technology: sticklers for Lombard: the West imitates 

Editorial comment: Hun- Petro-Canada: prospects of

# A great deal in futures.

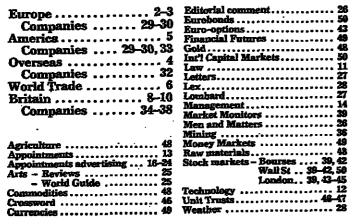
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THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

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Jonathan Carr explains the attractions of sterling to the European Monetary System

# W. Germans look to Britain for an EMS ally

the West Germans would be heartily sick of urging Britain to become a full member of the European Monetary System (EMS). After all, they have been doing so for seven years (the efforts began about a year before the system started formal operation in 1979) with no discernable result.

Moreover, the presence of sterling, a petrocurrency, in the exchange rate mechanism might be expected to make the system harder to operate. Arguably, the Deutsche Bundesbank and other EMS central banks would have to intervene much more than before to help steady a new member currency specially sensitive to oil price changes

Yet in recent months senior German monetary authorities (among them Dr Gerhard Stoltenberg, the Finance Minister, and Herr Karl Otto Pohl, the Bundesbank President) have again been calling on Britain to join Why?

Britain to join, Why?
Part of the reason is that
the Germans, to their intense
indignation, increasingly found themselves put in the dock on the ticklish problem of the European Currency Unit (ECU). At issue is the fact that the Bundesbank does not permit establishment of ECU-denomi-nated bank accounts in Germany (on the grounds that ECU liabilities imply a form of indexation and could be infla-

WEST GERMANY'S foreign trade and current account performance improved sharply last month, doing nothing to dampen the widespread belief that 1985 may see a trade performance better than even the record DM 54bn (£14.2bn) surplus last year, writes Rupert Cornwell in Bonn.

According to the Federal Statistics Office in Wiesbaden, exports in February of DM 42.86bn against imports of DM 38.15bn produced a trade surplus of DM 4.71bn, compared with DM 2.6bn in January, and little changed

Commission and Parliament, stressed that the Bundesbank was the only EMS central bank imposing such a restriction and was thus hindering the development of a true European

The Germans replied that

they fully supported develop-ment of the official ECU (that used between central banks as opposed to the private ECU in widespread commercial use). But in any case, they argued, this was far from being the main point. Further European

monetary integration demanded that there be greater economic policy convergence between the member states; that other partners (notably France) abolish capital controls; that Italy give up the specially flexible states tionary). Several partner countries, as well as the European enjoyed by the lira in the EMS;

from the DM 4.8ba surplus registered in February 1984. The current account last month was in the black to the tune of DM L9bn, compared to 2 deficit of DM 0.8bn in January.

The buoyant overall predic-tions for this year from most leading forecasters here are based on the continuing surge in foreign orders won by West German industry. But analysts point out that a sharp fall in the dollar could eat into the present competitiveness of domestic manufacturers.

Britain should become a full member after hovering on the doorstep for so long. Cynics might suggest that the

Germans have concocted a list of demands unlikely to be fulfilled as an excuse for doing nothing themselves. That would be a simplification. There are be a simplification. There are certainly those in the Government (Herr Martin Bangemann, the Economics Minister. is believed to be one) and even in the Bundesbank who feel the German stand on the private ECU to be counter-productive. They would welcome full EMS entry by Britzin as a useful lever to help budge less flexible colleagues on the ECU. But beyond that—relatively new—argument, there are weightler would bring, but clearly the in the foreseeable future. Hence economic, monetary and politi-

cal reasons for having Britain idea that the For one thing, many Germans bring serious instability to the sceptical at the start about the EMS. Indeed, there is no sign that German monetary authorities and hence sympathetic to that German monetary authorities.

trading zone of relatively stable exchange rates over six years of sharp dollar fluctuation; and most agree that the EMS discipline has helped partner governments follow (or turn to) anti-inflationary policies. There is a widespread belief, in the German Government and beyond, that Britain would have enjoyed similar benefits had it been part of the exchange rate

This is neither a matter of German altruism nor of trying to hold sterling at an uncompetitive level which would allow German exporters to flood Britain with their goods. It is rather the simple recognition that Germany stands to gain

mechanism from the first.

Britain's caution—now admit ties take the petrocurrency that the system has worked argument very seriously any better than they expected. Most longer — if indeed they ever (not all) feel business and industry has benefited from EMS member has special being able to operate within a factors affecting its currency EMS member has special factors affecting its currency (Holland's gas for example) and that Britain's oil would not

> Germans tend to see the exist-ing EMS as a D-Mark (not an ECU) zone-although naturally they do not say so publicly. On the one hand they find this flattering, with the D-Mark playing the kind of reserve role in Europe which the dollar plays worldwide. But it brings special problems too — notably the strains caused within the EMS because of the D-Mark's special sensitivity to dollar

raise an insurmountable prob

fluctuation

Pohl: call for Britain to join

greater stability of a zone based on two international currencies instead of one namely the D-Mark and the pound sterling, once it had been fully integrated into the EMS.

What about the French and the franc? The Germans are naturally full of praise for their close co-operation with French monetary authorities. But as well as the praise there is latent concern about the French districted authorities. latent concern about the French dirigistic philosophy, Le Plan, the readiness to adopt capital controls and to recommend them to others in the Community. Bluntly, the Germans find the market philosophy of the present British Government closer to their own—and would closer to their own—and would love to have so like-minded an

# VW hires more staff as recovery hopes increase

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT

recruitment because of a slump in the domestic car market.

The decision is a sign that VW believes the market will pick up again now that the pick up again now that the European Community has reached a compromise on the timescale for introducing tighter car emission controls. It also reflects the relatively strong position of the Golf and Letts in domestic and West

Jetta in domestic and West European export markets. Uncertainty about the Bonn Government's plans for stricter emission controls has been emission controls has been blamed for a sharp drop in new car orders in West Germany in recent months. New registrations in the first two months of tions in the first two months of this year were as much as 17.3 per cent down on a year ago. VW began building up its workforce last July after the metalworking industry agreed to introduce shorter working hours. But, after orders for

most car manufacturers began to taper off, the company decided to call a halt to its recruitment plans towards the end of last year.

VOLKSWAGEN, West Ger-hours (through extra free many's largest car manufac-shifts) from the beginning of turer, is to take on more em-ployees, following a halt to makers and metalworking com-

panies will take on April 1. VW, which has about 116,000 employees on its parent company payroll, has decided to kire another 1,000. Most will be taken on at Wolfsburg, where the Golf. Jetts, and Polo are assembled, and the others at its component works at Salzgitter, Kassel and Brunswick. It will give priority to people already

out of work.
Although the local car market has declined so far this year, the Golf increased its share to more than 12 per cent, compared with 11 per cent in the whole of last year. Deliveries of the car to customers

deliveries doubled.
Only a couple of months ago union representatives at VW were fearful of short time work

While last week's EEC decision removes some of the un-certainty about car emission nd of last year.

Volkswagen cut its effective worry to the mass production orking week from 40 to 38.5

carmakers.

More like <u>floating</u> when



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#### **Androsch stresses Polish** need for new bank finance

BY PETER MONTAGNON, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT

COMMERCIAL BANKS \*vill nave to provide fresh finance for Poland once that country joins the International Monetary Fund, Herr Hannes Androsch, chairman to Austria's Creditanstalt-Bankverein, said

here yesterday. The IMF will mastermind loans to Poland from commercial banks in much the same way as it arranges credit for Latin American countries in financial difficulties, said Herr Androsch, whose bank has been actively involved in Polish business and is on the steering committee of eading bank creditors.

"If you want to bring Poland back on to an economic road which enables it to increase exports, you also have to finance some imports," he fold

size of any Polish borrowin needs. The IMF is still having trouble obtaining accuratigures from Poland, he said. Other East European countries are likely to return cautiously to more free market borrowing now that the East European debt crisis is largely reduced its total hard currency debt from a peak of \$75bn to only around \$55bn though 40 per cent of this is the result of currency valuation changes.

Czechoslovakia, whose foreign debt is now about \$2.50n, was in a good position to borrow from banks again, he said Other bankers believe a small credit might be raised by its foreign trade bank this year, but news conference. it is very cautions on its hard Herr Androsch declined to currency borrowing policy.

#### Turkey sets great store by Ozal's visit to U.S.

THE TURKISH Prime Minister, try's present role sufficient. He

Mr Turgut Ozal, left; here yes-terday on an 11-day official visit to the United States, which is regarded in Ankara as the most important trip by a Turkish head of government for many

It is the first official visit by a Turkish Premier to the U.S. since 1972, Mr Ozal is taking with him 35 officials, including the governor of the central bank five MPs, and a separate delegation of leading Turkish

For the Turks, the visit is intended to promote the country's image in the West (believed here to be insufficiently appreciated) and foster Turkish-U.S. trade links and investment. Last year Turkey's imports from the U.S. were worth \$1.073bn but exported only \$368m.

Streetegic and diplomatic

exported only \$368m.

Strategic and diplomatic issues top the U.S. Administration's agenda for talks with Mr Ozal. There is bound to be discussion on a Cyprus settlement and on the uneasy relationship between Turkey, the U.S. and Greece. Turkey is discreetly playing up its role as a possible alternative to Greece if the Papandreou Greece if the Papandreou government shuts U.S. military

make further concessions on allowing the U.S. rapid deploy-ment force to operate from eastern Turkey.

This year, Turkey is expected

to receive from the U.S. \$700m in military aid, including \$485m in foreign military sales credits. and a further \$175m in economic assistance. Next year, u.S. aid, described in Turkey as inadequate, will be \$785m for military purposes and \$150m in general economic

for Turkey on the Euromarkets have completed syndication of the deal, a month after the 21lead managers were assembled and four months after efforts to raise the loan began, writes Alexander Nicoll

A total of 44 banks, including the lead managers, are taking part in the seven-year loan Greece if the Papandreou government shuts U.S. military installations there.

However, Ankara does not want to take on any further responsibilities in defending the Middle East. Mr Ozal told a Turkish newspaper before he left that he thought the coun-

#### Romania's motorists make hesitant return to road

BY DAVID BUCHAN THE MOST sweeping of

Romania's special winter austerity measures comes to an end today, when for the first time since January 9 all private car drivers are once more free to hit the roads and, possibly, each other.

Despite the phased lifting of the ban, allowing cars with even-numbered licence plates to drive on Tuesday and those with odd-numbered plates yesterday, the official Press warned driven the official Press warned drivers that many would find their reflexes weaker because of lack of practice."

Perhaps luckily for safety, the rush on to the roads was yesterday curtailed by flat batteries in many cars lying unused for two-and-a-half

The ban on private driving has been lifted, according to Bucharest Radio, because

winter since 1940-41 is now melting and road conditions were back to normal. Its re-moval is also politically opportune, however, with the Press in the Press in the past week trampeting President Nicolse Ceausescu's anniversary of 20 years in power as bringing Romania to new peaks of pre-

According to the radio, the ban saved 55,000 tonnes of petrol. But now, with all drivers seeking simultaneously to top up their tanks, petrol shortages are likely again, even though a ration of 40 litres per menth remains in force in most parts

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Referendum

By Our Rome Correspondent

ITALY'S CHANCES of avoiding a

potentially damaging Communist-inspired referendum on wage in-dexation are dwindling, following

the refusal of the employers to make a key concession that might have enabled talks with the unions

to get under way.

Italians are due to go to the polls,

probably in early June, to decide whether or not the Government of

Sig Bettino Crexi acted correctly

last year when it cut four points out of the scala mobile index by de-

If the majority votes against the

Government, the four points will be restored to the index, quarterly

wage rises will increase after the referendum by L27,200 (\$13) a month, and the already fragile anti-

inflation strategy of the Govern-

In the past few weeks, Sig Gianni De Michelis, the Labour Minister,

has been trying to get unions and

employers to start serious talks on a reform of wage indexation that

would so change the rules that the

referendum would be declared un-

necessary by the constitutional

court - which approved the popular petition for the referendum orga-

nised by the Communist Party in

But the unions, although deeply divided among themselves, insisted that Confindustria, the employers' association, first make a concession

by starting again to pay wage in-

creases corresponding to a point on the scala mobile index composed of accumulated fractions of previ-

However, Sig Carlo Patrucco

vice-chairman of Confindustria, said this week that the employers would not change their stance although they were prepared to nego-tiate directly with the unions. But this is unlikely to satisfy the

Confindustria evidently believes that the chances of negotiations succeeding at this stage are slim and that it may be better to see what the referendum brings.

Warning on

By Andriana lerodiaconou in Athens

Greek ballot

THE GREEK conservative opposi-tion warned yesterday that they would not recognise Mr Christos

Judge, as President of the Republic, if the Socialist Government persist-

ed in using different coloured bal-lots in a third and final round of vot-ing for a new head of state in parlia-

Mr Constantine Mitsotakis, lead-

er of the New Democracy Party, said that use of different-coloured

ballot papers for and against the

presidential candidate violated both

the secret ballot procedure called

for by the constitution and a parliamentary regulation that ballot lists must be "uniform."

ment next Friday.

ous index points.

ment will be threatened.

on wages

looms

in Italy

Watch 28 1965

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Total Support

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Our complete ousiness management computer is available on purchase or lease from £150 weekly. It will enable you to \* credit sanction before order entry \* invoice same day \* update sales ledgers automatically \* mail statements on time \* pinpoint bad payers \* predict future cash flow accurately.



#### **EUROPEAN NEWS**

# **Red Brigades** gun down union economist

BY JAMES BUXTON IN ROME

The killing, which shocked government ministers, MPs and trade unionists, was the first time since 1983 that left-wing terrorists have struck against a political target of this kind. The incident highlights the controversy over the Communist-inspired referendum on wage indexation which is likely

wage indexation which is likely to be held in June.

Professor Ezio Tarantelli (44) was gunned down by two people as he was getting into his car after delivering a lecture at Rome University. He was dead on arrival at hospital. The Red Brigades later claimed responsibility for his murder.

bility for his murder. The professor was the head of the research department of the CISL union. This union, which is associated with the Catholic as opposed to the Communist wing of the labour movement, last year supported the Governlast year supported the Govern-ment's decision to cut the scala murder of a U.S. diplomat and mobile wage indexation system

ITALY'S Red Brigades terrorists yesterday murdered in Professor Tarantelli which put
Rome a leading economist him in opposition to the Comclosely associated with the trade unions.

The Lawrence of the Comwhich opposed last year's decree and officially endorsed the Communist party's campaign for a referendum to reverse it.

But although in favour of a reform of the scala mobile — which all unions support in differing degrees—Professor Tarantelli was far from rightwing. The CISL while reject-ing the referendum is fighting strongly to reduce working hours in order to favour employ-

Yesterday's shooting marks the return of the Red Brigades to action against Italian targets not connected with the forces of law and order. The left-wing movement came close to being routed in 1982 and the following year its only victim was a Socialist economist, also in favour of reform of indexation,

who was wounded.
Last year the Red Brigades mobile wage indexation system some months ago, said it killed which opposed last year's decree a member of the police anti-A reform of wage indexation terrorist squad.

#### Banking and insurance to meet Irish group's losses

BY BRENDAN KEENAN IN DUBLIN

ment yesterday.

He was opening a deominate the rescue as a serious political row developed over the terms of the take-over. He said the maximum losses should not exceed l£120m (£99m), but this was an upper limit, rather than an information supplied by the London branch to its supervisory authority and to its head office in Dublin did not reflect the true position."

He gave no details how the series of the was opening a deominate to the london office. "It appoints to the london office that the information supplied by the London branch to its head office in Dublin did not reflect the true position."

He gave no details how the london office that the information supplied by the London branch to its head office in Dublin did not reflect the true position."

the Government is under increasing pressure, not least from its own supporters, who feel the terms of the deal were too generous to Allied Irish.

Mr Bruton said the priority had to be protecting confidence in the healing series. Series and the protection of the confidence in the healing series and the protection of the confidence in the healing series.

in the banking system. He criticised Allied Irish for saying but said that a cut in the divithe stock markets as a signal that the bank's underlying Mr Charles Haughey, the opposition leader, said government estimates of losses was in-

adequate 12 days after the crisis broke. He doubted Allied Irish would have got rid of the com-pany if the main losses were just the I£65m incurred in 1984.

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THE COST of rescuing Insurance Corporation of Ireland, the loss-making insurer, which the Irish Government took over from Allied Irish Banks, will be met by the banking and insurance industries, rather than the taxpayer, Mr John Bruton, the Industry and Commerce Miinster, told Parliament that the Government would seek new powers in its review of company legislation to redefine the statutory responsibilities of directors and auditors. It would also seek to modify the access to juries in damages cases, which have been blamed for the general losses in the Irish insurance industry.

The minister confirmed that

banking and insurance industry would pay for the rescue, but hinted that Allied Irish would bear a proportionately greater

perts estimate that the total losses could be as much as

£500m. it would maintain this year's dividend despte the losses. He regarded this as "insensitive" 80 per cent of its business in rejustrance arrangements to reinsurance arrangements to protect itself against operous losses. But already reinsurers are taking steps to have the contracts cancelled from inception which could leave it having to pay up in full on insurance

claims. Reinsurers are disputing the way in which the contracts were drawn up on the company's business and this could lead to litigation.

#### Right upset by sacking of police

SPAIN'S right-wing opposi-tion yesterday demanded ex-planations from the Govern-ment after it announced sweeping measures to put an end to conflicts in the police force, including the dismissal of several senior officers. The measures come after growing tension arising from an anomally in Spain's demo-cratic transition; the National

Gen Franco's armed police and supposedly a civilian body, still has more than 200 officers detached from the army, mostly majors and

rate this month with pro-tests by police in Leon in northern Spain against their chief, who was forced to

# in Spain

cratic transition; the National Police, a reformed version of

army, mostly majors and captains.

With the Socialist Government preparing to merge the National Police with the plain-clothes Superior Police Corps, police unions have pressing for "de-militarisation" of the force as the 
Socialists have promised.

The friction came to a head

chief, who was forced to resign.

The force's chief of staff, Li-Col David Cervera, who had criticised the Government's "lack of authority" in the incident and who had asked to be transferred back to the army, was one of seven exarmy officers to be dismissed. He was considered number two in the hierarchy of the force. The others inof the force. The others included three garrison commanders and a colonel in charge of the Canary Islands. At the same time the Interior Ministry disbanded the company of police involved in the incident in Leon.

In recognition of its non-military character, in con-trast to the paramilitary Civil Guard, unions in the 50,000-strong National Police recently gained legal status.

NATO PLANS REDUCTION IN SHORT-RANGE N-WEAPONS

# UK's nuclear armament to change

BY BRIDGET BLOOM, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

THE NATO plan to reduce the alliance's stock of short-range nuclear weapons in Europe by at least 1,400 over the next three years will inevitably affect the mix of nuclear weapons held by Britain, Mr Michael Heseltine, the British Defence Secretary, said yesterday.

Mr Heseltine was commenting on the plan, unveiled here by General Bernard Rogers, the supprence commander in Europe. It provides a detailed blue-print for reducing Nato's so-called hattlefield weapons and modernising those which remain.

The UK minister, who was speaking at the end of the meeting of the 14-nation Nuclear was ponson.

Planning Group, refused to say of nuclear land mines which remained the properties of altered the withdrawals are complete, Nato's stocks of alter Rogers had be say say and the reduced or altered the withdrawal are complete, Nato's stocks of slightly more than 1,400 warbeads.

The reduction of 1,400 warbeads was ordered by warheads was ordered by or the next few months and of the meet again in orderical manufacture or affect of take a formal decision to approve the plan in Britain and West Germany of the new U.S. cruise and Pershing 2 medium-range nuclear warhead will be with-drawal to one category of the 14-nation Nuclear warhead will be with-drawal to one category of the 14-nation Nuclear warhead will be with-drawal for one category of

#### Extreme caution in Bonn over Star Wars

BY RUPERT CORNWELL IN BONN

AS GOVERNMENT and Opposition clashed over the merits of the glanned U.S. space-based concert with its major Europrofound differences on SDI between the merits of the planned U.S. space-based concert with its major Europrofound differences on SDI between the Control Right parties.

The Social Demograts are it would wait as long as possible before making up its mind on whether to accept Washington's invitation to participate in the research phase of the Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI).

treme caution felt over the pro-before the defence committee

The lengthy statement of tions in greater detail.

Bonn's views reflects the ex
But his appearance yesterday

the planned U.S. space-based defence programme, the ruling pean allies.

Coalition yesterday made clear Publication of the results of Government and the Social Democrat and Green Opposition of the results of Democrat and Green Opposition of Democrat and Democrat and Democrat and Democrat and Democrat and Democrat and the Government's views coin Demo

of the SDI research programme, to explain Washington's inten-

longstanding Soviet interest in the matter with President space weapons technology justifies SDI research, provided it to West Germany between May limits itself to purely defensive 1 and 6.

The Social Democrats are firmly opposed to the idea and the Greens reject any involve-

ment whatsoever. senior U.S. officials, headed by The prevailing view among Gen James Abrahamson, leader the former—also evidenced in before early May, and Chancelof the SDI research programme, the statement itself—is that the lor Helmut Kohl will take up

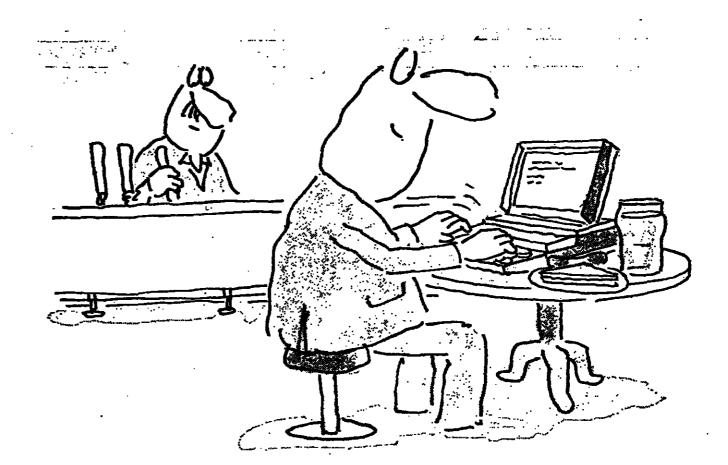
#### Allies support SDI research programme

THE FINAL communique issued by Nato's Nuclear Planning Group yesterday had the following to say on the subject of the Star Wars project:

We have continued the comprehensive consultations on the political and strategic implications of the U.S. Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI). This is designed to establish whether recent advances in technologies terms of the ABM treaty, is in Nato's interest and should only ABM and anti-satellite continue.

In this context, we welcome the U.S. invitation for allies to consider participation in the research programme.

We noted with concern the extensive and long-standing offensive nuclear forces. This field by the Soviet Union which is designed to establish whether



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# Botha's commitment to reform renewed after shootings

BY ANTHONY ROBINSON IN CAPE TOWN

SOUTH AFRICAN President P. W. Botha yesterday told parliament his Government was still committed to cautious reform but indicated that further steps would soon be taken "restore and maintain order."

The statement, to a specially convened joint session of parliament, followed a cabinet meeting to discuss the security situation in the light of last week's shootings in the Eastern Cape and Tuesday's abortive march on parliament. It strongly criticised "certain people who under the guise of moral and religious conviction take the lead in fomenting disobedience, violence and destruc-

This appeared to be a thinly Parliament's responsibility.

veiled reference to the presence Mrs Suzman also dema This appeared to be a thinly veiled reference to the presence of leading church figures like the Rev Alan Boesak, leader of the World Alliance of Reform Churches, and Dr Beyers Naude, general secretary of the South African Council of Churches, at the head of Tuesday's march on parliament.

The President's statement began his official inquiry by of Parliament as an indication that the Government is plan-

that the Government is plan-shootings ning further action against After L

and other anti-apartheid bodies.

The statement also contained an appeal to Parliament to cease debate on recent events counsel representing families in the Eastern Cape until a or the dead also asked questions



Mr Botha: further steps to maintain order

ning further action against After Lt Fouche, who led the leading opposition figures in 19-strong police team which the United Democratic Front shot on the crowd, had given his and other anti-apartheid bodies. meyer heard differing accounts from local residents while legal

in the Eastern Cape until a commission of inquiry set up to investigate the Sharpeville anniversary shootings at Langa had made its report.

The appeal was rejected by Mrs Helen Suzman, law and order spokesman of the white opposition Federal Progressive Party (PFP). To do so, she asked to plead and their cases said, would be an abdication of were remanded until June 3.

# Shadowy forces behind the Beirut abductions

A NEW dimension of left-wing international terrorism has entered the anarchic Lebanese scene with the involvement of the Lebanese Armed Revolu-tionary Factions in the kidnapping of foreigners.

The group, active since the attempted assassination in 1981 of the U.S. charge d'affaires in Paris, claimed responsibility for the abduction on Tuesday of M Gilles Peyrolles, director the French cultural centre of the French cultural centre in Tripoli. It said his safety could not be guaranteed unless three of their colleagues were released from gaols in West Europe — one in France and two in Italy — within 48 hours, a deadline which expired yesterday.

Whatever M Peyrolles' fate, the emergence of LARF raises the possibility that the groupbelieved to be linked with France's Action Directe. Italy's Red Brigades and West Germany's Red Army Factions — may be responsible for other kidnappings claimed in the name of Islamic Jihad (Holy War), a body which Beirut diplomats believe probably does not exist but is used as a catchnot exist but is used as a catchall cover for any anti-Western

Three French diplomats were seized on March 22, retrospectively in the name of Islamic Jihad. Strangely, though, two days previously a hand-written message was handed to a foreign news agency, bearing the appelation Arab Revolution Movement, warning that French blood would be spilt if one of their members — "comrade Abdel-Qader Saadi" — was not

After the abductions, some-what confusingly and more in line with Iranian-inspired Shi'ite anti-French sentiment, a called demanded as a condition for their release the cancellation of the prospective barter deal whereby Saudi Arabia will probably buy Mirage aircraft in

freed from detention.

exchange for oil, In the event the freeing of Qaadi, a Christian whose real name is Abdullah George Ibraname is Andulian George in ra-him, was the foremost condition demanded in respect of M Pey-rolles. He was detained on October 25 last year for the use of false passports and "asso-ciation with criminals." But he is also believed to be sus-pected of involvement in the murder of Col Charles Ray, U.S. military attache in Paris and demanded in respect of M Peyrolles. He was detained on October 25 last year for the use of false passports and "association with criminals." But he is also believed to be suspected of involvement in the murder of Col Charles Ray, U.S. military attache in Paris, and Mr Yaacov Barsimantov, an LARF out of six attempts.

Since March 14 there have been nine confirmed kidnar-pings in Lebanon: four Frenchmen (all diplomats), three Britons (a scientist)—released yesterday—a businessman, an murder of Col Charles Ray, U.S. employee of the United Nations in Mr Yaacov Barsimantov, an on Dutchman (a Jesuit priest).

#### KIDNAPPERS FREE BRITON Brian Levick, a businessman, and Mr Alec Collett, a free-

Mr Geoffrey Nash, the British metallurgist kidnapped in Beirut a fortnight ago, was set free yesterday, writes Nora Boustany. He apparently had been mistaken by his abductors as a U.S.

Mr Nash—who was one of at least nine Westerners led away at gunpoint in the capital's Moslem sector this monthshowed up at his house early yesterday morning and later left the country with his

Other Britons who disappeared in and around Beirut this month are Mr

assassinations carried out by LARF out of six attempts.

centres for Palestinian refugees. This remaining Israeli diplomat in Paris, in In addition there are four U.S. 1982-two of four successful citizens still missing from a previous era of more sporadic abductions (a diplomat, two clergymen and an academic), as

well as a Sandi diplomat seized

more recently.

lance journalist working as an information consultant for

the UN Relief and Works

The relief organisation is

moving its British staff out

of Lebanon at the request of the British Embassy in Beirut, UN officials told Reuter in Vienna. They said,

however, that six inter-

national staff would remain in Beirut and three in Tyre to supervise 2,300 local staff in schools, clinics and welfare

Agency (UNRWA).

nore recently.

No clear pattern has emerged. There is underlying resentment against Israel and its occupation of the south, against the U.S. for backing the Jewish State financially and

of arms for Iraq plus paranoia about Israeli spies and their

Responsibility for six of the Responsibility for six of the nine recent kidnappings has been claimed in the name of Islamic Jihad. If the shadowy entity exists at all, it is likely to be associated with the equally shadowy Iranian-backet Hezbollah, or Party of Cod it all blands Amai led God, its ally Islamic Amai, led by Hossein Mousawl from his headquarters in the Bekaa Valley, or even militants in the mainstream Shi'ite Amal political and anti-Israeli resistance

On Sunday, however, Sheikh Mohammed Hussein Fadlallah. the Shi'ite clerke believed to be the spiritual inspiration if not leader of Hezbolish (who rarely speaks in public) felt con-strained to denounce the kid-nappings. He attributed the abductions to the "general situation."

Mr Nabi Berri, a member or Mr Rashid Karami's Government of National Unity, also condemned them. Last week in London, Mr Ali Hosseini, a member of Amal's politiburo, avil vapour in the pervasive mists enveloping Lebanon.

being its unfailing defender in were behind the kidnapping as the UN Security Council, part of a campaign to prove against France as the provider there can be no security in West were central the kidnapping as part of a campaign to prove there can be no security in West Beirut, thus driving all Westerners, diplomats and journalists in particular, into the Christian heartland.

In this obscure situation the LARF demands have cast a ray of light on the anti-French operation. In the meantime, operation. In the meantime, lurking in an even murkier background, is the image of the arch-Arab terrorist of all time, Abu Nidal, whose gummen were the casus belit for Israel's invasion of Lebanon with their attempted assasination of Mr Shlomo Argov, Israeli Amhassador in London, in June 1982. Reported dead last year, Abu Nidal's name resurfaced late last summer when a relative stated that he was alive and well. That was followed by a report from the Libyan official report from the Libyan official news agency that he was visiting Tripoli and finelly an interview with him by the Paris-based magazine France-Pays Arabesthe authenticity of which has

been disputed.
Yet if he or his hears are in

#### NZ rugby tour warning

The Rugby Union is expected to make a final decision on the tour after a meeting with the Prime Minister on Saturday afternoon only hours before he leaves for a tour of African countries.

NEW ZEALAND Prime Minister David Lange has stepped special debate in Parliament up government and public calling on the Rugby Union to pressure on the New Zealand Rugby Union to call off an All harm New Zealand. Mr Lange Black tour of South Africa, also hinted strongly that if the Rugby Union defies the Government and the large body of public origins which is convesed. public opinion which is opposed to the tour the Government will Rugby Union.

He has publicly warned potenleaves for a tour of African tial All Blacks and supporters planning to go with the tour their safety could be in danger banned leave for any civil serfrom public disorder in South vant selected to tour with the Africa.

#### Hawke gains in popularity

AUSTRALIAN Prime Min-ister Bob Hawke's popularity has climbed after being shaken last month over his handling of the country's defence policies, according to the Morgan Gallup Poll, Reuter reports from Sydney.

Mr Hawke's Labor Gor-ernment would have had about the same 16-seat parlia-mentary majority it now holds if elections had been held in mid-March, according to the poll published yesterday. It said that more than 60 per cent approved of Mr Hawke

# Baghdad again hit by Iran

BAGHDAD was struck early brokered, truce barring attacks yesterday afternoon by the on civilian population centres, sixth big explosion within a which broke down on March 5, fortnight—almost certainly an Iranian ground-launched Skud B missile—which left scores of people dead in a thickly populated area of the Iraqi capital.

Eyewitnesses in Baghdad were reported to have seen no fewer than 76 bodies in front of a building wrecked by an explosion as Iran stepped up retaliation against Iraqi attacks on its urban centres, economic targets and maritime traffic serving its ports. serving its ports. Iran said that the missile

attack was a response to rocket strikes against Tehran yesterday and today, which left a dozen people dead, as well as other

Having tried at the weekend to revive a nine-month-old, UN-

Iran appears to have aban-doned any consideration of any wider de facto settlement.

A hardening of resolve was indicated yesterday in an interview given yesterday by Mr Ali Mohammed Besharati, First Deputy Foreign Minister. He told the Tehran Times that Iran would seek \$350bn in war reparations as a condition for ending the conflict—compared with a figure originally set at \$150bn three years ago.

the Iraqi regime five years ago, After the Irlaqi sir mid, the war information headquaters in Tehran said that Iran would also retaliate against leag's use of chemical weapons. It has claimed that 200 of its troops have been affected by mustare gas in the Huwaizah marshe

in recent fighting.
Several dozen serious cases
have been sent to Europe for treatment and the U.S. has said that there is evidence that chemical weapons were used by

Iraq.
The Islamic Revolutionary He also reiterated the News Agency reported that Iran Iranian demand for the trial and "punishment" of President cities. The fire was aimed prisaddam Hussein of Iran as well as the repatriation of 20,000 installations in Basra, Faw, Abol-Rhissib, Tamummah, Sibshi'ite sect) living in Iran as a

#### **India** passes **Bhopal Bill**

THE INDIAN Parilament yesterday passed a Bill to ensure quicker compensation for all victims of the Bhopal gas disaster and to help the Government file claims on their behalf, Renter reports from New Delini. The Bill problems as presidential and replaces a presidential ord-nance issued five weeks ago.

The Indian Government has said it has not yet decided behalf of all victims in either U.S. or Indian courts, or to pursue a possible out-of-court settlement with Union Car-bide of the U.S.

Philippine alert

Philippine military authorities yesterday put its armed forces on full alert in anticipation of attacks by the Communist New People's Army on its 16th anniversary tomorrow, Samuel Senoren reports from Manila.

The alert, ordered by armed forces chief Lt-Gen Fidel Ramos, reflects the Government's increasing concern over the capability of the Communist guerrillas to mount an offensive against military and civilian targets.

# Malawi's GDP grows 7.6% after good harvest

MALAWI REGISTERED 7.8. The desired of current account per cent real growth in gross fell frum Kwatha 182m in 1983 domestic product last year but, to a delicit of Kwacha 49m, the because of deciming production minister said, and the overall of tobacco, the country's largest balance of payments saw a foreign exchange earner, and bararound of the Kwacha continuing high transport costs, 123.5m deficit in 1983 to a the figure could fall to 39 per. Kwacha 58m surplus, cent this year. cent this year. Neverth

formance makes Malawi pos-sibly the only African country able to boast a growth rate consistently above the population increase, which, in Malawi's case, is 3.1 per cent a year.
Finance Minister C. I.
Bwanali, said in his presentation last weekend of the country's 1985-86 budget that last year's high growth rate was due to an unusually successful agricultural season, with

output up 6.3 per cent compared to 4.2 per cent previously.

High world prices for tea,
Malawi's second largest foreign exchange earner, sales of stockpiled tobacco and sugar in addition to the 1984 crop, as well as maize, boosted foreign exchange receipts last year to a record Kwacha 431m (£237m),

The 1985-86 Budget anticiexpenditure and development outlay of Kwacha 156m, with an overall budget deficit of Kwacha 104m. Kwacha 60m will be funded by programme aid and external borrowing, and the balance raised through new taxes.

These include a tax deductible 10 per cent levy on the fob value of tea and tobacco, and an effective indirect sales tax ranging from 5 to 10 per

Transport problems remain the most serious constraint on land-locked Malawi's growth. With the Mozambique ports of Beira and Nacala, cut off by rebel activity, Malawi is forced to use costly overland routes through Zambia and Zimbabwe to Durban in South Africa.

# National@Provincial

# **Notice to Existing and Prospective** Investors and Borrowers.

Notice to investors
National & Provincial Building Society

hereby gives notice that the rates of interest paid in all departments (except the Save As You Earn scheme) will be increased by 0,75% p.a. with effect from 1st April 1985. Notice to Existing and

**Prospective Borrowers** 

National & Provincial Building Society hereby gives notice that the rates of interest applicable to existing annual rest mortgage accounts and outstanding offers of advance are to be increased by 1% with effect from 1st April 1985.

Whereamortgage deed specifies a period of notice before an increase in the rate of interest applicable to it is effective, such a period will commence on 1st April 1985.

Where a period of notice given to effect a previous change in the rate of interest has not yet expited, that change will take effect from

applicable until the expiry of the notice hereby

For the purposes of this notice an outstanding offer of advance means an offer of advance or further advance dated prior to 31st March 1985.

The new rate of interest and revised repayment figure applicable to an existing mortgage and all outstanding offers completed on or before 31st March 1985 will be notified in each borrower's annual statement of account which will be sent during January 1986.

Where an outstanding offer of advance has not been taken up before 31st March 1985 the new rate of interest and revised repayment figure will be quoted in the statement sent to each borrower after completion.

Prospective borrowers requiring information relating to the effect of this notice prior to completion should contact the branch of the Society which issued the offer of advance or the expiry of that period of notice and remain the Society's Administration Centre.

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appear separately on Sunday's ballot papers but have their votes counted as a coalition. The

veto was declared unconstitu-tional by the Supreme Court, which is also controlled by the

In last March's presidential elections, which brought Sr

#### **AMERICAN NEWS**

# Reagan set to win fourth vote on MX missile programme

BY NANCY DUNNE IN WASHINGTON

THE controversial MX missile

additional missiles.

The vote, expected late last night or early today, followed a close victory for President Reagan in the House on Tuesday when 61 Democrats foined with 158 Republicans to authorize release of the funder authorise release of the funds by a slim 219-213 majority. Although the second House vote should be a foregone con-clusion, the Democratic leader-

The management of the control of the

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Problems of the last of the la

grows 7.6%

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clusion, the Democratic leader-ship vowed to fight on against the programme, noting that a switch of just three votes was needed to kill the new weapons.

The democratic leader-oy the President and Mr Max Kampelman, his chief arms negotiator.

Democrats were swayed by the argument that the U.S. must

THE controversial MX missile programme yesterday headed for its fourth hurdle as the Democrat-controlled House of Representatives debated the release of \$1.5bn to build 21 mously hailed the Administration's victory on Tuesday with President Reagan saying that The vote, expected late last "America has sent a message

President Reagan saying that
"America has sent a message,
loud and clear, that we back
our negotiators (in the Geneva
arms talks)."

The Administration's win
resulted from an extraordinary
lobbying effort which culminated on Monday when 100
Congressmen were driven to the
White House for a personal plea
by the President and Mr Max by the President and Mr Max Kampelman, his chief arms

Congress has already funded negotiate from a position of 21 MX missiles and the strength and the that the that the Administration will ask for 48 party may increasingly appear may increasingly appear weak on defence. However, many who backed the President of the MX, claimed that with they would oppose funding for the the third the the that they would oppose funding for an additional 48 missiles.

#### **Union Carbide chief says** U.S. plant poses no threat

chairman of Union Carpan,
U.S. chemicals group at the
centre of the controversy over
the Bhopal, India, gas tragedy
has told congressional investigators that Bhopal's sister plant
in Institute, West Virginia had
inspected "with a fine
"and did not
"and did not
"and did not
regulation.

The congressional hearings
have produced disturbing allejustion in the U.S. and prompted
calls for eighter Government
regulation.

Mr Anderson, testifying late executives, including Mr Ander-on Tuesday before sub-commit-on, have backed calls for tees of the House Energy and stricted government controls tees of the House Energy and stricted government controls commerce Committee investigating the implications of the they have warned against over Bhopal tragedy which killed regulation. The move represents over 2,000 people, reaffimed a change i nthe industry's long-union Carbide's plan to restart held position to tougher conproduction of Methyl Iso-

BY PETER MONTAGNON IN VIENNA

Bank annual meeting

closed here yesterday He said it was too early to without any clear decision say whether Nicaragua's loan on Nicaragua's controversial would be considered by the request for a \$58m (£48m) loan bank's executive board, that has been blocked by the Mr David Mulford, U.S.

that has been blocked by the Mr David Mulford, U.S.
U.S. Assistant Treasury Secretary
Nicaragua's insistence that for International Affairs, has

political considerations should said his country's opposition to not determine the bank's the loan is on economic rather lending policy has drawn than political grounds.

American delegations. These include Mexico, whose Finance Minister, Sr Jesus Silva Herzog, said loan applications "should be evaluated on the basic and objective criteria contained in the bank's charter."

Yesterday the bank's british Sr Ortiz Mena said the bank within a year on a new capital increase to take effect from 1987. Currently the bank's capital is \$34.5bn of which Norway wants to join the Yesterday the bank's bank he said and South Korea

MR WARREN ANDERSON, cyanate (Mic) early next month. chairman of Union Carbide, the Production was halted follow-

He said it was too early to

the action in writing. IDB fails to reach decision on Managua<sup>®</sup> loan request

# THE Inter-American Develop- adequate social and economic

The Canadian Government has reached agreement on an oil and gas pricing and tax regime with the provinces of

Cabinets, probably before the end of the week. The agree-ment, is likely to include the deregulation of oil prices and other measures weakening provisions of the 1981 National Energy Programme, which imposed an unpopular

#### the bank's charter." Yesterday the bank's bank, he said and South Korea president, Sr Antonio Ortiz Mena said there should be no interest. Membership entitles a restriction on loans to any country to bid for supply commember country that has an tracts for IDB projects.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION To the Holders of

#### ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI

E.N.L

(National Hydrocarbons Authority)

63/8 Sinking Fund Debentures due November 1, 1988

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Sinking Fund for the Debentures of the above-described issue, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Fiscal Agent, has selected by lot for redemption on May 1, 1985 at the principal amount thereof \$450,000 principal amount of said Debentures, as follows:

Outstanding Debentures of U.S. \$1,000 Each of Prefix "M" Bearing Serial Numbers Ending in the Following Two Digits: 49 51 64

ntures of U.S. \$1,000 Each of Prefix "M"

#### Bearing the Following Serial Numbers: 21.85 3485 4185 4585 6385 9585 11285 12585 29.85 35.85 4285 5485 6386 9985 11785 12585 2085 3585 4285 6185 7185 10585 12185 13883 2085 4085 4485 6285 7985 10885 12485 14085

On May 1, 1985, there will become and be due and payable upon each Debenture the principal amount thereof, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as on said date is legal tender for the payment therein of public and private debts, at the option of the holder, either (a) at the corporate trust office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 30 West Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10015, or (b) subject to any laws and regulations applicable thereto with respect to the payment, currency of payment or otherwise in the country of any of the following offices, at the principal office of Banca Nazionale del Laworo in Rume or the principal office of Banca Commerciale Italiana in Milan or the main offices of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in London, Brussels, Paris or Frankfurt or the main office of Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. in Amsterdam or the main office of Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise in Luxembourg-Ville.

Debentures surrendered for redemption should have attached all namatured coupons apputtenant thereto. Coupons due May 1, 1985 should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

From and after May 1, 1985 interest shall coses to accrue on the Debentures berein

ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI By: MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Fiscal Agent

March 28, 1985

The following Debentures previously called for redemption have not yet been presented for

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# David Gardner reports on the background to El Salvador's National Assembly elections Duarte faces threat to political freedom

autumn.

Sr Jose Napoleon Duarte, the embattled and mercurial Presi-dent of El Salvador, is once again fighting for his political life. Sr Duarte has survived

oups and electoral fraud, tor-ture, exile and desertion by erstwhile centre-left allies, many of whom are now pitted against his U.S.-backed Govern-

ment and army in the country's five year-old civil war.

In elections on Sunday which

In elections on Sunday which will decide control of the National Assembly and town halls. Sr Duarte faces defeat by El Salvador's powerful far right, probably ending any prospect of his Christian Democrats carrying through the reform programme and peace initiative which Sr Duarte began last autumn.

When Sr Duarte arrived in the north Salvador guerrilla stronghold of La Palma in mid-

October for his historic meet-ing with leaders of El Salva-

dor's left-wing insurgency, his first action was to present them with a copy of the country's constitution.

Evidently, the rebels were not impressed. In a second round of talks at the end of November

they sought to bypass the con-stitution, arguing that only through full power-sharing prior to new elections would the left

feel they had achieved enough in terms of both their safety and

policies to come back into the democratic process.

A third round of talks has been postponed indefinitely,

while military activity by both army and rebels has been stepped up. Sr Duarte repeated confidently that he "will not

By Andrew Whitley, in Rio de Janeiro

THE NEXT 24 hours are expected to be crucial for the survival of Sr Tancredo Neves, Brazil's president-cleet. Sr Neves remained "critical" yesterday in a Sao Paulo hospital following his third abdominal operation in less than two weeks.

Fresh concern was raised by

the appearance of post-surg-ery infection after his operation on Tuesday to staunch a bacmorrhage in his intestines. The international financial community in Brazil is becom-ing increasingly worried about the prospect of a pro-longed period of instability. "If something happens to

#### Shooting in area 'once off-limits'

officials said yesterday that Major Arthur Nicholson, the U.S. army major killed by a Soviet sentry in East Germany on Sunday, had been taking photographs of Soviet military equipment in an area which had once been re-stricted, writes Nancy Dunne in Washington,
The high-level State and

Defence Department officials said the building had been said the building had been designated as a restricted area by the Soviet military, but that restriction was lifted on March 20, when the Americans were informed of the action in uniting

#### **Brazilian** leader remains

'critical'

THE NEXT 24 hours are ex-

Fresh concern was raised by

Tancredo the situation re-turns to zero," one Western banker said yesterday, refer-ring to the step-by-step for-eign debt renegotiation pro-cess carefully purtured over the past two and a half years.
Acting president Sr Jose Sarrey was urged yesterday by leading politicians from the Democratic Alliance, the ruling political coalition, to start taking over the running of the country instead of play-ing the figure-head role

Senior Reagan Administration

They said, however, there was no justification for the shooting of Maj Nicholson, who was " in no way " a spy.

Canada agrees oil price pact

Alberta, British Columbia, Saskatchewan, write Bernard

Simon in Toronto.

Details of the long-awaited accord will not be released until it is approved by the revenue tax on energy pro-ducers and aimed at tighter Canadian control of the domestic oil and gas industry.

#### extreme right. The far right's de facto coalition is spearheaded by the neo-fascist Arena Party of Major Roberto D'Aubuisson, the former army intelligence chief who has been publicly linked to the death squads responsible for thousands of the more than 50,000 casualties of the civil war. The junior partners are the Conciliation Party National Conciliation Party (PCN)—for decades the vehicle for thinly-disguised army rule, now pushed towards the centre by Arena's radicalism—and in the capital, the Salvadorean In-stitutional Party (Paisa), a right-wing splinter group of the A lot was at stake in the con-stitutional row over the coalition, since each party will now get separate entitlements to state election funds. More Duarte: faces defeat by the far right which could end any prospects of carrying through his reform programme importantly, the fissiparous right, which despite its numeri-cal superiority in the assembly only just managed to present a common front concerning the electoral law, will be able to famously described by a former maximise its votes. Marginally more moderate PCN supporters who would not vote for Arena (and vice versa) will now have their votes counted together, creating a multiplying effect.

famously described by a former U.S. ambassador to San Salvador as "a pathological killer," gleefully to accuse the President of abusing his powers and setting up a "green dictatorship" (green is the Christian Democrat's party colour and a green shark, its laws set to says on the perion's jaws set to snap on the nation's freedoms, is the chosen symbol of the far Right's election campaign). stray one millimetre from the Duarte to power, the right as a constitution." But he did, and the far right were lying in wait for him.

Sr Duarte vetoed a clause in the electoral law passed in December by the National Assembly, where the extreme Even if the Right does no

Although these freedoms are scarcely apparent to the mass of Salvadoreans who daily endure the savagery and dislocation of the war, both U.S.

right has a blocking majority. better on Sunday, the coalition and Government officials have this clause allows the three scheme, added to El Salvador's described the court ruling as a main parties of the far right to appear separately on Sunday's ballot papers but have their these figures into extra seats.

ballot papers but have their these figures into extra seats. Sr Duarte did indeed commit a constitutional faux-pas since the constitution does not allow for partial vetoes. This has allowed Major D'Aubulsson,

diplomat.
Sr Duarte and his closest aides, though angry that the court decision did not even address government arguments. choose to stresse it is without precedent for a crisis of this magnitude to be resolved other than by army intervention.

U.S. officials, however, have gone further and have recently gone further and have recently suggested, in ways that have become public, that it would be unhealthy for Salvadorean democracy were the Christian Democrats to win a legislative majority on Sunday. The logic is simple: if the far right sees its stake in the democratic presence whittled aways it may process whitled away it may revert to violent type. The "playing fields" analogy works better here since it recalls the archetypal spoilt child who, if not allowed to play the game according to his rules, walks off the pitch taking his ball with

To stretch the analogy a bit further, U.S. strategy requires it to referee the match and when necessary query the result.

● In the 1982 constituent assembly elections, when the far right won a majority, the U.S. intervened to prevent Major D'Aubuisson becoming president and a compromise candidate, Sr Alvaro Magana, who did not stand in the election, took office. The right was largely able to write the constitution, but the radical agrarian reform provisions in it, for example, were put there at U.S.

accused by Major D'Aubuisson and right-wing Republicans like U.S. Senator Jesse Helms of using pressure and resources to ensure Sr Duarte's victory. tion is "like the playing fields of Eton for Salvadorean democracy," quips one U.S. by Duarte aides, Western diplomats and independent observers, to have aborted a far-right plan to get the assembly to impeach Sr Duarte (indeed one Duarte adviser says the plan

was actually put to the embassy for clearance).

The U.S. leverage comes, obviously with the over \$1.6bn (£1.35bn) in direct military and economic aid it has poured into El Salvador since the war began, bringing with it, as one U.S. diplomat ruefully admits, "a de facto proconsular role."

"a de facto proconsular role."

This entails safeguarding a government with democratic credentials like Sr Duarte's, which it needs to persuade Congress to keep increasing the flow of aid (\$459.6m is being sought this fiscal year, with up to \$250m in supplementary aid, against a total direct aid of \$487.4m last year).

But it also appears to entail preserving a role for the far Right even while it sets about positically emasculating this

politically emasculating this government through the institu-tions the far Right dominates. The overall effect is of a lopsided political process with shifting rules based on realpolitik, rather than an incipient, if threatened, constitutional

democracy.

For while the rules can be bent to preserve a precarious institutional balance between the Centre and far Right, it is well understood by all parties to the conflict that no extraconstitutional or extra-electoral measures will be taken to accommodate the insurgency. The object of the exercise after insistence.

all, as some U.S. officials priIn last year's presidential vately admit, is to prevent the



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# What is needed to safeguard the principles of free trade

system just as opposition to holding a new round of multi-interal trade negotiations under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

(Gatt) apears to be crumpling. The report by an independent seven-man committee, expounding firmly the need for a return to the basic principles of free trade, comes only a week after the European Community fell into line with the American and Japanese wish for new trade liberalisation talks to follow the Kennedy Round of the 1960s and the Tokyo Round of the 1970s which culminated in Geneva in 1979.

The concidence has boosted morale immensely in Gatt headquarters in Geneva, where only a couple of months ago some senior staff were talking apocalyptically of the possible collapse of the world trading system. Even the more sanguine felt that the credibility of their trade monitoring organ-

isation was seeping away. Now Mr Arthur Dunkel, the Director-General, and his staff can reasonably hope for a firm perision by the autumn to nich, at worst, should halt the erosion of free trade in the pressures and, at best, could he p stimulate a fresh expansion

UBLICATION yesterday of the launching of the round can be Leutwiler Committee report experted from the Ministerial "Trade Policies for a Better meeting of the Organisation for Future" could hardly have been Economic Co-operation and hetter timed. It tables 15 speci- Development (cFCD) on April fit recommendations to meet 11-12 and, more apportantly, the crisis in the world trading from the finance ministers at the interim and development committee meetings of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank on

April 17-19. Finally, the imprimatur of heads of government at the World Economic Summit in Bonn in early May should, it is hoped, commit the main industrialised countries firmly to the proposed global trade negotia-

thereby be cut and dried. The main protagonists still have widely varying views about its purpose and agenda, and the lack of enthusiasm among the developing countries, who form the majority of Gatt members, remains to be overcome.

The European Ministers have acceded to Washington's desire that trade in services be a new subject for negotiation. But their acquiescence has, at least, partly been achieved by the argument, passed on privately by the Americans, that if the Reagan Administration is to hold the fort against domestic protectionist pressures, it needs to create a new "constituency" in favour of free trade.

Previously, the argument goes, this constituency comprised U.S. farmers, manufacturers and organised labour. Only the farmers remain. In consequence the need arises for the new constituency to to be conducted under Ameri-

The Leutwiler Committee's 15 proposals

1—In each country the making of trade policy should be brought into the open. The costs and benefits of trade policy actions. existing and prospective, should be analysed through a "pro-tection balance sheet." Private and public companies should be required to reveal in their financial statements any sibsidies

2—Agricultural trade should be based on clearer and fairer rules, with no special treatment for particular countries or commodities. Efficient agricultural producers should be given

the maximum opportunity to compete.

3—A timetable and procedures should be established to bring into conformity with Gatt rules voluntary export restraints, orderly marketing agreements, discriminatory import restrictions and other trade policy measures of both developed and developing countries which are inconsistent with the obligations of Ceth contracting restricts.

of Gatt contracting parties.

4—Trade in textiles and clothing should be fully subject to the ordinary rules of Gatt. Rules on subsidies need to be revised, clarified and made

more effective. When subsidies are permitted they should be granted only after full scrutiny.

6—Gatt codes governing non-tariff distortions of trade should be improved and vigorously applied to make trade more open and fair. 7—Rules permitting customs unions and free trade areas have been distorted and abused. To prevent further erosion of the multi-lateral trading system, they need to be clarified and

At the international level, trade policy and the functioning of the trading system should be more open. Countries should be subject to regular oversight or surveillance of their policies

embrace bankers, whose inter-national business is expanding to bring them gains. But fast. Thus, the Administration wants to be seen as working for other South American countries

Brazil and India, two champions of the developing countries, have yet to abandon their opposition to a new round. They have so far regarded it as likely

wants to be seen as working lot are ready to participate. services.

A mind-focussing effort of

this kind had become urgently needed as the Gatt rules for international trade have been eroded over the past few years At a rough guess, Gatt staff estimate that roughly 35 per

9—When emergency safeguard protection for particular industries is needed, it should be provided only in accordance with the rules: It should not discriminate between different suppliers, should be time-limited, linked to adjustment assistance, and subject to continuing surveillance.

10—Developing countries receive special treatment in Gatt rules. But such special treatment is of limited value. Far greater emphasis should be placed on permitting and encouraging developing countries to take advantage of their competitive strengths and on integrating them more fully into the trading

—Governments should be ready to examine ways and means of expanding trade in services and to explore whether multiof expanding trade in services and to explore whether multi-lateral rules can appropriately be devised for this sector. 12—Gatt's dispute settlement procedures should be reinforced by building-up a permanent roster of non-Governmental experts to examine disputes, and by improving the implementation of panel recommendations. Third parties should use their rights to complain when bilateral agreements break rules. 13—The committee supports a new round of Gatt negotiations, provided they are directed toward the primary goal of strengthening the multilateral trading system and further open-ing world markets.

ing world markers.

14—To ensure continuous high-level attention to problems in international trade policy and to encourage prompt negotiation of solutions, a permanent ministerial-level body should be established in Gatt.

15—The committee stresses the urgency of resolving the we debt problem, the need for adequate flows of development finance, better international co-ordination of macro-economic policies and greater consistency between trade and financial

cent of world trade—world ex-ports were valued at around dairy and other products which it seeks to unload in subsidised exports, while American \$2 trillion (million million) last year—is now subjected to some kind of non-tariff restriction. In the list of things that are cited as having gone wrong are the agriculture and textile sec-tors. The implications for agri-culture are grave. The report remarks that Europe is building

farmers are denied markets. The Leutwiler report says un-equivocally that efficient farmers have good reason to feel cheated of their rights. tors. The implications for agritors. The implications for agriculture are grave. The report
remarks that Europe is building
up stocks of surplus cereals,

The committee wants the mendation for greater openness
and accountability in trade
ment (MFA) world textile policies, to enable both politicians and consumers to assess

Mr Fritz Leutwiler

expires in July next year. Three main themes run rough the report: The first calls on nations to revert to the basic principle of non-discrimination embedded in the Gatt rules. This is the famous "Most Favoured Nation" clause which stipulates that a country must apply to all countries treatment as favourable as that it gives to any one country.

The report is harsh on abuse of free trade areas and customs unions in this context.

• A second theme is the recom-

Members of the Leutwiler Chairman: Lentwiler, until the end of 1984 Chaleman of life Signs National Bank and President of the Bank for Internal Settlements Now Chair designate of Brown Boveri.

et the St Finance Com Sumitre Diejokadiku Professor of Economics, Uni

versity of Indonesia. Mr Pehr Gyllenham Chairman of Volvo. M Guy de Lacharrière, Vice President of the Interna Court of Justice.

tor of the London School of Economies and former Governor of the Reserve Bank of India. Sr Marto Simo

Getulio Vargas Foundation, Rio de Janeiro. tor of the Postgri School of Economics

the long-term costs of subsidies and other discriminatory measures.

Thirdly, implicit in the recommendations is a strengthening of Gatt. The properties do not always distinguish between Gatt as an institution and the work of its secretariat but, if they were adopted they would move the organisation closer to the role unusually envisaged for it in the 1926, as the International Trade Organisation, the third pillar signification.

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International Division

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# U.S. presses Japan on imports

#### BY NANCY DUNNE IN WASHINGTON

THE REAGAN Administration and contends that the U.S. trade delicit U.S. legislators kept up the pres- results from closed Japanese marof regulations governing Japan's newly privatised telecommunications markets. sure yesterday for Japanese trade kets. liberalisation as the April 1 dead-

The Senate Finance Committee unanimously approved a resolution which should have no difficulty passing the full Senate, calling on Meanwhile, Mr Larry Speakes, President Reagan to demand that the White House spokesman, passing the full Senate, calling on Japan buy enough additional U.S. warned Japan yesterday that its ap-imports to offset the impact of in-parent decision to maintain "voluncreased car shipments. The mea-sure, which is non-binding, declares ports could not be "an acceptable Japan to be an "unfair" trader and

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

ITALIAN machine tool manu-

in both foreign and domestic

domestic orders were up by an impressive 49.7 per cent, while

foreign orders rose by 46.6 per

The improved picture, how-ever, came after two difficult

11 per cent and in real terms of 6 per cent.

years for the Italian industry, during which sales were more while an improvement, is the

The 1984 combined sales for 1981 (see table).

figure for the Italian machine tool sector came to L1,750bn (£776m), which represented a trise in nominal terms of surplus of L659bn for 1984.

f 6 per cent. trade surplus of L624bn. But the 1984 sales figure, Although the surplus is larger,

According to Ucimu,

sales last year.

manufacturers'

or less stagnant.

of countries found to be in violation of international trading rules.

Boost for Italian machine tools

ITALIAN MACHINE TOOLS

INDUSTRY

same as the equivalent turnover for 1981 (see table).

This compared with a 1983

has decided to maintain voluntary quotes on car and truck exports to the U.S. but would raise the number by 450,009 a year from 1.85m in 1984-85. The President said be would have no objection to dropping the restraints.

Reports from Tokyo said Japan

There are other onerous signs on Capitol Hill of trouble between the U.S. and Japan if no satisfactory agreement is reached on liberalisa tion. Senator John Heinz, a Pend sylvania Republican, is seeking co sponsors for a Bill to impose a 20 per cent surcharge on all Japanese imports for three years.

machine-tool, makers employed 28,500 people at year-end. This

compares with employment of 30,800 in 1983, a drop of 7.5 per

Officials at Uciniu said the Italian Government had agreed to make available more than

L500bn in grants to industry

which in turn needs to make capital investments in machine

designed to stimulate domestic demand for the sector. It

functions by offering companies

wishing to install machine tools up to 25 per cent of the

#### Peru arranges barter deals worth \$320m

ERU has contracted con ERU has constructed counter-rade deals worth a total of 320m (£290m) since the last nuarter of 1984 in an effort so reduce its arrears on supplier redits, said Sr. Guillerum Garrido-Lecta, Peru's Finance Anister. He was in Vienna to titend the annual meeting of the Inter-American Develop-nent Bank.

nent Bank. The deals include \$200m in rusiness with the Soviet Union from which Peru has buight military equipment worth \$1bn, re **agge**o. Peru introduced a

requirements and policy last year contestants properly last year acceptants are properly last year acceptants with Peruvian industry to see the second are are from non-traditional export sectors.

imports last year did grow by the Soviet Union recently ordered \$10m to L321bn. for the Peruvian shoe industry.

Sr Garrido-Lecca said. project as a means of payment for the Chira-Piura irrigation project, he added.

A further deal is likely to be concluded in the coming weeks for Ferrostahl of West Germany. Sr Garrido-Lecca said the

countertrade business had vir-tually eliminated supplier credit arrears, but Peru, whose tually net foreign exchange reserves are negative by more than \$1bn, still has arrears of \$150m to commercial bank creditors and \$70m to Paris Club govern-

Peru is paying a further \$16m of back interest to creditor-banks this month. This month, it is also paying about \$15m to Paris Club about \$15m to Paris Club Governments, the first interest payments since last summer.

#### Brussels to provide

Lagos with Ecus 200m The European Community is to provide Nigeria with Ecus 200m (\$160m), Reuter reports from

Herr Dieter Frisch, EEC director-general for the Third World development, said a quarter of the total would be in grants and the rest in loans for 40 years with 10 years grace at 1 per cent interest. It is the first major toan from the Community to Nigeria under the Lone

#### Bid to cut EEC Two Italian companies win paper mountain

Efforts to reduce the paper mountains at EEC border points took a significant step forward yesterday when Industry Ministers approved a scheme to com-puterise customs procedures, Ivo Dawnay in Brussels writes. Exchange of information for

the agricultural market alone involves more than 200,000 telexes a year. For manufactured goods, customs checks add an average 6 per cent to costs.

The scheme, called CADDIA, involves establishment of standards to link employer extenses. dards to link computer systems in the European Commission and member states. Implementation should be completed in 10 which is still under construe-

# Libya steel plant order

of the state-owned IRI group, Libyan personnel both in Italy have won a contract worth about L300bn (£136m) to manage the steel plant being built ised control centre of the steel by the Libyan Government at Misurata.

The two control centre of the steel plant.

The two companies, Italimpianti, which specialises in the design and erection of process plant, and Italsider, Italy's major state-owned steel pro-ducer, are to have responsibility for the management, production and maintenance of the plant

The plant, an integrated com-plex being built by German, Austrian and Japanese com-panies, will have a capacity of about 1m tonnes a year.

The contract is the first which Italimpianti has won for ma-aging as opposed to building steel plant. The IRI companies. are to be paid in cash

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agreed

for UBM

and engineering group, yesterday renewed its courtship of URM, one

of the leading UK builders' mer-

chants with an agreed takeover hid valuing UHM at £113m. Charles Batchelor writes. Novervo

made a contested takeover had

worth £84m in August 1983, but des-

pite increasing its offer to £75tn it

If the new hid is successful it will

create a broadly-based building ma-

terials group engaged in mainfac-turing and merchanting with sales of £870m in 1983-84, and comploying

18,490 people in the UK and abroad. The failed 1983 bid attempt left

Norcros with a 36.5 per cent stake in UBM. This proved the key to yes-

terday's takeover agreement. Nor-cros's large holding could have been used to block UBM's expansion

Mr Allen Sheppard, UBM's chair-man, said: "Having got UBM down to a clean core of businesses we

Norcros's 36.5 per cent stake would have required an instant commer-cial payback – or we could sell to

Nozcros."
URM's board, headed by Mr Roger Pinnington, who joined as chief
executive in 1982, has harned the

company round from a 2m loss in

could either build on that - thus

failed then to secure its prize.

port for exports.

The DTI has set up inquiry points centrally and around the country,

briefed to direct business callers to

the appropriate department for

Mr Trippier said that the DTI

was tending to move away from re-

gional and investment grants to-

wards advice schemes, and that

these latter projects would continue

free to the user, for small busi-

nesses; support of up to 75 per cent

of the costs for 15 days of consultan-

cy to help companies improve their

products or their production pro-

cesses; and grants, also of up to 75

per cent, to companies which wish to make feasibility studies of the

industry parallels other announce

Industry ministers, including Mr Norman Tebbit, the Industry Secre-

tary, have stressed in past weeks the Government's reluctance to continue or extend direct support for industry, but instead its willingness

to offer advice and assistance over a start-up, or a difficult period.

The continued emphasis on the

small business sector - seen as the

main focus of employment growth -

was also confirmed in a linked an-

nouncement that advisory services will now be made eligible for com-

panies employing up to 500 employ-

ees - rather than, as now, compa-nies with between 60-1,000 employ-

Mr Trippier said yesterday: "I be-

lieve these kinds of advisory services can be of immense benefit to

small firms. By targeting them more precisely at the small firms'

sector in this way, we aim to deploy

ments represent a better service for

our customers, industry and com-merce. We have always had a good

product. Now we have the market-

ing and back-up servicing facilities

application of new technology. This emphasis on partnership be tween government, consultants and

ments on government aid.

se schemes include advice,

to expand in coming years.

STUDY OF ADVERTISING AS ALTERNATIVE TO LICENCE FEE INCOME

# Inquiry into funding of the BBC

inquiry into the future funding of mer chief economic adviser to the the BBC and an increase in the col- Department of Trade and Industry our television licence fee from £46 and at present research professor

The settlement, Mr Brittan said. was enough to enable the corporation to maintain its present level and range of services. But enhancements and expansion would have to be largely paid for by increased

The £58 licence fee will run ini- tion of advertising or sponsorship" tially for two years while possible on the BBC as an alternative or a changes in the system of financing asting are considered.

If changes cannot be made within two years, or if the status quo is to the committee is the possible imrun for a third year at the same would have on the character and

in public finance at Edinburgh's Heriot-Watt University.

The seven-strong inquiry is expected to report to the Home Secretary by the summer of next year. Mr Brittan said the inquiry would essess the effects of the introduc-

supplement to the licence fee

"One of the central questions for continue, the £58 licence fee will pact the introduction of advertising

MR LEON BRITTAN, the Home The chairman of the inquiry will Mr Brittan told the House of Com-Secretary, yesterday announced an be Professor Alan Peacock, a for-mons. Last night the BBC welcomed the and strengthened management atti-

decision to set up the inquiry and tudes said the breadth of its terms of refthat the settlement "falls far short fee of the £65 we wanted which would

cost increases were unavoidable but (ITV) and radio companies, newspaemphasised that there was a limit pers and for the Exchequer. to what licence fee payers could reasonably be expected to afford. T believe, however, that the BBC could and must achieve greater pro-

ductivity than it has done in the

The Home Secretary said he erence met in virtually every detail would, with the BBC and the Post arguments put forward by the BBC. Office, be urgently looking for bet-The corporation noted, however, ter ways of collecting the licence

The Home Secretary emphasis have given the BBC another £350m that the introduction of advertising on the BBC would have implicaon the BBC wount and television.

Mr Brittan conceded that some tions for the independent television.

He also emphasised that the ITV companies were the market leaders in terms of cost and suggested that one of the effects of introducing advertising on the BBC would be to past or has so far planned in fu- make the ITV companies more effiture," he said. There was scope for cient.

#### Pit leaders expected Norcros in **Business** to decide ban on support overtime should end £113m bid schemes repackaged BY JOHN LLOYD, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

THE EXECUTIVE of the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) is today likely to set in motion an end to THE GOVERNMENT yesterday arthe 17-month overtime ban.

nounced measures to simplify the There is growing evidence that the left-led NUM areas are now in assistance schemes on offer to business from the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI). It indicated that it would continue to shift refavour of regrouping and trying to gather strength for a pay campaign in November. The overtime ban sources from block grants to advisowas imposed in protest at a 5.2 per cent pay offer by the National Coal Mr David Trippier, the industry

minister with responsibility for small businesses, said that the pre-At the same time, pressures from the right-led areas will increase. vious package of some 64 schemes on offer from the DTI was "confus-Leaders of the white-collar section Cosa, have held informal discusing the very people we were seek-ing to help - particularly the small sions with leaders of Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire and South Derbyshire - the so-called "demo-The schemes have been reduced cratic section" of the NUM - and to four main areas - business and may decide to join this grouping.

Mr Trever Bell, the Cosa general
secretary, will consult his members
this weekend. technical advisory services, support for innovation, support for national and regional investment and sup-

> The area results on the ballot vote on the 50p a week levy to support miners sacked during the strike - which produced a 54 per cent vote against the levy - show that only Scotland and the tiny Kent coalfield produced convincing votes for it. Yorkshire, the bigges coalfield, only just scraped a "yes" vote, with South Wales little better. The north-east of England, Lan-cashire and the English Midlands

ran beavily against. Right-led areas such as South Derbyshire and North Wales are day if no decision is taken by the

eroment departments, which also

includes the armed forces, local au-

thorities and nationalised indus-

Mr Patrick Jenkin, Environment

Secretary, announced yesterday

that a review team led by a Cabinet

Office official would consider the

finture of the Crown Suppliers "and

in particular whether it would be in

the public interest to transfer to the

private sector the activities, or part,

at present undertaken by the orga-

The Crown Suppliers is a branch of the Property Services Agency.

PSA Supplies, but last year was re-

tries as its customers.

operations directors. Crown Suppliers may

go to private sector

THE GOVERNMENT is thinking of and buys enough carpet in one year privatising the Crown Suppliers, its to stretch two metres wide from central purchasing agency for gov- London to Moscow. Its last annual

grees of support from South Wales, Scotland and even Yorkshire, where extensive and at times bitter debate is going on over future poli-The Yorkshine area council last

They are likely to get varying de-

week voted to re-enter consultation with the coal hoard, at least at pit and area less! At other meetin this week, area leaders have debated the pros and cons of retaining or scrapping the overtime ban.

A motion to scrap the ban would constitutionally be required to go

There is growing opinion on the left of the union that Nottinghamshire - the coalfield where the majority of miners continued to work during the year-long strike - should not now be expelled from the union The National Coal Board yesterday announced its expected reorgawhich will create an executive committee of senior directors charged with introducing a new managerial style into the industry, and with re-ducing both its losses and its man-

The first decentralisation comes with the creation of a second na-tional "front line" headquarters in

Mr Ken Moses, the North Dershire area director, and Mr John Northard Western area director certain to call for the overtime ban both of whom were successful in to be lifted - with the furmer threat- breaking the strikes in their areas ening to end it unilaterally on Mon- by encouraging miners to return -

report showed sales for 1983-84 of

£228m, an increase of £7m over the

turn on capital employed well above

the Government's 5 per cent targe

profit on £221m turnóver in 1982-83.

The profit was film, a rate of re-

#### the year ended February 1982 to a forecast profit of CI3.5m in the year to February 1985. Despite UBM's recovery many analysts expressed surprise at the level of the Norcros offer. "This is a knock-out bid if ever there was one," commented one.

Northous is offering seven of its own shares and 840p cash for every 10 UBM shares. Northous shares fell 14p to 153p yesterday to value the offer at 191p for each UBM share - a total of £112.8m. There is a cash alternative worth 189p a

URM's shares rose 25p yesterday to a new 1984-85 high of 187p. The hid is being recommended to share-helders by the UBM board — which has only 0.1 per cent of the shares—but UBM said other major shareholders had reacted positively.

Lex Page 28; background analysis, Page 37

D STUDY of a second site for a private sector barrage across the Severa secur narrage across the Severa Estuary in the West of England to generate electricity by fidal powers to being supported by the Government but still well down on the £10.3m Mr Jenkin told the Prime Minister last autumn that the Crown Sup-pliers should be sold off if possible

but it was allowed to develop its 11 PHOTS used to guide ships into Brifish ports could be reduced in If the review team decides the number by up to 50 per cent to Crown Sappliers should be prival about 700 if Government proposals ised, Mr Jenkin wants to know how were implemented, according to ev-

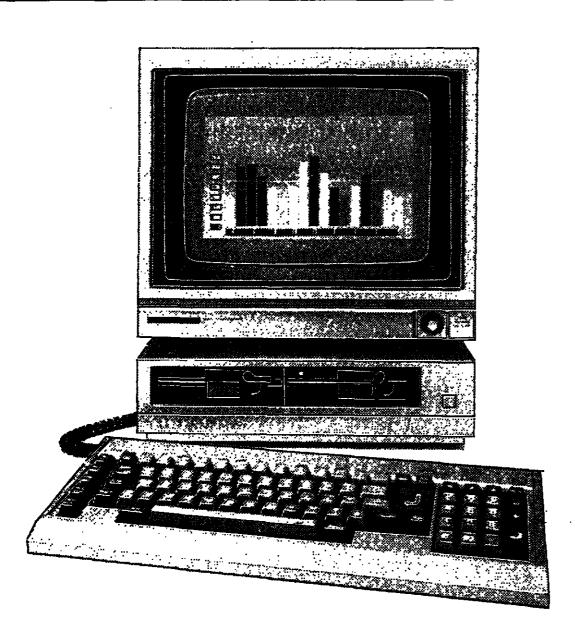
Mr A.G. Robinson, chairman of the British Ports Association said new technology could reduce sub-stantially the number of pilots The Crown Suppliers acts as a status within the public sector-trading fund buying and selling would assist the Crown Suppliers to everything from furniture to fuel oil meet its objectives. needed. However, the UK Pilots Association rejected the claim that there was an overall surplus of pi-

> ☐ FUTURE Technology Systems, the British microcomputer company which ran into a severe financial crisis last year, is aiming for a 20 per cent increase in turnover and a return to profitability this year. Mr John Gilhooly, the chief ex-

ecutive, said the company was pressing ahead with its recovery plan. "We have identified all the major problems and have instituted remedial courses of action in all areas." he said.

□ BRITISH Reil separated pay in creases from productivity questions when it made its annual wage offer to manual workers - a significant departure from the practice of recent years. The offer, worth an average of 5 per cent against claims for a rise of up to 33 per cent, is being studied by Rail Unions.

tary. Mr Graham, 62, is at present



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#### Pirelli invests in new truck tyre BY JOHN GRIFFITHS

tyres which, the company claimed yesterday, should produce a "dramatic increase" in its 8 per cent share of UK truck tyre sales. The investment forms part of a

strategy under which the wholly owned subsidiary of the Italian tyre producer plans to build on a continuing, substantial recovery in its UK fortunes over the past year.
The company announced a net profit for 1984 of £4.6m, which com-

pared with a £200,000 profit for 1983 and combined losses of £25m in 1981 and 1982, as Pirelli's UK off-shoot, like the rest of the tyre indus-

truck tyre production capacity, at 4m tyres a year, exceeds UK mar-ket demand by 100 per cent. Pirelli's belief is that the high-

performance tyres, unveiled in a national TV campaign last week, will allow Pirelli to repeat in the truck market the success it has already achieved with its premium-priced, high performance car tyres. Since the late 1970s, Pirelli has concentrated increasingly on producing high-performance car tyres. This is in keeping with car manufacturers own efforts to produce vehicles with higher equipment, com-fort and performance levels, and a

PIRELLI is investing tim at its ing made despite figures from Mr Burton-on-Trent plant to produce a new generation of low-profile truck facturing director, showing that UK as a result of the trends, Pirelli's share of the total UK original equip-

ment and replacement tyres mar-

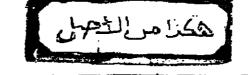
ket had risen from 8 per cent in 1980 to 14 per cent last year. With UK vehicle production drop-ping back below the 1m mark last year, the company forecasts that there will be little or no growth in the total UK car tyre market of about 22m units last year. This stagnation in the UK market, however, is being offset in Pirelli's case by exports, which now account for 40 per cent of total output from its plants at Burton-on-Trent and

#### 3 FLIGHTS DAILY FROM £31 STARTS APRIL 1ST'85 try, sought to come to terms with trend by motorists to replace con-ventional tyres fitted as original equipment with low-profile tyres when the original set wore out. substantial over-capacity. It forms part of Pirelli (UK), the Pirelli attributed its turnround to • Three flights a day each way departing Heathrow at 0810, 1420 & 1850. Manchester to Heathrow departing 0645, 1230 & 1700. substantial plant rationalisations holding company which groups to-gether Pirelli's tyres, cables and cable-laying interests and which and productivity improvements All seats are bookable. Refreshments are available on all flights. over the past two years, as well as an assistant general secretary with increased sales. It now employs responsibility for employment and Mr Martin Wood, sales and mar-Now, also more flights from Heathrow to Inverness from £44,\* one way Apex For further information contact Dan-Air: 01680 1011 – (061) 436 5555 or (0463) 226349. keting director, said yesterday, that 3,500 in the UK, a total expected to industrial relations. He will take low-profile tyres' share of the replacement market had risen from addition of technical staff to establishment. has also reported a profit increase, low-profile tyres' share of the re-placement market had risen from at the operating level, of £28.5m compared with £18.8m in 1983. 13 per cent in 1980 to 23 per cent lish the new truck tyres operations. tary. The truck tyres investment is be-Pan Am. Four 747's AWeek

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# IAE forecasts \$3.5bn market for aero-engine

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

INTERNATIONAL Aero Engines the V-2500 would have about 9 per (IAE) the seven-company, five-nation consortium developing the new its direct rival, the Franco-U.S. V-2500 aero-engine for future civil (Snecma-General Electric) CFM-58-aircraft, believes it has an immediate ate market potential of at least 860 engines worth \$3.5bn.

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WHEN THE STATE OF THE STATE OF

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ria of Yugoslavia – for the V-2500 in Airbus A-320s brought total orders to 62 engines, with another 92 on option, worth in all about \$600m, excluding spares.

IAE, he said, was discussing with Airbus Industrie the possibility of using the V-2500 in another potential model, the long-range, four-en-

He said the longer-term market for the V-2500 engine, in the 29 world airlines that IAE believes are logical targets for sales, might bring that total up to about 860 en-gines, worth about \$3.5bn at 1985 prices.

Participants in IAE include Rolls-Royce and Pratt & Whitney (each terested in the V-2500 for its own with 30 per cent), Japan Aero Engines, with 23 per cent, MTU of West Germany (11 per cent) and Final Aviazione of Italy (8 per cent).

West Aviazione of Italy (8 per cent).

Leading sub-contractors include Rohr Industries of the U.S. and Short Brothers of Belfast, which jointly have a contract to provide the engine nacelle, thrust reverser and other parts of the engine, ac-counting for some 25 per cent of the

mr Mike Keen, executive vicepresident of the group, said in London yesterday that orders from three airlines so far - Pan American, Cyprus Airways and Inex-Adria of Yugoslavia - for the V-2500 in MD-80 series of short-to-medium-range jets, seating up to about 180-190 passengers.

gined TA-11.

Although the TA-11 has not yet been formally launched, many air-lines have shown interest. The aircraft is being designed for very long ranges with smaller passenger loads than for the bigger Boeing

The V-2500 is being designed for thrusts of between 23,000 lb and 25,000 lb, but plans envisage building other versions to over 30,000 lb. Worldwide demand for engines in the broad 25,000 lb-thrust category might amount to 7,000 engines up to the end of this century. IAE itself Mr Keen claimed yesterday that would hope to capture orders for up on present performance estimates.

# **British Council cuts** 'harming relations'

BY ROBERT MAUTHNER, DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT

CUTS MADE by the Government in efficient and to increase its reve with other countries, Sir John Burgh, the council's director general, told the House of Commons se-

the reduction of British representation and the information effort 1985-88 was £29.5m, compared with overseas has been excessive. Sir £26.2m in 1984-85. John told the committee, which is • In the same five-year period to

cil's fund since 1979 had been 20 per current financial year.

cent in real terms and a reversal of lin the last three years the countries of this trend was urgently needed, he cil had raised some £700,000

The increase in funding that he of arts. considered necessary was very • The council's educational counsmall, only about £2m a year in real selling service had raised £5,000 terms. That would still leave a cumulative cut of 15 per cent since a total of £355,000.

council was not just sitting on its sures and cuts to meet the additionhands and "whingeing." It was mak- al savings of £1.1m required by the ing serious efforts to become more Government for its 1985-86 budget

the budget of the British Council nues. He listed four main areas in were harming Britain's relations which income was being increased:

tween 1980-81 and 1985-66 will have lect committee on foreign affairs risen from 19 per cent to 28 per cent of the council's main budget. A council spokesman later said that

examining the Government's over-seas expenditure programme. 1985-88, revenue from direct teach-ing of English had risen by 33 per The cumulative cut in the councent to an estimated £23m in the

through the business sponsorship

Last month, the British Council Sir John emphasised that the announced a programme of clo-

#### Sleipner veto 'may lead to higher gas prices'

BY DOMINIC LAWSON

THE NATIONAL Gas Consumers' tee, "Imports from Norway provide stability. By doing away with that dog, yesterday warned MPs that the Government's recent decision to tee, "Imports from Norway provide stability. By doing away with that stability you create a sellers' marther Government's recent decision to veto a plan by British Gas to buy s30bn of gas from Norway's Sleipner field in the North Sea could lead to higher UK gas prices for consumers.

The council appears to share the corporation's view that, in the absence of Sleipner, it is not clear that

sence of Sleipner, it is not clear that that in the first half of the next dec it will have enough gas to satisfy UK demand in the next decade. ade British Gas will be supplied from UK gasfields which have yet Miss Sheila Black, the chairman to be discovered.

of the council, said yesterday. We fear that a shortage of gas could Government's controversial deci lead to a price disadvantage to con-sumers. Mr John Winward, who sir Denis Rooke, the chaircarried out work on gas depletion man of British Gas, gives evidence for the council, told MPs from the to the committee's investigation in House of Commons energy committee to the Government's gas policy.

#### **UK NEWS**

Reforms in capital gains tax create loophole

THE EXTENSION in the budget last week of the inflation-adjust-ment provisions for capital gains tax (CGT) is expected to have two main effects on trading in the mar-ket for government gilt-edged secu-rities and other bonds, Clive Welman writes.

It may also allow large institu-tional investors such as insurance companies to avoid paying any more capital gains tax and boost the investment returns to their poli-

As part of a reform to make the

simpler and more comprehensive, the Chancellor of the Exchequer an-nounced in the budget these two changes to take effect from April 6: The indexation rules can be used to convert a nominal capital gain on selling an asset into a real (infla-tion-adjusted) capital loss or to in-crease a nominal capital loss which can then be offset against real capi-

tal gains for tax purposes.

The indexation rules will apply for no matter how little time an asset is held, thus repealing the 12-

month-holding restriction. An adjustment for at least one

month's inflation - as measured by the retail prices index (RPI) - can be made for any asset provided it is sold in a different month from the one in which it was bought.

Tampaying investors will thus be able systematically to buy and sell back securities over the last night of any month in which they estimate the RPI has risen, to generate as large capital losses as are neces-sary to offset against all their tax-able capital gains.

The inland Revenue confirmed

on Tuesday that there were no plans to close this loophole in the

in any case, be difficult to do so without reversing the budget reforms. A new requirement to hold an asset for at least one month before the indexation allowance could be defined would margh force in the period of the period fore the indexation allowance could be claimed would merely force inbe claimed would therely lore investors to hold on for a month and a
day. Any risk that, say, the gilt market could move against them in the
interim could be hedged by selling
it the investor faces the
marginal tax rate of 30 per c
his capital gains as he does

The other tax-planning opportu-nity the budget creates is simpler Under today's market conditions,

gilt futures contracts or dealing in

marginal tax rate of 30 per cent on his capital gains as he does on his on the inflation-compensating part



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#### **UK NEWS**

# Housing costs prove biggest single factor in retail prices rise

by 8.8 per cent in the year to Janua- average inflation rate

growth of unit labour costs up to an months of the year annual 4 per cent compared to 1.6 It foresees housing

INCREASED housing costs, reflect There were also, however, a numbing in particular higher interest ber of favourable influences on repayments on mortgages (house pur-tail prices, including a further chase loans), contributed more than weakening in world commodity a quarter of the increase in the reprices, good harvests for fruit and tail price index of 5 per cent last vegetables and slower growth in na-

An analysis of the rise in prices

Prices for durable goods, transpublished in the Employment Gapurt and vehicles, clothing, food and training costs rose

put and vehicles, clothing, food and fuel all increased by less than the

water charges by about 6 per cent.

Housing represented nearly 14.9

per cent of the retail price index, so it accounted for 1.3 per cent of the overall 5 per cent inflation rate.

Among other redail price index, so weighting for food has been reduced to 19 per cent from 20.1 per

# Traders oppose plan to lift Sunday controls

whelmingly against Government plans to lift restrictions on Sunday trading, fearing the change would put many of them out of business

small traders are opposed to dereg-from the Gos ulation of Sunday. On the issue of the imminent

thoughts before pressing about 1998 mean and derivation with major changes. A free-for-all gardless of their views.

SMALL SHOPKEEPERS are over-whelmingly against Government plans to lift restrictions on Sunday and benefit in one but the large

ers (AIR), shows that 83 per cented council his superiled for superiled

#### Hi-tech insurance link

BY RAYMOND SNODDY

BRITISH TELECOM yesterday launched what it claimed is Brit-

link nearly 100 brokers directly ance companies - Commercial Union, Equity and Law, Legal and General, the Minster Group, Phoe Earlier this month ICL announced niz, Prudential, Save and Prosper, collaborative ventures aimed at pro-Standard Life and Sun Life.

The brokers will be able to use desk top microcomputers to obtain don and provincial inbusiness, obtain unit prices or raise
pueries on policies direct from the data network

BT's service will use its data network.

to users, will continue until the autumn when Mediat will be launched 90 by the end of this year.

surance companies and 16 brokers

viding a national network to link in-

BT's pilot scheme, which is free per cent of the UK business com-



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#### **BUSINESS LAW**

# Bhopal lesson for multinationals

By A. H. HERMANN, Legal Correspondent

multinational companies will no doubt feel obliged to study carefully the legal issues and to retain the parent company's of the U.S. lawyers who control and Justices for Law and Justices that the Indian Government was prepared to forgo bitgation on the right terms. Somewhat incongruously, he added: "If the American company would submit to the juris-diministre of the American company would submit to the juris-diministre of the control and undiminished liability for local malpractices. Close to home, the Bhopal disaster is a reminder of the doubt feel obliged to study carefully that gasles to study carefully the legal issues and to respected in the planning stage, but thereafter the authorities did not prevent the authorities did not prevent workers and their families from settling in shanty dwellings to close to the plant. Indeed, when the danger was pointed out to the danger was pointed out to the danger was pointed out to them, the answer was that the plant could not be moved. The possibility of moving the people does not seem to have been setted 15 miles from urban settlements. This distance may have been respected in the planning stage, but thereafter the authorities did not prevent workers and their families from settling in shanty dwellings to close to the plant indeed, when the danger was pointed out to the danger was pointed out to them, the answer was that the plant could not be moved. The possibility of moving the people does not seem to have been respected in the planning stage, but thereafter the authorities did not prevent workers and their families from settling in shanty dwellings to close to the plant indeed, when it said to reflect the state of UK law at the time of the declaration of Indian independence.

The basic jurisdictional rule would guide U.S. judges to workers and their families from settling in shanty dwellings to them, the answer was that the plant could not be moved. The possibility of moving the people does not seem to have been respected in the answer to this could make a tremend

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surance.

A settlement would be in the interests of all parties concerned except the lawers—in the recent asbestos litigation 63 per cent of the compensation paid was consumed by expenses and legal fees. An out-of-court settlement would enable survivors of the tragedy to get some compensation when they need it instead of waiting for the out-come of litigation which could come of litigation which could easily drag on for ten years. Union Carbide would also be better off if it could pay reasonable compensation now instead of having the threat of claims running into billions of dollars hanging over its head, to the detriment of its goodwill and

Finally, the Indian Government would be spared the embarrassment of having the dirty linen of its local and central administration laundered in U.S. courts where the Union Carbide lawyers would be bound to bring it to establish that the Government had at least partial responsibility for the tragedy. This concern must have played a role in the swift legislative action by which the Indian Government assumed powers to sue Union Carbide for compensation on behalf of the victims, and in this way to establish for itself a position in the negotiations for a settle-

Somewhat incongruously, he added: "If the American company would submit to the jurisdiction of our courts here, we might not have to go to the U.S."

A settlement would be in the interests of all parties continuously, he added: "If the American company would submit to the jurisdiction of our courts here, we might not have to go to the law governing liability for such accidents taking place abroad which, as the English and Scottinuously." tish Law Commissions reminded us recently, is in a mess.

> Bhopal from which lessons can be derived? First there is the issue of responsibility. How is it divided between Union Car-bide, its Indian subsidiary and the Indian authorities? The burden on Union Carbide is very heavy, not only because it owns 51 per cent of the Indian subsidiary's equity but because it admits responsibility for the training of the Indian personnel. It might be found liable for designing and supplying unsafe plant, for failing to use its controlling power to enforce observance by the local management of safety instructions and, finally for not having adapted.

As to the responsibility of the Indian authorities, this may extend not only to unsatisfac-tory inspection but also to any pressure which the authorities may have exercised on Union Carbide to employ staff quali-fied rather by their politics than by their managerial ability. Above all, the Indian authorities seem to bear responsibility for one of the major causes of the tragedy, which was the proximity of the shanty town to the plant.

tent. According to Indian environ-Even if there is no litigation, mental rules, the factory should

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. HILTON INTERNATIONAL WHERE THE WORLD IS AT HOME 5M

The second issue is: which courts have jurisdiction for litigation. U.S. lawyers preparing class actions on behalf of the victims—some of whom are said to have recieved Rs 100 (about £7) for signing What are the legal issues of a power of attorncy—are naturally interested in having the derived? First there is the dispute decided by U.S. courts. A panel of U.S. judges has already decided that the proper place for bringing any suit in the U.S. is the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York.

To decide jurisdiction, the U.S. courts will have to consider whether U.S. or Indian courts are more convenient for the resolution of this dispute. The availability of witnesses may favour Indian courts though Union Carbide will, no doubt, call some witnesses from its U.S. headquarters. Ease of enforcement of any awards would speak finally, for not having adement of any awards would quately trained local personnel in favour of U.S. courts.

The main argument canvassed so far in favour of U.S. courts claimed, but none of the Bhopal victims could manage anything approaching this sum and so would be deprived of the possibility of taking their claim to court. The other argument is that the backlog of cases in the Indian courts, with Supreme Court lists running into the Court lists running into the 1990s, would deprive most claimants of any hope of getting compensation within their life-

However, precedent expects claimant to go to in his country, not how good that court is or how favourable or unfavourable is its procedure. Moreover, the Indian Government could remove the 5 per cent deposit requirement by legislation and the courts could give priority listing to any consolidated action for compensation.

The third issue is the ques- tive Men

need not necessarily be India as much of the design and manufacture of plant and equipment, training of personnel and managerial decisions or omissions, probably took place in the headquarters' establishment of Union Carbide in the U.S. Moreover, many U.S. Judges are inclined to temper the basic rule that one should apply the law of the place where the claim arose by other considerations. These include predictability of results, simplifications of the judicial task and preference for a system of law which sets a higher standard of conduct and protection against injury. It is evident that U.S. law would win, at least on the second and third considerations.

What are the lessons that multinational companies can draw from this legal muddle? First, do not fool yourself that lawyers can prevent liability by cleverly drafted contracts or extricate the multinational coris that Indian courts require poration from the consequences the plaintiff to deposit 5 per of a major accident. The cost cent of the amount of damages of unlimited insurance cover for poration from the consequences a disaster of Bhopal dimensions may be too high even for a major company.

Second, in the long term multinationals should work for an international treaty providing greater certainty of Jaw and a fairer division of liability. As long as that is not achieved, they should abandon the now fashionable permissive attitude to subsidiaries and control their the U.S. judges to ask whether safety arrangements and enthere is a court available for the vironmental impact strictly by their own inspectors on the spot.

> Finally, they should abandon the project rather than succumb to the host government's pressure to give up technical control of potentially dangerous plant.

\*Working Paper No 87 and Consulta The Unit issue is the questive Memorandum No 62 Choice of Law tion of which law should be in Tort and Delict, HMSO 66.25, pp.223, Reviews by the Chairmen of the Transvaal Gold Mining Companies administered by Anglo American Corporation

<u>gge</u>

"Gold's investment role dominated its price during the year and this seems likely to continue in the year ahead."

The following are extracts from the consul seviews for 1984 of:

Mr. E. P. Gush, chairman of Vapi Reefs, Western Deep Levels, Elandsrand and Southwool Mr. W. R. Lowrie, chairman of S A Lands and Afrikander Lease.

The continuing decline in the rate of inflation to which I referred lost year was reflected in the limited increase in the mines operating costs this year. This situation is unlikely to continue, however, as inflation is showing an unwelcome upturn in South Africa. The authorities have failed to contain state spending and the money supply and this, combined with the sharp decline in the rand against most currencies, is already manifesting itself in a rapid increase in initiation.

South African gold mining company results were further affected by the additional severe fiscal measures adopted by the government in 1984 During the year GST was increased twice, the second time by 43 per cent, and the surcharge on gold mines' income tax was increased from 15 per cent to 20 per cent, which brings this tax to an unacceptably high level, Company tax which cent to 50 per cent

The government has responded, however, to general concerns expressed by many about the South African tax system by appointing the Margo Commission. As part of its mandate, the commission will be tooking into aspects of gold mining toxation and so i should like to make it clear that it is the rate of toxation. to which we are objecting rather than the system of gold mining toxation, which has been beneficial to the industry and the country.

To temper with any one element of the current formula-tex system could have a major impact on the development of the gold mining industry. The industry is and is likely to remain, the backbone of the South African economy A structural change designed to raise more revenue or to change the balance of risk between the investor and the State would certainly discourage investment in what is a very high-nsk business and would have a severe consequence for the country.

The average price of gold set at the London fixings during 1984 declined by nearly 15 per cent to \$361 an ounce from \$424 in the previous year. In rand terms, however, the average price rose by 11 per cent to \$16978 a kilogram from \$15311 in 1983 and was 7.6 per cent higher than the previous record average price received in 1980.

It was gold's investment role that dominated its pince during the year and this seems likely to continue in the year ahead, with the supply of gold remaining in excess of tabrication demand, although to a lesser extent than in 1984. The major influence was clearly the performance of the US dollar, reflecting US monetary policy and the wikingness of investors to continue financing the US budget deficit in this environment the investment climate for gold is unlikely to

Should the US economy falter or inflationary pressures re-emerge, however, sentiment could swing away from the dollar in forour of alternative investment opportunities including gold. This move could also be influenced by the possibility of a sharp downward adjustment to oil prices and the likely negative impact on the international banking system.

הן sorte of such possible builtish influences on the gold market, however, I believe that any improvement in the dollar price of gold would soon lead to increased producer sales as well as some liquidation of investment holdings. Such action would tend to limit any major price advance in dollar terms in the year ahead. Weak gold prices in dollar ferms may nevertheless be translated into firm rand prices as a result of continuing weakness of the rand.

The short- to medium-term outlook for the uranium market has also deteriorated with the introduction by the US Department of Energy of a revised enachment contract. The effect of this more competitive contract will be to postpone enrichment feed requirements and consequently the demand for uranium.

During the course of 1984 the Chamber of Mines again initiated attempts to remove legally-entrenched racially-discriminatory work practices from the mining industry. The Chamber is working with the trade unions to devise an acceptable industrial-relations structure and to remove discriminatory legislation. Although good progress has been made on some fronts, overall progress has been slow. The need to staff our mining operations solely on the basis of ment is important on social, moral and economic grounds. There should be no question of any race group being excluded from employment opportunities in the mining industry and all employees and potential employees should be given an equal opportunity to work and advance.

	\*22	Peets"	HS" Southered		Altrikonder Leose		Western Deep Levels		Elondstored.		SA Lond	
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Cost - rand/lug produces	7048	6 150	5 462	4694	9 688	14313	7 134	6055	9 157	8481	14 378	12801
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The annual general meetings of these companies will be held in Johannesburg on 26 April, 1985

### **ABU DHABI NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.**

(Incorporated in Abu Dhabi in 1972)

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#### Balance Sheet at 31st December, 1984

Approved by General Assembly of shareholders held on March 26, 1985 in Abu Dhabi

1983		1984
US\$ '000	ASSETS	US\$ '000
819	FIXED ASSETS NET OF DEPRECIATION	744
4,885	INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE NET OF DEPRECIATION	4,071
	CURRENT ASSETS	
24,963	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PREPAYMENTS	32,706
32,564	INVESTMENTS IN MARKETABLE SECURITIES	29,071
65,383	CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS	88,885
122,910	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	150,662
128,614	TOTAL ASSETS	155,477
1983	·	1984
US\$ '000	LIABILITIES AND FUNDS	US\$ '000
74,785	SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	93,299
26,462	INSURANCE FUNDS	29,374
	CURRENT LIABILITIES	
4.996	PROVISION FOR OUTSTANDING CLAIMS	5,600
12,641	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS	17,474
9,730	DIVIDEND FOR THE YEAR	9,730
27,367	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	32,804
128,614	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUNDS	155,477
120,011		· · ·

Total premium written during 1984 amounted to US\$ 112.31 million against US\$ 108.54 million

Net Profit achieved has increased from US\$ 22.68 million in 1983 to US\$ 28.24 million in 1984. The figures shown have been translated from U.A.E. Dirhams at US\$ 1 = UAE DH 3.7.

The General Assembly in an extraordinary meeting held on 26th March, 1985 approved an increase of the paid-up capital from:

DH 120 Million (Approx. US\$ 32.4 Million)

DH 150 Million (Approx. US\$ 40.5 Million)

by issue of bonus shares on the basis of one share for each four shares held.

Chairman: Khalaf A. Al-Otaibah General Manager: Wasef S. Jabsheh

# **MINORCO**

والأراباء بالرابيات والشيارين بالأنوارية والوالي والموالية والموالية

Minerals and Resources Corporation Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda)

RESULTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1984

3:		Decer	lhs ended nber 31	Year ended June 30
		1984	1983	1984
	Consolidated—unaudited US\$ millions except where stated Earnings from operations	28.5	33.7	53.1
	by the equity method	34.5	42.3	77.6
	Minority interest in earnings of subsidiary companies	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.2)
	Earnings before extraordinary items  Extraordinary items	62.4 (40.4)	75.4 130.3	129.5 87.6
:	Net earnings	22.0	205.7	217.1
	Earnings per share (weighted average):			
	From operations	\$0.17	\$0.20	\$0.31
	Before extraordinary items	0.37	0.44	0.76
	Net earnings	0.13	1.21	1.28
	Dividends per share	\$0.06	\$0.06	\$0.22

Ea

Minorco's earnings from operations for the half-year to December 31, 1984 decreased by 16% from US\$33.7 million to US\$28.5 million. Unchanged dividends were declared by all of the major companies in which Minorco is invested, with the exception of Engelhard Corporation, which increased its dividend in the first quarter of the current financial year. However, the US dollar value of the dividends received from Charter Consolidated P.L.C. and Consolidated Gold Fields PLC declined by 15% due to the progressive weakening of sterling. Lower cash balances and reduced interest rates caused interest income to decline during the period.

Minorco's share of undistributed earnings of investments accounted for by the equity method decreased by USS7.8 million due mainly to the decline in earnings of Phibro-Salomon Inc and Charter Consolidated for the 6 months to June 30, 1984 and September 30, 1984 respectively, although this was partially offset by improved results reported by other investments. As a result Minorco's earnings before extraordinary items for the half-year amounted to US\$62.4 million compared with US\$75.4 million earned in the comparable period of the previous financial year.

Minorco's extraordinary losses of US\$40.4 million represents the equity share of Charter Consolidated's extraordinary losses arising from its investments in Johnson Matthey and Cape Industries and of Engelhard Corporation's losses on the closure of metal refinery operations. The extraordinary gain in the corresponding prior period related principally to the sale of part of Minorco's holding in Phibro-Salomor. Net earnings of Minorco amounted to US\$22.0 million compared with US\$205.7 million in the comparable prior period. Minorco's financial position remains strong with a value of shareholders' equity of US\$1.9 billion as at December 31, 1984 with debt of only US\$36 million.

As indicated in the 1984 Annual Report, it is anticipated that earnings from operations for the year to June 30, 1985 will be lower than the US\$53.1 million earned in the previous financial year. Further, it is anticipated that Minorco's share of the undistributed earnings of equity accounted investments for the current full financial year may be less than those earned in the first half of the year as a result of lower earnings already reported by Minorco's North American investments, due to the severe impact of low base metal, energy and commodity prices and certain non-recurring charges. In consequence earnings before extraordinary items for the current financial year are expected to be materially lower than in the previous year. In addition to the extraordinary losses of US\$40.4 million reported in respect of the current half-year. Minorco will in the second half-year account for its share of the substantial after tax special charge reported by Phibro-Salomon principally relating to the write-off of its interest in the Beaufort Sea. These items will cause a substantial reduction in our net earnings for the current financial year. The board nevertheless expects, in the absence of unforeseen circumstances, that earnings from operations will remain at a level which will permit the dividend for the full year to be maintained.

Interim dividend No. 96: The board has declared an unchanged interim dividend of 6 US cents in respect of the year to June 30, 1985. The interim dividend is payable on May 14, 1985 to shareholders of record on April 12, 1985.

Interim

The interim report will be posted to shareholders on or about April 3, 1985.

Sofia House, Church Street Hamilton 5-24, Bermuda

March 26, 1985

EASILY PROCESSED NON-STICK MATERIALS

# **Hoechst and Du Pont show** the way in plastics

BY ALAN CANE

EVEN "WONDER" materials ing.

Over the past few years, howhave their drawbacks. Polyte-trafluoroethylene (PFTE), more commonly recognised as the waxy substance coating the working surfaces of non-stick frying pans and other kitchen utensils, is such an example. Manufactured by Du Pont as "Telfon," ICI as Fluon and

Hoechst as "Hostafion, PTFE has been used as a non-stick surface in the industrial baking industries since the early 1950s

But although it has marvel-lous properties—it is resistant to virtually all chemicals with the exception of a few exceptionally aggressive substances and can be used continuously at temperatures of up to 250°C-

it is difficult to process.

Creating a non-stick surface for a frying pan, for example, involves treating the surface with a dispersion of PTFE particles and driving off the solvent at a high temperature—some

ally moulded—heated beyond its softening point and then moulded to shape before cool-

ever. Du Pont and Hoechst have pioneered the development of a new kind of PTFE which is not subject to the constraints which make its predecessor so difficult to process.

These so-called melt process able fluoroplastics have opened up a whole array of new uses for these materials. They can, for example, be used for soft, flexible insulation in electrical engineering.
Other uses include flexible

tubing for chemical and medi-cal technology and films, pro-tective coatings and non-stick coatings for outdoor use—for example, in the construction of solar arravs.

Exactly chemists create exotic materials like these is no secret in principle; it is simply a matter of combining the right con-stituents at the right tempera-

right catalyst. In practice, the right temat a high temperature—some
420°C—to ensure a sealed surface of the correct thickness.

And unlike, for example,
polystyrene or polypropylene,
PTFE cannot be thermoplastically moulded—heated beyond

In practice, the right tempractice, the ri closely guarded by the manufac-

Basically the process consists of "grafting on" additional sub-stances to the basic polymer to create a substance with exceptional properties.

This produces a "copolymer." PTFE is a polymer of the comtetrafluoroethylene (TFE)—the new melt proces-sable compounds are made up of chains of TFE with other compounds (which Hoechst and Du Pont keep very quiet about) interpolated in the chain like different coloured beads in a

Most polymer chemists be-lieve they are at the limit as far as the discovery of new polymers is concerned. Now, by mixing and matching, they "squeezing the last drop out of existing compounds" in the words of Mr Keith Taylor, divisional director for plastics

Its melt processable fluoro-plastics Hostalon TFB and ET high weathering resistance and are non-stick.

They are also, in common with

at Hoechst.

most of the new, sophisticated engineering plastics, very ex-pensive compared with bulk In 1984 for example, some 507,000 tonnes of low density polyethylene were produced in

mate price of £500 a tonne.
Only 1,100 tonnes of fluorocarbons were produced and sold at a price, for PTFE for example, of £7,000 a tonne.

Of that 1,100 tonnes, perhaps 100 tonnes were represented by new melt processable

fluoroplastics — and they could cost up to £16,000 a tonne. As one industry spokesman said this week: "These are not chemicals you use unless you absolutely have to."

the

But for some purposes -

lining of pipes and tanks which

which has to survive severe conditions - they are ideal. They are invaluable where electric wiring has to operate at an elevated temperature. Hoechst Hostafion TFB and Du Pont's Tefzel work perfectly at

SO, IF WE RE-ARRANGE THE CHEMISTRY THUS,

PT.F.E CAN NOW BE MOULDED THERMOPLASTICALLY!

BY THE WAY, ANYONE SEEN MY PIPE?

continuous temperatures up to 250 deg C. And they can be used to create thin walled plastic tubing for medical catheters and the

The development of melt pro- to be dying on its feet—but it is cessable varieties helps to going to take a long time."

have to hold savagely corrosive bring down the cost of work materials and electric wiring ing with what are the precious ing with what are the precious metals of the plastics business. Mr Taylor of Hoechst believes that despite their expense these polymers are a massive step forward. He complains that by world standards, the UK is woefully behind in the use of plastics as a replacement for metals, a condition he attributes to the traditional nature of much conventional engineer's training: "The use of metals for many enginering parts has got

EDITED BY ALAN CANE

Automation

#### **Moving** assembly

STREAMLINED MANUFAC TURING and reduced produc-tion costs have resulted from a El 2m "on the move" assembly system at the Massey Ferguson tractor plant in Coventry.

The company has become the first in the UK to use automated guided vehicles (ACVs) on which the assembly workers can "ride" while putting the product together—in this case tractor transmissions.

French company CFC sup-plied the system through its UK subsidiery and has already put similar systems into Citroen and Peugeot.

Under the command of a computer system, each driverless vehicle fetches and carries all the parts needed to make a transmission, acts as a mobile completed units to test ries.

The battery-powered vehicles are controlled by signals radiated from a wire loop buried in the floor. An electronic "eye" and other safety devices on the vehicle ensure that it stops if in danger of running into anyone or anything.

About 30 transmissions an hour can be built by the system, which is said to give greater manufacturing flexibility than conventional conveyor systems. It can easily produce increased capacity and changes in the mix of product. It also reduces the number of handling actions for components.

Computing

#### Language conversion

COMPUTER software which allows programmers to convert their programs from any conventional computer language to C has been developed by MS Associates. C is a powerful computer language which is becoming very popular for a wide range of applications but many computers are tied to one of the old programming systems. The MS software is claimed to make the translation to C faster. More information from MS Associates at Bourne

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Office

#### Compact processing

SONY, the Japanee electronics group, has added the Model 10 to its range of word processors. This compact system contains the central processing unit two disk drives and visual display units within one cabinet.

The computer comes in three configurations, the simplest of connegrations, the simplest of which offers storage capacity of 260 bytes equivalent to about 120 pages of A4 text with one disk drive. This can be upgraded to a two disk system. The disks are Sony only 3.5 inch floppy disks protected by a hard shell.

shell.

The Model 10 is compatible with the company's Series 35 range of word processors and so all software developed for these machines will work with the new unit. This includes a spelling checker with a 70,000word English vocabulary.

The Model 10 also can transmit and receive complete documents between machines. More details from Sony at Staines in Middlesex on Staines

Shipping

#### Vessel monitoring

THE Harwich Harbour Board is to spend about £40,000 on the installation of a vessel traffic system to replace its existing system and to provide more sophisticated monitoring of shipping.

Marconi Radar Systems of Chelmsford is installing the system which will monitor 24,000 ship movements each year in Harwich, Felixstowe, Parkstone Quay, Mistley and Ipswich.

A colour monitor will provide all the facilities of a standard radar display giving informa tion such as course and speed of vessels within the five bar-bours. More details from Mar-toni on 0245 267111.

**FACTORY** 

#### **Shopfloor workers** in automation control

BY PETER MARSH

A GROUP of technologists in technical workers from systems in manufacturing industry.

systems in industry.

Too many examples of automation are infiexible and fail prises.

The technology division of the Greater London Enterprise according according to the Greater London Enterprise the control systems department at the University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology (UMIST).

Prof Rosenbrock's department, with three other technical institutions, plans to build prototypes of hardware in which his ideas can be tried

The hardware would link up computer modules with which draughtsmen design new products to the machine tools that turn out the items according to coded instructions. In many modern automation systems, the shop-floor worker charged with tending the machine tool is un-able directly to intervene if, for instance, the tool suffers a fault or if the part that it is fashion-ing is incorrectly charged. ing is incorrectly shaped.

ing is incorrectly shaped.

In such a circumstance, the worker might have to contact a foreman who, in turn, informs a manager in charge of the battery of computers that supervises the entire system. Only the manager, who sits in a control room well away from the factory floor, would be able to change the instructions fed to the computer. to the computer.
This, says Prof Rosenbrock.

ignores the contribution of the shop-floor worker and wastes time and effort. He wants to see automation systems which provide for the routine insertion

of information by people in relatively lowly jobs.

"The general trend in industry is for companies to try to get rid of the skills of the shop-floor workers. We have to provide the provincial flows that the industry is for the skills of the shop-floor workers. We want to persuade them that this is not a good idea economically."

The UMIST department has teamed up in the project with procedures.

Britain, Denmark and West University of Bremen, the Germany is seeking financial Technical University of Den-backing for a project which mark near Copenhagen and the would give shop-floor workers Danish Technological Institute, the ability to change the Companies involved in the operation of highly automated project would include AN systems in manufacturing Maschinebau of Bremen and

Board, which has a stake in several technology-oriented ventures in the city, is coordinating a proposal for funds from the European Community's Esprit project in information technology. The group has asked for fom to cover a five-year project.

In the proposal, the German team would concentrate on ways to feed product-planning infor-mation into supervisory computers, leaving the Danes to work on computer-sided design.
The British group would tackle the part of the project that involves machine tools. It

builds on earlier work at UMIST on "manual data input "-technique s with which shop-floor workers can change the programs that operate computerised manufacturing hard-ware, rather than leave the software solely in the control of managers.

Several companies, including Fujitsu of Japan and Cincinnati Milacron of the U.S., sell machine tool controls which incorporate such a facility. They are used mainly by small workshops which do not have special programers' departments or by larger companies for small runs of products, for example during

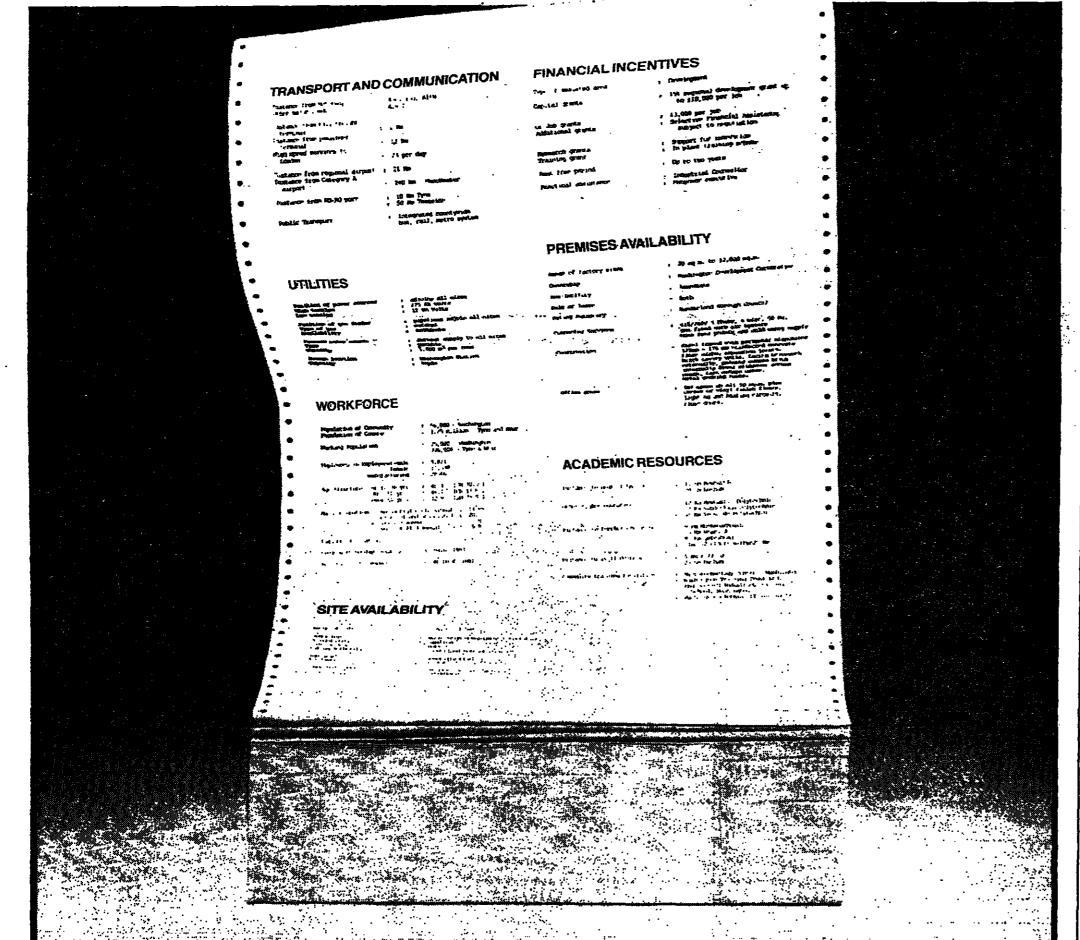
prototype work.
Many big companies think that manual data input would not help them during routine production. Although they concede that the famility may save time in emergencies (during machine break-down for instance), these organisations think that involvement by shop-floor staff in changing programs floor staff in changing programs could lead to lack of uniformity in products and upset planning

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management software available. Call Andrew Starkey at Intercon on 01-828 4151.



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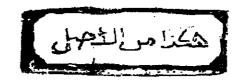
But after sorting the facts they considered that we could offer them something more. The enthusiasm, efficiency and warmth of

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\*Washington. In a word, success!

المكناس للعمل



#### Financial Times Thursday March 28 1985 UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—Indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1980=100); engineering orders (1980=100); retail sales value (1980=100); retail sales value (1980=100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and

day March 28 less

Compact

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Norken

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1983	p.ou.	օտւքու	order	rol.	vaiue™	ployed	Vac
4th qtr. 1984	103.5	98.1	100	109.9	151.4	2,941	162
ist qtr.	104.0	98.9	103	109.0	123.5	2.998	147
2nd otr.	101.8	99.7	107	111.6	130.7	3.026	
3rd qtr.	102.1	101.0	106				154
4th qtr.	103.3			112.5	133.8	3,076	165
September		101.1	103	115.1	164.0	3,103	166
		IOL.4	. 113	I14.3	134.3	3.096	170
October	102.8	100,4	106	113.6	140.3	3,100	170
November		101_2	103	114.4	150.2	3.102	167
December 1985	103.8	101.7	102	117.0	194.1	3,108	161
January	105.2	101.3		112.8	135.4	3.128	157.
February				113.9	10012	3.148	
_				110.0		2,140	156.

metal m	By mar late good anufacture starts (000	texti	eriais an les, leath thly aver	a iveis) er and age).	elothing	eering ( g (1980:	utput, = 100) ;
1983	onsumer goods	Soods	Intmd. goods	Eng. output	Metal mnfg.	Textile etc.	House starts
4th qtr. 1984	101.0	93.8	110.0	96.2	108.8	97.4	15.5
1st qtr.	100_2	93.7	110.5	96.1	113.5	95.9	16

TA4 A	98.0	109.6	106.0	100.0	98.0	9.7
					74916	•
104.0	97.0	107.0				7.5
		106,0	99.0	108.0	98.0	13.5
			98.0	106.0	98.0	15.
				110.0	98.0	15.
						15.
						12.
						16.
						17.
	101.4 102.1 103.4 102.0 103.0 103.0 104.0	102.1 96.7 103.4 96.5 102.0 97.0 103.0 97.0 103.0 96.0 103.0 97.0 104.0 97.0	102.1 96.7 104.5 103.4 96.5 106.4 102.0 97.0 104.0 103.0 97.0 105.0 103.0 96.0 106.0 103.0 97.0 106.0 104.0 97.0 107.0	102.1 96.7 104.5 99.5 103.4 96.5 106.4 98.5 102.0 97.0 104.0 100.0 103.0 97.0 105.0 100.0 103.0 96.0 106.0 98.0 103.0 97.0 106.0 99.0 104.0 97.0 107.0 99.0	102.1 96.7 104.5 99.5 109.4 103.4 96.5 106.4 98.5 107.0 102.0 97.0 104.0 100.0 110.0 103.0 97.0 105.0 100.0 110.0 103.0 96.0 106.0 98.0 106.0 103.0 97.0 106.0 99.0 108.0 104.0 97.0 107.0 99.0 107.0	102.1         96.7         104.5         99.5         109.4         97.1           103.4         96.5         106.4         98.5         107.0         98.7           102.0         97.0         104.0         100.0         111.0         97.0           103.0         97.0         105.0         100.0         110.0         98.0           103.0         96.0         106.0         98.0         106.0         98.0           103.0         97.0         106.0         99.0         108.0         98.0           104.0         97.0         107.0         99.0         107.0         100.0

(£m); ter	me of to	ndo /10	DA - 1001	ent bala	nce (TM)	i; ou b	alance
(),	EADON !!	Tro-12	Visible	excingi	ng reserv		
	TOUR PROPERTY.	mibart	Aigible	Current	Cil	Terms	Resv.
1983	voiume	voitime	balance	balance	balance	trade	US\$bn'
4th atr. 1984	107,3	112.9	-221	+350	+2,099	97.7	17.82
1st qtr.	108.7	112.1	<b>– 57</b>	+623	+2.322	97.3	16.75
2nd gtr.	107.3	117.1	-1.228	-592	+1.543	96.9	15.51
3rd gtr.	108.0	119.8	-1.643	-621	+1.804	96.7	15.26
4th gtr.	117.5	126.1	-1.327	+641	+1.468	96.1	15.52
August	112.4	124.1	-591	-251	+426	96.6	
September	108.5	126.9	-887	-546			15.35
October	115.4	131.2			+577	96.7	15.26
			-807	+201	+ 373	<b>96.</b> 4	15.35
November	118.0	120.8	<b>-177</b>	+303	+352	95.9	15.50
December 1985	119.2	126.2	<b>-344</b>	+136	+743	96.0	15.69
January	116.5	118.2	- 76	+341	+928	96.0	15.52
February	121.5	124.4	-27ŏ	+131	+681	95.0	15.35

seasonally	adjust	ed. Clea	ring Ba	net inflo nk base ra	te (enc	l period).	
•	МО	M1	- мз	Bank advances	BS inflow	HP lending	Base rate
•	95	%	- %	%	£m		
1983	70	70	70	70	7.00	£m	%
4th otr. 1984	7.9	10.4	8.8	18.9	2,745	2,774	9.00
1st gtr.	4.1	10.1	8.2	13.6	2,609	2.868	8.50
2nd atr.	4.6	24,5	11.1	18.9	1.795	2.870	9.25
3rd ctr.	5.3	10.2	6.3	9_9	1.628	2.809	10.50
4th atr.	9.6	24.3	13.4	16.9	2.492	2.941	9.63
August	4.6	11.4	7.1	11.0	133	930	10.50
September	44	7.8	4.0	2.4	887	891	10.50
October	6.7	18.5	9.6	11.4	1.125	1.003	10.50
November	9.9	27.3	18.6	17.1	363	967	9.63
December 1985	12.2	27.2	12.1	22.4	1,004	971	9.63
January	5.0	9.0	13.6	16.3	823	1.164	14.00
February	3.1	- 5.0	4.3	13.3	474	-,	14.00

INFLATION—Indices of earnings (Jan 1980=100); basic materials and fuels, wholesale prices of manufactured products (1980=100); retail prices and food prices (1974=100); FT commodity index (July 1952=100); trade weighted value of sterling (1975=100).
Earn Basic Whsale FT*

	Cop1 II.	عادمونار	AA TIZATIĞ	<u>.</u> .		F 17.7.	
	· ings,	, piptig.	ंग्रेस् <b>ह</b> .	RPL	, Foods	comety.	Strig.
1983					<b>*</b>		
4th atr. 1984	153.2	128.4	126.7	341.8	316.4	298.50	83.2
lst atr.	153.6	133,6	129.0	343.9	<b>321</b> .7	308.67	81.7
2nd gtr.	<b>155.9</b>	134.3	132.0	350.9	329.1	305.06	79.8
3rd atr.	159.6	134_1	132.8	353.9	326.8	288.95	78.0
4th qtr.	164.1	140.1	134.3	358.3	326.8	289.64	74.1
August	159.2	133.2	132.6	354.8	326.9	294.18	78.4
September	159.9	135.2	133.3	355.5	324.9	288.95	77.2
October	164.2	137.9	133.9	357.7	326.2	292,40	75.6
November	162.8	139.2	134.3	358.8	326.6	289.89	75.7
December	165.3	143.4	134.9	358.5	327.6	289,64	74.1
<b>_ 1985</b>				_			•
January	163.4	145.3	135.9	359.8	330.6	296.98	71.5
February		147.0	136.6	362.7	332.5	295.73	71.3
		* Not :	seasonal	ly adjust	ted.		

#### **BASE LENDING RATES**

A.B.N. Bank	Johnson Matthey Bkrs. 14 %
Allied Irish Bank 131%	Knowsley & Co. Ltd., 14 %
Henry Ansbacher 131%	Lloyds Bank 131%
Amro Bank 131%	Edward Manson & Co. 15 %
Associates Cap. Corp 14 %	Meghrai & Sops Ltd 131%
Banco de Bilbao 1310.	Midland Bank 131%
Bank Hapoalim 131%	Morgan Grenfell 131%
BCCI	Mount-Credit Corp. Ltd. 131%
Bank of Ireland 131%	National Bk. of Kuwait 134%
Bank of Cyprus 131%	National Girobank 131%
Bank of India 131%	National Westminster 131%
Bank of Scotland 134%	Northern Bank Ltd 131%
Banque Belge Ltd 131%	Norwich Gen. Trust 131%
Barclays Bank 131%	People's Tst & Sv. Ltd. 141%
Beneficial Trust Ltd 141%	Provincial Trust Ltd. 141%
Brit. Bank of Mid. East 131%	R. Raphael & Sons 131%
■Brown Shipley 14 %	P. S. Reison 14 %
CL Bank Nederland 131%	Roxburghe Guarantee 14 %
Canada Perm'nt Trust 131%	Royal Bank of Scotland 131%
Cayzer Ltd 131%	Royal Trust Co. Canada 131%
Cedar Holdings 14 %	■ J. Henry Schroder Wagg 13:36
■ Charterhouse Japhet 131%	Standard Chartered 131%
Choulartons**	
Citibank NA 184%	TCB
Citibank Savings 1121%	
Clydesdale Bank 131%	United Bank of Kuwait 131%
C. E. Coates & Co. Ltd. 141%	United Mizrahi Bank 131%
Comm. Bk. N. East 131%	Westpac Banking Corp. 181%
Consolidated Credits 14 %	Whiteaway Laidlaw 14 %
Co-operative Bank*131%	Williams & Glyn's 131%
The Cyprus Popular Bk. 131%	Wintrust Secs. Ltd 131%
Dunbar & Co. Ltd 131%	Yorkshire Bank 131%
Duncan Lawrie 134%	Members of the Accepting Houses Committee.
E. T. Trust 141%	* 7-day deposits 10 <sup>4</sup> 2%, 1 month
Exeter Trust Ltd 19 70	11,25%. Fixed rate 12 months
First Nat. Fin. Corp 151%	£2,500 11.75%, £10,000 12 months
Time Not Some Life 144%	12.00%.
Robert Fleming & Co. 132% Robert Fraser & Ptns. 1412.00	† 7-day deposits on sums of under £2,000 102%, £2,000 up to
Robert Fraser & Ptns. 14	113%, £10,000 up to £50,000 11%%.
Grindlavs Bank+12270	750 000 and over 12%
■ Guinness Mahon 132:0	# Cell deposits £1,000 and over
Hambros Bank . 1310	1012%.
Haritable & Gen. Trust 131th	( 21-day deposits over £1,000 11½%.
■ Will Samuel \$1.00 m	T Mortgage base rate.
C Mosre & Co	g demand deposits 10°2%.
Hongkong & Shanghai 131%	See Provincial Trust Ltd.

#### Republic of South Africa

U.S.\$75,000,000

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft Principal Paying Agent

#### **APPOINTMENTS**

# Joining Hill Samuel board

The following have been appointed to the board of HILL SAMUEL AND CO: Mr T. F. Brockbank, Mr C. W. E. R. Buchan, Mr A. R. Frame, Mr R. Gollings, Mr M. P. D. McNelli, Mr J. A. Naish, Mr R. Nunn, Mr G. A. Service, Mr G. Stuart-Ciarke and Mr R. C. Whalley.

Mr J. E. J. Baggs, general manager of Midland Assurance (an Eagle Star company), retires in April, and will be succeded by Mr J. T. Heaten.

Mr Gordon Hazard, group managing director since 1981, has been appointed executive deputy chairman, GROSVENOR GROUP, and his role will be to concentrate on the future development of the group, particularly in terms of acquisitions and divestments. Mr Gerald Cronia, finance director since 1968, has been appointed managing director. Mr Brian Maynard becomes finance director on becomes finance director on April 1. He is joining Grosvenor Group from Kent Meters, a sub-sidiery of Brown Boveri Kent.

Mr Richard Everitt has been mr Richard Everill has been appointed finance director of FAIREY MICROFILTREX, Fareham. He joined in 1982 and in 1983 was appointed company secretary which he stil holds. Fairey Microfiltrex is an operating company within Fairey Holdings, engineering sector of Pearson.

Mr Ken Roberts, chairman of both Norcros and Staveley Industries, has been appointed a director of NATIONAL WEST-MINSTER BANK'S south-east regional board. A council member of the CBI, he is chairman of its Berkshire county group appointed deputy general manager in 1983.

\* Mr Alfred Goldstein steps down as senior partner of TRAVERS MORGAN. He retires as partner and director of the Group's partnerships and companies. He continues as non-

STANDARD TELEPHONES
AND CABLES has appointed
Mr J. E. Bishop as treasurer. He
comes from ICL, now part of the
STC group, where he has been
director, group treasury. Two non-executive directors have been appointed by JACK-SON TAYLOR INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATIES. They are Professor Peter G. Forrester, former director of the Cranfield School of Management; and Mr Tom Arnold, MP, publisher and theatre producer, who is a vice-chairman of the Conservative Party.

Mr Gervase Buxton has joined MERRILL LYNCH PRIVATE CAPITAL as a managing director. He was an international banking director with Barclays Bank.

Mr M. J. M. Harrison has been appointed managing director of PIONEER MUTUAL BROKING SERVICES from April 22.

MARINE AND GENERAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY has elected Mr Peter G. Headey as a director. He has also been appointed joint general manager, and will take over as general manager from Mr Peter Stattery on May 1. He joined MGM Assurance in 1978 and was appointed deputy general mana-ner in 1983

executive chairman of the Group and will be retained as a con-sultant by the various firms in the group. He is succeeded by Mr Robin Wilson, who has been a partner since 1966.

A marketing manager has been appointed by the BRAD-FORD & NORTHERN HOUSING GROUP. He is Mr Kenneth Ethiott, formerly sales and marketing director of Bowey Homes.

Mr Kelth Siddall. Mr Keith Siddall, a director and secretary of C. D. BRAMALL, has been appointed vice-chairman and assistant managing director. Mr Anthony Murphy, managing director of C. D. Bramall (Warrington), has been appointed to the board.

Mr Richard Youngman has been appointed general manager of HENRY COOKE. He was Wiggins Teape for 23 years, most recently as production director of Samuel Jones. Henry Cooke is part of the paper and converted productions divisions of J. Bibby and Sons.



#### **BABCOCK INTERNATIONAL PLC. ANNUAL RESULTS FOR 1984**

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the financial year ended 30th December 1984

	1984 £000	1983 £000
Turnover	1,129,764	1,016,283
Trading Profit Profit on Ordinary Activities	31,487	37,411
before Taxation	31,600	34,082
Profit for the Financial Year (1983 loss)	16,411	(6,959)
Retained Profit for the Year (1983 loss)	6,986	(15,546)
Earnings per ordinary share	16.2p	17.6p

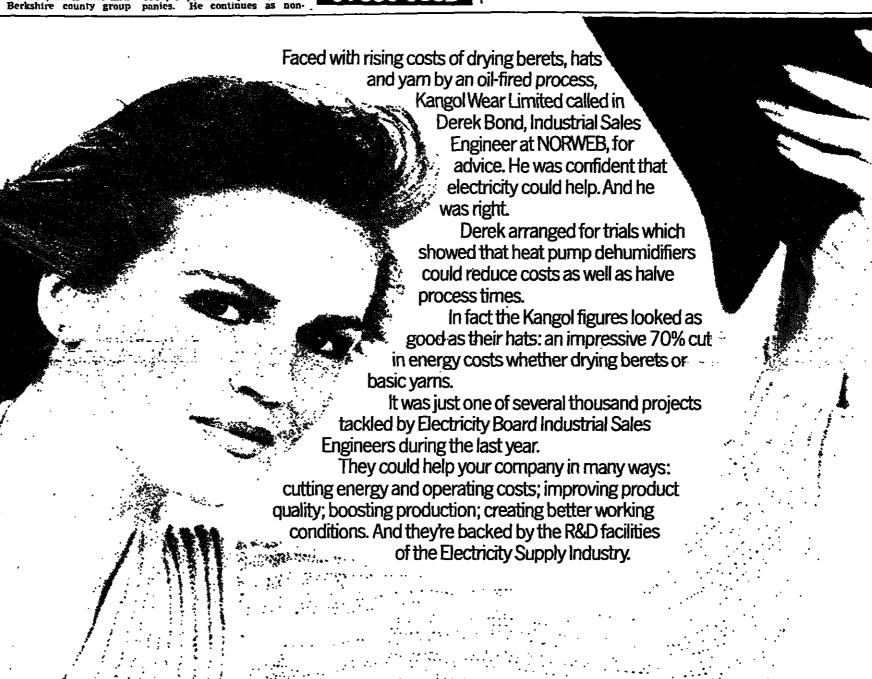
#### **MAJOR POINTS FROM 1984**

- Profitability increased in USA Impact of miners' strike was severe in UK
- Cost reduction continues

Orders for 1984 exceeded £1 bn

Babcock International plc, Cleveland House, St James's Square, London SW1Y 4LN.

# **Babcock**



If past results are anything to go by, there are very few companies indeed who can't benefit from the many electrical techniques available.

Fill in the coupon for more information or contact your Industrial Sales Engineer direct at your local Electricity

# "I'll eat her hat if electricity doesn't cut your running costs."

_		re information on ISE Service.	
	Please arrange for a	an ISE to contact me.	
Name		Position	
Company			
Address			
	Post Code	Telephone	
	INVEST		
	ine energ	y-efficient switch.	- 1

To: Electricity Publications, PO Box 2, Feltham, Middlesex TW14 OTG.

# How JWT infuriated **Madison Ave**

BY FRANK LIPSIUS

Avenue. Spearheading a recruitment campaign for the . Walter Thompson agency, the full-page, copy-only ad featured eight questions that might be ad "is really a transparent at-considered a copywriter's tempt by JWT to shed its old aptitude test. Among the fuddy-d assignments were a lyric for a itself o love song about rancid butter, young, fiat beer and mouldy pizza, a 200-word conversation in a dark

alley, making the ingredients written on a baked bean tin sound appetising, designing a pair of posters for and against gun control, and a welcoming speech for Martians who land in the middle of Central Park. To critics like Hank Seiden executive vice-president and creative director of Hicks and

Greist, an agency with \$100m in billings, the ad looked too much like what a visiting Martian, or American for that matter, might assume the adver-tising business is all about. It is an image of the business which "infuriates" him; more than 100 people in the industry, he says, expressed their support for his complaint

Seiden's voice bristles with annoyance as he points to the ad's assignment to sell a 'phone to a Trappist monk who had taken the vow of silence. "The whole idea could not be more wrong. Ads are not about being creative or innovative. You are supposed to pre-select your audience. The purpose of au ad is to convince a logical prospect

to try the product." To Peter Tannen, a creative director at Benton and Bowles, the JWT ad "trivialises what we do." Also pointing to the inappropriateness of the Trappist monk example, Tannen says. "Our jo bis to fit our product into people's lives." Seiden, whose clients include

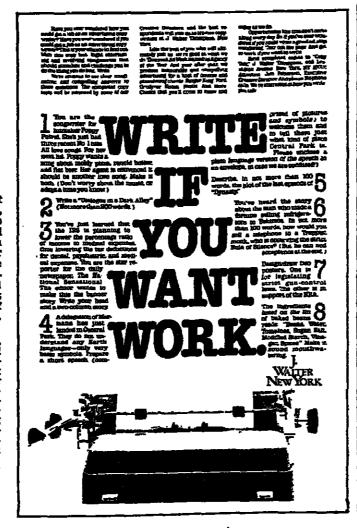
Cody cosmetics, Reunite wine and Hamilton Beach appliances, contends that JWT made the fundamental mistake of drawing attention to the ad rather than the product. His own copy-Crest, Colgate and Aim. How

THE AD appeared once in the New York Times but is still advertising is a lot of silly, grabbing attention in Madison frivolous nonsense that tries to make lousy products sound good and that copywriters are a bunch of wild kooks with wilder ideas." As for the agency, the fuddy-duddy image and pass itself off as the champion of young, bright, innovative, creative talent."

Stephen G. Bowen, general manager of JWT. defends the ad not as a face-lift for the agency so much as for the whole industry. He con-siders the campaign to be pre-dicated on the need to re-estab-lish creativity in advertising after the boring celebrity-en-dorsements, slices-of-life same-ness of the 1970s. Noting that as much as 90 per cent of the agency's ads were extensively field-tested in the 1970s, hte applauds the reduction to 30 per cent as a sign of faith in the agency's pre-eminent creative role.

Bowen feels that American agencies have fallen behind British agencies in creativity. In fact, the idea for the ad came from a practice in JWT's London office of giving a copywriting test as part of its screening process. The creator of the New York ad, Jim Patterson, JWT's executive vicepresident and creative director, claims the ad was meant to avoid the most obvious type of recruit—that is those "who recruit—that is those "who start their freshman year in college and decide, "I want to be in advertising." Patterson says: "I worry about their imagination," and is seeking to of advertising among those who have not previously thought about it as a career.

Seiden contends that "the new wave is old hat." He thinks ads should not draw attention to themselves but to the product. He would not accept than the product. His own copywriting test, he wrote in a
column in "Advertising Age,"
would be. "You're the No 4
toothpaste in the market after 90 per cent concept and 10 per cent execution. This ad, like all



As for attracting young bright new talent . . the agency attracted more than 1,000 responses from the ad's one appearance. Six people were hired, among them a former comedian, a university lecturer in clinical medicine who also wrote for "National Lampoon," an undergraduate at Princeton and another at Yale. The love exercise produced the

Now the lettuce is all brown —the pizza's kinda green. It used to be the other way While I try to separate my

love life from his,

Though clever, the answers would not satisfy Seiden's criterion that an ad should "give a reason to try a product."

papers is being postponed until the impact of this one tapers off. Seiden says that he—and any agency—gets a thousand unsolicited job applications a month, so for that result the ad was superfluous. Even his "Ad Age " story drew response from people who proposed a tooth-paste campaign. Bowen remains delighted with

the ad, not only for the job applications, the new copy-writers he's hired and the attention the ad got; he also feels "it was a terrific hit that will reap benefits for a long time. It will work its way into almost every college course for class assignments and it will make

love life from his,

Half a can of Miller sits
a-losin' its fizz.

Yale undergraduate, J. David
Staley's conversation in a dark
alley included the line: "Would
you get that thing out of my
face . . . Where'd you come
across a knife like that? . . .
Look at that handle."

assignments and it will make advertising seem more attractive to talented people."

The prospect may not please
Hank Seiden, but for Howard
Margulies, the ad came just in time. He wrote in with his assignment, "Thanks for this terrific opportunity. I hope to get a call soon. I have resigned
Though clever, the answers my present position—to get a job my present position—to get a job in advertising." He succeeded, with a submission that told a give a reason to try a product." Trappist monk to get to a 'phone
JWT's original intention of to "call up your favourite mime
ntting the ad in college news.—and have a quiet tête-à-tête."

# Dawn of the instant reaction

Antony Thorncroft on current trends in market research

ASSOCIATION OF MARKET SURVEY ORGANISATIONS

PERFORMANCE OF MEMBER COMPANIES (£000s)

THE BRITISH market research industry operates on two levels. There is its public face, best known to most people through the polls on voting intentions (which actually account for less than 2 per cent of the industry's £180m turnover) and there are the secret assignments for clients, which base their major investment decisions on the

Both levels were apparent at the annual conference of the Market Research Society in Brighton last week. A record number of over 900 researchers could listen to speakers pro-moting themselves, and their companies, in practical papers like "The contribution of re-search to the launch of the Mail on Sunday," and more specialist contributions like "How linguistic coding can be used." They could then eaves-drop on other researchers claiming the credit for the Chancellor's decision not to tax Apparently the pensions in-dustry commissioned a poll of Tory MPs which produced blanket opposition to any such Cooper Research & Marketing move, and a leak of the research to Nigel Lawson held his hand. Or so the story goes.

The problem with most re-search is that it belongs to the client. It can, of course, be publicised to support a particular lobby—like the fact that 69 per cent of the public now supports Sunday opening for shops—but, in the main, re-search companies complete their assignment and hand over the data for others to act.

One industry researchers are happy to talk about this year, however, is the research industry. According to the Association of Market Survey Organisations. Whose 25 Organisations, whose 25 members account for around 70 per cent of UK market research, growth in 1984 was over 20 per cent. And although this pace cannot be seriously expected to continue, 1985 has begun exceptionally well. While UK company profits are buoyant, and consumer spending stays high, research will

The industry did particularly well in 1984 mainly because service companies, in particular in the financial and travel areas, are becoming big buyers of re-search. In addition there have been the first tentative assignments from the professions— especially accountants and solicitors. Some of the trends were reflected in the papers at the conference, notably in a

15,500 9,845 9,739 7,628 5,720 5,692 5,692 5,692 3,017 2,996 2,406 2,406 2,319 14,637 7,279 7,949 5,678 5,219 3,683 3,848 3,828 3,319 2,287 2,208 2,532 NOP Group MRB International MIL Group Millward Brown Taylor Nelson Group Marplan BJM Research Partners MAS Survey Research Harris Research Centre Independent Re Market & Opin Public Attitude Surveys Schlackman Research G Martin-Hamblis Resear The Research Business

AGB Research (UK

paper on stockbroking and re-Ron Finlay of Valin Pollen recounted his experiences of a

research assignment for a stockbroker. The problems were tremendous. Two hundred interviews of investors were to be conducted by phone; but it was discovered that the client did not have records of the telephone numbers of its clients. It was later found that 25 per cent of the sample was ex-directory. In the end, ex-directory. In the end, though, the research was able to highlight services that investors want from their stockbroker, thus clearing the way for marketing initiatives.

It was significant that this assignment was conducted by phone. Telephone interviewing has been growing steadily for years, but in 1984 it made its big breakthrough. AMSO reckons that its members

more personal interviews. The use of telephone research cropped up in many of the presentations. Midland Bank

got the package right but underestimated demand, mainly because TV coverage was used for the launch. The Mail on Sunday found telephone interviews a quick way to monitor the faults in the paper in its first weeks.

There was also something nostalgic about many of the presentations. Market research began, in the main, as an adjunct to advertising, but today the agencies commission less than 7 per cent of research (at least from AMSO members). Yet some of the most interesting papers related to advertising research. Heather Mulholland reviewed surrealism in advertising—best exemplified by the Benson & Hedges adver-tising, and concluded that it can be very effective—espe-cially among young men, but that some neonle found it that some people found it disturbing In particular cigarconducted 6.4m interviews, of which a third were by telephone, a rise of 48 per cent on the previous year. In contrast there were only 3 per cent ising. Silk Cut, in particular, were personal interviews. with its scenes of cut tilks, gets

a doubtful reaction. Also examined was

The general feeling was that this was an effective, but tricky, area in which the personality had to have a discernible link with the product.

There were also papers

that most over-looked mediums—bus sides—and contribution creativity which involved testing commercials for new products, and showing which were relevant (from Leo Burnett). There was renewed interest in new product testing tech-niques, including a contribution from Peter Sampson and Stephen Factor of Burke, Stephen ractor or Burke, a company which grew by 55 per cent last year, largely because it has come up with a technique in this heary old field. Called BASES, it is seen as an effective means of evaluating new products; which is where much research began many

This suggests that there are new opportunities in areas like qualitative research, and in exploiting technology, any research company that comes up with a fresh approach to an old problem can do very

It also helps to be big. As always the major research com-panies, with the resources, dominate the industry and the developments. fresh developments. The publicly quoted AGB thrives on its continuous surveys for business, and its TV sudiscace measurement. But it is already envisaging the day when the street interview, even telephone questioning, will be a thing of the past. Through its Cable and Viewdata company, it has a national sample of 550 homes which it quizes through homes, which it quizzes through special viewdata sets. Apart mercials, it can stretch into other media fields, like the respondents' magazine reader-ship. In time research will be conducted through the television terminal, on to the In the meantime researchers

were speculating about which companies would follow Bob Worcester and MORI on to the Unlisted Securities Market; who would win the biggest research assignment ever offered in the UK—a £15m contract from the Government for a mini-census over two years on house occupancy for which two con-sortia have pitched; and whether higher interest rates presentations. Midland Bank monial advertising. Not ser- and the strength of the dollar used it to evaluate the package, prisingly consumers were well would bring to an end the and the appeal of its Griffin aware that the famous actor longest and biggest boom in Savers scheme for children—it was only doing it for the money market research instory.

# Diananeac Savalea Ea

When you invest in a Merlin phone system from British Telecom, you invest in the future.

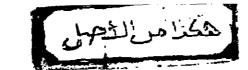
Because not only will your system be tried and tested but it can keep pace with your company's own expansion plans and be ready for further enhancements as technology moves ahead.

Or are you happy to continue living in the past?

Dial 100 and ask for FREEFONE MERLIN, or send this compon to Victor Brand, British Telecom Merlin, FREEPOST, LONDON SW 1988R. Tell me more about Merlin phone systems.

Why call on anyone else?

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# Procter without the gamble.

Advertising isn't an exact science. Nobody gives you a money-back guarantee on your investment.

But look at how the most successful advertisers in Britain chose to minimise the risk.

They allocated the major part of their budget to TV.

Procter and Gamble, for instance, have a large repertoire of

cigarette advertising on TV was banned in 1965.

In this context, it's interesting to look at the Government's decision more closely.

Because they banned cigarette advertising on TV, but not on other media.

Could Harold Wilson have known that the pound in your

# THE TOP 100 ADVERTISERS 1983

Campaign's league table, compiled by MEAL

Rank Advertiser

%Spent on TV

% Spent on Press

# 1. Procter and Gamble

98.7

10

П

household goods that are all household names. And they

clearly believe in putting their packets on the box.

For many years now, they've been consistently washing their dirty linen in public.

However, it isn't just the soaps which are popular on TV.

#### If you want to get famous, get on TV.

Cereals are, too.

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According to MEAL (Media Expenditure Analysis Ltd.), the major cereal company poured 96.9% of their advertising budget into TV.

By steadily increasing their MEALTV spend, they established their supremacy on the breakfast table.

A marketing lesson which may seem simplistic, until you look at the other companies at the top of the table.

Over the years, their commitment to TV has been consistent. Mars have been putting astronomical amounts into their TV advertising; Pedigree Petfoods have a long heritage of selling their cans in the best way they can.

In fact, only one company near the top of the table doesn't put most of its budget on TV.

#### The exception that proves the rule.

A large tobacco company.

But maybe this has something to do with the fact that

pocket is better spent on TV than anywhere else?

It seems likely. So it seems that very few people are labouring under any illusions about the selling power of TV.

Least of all big, successful companies.

But what about companies with less money to spend?

#### It's not size that counts. It's what you do with it.

Last year, half the brands who advertised on TV spent less than £100,000.

As Andy Warhol once said in a different context, these days anybody can get famous on TV.

For instance, the TV advertising for Cuprinol gave them a 42% rise in volume sales.

Max Factor launched Colorfast on TV, and then watched it become the fastest growing brand in the market.

Fosters achieved a staggering 10% of the lager market in their test area (London) within one year of the TV campaign starting.

And Wang experienced a sales growth of more than 65% after their TV campaign.

Volume of new orders grew to over £40 million. (Not a bad return for an advertising investment of approximately £100,000.)

These (and many other success stories) owe a lot to the simple fact of picking the right advertising medium.

That's how Procter turned a gamble into an investment.

AND CHANNEL 4 THE BEST VALUE TV IN THE WORLD.

#### **JOBS COLUMN**

# Yet another damper on youthful enterprise

BY MICHAEL DIXON

I'D BE glad if any reader could identify for me the UK "employers' organisations" which "gave firm support" to a certain proposal in the Government's latest White Paper on education.

The proposal is to inject yet another set of public academic examinations into the lives of the country's young people. Called "Advanced Supplementary levels" and scheduled for introduction in 1989, the extra exams are intended to be taken by young people already working for the full Advancedlevel ordeal at 18-plus. The idea is that each new AS subject will require about half the study time of an A level proper.

Given the names of the employers who supported such officious encumbrance, I might be able to introduce them is essential for success in knowto the numerous head teachers who have talked with me recently. They include the heads of some of the most academically successful independent schools.

heads believe that public examinations already overburden schools, They see that, even with just the 16-plus exams and Advanced levels to cope with, teenagers have to expend too much effort in mugging up knowledge of academic subjects. way, I can guess how the As a result they have far too decision to inject the additional little time for broader, un-jexams probably came into the examined educational activities heads of the bureaucrats who

side the groves of academe.

The heads would dearly like to reduce the stress on swotting for test papers. But not even the independent schools' chiefs feel they can afford to do that.

The reason is that fee-paying parents tend to count the attainment of good grades in public exams above all else. The parents' reason for doing so is that not only universities but increasingly employing organisations insist on examination success as a prerequisite for entry. The employers' reason is apparently that they imagine (daftly in the view of most head teachers) that ability to acquire the know-that kind of learning tested by the exams of learning tested by the exams how activities such as active managerial work.

Unless the school heads don't know their business, the effect of the additional AS levels would seem sure. More teenagers will spend more time mug-ging up knowledge of little use in most jobs, to the further neglect of other sorts of learn-ing which are of greater use.

While at a loss to imagine why employers should want to hamper the economy in that

For a long time they have been hearing complaints that the emphasis on passing the Advanced-level public exams leads pupils into narrowing specialisation of study from an early age. Usually they con-centrate on either numerate or literary studies, but not both.

#### **Narrowing**

From the apparent fact that the pressure of A-levels causes a problem by harmfully narrowing young people's understanding, bureaucratic logic probably leads to the inescapable conclusion that the answer must be to add on a answer must be to add on a further set of exams to broaden the said young people out again.

What seems to underline that peculiar kind of thinking is an assumption that the more mugassumption that the more mugging up of academic knowledge for exams which is done by a country's young people, the more capable they become in every desirable way. But there is evidence that it is a dangerous asumption, especially in a nation that needs to cultivate a far more innovative and enterprising younger generation.

For one thing few of the countries which appear to surpass us in such qualities are nearly as obsessed with public

which was, It is China, on which I've recently read two books written 28 years apart. (A Short strictly for "graduates only." History of Confucian Philo- Oddly enough, that development sophy by Liu Wu-Chi, Pelican took place around the same time 1955, and Cultural Atlas of China by Caroline Blunden and Mark Elvin, Phaidon 1983).

Each of them emphasises a sharp change in the Chinese character. Up to about 1400 AD discoveries and developments included not just gunpowder and firearms, but navigational instruments, woodblock printing, and textile machinery very nearly as advanced as the spin-ning frame produced by Ark-

wright in the 19th century.

But then, suddenly, the enterprise and innovation disappeared, leaving China with a lack of modern technological and scientific development from witch it has yet to recover

which it has yet to recover.

Both books raise the question why that happened. And both point to the same answer. Although China began selecting people for some official posts on the basis of peoplemic posts on the basis of academic exams before 100 BC, most argument that unlike China, activities offering money, time we have exams not only in and liberty to make and do new things remained open for over a millenium therafter.

There is no safety in the argument that, unlike China, activities offering money, time we have exams not only in literature-based subjects, but things remained open for over a millenium therafter.

There is no safety in the exams not only in and literature-based subjects, but also in sciences. While the educational establishment

Then the restriction of worth-while career opportunities to new technological development those who passed the exams, is preceded by scientific re-

of greater use than subject- advise Sir Keith Joseph as examinations as the UK For an- which were centred on know- search, the case is very often learning especially for young Secretary for Education and other, there is a warning in the ledge of approved literature, otherwise.

people intending to work out. Science. history of a further country ouickly got tighter and tighter. Warry if not most techno-Soon entry to any job with discretion and resources was

> "... the energies and aspirations of the ablest men were nearly totally absorbed into a continual scholastic competition, the more so since passing the country was outstandingly thon, the more so since passing enterprising and innovative. Its a regular repeat examination was required for the retention of the lowest-level degree," says the Cultural Atlas of China. "It may be noted in passing that to find the explanation of why China did not develop some sort of modern science out of her

China's

vanished.

UK has to go in its obsession with exam-passing before mugging up subject knowledge totally absorbs our inventive and enterprising energies.

Many if not most techno-logical advances originate in someone spotting that something new might profitably be done automatically, and visualising and knocking out the prototype of a device that's likely to do it. The creative people capable of that sort of activity are mostly called engineers. The kinds of knowledge they need are in important ways different from the kinds required by academic scientists. A case in point is the study of physics. A goodish A-level in that expansive topic is generally regarded as essential for entry to a higher course in engineering, not least because few A-level courses in engineering as such exist.

What engineers need from the what engineers need from the study of physics is understanding of "big" phenomena such as viscosity and rotary motion. But Dr John Adkins, the Cambridge University physicist. tells me that study of such big phenomena has tended to be dropped from A-level courses in the topic to make room for and enterprising energies.

There is no safety in the research physicists feel is the argument that, unlike China, more exciting study of micro-

scopic particles.
In the circumstances, before telling me who were the employers supporting the extra

#### Corporate Finance c£24,000

We have been retained by a well established Merchant Bank to recruit an executive for their rapidly expanding Corporate Finance Department.

The successful candidate will have had a legal training and three years experience with a Merchant Bank or firm of Stockbrokers. A detailed knowledge of Stock Exchange requirements is essential and the candidate should also be able to demonstrate the ability to take the lead in a wide variety of projects and conduct negotiations at senior levels.

An attractive remuneration package is available.

Interested applicants should write enclosing a curriculum vitae to Neal Wyman BSc ACA, Manager, Corporate Finance Division, 23 Southampton Place, London WCIA ZBP or telephone him on 01-404 5751 quoting ref. 3681.

Michael Page Partnership
International Recruitment Consultants
London Bristol Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow

#### Channel Islands Investment Management

# **Head of Private Clients**

Our Clients are the International Investment arm of a major It is stressed that whilst considerable research advice is British Merchant Bank providing an active and rapidly expanding Private Client Portfolio Management Service based in and run from the Channel Islands.

We have been retained to help find an outstanding person to take charge of this side of their operation, who can provide a rare combination of Investment, Administration and Man management skills in this exciting and thriving financial community.

We seek a Private Client specialist, probably aged 35+, who has in depth experience within a Merchant Bank, Stockbroker or Trust Company, of Internationally based clients and portfolios and world-wide markets. He/she should be able to give leadership together with technical competence. A degree level education and/or the Stock Exchange/a professional qualification would be helpful.

available from the rest of the organisation, this is a decision-making role and carries high future prospects.

The remuneration package that our Clients will negotiate with the successful candidate will fully reflect these

Initial interviews will take place in London and applicants should reply in the first instance to Keith Fisher, quoting Ref. 629, at Overton Shirley & Barry, Prince Rupert House, 64 Queen Street, London EC4R 1AD. Telephone: 01-248 0355. All enquiries will be treated in total confidence and no names will be released to our Client until after a preliminary discussion.

<u>verton Shirley & Barry</u>

# Group Taxation Manager

Major Insurance Group City of London Late 30s-Mid 40s Salary to £30,000 + Generous Benefits

A leading insurance and investment group, one of the UK's top 50 companies, this organisation has a significant presence in life business, pensions and general insurance and is active in a number of important markets overseas. A successor is sought to the Group Taxation Manager who retires in December 1985.

The chosen candidate will be:

A qualified Accountant or ex-Revenue inspector with insurance experience

experience and present remuneration to:-

-An efficient manager of taxation staff A creative thinker, capable of expanding the tax planning role
 An accomplished communicator, able to deal with fellow profess

company personnel at all levels. 25% of profits are derived from overseas operations, hence experience of foreign

20 % of profits of earliest from the second contents, the contents of earliest for earliest for earliest opportunity for an ambitious tax specialist to develop an important area of Group Finance.

The remuneration package, which includes a company car, non-contributory pension, low rate mortgage, profit shore and arenge of other benefits, reflects the importance of this appointment. Assistance with relocation is available. Please apply in strict confidence quoting reference 899/FT. Stating age, qualifications

7 College Street, Nottingham.
MANAGEMENT SELECTION CONSULTANTS NOTTINGHAM · LONDON

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL YICE-CHANCELLORSHIP

The Joint Gommittee is examiling a list of shore who might be considered for appointment, and has hated a number of people to make his engentier. The Committee wisher the engentier to be as wide as possible and invites enyone who would like to suggest a name or names to write preferably before mend of April 1985 to:

The President of the Council The University of Liverpool PO Box 147, Liverpool L59 38X

AT A CAREER . CROSSROADS?

#### DIVISIONAL CONTROLLI

Retail — International

Arthur Guinness and Sons PLC has identified Retailing as a major growth sector for the Group on an international basis. The recent acquisitions of Martin the Newsagent and Neighbourhood Stores (7-Eleven convenience stores) plus the Lavell CTN and Drummonds pharmacy chains, give the Group 700 plus retail outlets in the UK.

Additionally, the Group has acquired a leading speciality food importer/distributor in the USA, which services the retail trade throughout the USA.

We wish to appoint a Controller for the Retailing Division to take responsibility for the review and assessment of the operational and financial performance of the companies that make up the Retail Division.

Candidates, preferably in the age range 27-35, must have demonstrated exceptional progress to a senior financial role in a substantial retail organisation. They are likely, though not necessarily, to be qualified accountants with a good degree and/or an MBA. Sound commercial acumen coupled with an analytical mind and strong inter-personal skills are essential requirements. The appointment has considerable career development potential in financial or general management in a rapidly expanding and profit orientated Group.

The location is the West End. Salary will be set to attract the best candidate and other conditions reflect major company practices including car. Please write in the first instance, detailing how your background meets the above requirements, to John Smiley.

#### **GUINNESS**

Arthur Guinness & Sons PLC, Bodiam House, Twyford Abbey Road, London NW 10 7RR

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#### APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING

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#### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Our client is one of the U.K's leading Accepting Houses. Its capital markets division is recognised not only as one of the leaders in its field but as a highly innovative force in this competitive market. Rapid expansion of these activities has created openings for two professionals to join the business development/new issues group....

#### YOUNG CAPITAL MARKETS SPECIALIST to £25,000

Working as part of a team responsible for a particular geographic area, the successful applicant will become involved in the full spectrum of capital markets products. This is seen as a particularly broad role, assisting in both business development and the actual execution of new issues. This is an ideal opportunity for a top calibre person with relevant experience who is seeking

#### JAPANESE MARKETING £25-35,000

The applicant must be a top calibre person able to contribute immediately by developing and arranging capital market transactions. This is a high profile role involving frequent contact with the London and European offices of Japanese securities houses, insurance companies, banks and industrial companies. The successful applicant will also liaise closely with the Bank's Tokyo office in the development of its Japanese business. Applicants will have at least three years, capital markets experience, ideally with involvement in the Japanese market.

For both these positions, we are seeking highly-motivated individuals who possess a high degree of numeracy, creativity and deal orientation together with proven interpersonal and analytical skills. Opportunities for career development are excellent.

In the first instance please contact Felicity Hother on 01-588-6644, or send a detailed C.V. to the address below. All enquiries and applications will be treated in strict confidence.

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Anderson, Squires

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# SHEPHERD, LITTLE & WEBSTER LTD., Banking Recruitment Consultants

#### OPERATIONS MANAGER

An expanding international bank have a vocaticy for a fully experienced bank operations manager aged 30/40 years. The position covers the day to day administration of Cash department, Documentary Collections, and Foreign Exchange Administration with the responsibility and control of approx. 25 stall reporting through 3 Heads of Department, ideal candidates will have also gained experience in telecommunications, SWIFT and other operating systems.

Please contact Brenda Shepherd

FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEALERS

218/230,000

As part of continuing growth patterns based upon successes in the markets two leading banks are seeking additional spot dealers. One is a senior post trading major currencles the other an opportunity for an experienced spot cable dealer. Piease contact David Little

HEAD OF LEGAL DEPARTMENT

This position becomes available through the retirement of the present incumbent. Suitable applicants are unlikely to be aged under 40 years or earning less than £25,000 p.a. The department of 12/13 personnel handles all the banks legal affairs ranging from mortgages and debentures, perfection and charging in respect of overseas registered companies, documentation and advice to the branch network or lending and recovery matters autistic of their scope. The Head will be responsible for manifoling the whole operation, formulating procedures and the handling of complex cases for a UK and international network of branches established in 70 countries worldwide. worldwide.
This senior banking appointment requires a person with AIBIACIS or legal qualification who is wellversed in legal matters from within banking.

Please contact Paul Trumble

U.K. LENDING OFFICER

One of the City's leading merchant banks has an opening within their lending area for a graduale banker fully conversant with all aspects of property lending. Aged 25-35 years the successful applicant will be part of a small professional team maintaining and further developing the banks substantial property portfolio. Salary is negotiable in the range £20£30,000 according to age and experience reflecting the importance the bank places on this position.

Please contact John Webster

Ridgway House, 41-42 King William Street, London EC4R 9EN 626 1161

#### Financial Analysis and Control City of London c.£15.500

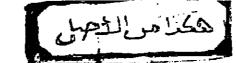
A young qualified ACMA is required to assist in the development of financial reporting and control systems within the Finance Division of U.K. Banking. Experience of large scale budgetary control is essential, preferably gained in a multi-outlet industry, together with first class investigatory and analytical

In addition to the quoted salary, the Bank provides a non-contributory pension scheme, a profit sharing scheme and other fringe benefits, including house

Applications, enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae, should be sent to:-

N. Jefferis, Esq., Personnel Manager Support Services (UK Banking), Midland Bank plc, Poultry, London, EC2P 2BX





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# Head of Administration

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

This is the highly successful London based subsidiary of a Swiss private bank, which specialises in international fund management. Its accounts' range from private clients to investment trusts and pension funds and the office is also responsible for advising on a number of off-shore bond funds. Money under management is growing rapidly and the office is expanding so that the need to appoint an experienced administrative

The Role:

The Head of Administration will be responsible to the Managing Director and work closely with the Company Secretary, taking charge of a staff of eight. The task is to bring the most efficient management to the settlements, valuations and accounting functions and to introduce and manage new systems when appropriate. Efficient liaison with the Head Office is also an important part of the job.

The successful candidate will also be expected to become secretary to the bank's investment trusts.

An experienced administrator who may be a qualified Accountant or Secretary is needed for this key position. Excellent management skills combined with an ability to pay close attention to detail and a good technical knowledge of international settlements procedures in equity and bond markets are essential. The ideal candidate, who will probably be aged between 35 and 45, will be energetic, highly organised and prepared to take the initiative in making changes to existing procedures

This is a vital and challenging appointment. A very attractive package of cash and fringe benefits will be offered.

Box FT/905, St. James's House, 4/7 Red Lion Court, Fleet Street, LONDON EC4A 3EB.

# Financial Services Marketing Manager

c-£22,000 + benefits

Legal & General is a large insurance and investment group, one of the UK's top 50 companies, with a leading position in life and pensions business and a significant presence in general insurance business both in the UK and internationally.

The rapid changes taking place in the financial services market have led to the creation of a strategic marketing department reporting to the Marketing Director. This important move gives rise to a vacancy for a Marketing Finance Manager who will play a key tole in shaping the future of Legal & General. As a key member of a small specialist team, you will be involved in strategic planning and marketing research with a pronounced emphasis on the

development of original ideas. This senior position demands proven financial marketing experience, probably gained within a bank, building society or similar environment, together with the initiative, determination and persuasive communication skills necessary to help shape the future of Legal & General throughout the 80's and into the 90's.

The remuneration package includes a car, non-contributory pension, subsidised mortgage and a range of other benefits. Assistance with relocation is available where appropriate.

Interested candidates should write to:

J.B. Craddock, Marketing Director,

Legal & General Assurance Society Limited,

Temple Court, 11 Queen Victoria Street,

London EC4N 4TP.



# Strategy Consulting **Insurance**

McKinsey & Company wishes to recruit as consultants for its London office, high-flying professionals of outstanding ability with expertise in the insurance industry.

The people we seek will be 27-32 years old, with excellent academic qualifications and a record of achievement and advancement in a blue chip company. They will be aiming to broaden their career horizons and their general management skills by moving into top management strategy consulting. They could well be working within the insurance industry in broking or underwriting, in information systems or in a commercial or planning function. They could equally be working for organizations servicing the insurance industry such as accounting firms, stockbrokers, or systems houses.

McKinsey is the pre-eminent management consulting firm in the U.K. and throughout the world. We specialize in advising the top managements of leading companies on important strategic, organizational and operational issues. Our aim is to work closely with our clients to help them make and sustain significant improvements in

performance. The Firm continues to expand in all areas

of operation. A career in the highly stimulating, professional environment of McKinsey offers exceptional opportunities for ambitious managers to:

 Address major strategic issues in leading companies and institutions.

Work with senior managers within client organizations.
 Tackle a wide range of important problems.

Expand their general management skills. To reflect the calibre of the people we are seeking, the compensation package and career development prospects offered will be exceptional.

If you are interested in becoming a consultant and consider that you have the necessary qualifications, please send a complete CV, in the first instance to Nick Baker, 2nd Floor, 31 Southampton Row, London WC1B 5HY. (quoting ref 230).

We will of course ensure strict confidentiality.

# Capital Markets Arbitrage Unit

A major international Securities House is seeking to recruit a Senior Manager for their recently established arbitrage unit which is active in all aspects of hedging, futures, bonds and swaps.

The successful candidate will assume direct responsibility for the treasury function and will be an integral member of an established team. This vital role will involve a variety of activities including covering the bank's position in the bond markets using FX/futures/options.

Candidates, probably aged around 30, will have a good knowledge of treasury products and securities with particular emphasis on markets in Europe and the Far East.

Salary will not be a limiting factor to applicants with the dynamism and ability to maximise profitability in this challenging market sector.

Candidates should contact Chris Smith on 01-404 5751, or write to him, enclosing a detailed CV, at the Banking and Finance Division, 23 Southampton Place, London WC1A 2BP, quoting ref 3485.

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

London Bristol Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow Brussels New York Sydney

# McKinsey & Company

#### **Bank Economists**

Midland Bank has a number of vacancies in its Group Economics Department in central London. The successful applicants will join a team of about twenty professional economists analysing and forecasting developments both in the UK and abroad and Interpreting the implications for Midland Bank and other Group companies.

It is probable that all those appointed will have a second degree and/or relevant experience, but exceptional candidates with good first degrees (or expected to obtain them this summer) will also be considered. Knowledge and experience in one or more of applied financial economics, econometrics, industrial analysis and developments in overseas countries would be an advantage.

The positions will command salaries of between approximately £10,000 and £15,000 according to qualifications and experience. They will be offered in the form of contracts for between 2 and 5 years. Vacancies exist now, but we would be interested to receive applications from those able to commence work at any time during the next six months.

Further particulars can be obtained from: Group Economics Department, Midland Bank plc, Head Office, Poultry, London EC2P 2BX. Tel: 01-606 9911 Extension 2736



#### Leading Merchant Bank **SWAP PROFESSIONAL**

Salary Highly Negotiable

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Working in the London unit of a global swap team, the position demands an extensive knowledge of currency and interest rate swaps, and involves managing transactions from marketing through to documentation.

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> In the first instance, please contact Felicity Hother. Telephone: 01-588 6644.
> All enquiries will be treated in the strictest confidence.

Anderson, Squires Ltd., **Bank Recruitment Specialists** 85 London Wall, London EC2

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# **FRANCHISE DEVELOPMENT**

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> This role, as a member of the management team, is both to develop and refine the franchise package and significantly to increase the number of franchisees in the U.K. and ultimately overseas.

**MANAGER** 

Candidates will be well versed in the concepts of franchising and its implied negotiations. Motor trade related experience could be helpful but

Salary indicator is around £18,000, but flexible to reflect experience. Good benefits include car and relocation assistance to the Midlands. Please apply in strict confidence with details of age, experience, qualifications and earnings, quoting reference no. 0309 to:

> QMS Recruitment Quorn House, 6 Princess Road West Leicester LE1 6TP

# **Credit and Insurance Manager-Europe**

Eaton Limited, part of Eaton Corporation-a U.S. multi-national Group, manufacturing high technology products is seeking a Credit and Insurance Manager to be based at Headquarters in Hounslow West London.

The prime responsibilities are to establish and ensure sound Credit Management practices and procedures and to direct and maintain adequate and cost-effective insurance and Risk Management Programmes in our facilities in the U.K. and throughout Europe.

Essential background will include a relevant degree and/or professional qualification with several years experience specifically in the field of international Credit and Collections.

The successful candidate, who will be 35-45, will be offered a competitive salary and an attractive company benefits package which includes a car and private

Please write with full C.V. to: Georgina Greening, Personnel Manager, Eaton Limited, Eaton House, Staines Road, Hounslow, Middlesex. TW4 5DX.

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# **MERCHANT BANKING** INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS

Several of our Merchant Banking clients wish to expand and strengthen their Investment Departments in the Management of both Private Clients' and Pension Funds. Candidates aged between 25/35 years, will be graduates with several years' experience of Fund Management with a Merchant Bank, Stockbroker or Financial Institution.

Highly competitive remuneration packages will be offered together with the usual banking

#### **CORPORATE FINANCE**

Due to increasing demand for the services of its Corporate Finance Department our client, an Accepting House, wishes to recruit two additional Executives.

Applicants should be aged 25 to 29, have a good degree and hold a professional qualification (A.C.A. or Solicitor). Some experience of corporate finance work would be an advantage.

Competitive salaries will be paid together with the usual bank benefits.

Please telephone, or write enclosing a detailed Curriculum Vitae to, Peter S. Latham (Director)

JONATHAN WREN & CO. LIMITED. 170 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 4LX. Tel: 01-623-1266.

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NORWICH UNION INSURANCE GROUP

# Assistant Manager

**VENTURE CAPITAL** 

A vacancy has arisen in Norwich for an Assistant Manager for the venture capital subsidiary of the Norwich Union Insurance Group.

The successful applicant will have at least three years experience in the venture capital field, good analytical skills, balanced judgement and fluency in verbal and written communication. Salary will be in the range £14,000—£16,500 per annum depending on experience.

in addition, we offer fringe benefits including non-contributory pension and life insurance, mortgage allowance scheme after a qualifying period, flexible working hours and excellent sports and social facilities.

Write for an application form to:

Miss P D Scott H.O. Staff SuperIntendent Norwich Union Insurance Group Surrey Street NORWICH NR1 3NG



# **Corporate Finance** Executive London/Manchester

NM Rothschild & Sons Limited wish to appoint an additional Corporate Financial Executive, The person will be appointed to the Corporate Finance Department in London and after six months would spend the following three years as a member of our expanding Corporate Finance team in Manchester.

The post will provide first-class career development opportunities for either a qualified solicitor or accountant who has gained experience with a leading City firm, ar someone with 2 to 3 years' corporate finance experience gained in a merchant bank or with a major

Remuneration will be competitive, and the Company provides excellent benefits, including profit-sharing.

Please send a full curriculum vitaa to: The Personnel Director NM Rothschild & Sons Limited, New Court, St Swithin's Lane, LONDON EC4P 4DU.

N.M. Rothschild & Sons Limited



# U.K. Taxation Specialist c £20,000+Benefits

The Royal Bank of Canada is Canada's leading international bank and the fourth largest in North America with financial interests in over 100 subsidiaries and affiliates throughout the world.

Currently we are seeking a UK. Taxation Specialist for a new position based in London and reporting directly to Head Office's Corporate Taxation Department. The successful candidate will be responsible for the preparation of the U.K. tax computations for the Bank and its U.K. subsidiaries and the agreement of tax liabilities with the Inland Revenue. In addition the Tax Specialist will liaise between U.K. management and the Bank's Head Office Taxation Department in Canada on all tax aspects of the UK. operations.

Aged up to 30 years of age, candidates should be qualified accountants and have at least two years post qualifying corporate tax experience gained preferably, though not necessarily, in a major accounting firm or the financial services industry.

A salary of up to \$20,000 will be offered, together with an excellent employee benefits programme.

Please write with a comprehensive CV to Mel Johnson, Personnel Manager, The Royal Bank of Canada, 99 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 3XQ.



THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

# **Assistant Fund Manager**

#### **Far East Markets**

City based

This is an outstanding opportunity to further develop your career in International Investment Fund Management with one of the UK's leading financial services institutions. As a member of the Pacific Basin team you will be involved in a wide range of analysis and

dealing activities and will also be expected to contribute to the formulation of investment policy for the region. The job would appeal to those able to demonstrate initiative and enthusiast necessary for active participation in the day-to-day management of funds in excess of £14 billion. There will be some opportunities for overseas travel.

Ideally in your mid-20's - and educated to degree level - you should have specific knowledge of the Japanese market and possibly other Far East Markets as well. A minimum 2/3 years' proven experience in analysis work in a similar environment is essential.

We offer a competitive salary and an attractive benefits package as expected from a major financial institution. Please write with full details to Mr. P. E. Ivea, Personnel Manager

(Investments), Legal & General Assurance Society Ltd., Temple Court, 11 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4N 4TP.



# Credit Analyst

#### Merchant Banking

City

The expansion and diversification of our Lending activities has led to the need for a CREDIT ANALYST to join a small team.

Applicants should ideally be graduates, aged 23-26 with one or two years' relevant experience with a major international or merchant bank in the UK, and should be highly numerate, articulate and able to communicate at all levels both within the Bank and outside.

This appointment will challenge a professional and motivated person who is looking for a career in a Merchant Bank and offers excellent prospects for progression within the Department.

The position carries with it a highly competitive remuneration package with all the usual City benefits, including subsidised mortgage.

Please write with full CV to Miss C. A. Parker, Personnel Officer, Charterhouse Japhet plc. 1 Paternoster Row, St. Paul's, London EC4M 7DH.



#### INSTITUTIONAL SALES/PRIVATE CLIENT **EXECUTIVES/FUND MANAGERS/ASSOCIATES**

We are a young, very dynamic and rapidly expanding corporate finance house who urgently need frustrated and ambitious executives to join our City based dealing team. Remuneration is very high for those with established clients, and contacts, within the investment community or those who can convince us they have

the ability to achieve them.

We intend to emerge at the very fore of the coming changes in the City and require talented executives to realise the full potential of the many new opportunities available. Age immaterial.

Telephone on 01-387 9111 and ask for Miss Woods/Mr Longworth

#### U.K. and worldwide £20-£30,000

# **International Bankers**

Our client is a major British, international Bank. Already amongst the top banks in the international league, its demanding business plans call for the recruitment of a number of highly talented young bankers.

Their performance will be proved in mainstream banking positions, of varying seniority, to be filled in U.K. and worldwide. They will be graduates aged mid-20's upwards, whose training will have been businessorientated and experience gained most recently in banking.

Commercial, merchant and clearing bank experience is equally regarded. Acceptable functional areas within these banks are of the widest – for instance corporate banking, electronic banking, marketing, treasury, operations - or specialist industries such as aerospace, shipping or commodities.

What matters is that natural talent and exacting training should have produced practical, profit-motivated, high performance Bankers with developed people-handling skills and a rounded commercial appreciation. Non-U.K. experience will be of interest and language abilities will provide additional attraction.

The benefits package is typical of a major international Bank, and career prospects are excellent.

The senior management to whom these posts will report is international, highly professional, and committed. Only if you can perform in this demanding environment should you write enclosing CV, salary progression and any other relevant data—and explaining the ways in which you match their stringent standards and the areas of activity in which you could make the greatest contribution.

Please reply to The Managing Director, Performance Management Ltd. 3rd Floor, Waterloo House, 20, Waterloo Street, Birmingham B2 5TF, quoting ref: P102.



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MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

# **Pensions Controller**

LONDON

c.£24,000 + Prestige Car & Benefits

This highly successful and well known organisation in the service industry has a U.K. Pension Scheme of £75m. assets, £10m. total income, 13,000 members and 3,000 pensioners.

The Pensions Controller will be expected to maintain and develop the most suitable package of benefits to meet the requirements of the Pension Scheme Membership, and to provide every member and pensioner with a first class service.

There is a wide variety of work in administration, personnel and legal matters, as well as investments and property management. Reporting to the Head of Personnel, the person appointed will control the pension department to achieve effective management of the pension funds and related activities.

As well as a competitive salary, the position carries with it substantial executive benefits, including in particular medical insurance and share option arrangements.

Applicants must have pensions management experience relevant to the dimensions of our client's business. They must be persuasive self starters and able communicators. ",.Membership of the PMI, backed by a relevant degree, would be an obvious advantage

If you consider you can meet these exacting requirements, please send a full C.V. to:

The Recruitment Manager, HRS, Executive and Management Search Consultants, Suite. 5th Floor, 5on 212 Shaftesbury Avenue, London WC2H 8EA.



#### **NORTH AMERICAN ASSISTANT PORTFOLIO** MANAGER -

We are one of the largest pension fund managers in London with a commitment to growth and excellence.

We are expanding our international team and looking for a talented and ambitious individual to join the North American equity group, assisting our senior portfolio

The applicant will have a very strong analytical background, not necessarily in North American markets, with a minimum two years relevant experience. The ability to communicate well and work in an invigorating team environment is also important.

Applications, including full CV's, should be sent to: Ian Carlton, Personnel Manager, County Bank Limited, 11 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1BB.

#### **FUND MANAGER-UK EQUITIES**

We require a Fund Manager for our UK Department. A minimum of one year's experience in managing, or assisting in the management of, a UK equity portfolio is essential. We are looking for a man or woman who wants to generate their own ideas and take responsibility for implementing them. Our funds under management are continually expanding and career prospects are excellent.

Salary will depend on experience. Benefits include subsidised mortgage and non-contributory pension scheme. A share option scheme is to be introduced.

Please write with full c.v. to C. H. Ross, Managing Director, Edinburgh Fund Managers plc, 4 Melville Crescent, Edinburgh, EH3 7JB.



Edinburgh Fund Managers plc



Applications are invited from men and women for the following

#### CITY TREASURER

(Post No. SP.101) £19,440 + £486(4) to £21,384

(Chief Officer's Grade) Following the appointment of Douglas Moulson to Southend on Sea Borough Council, a successor is sought to head up the City Sea Borough Council, a successor is sought to head up the City Treasury which employs some 55 Officers to administer the Council's financial affairs.

The City Treasurer who will be a market of the Chief Officers.

Council's financial affairs.

The City: Treasurer, who will be a member of the Chief Officers' Management Team, will be responsible for providing advice to the Council and its Committees on all aspects of local government finance and on the financial implications of the Council's policies and objectives and for ensuring that the Council's financial affairs are properly administered and accord with standing orders and other financial regulations.

The successful candidate will have a clear understanding of the contribution which the City Treasury can make to the overall

contribution which the City Treasury can make to the overall policies, management and aspirations of the Council, as well as a knowledge of modern financial management techniques, together with the adaptibility necessary to introduce new and improved systems.

with the adaptibility necessary to include the Treasurership of the systems. The duries of the post will include the Treasurership of the Carlisle Airport Joint Committee (Carlisle City Council and Cumbria County Council). Extensive experience of local government finance and corporate CIPFA membership essential. Carlisle City Council covers a wide urban and rural area serving a population of over 100,000. This historic city forms a natural gateway to Scotland and affords easy access to the Lake District and Pennine Hills, with excellent road and rail links to other parts of the Country. Essential car user allowances: Relocation Scheme: Temporary housing facilities. FURTHER DETAILS AND APPLICATION FORM. RETURNABLE BY 19TH APRIL, 1985, FROM THE PERSONNEL AND TRAINING OFFICER. TOWN CLERK AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S DEPARTMENT, CIVIC CENTRE, CARLISLE, CA3 8QG, TEL (0228) 23411, EXT. 283, QUOTING POST NO. SP.101. CARLISLE CITY COUNCIL IS AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES EMPLOYER.



#### SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL AND BUSINESS STUDIES

Lectureship in Organisational Behaviour Lectureship in Marketing

and Strategie Management

Applications are invited for two Lectureships, one in Organisational Behaviour and the other in Marketing and Strategic Management. Candidates for the first post should be committed researchers in the social sciences with experience of teaching organisation theory and behaviour, or have industrial and commercial experience in the areas of the management of change and organisation development. Preference may be given to candidates with research and teaching interests in the area of strategic decision-making and change and organisation development but candidates with other interests will also be considered. Ref. No. 33/A/2/85/M.

Candidates for the second Lectureship should have the ability to pursue and encourage high quality research. An interest in marketing communications and a good analytical hackground, would be advantageous.

Ref. No. 33/A/3557M.

Both appointments on the Lecturer scale: 87,320,614,925 p.a. (under review) with effect from 1st October 1885 or a date to be agreed. Further particulars from the Registrav. University of Warwick, Covenity CV4 7AL quoting the appropriate Ref. No. Closing date for receipt of applications is 19th April 1985.

#### **Assistant Portfolio Manager Fixed Income**

We are the institutional investment advisory subsidiary of a leading European bank specialising in portfolio management.

Due to the continued expansion of our successful London operation, we invite applications from candidates with at least two years' experience in discretionary fund management in international markets.

···

Aged 25-35, likely candidates will have a good grounding in foreign bond markets and currencies and be effective in dealing with clients. An economics qualification or a research background would be preferred but is not essential.

The remuneration package will be fully competitive for the right candidate and offer the opportunity to participate in an exciding new venture with a prestigious European investment

Please send a detailed C.V., in strict confidence, to: Box A8951, Financial Times. 10 Cannon Street, London, EC4P 4BY.

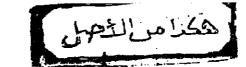
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investigating and making investigation of UK quoted companies. The ideal candidate will be self-motivated, have a degree, be aged 23-26, and have a minimum of eighteen mouths experience as an investment analyst or assistant fixed manager. A practical knowledge of UK. Equities is examinal regeries with experience of the UK. Fixed interest market.

The preferred condidate will join a small forward looking team providing considerable stope for initiative and the opportunity to contribute to fined management decisions. Salary is negotiable and there is a compactantism benefits

Plane send full CV. together with details of corner ve P.O. Bourse, Discour Administration and Personnel
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City Lawyer Corporate Finance?

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Sowerby's Selection

Are you a City-orientated, qualified Lawyer with at least 2 years' experience in the Corporate Finance Department of a British Merchant Bank or equivalent financial/legal institution which has bed declined in the Corporate Parkets 2 has had dealings in the Capital Markets sector?

If so, you will be keen to progress your career by becoming the Head of Documentation for our renowned client, the London-based subsidiary of a highly successful and rapidly expanding international finance and investment organisation.

This newly-identified requirement will demand that you are technically competent and sufficiently able to ensure correct documentation procedures are applied in all Lead Management or Syndicated Issues, Swaps transactions, etc. In the Company's best interests, you will therefore liaise regularly with various senior management colleagues and external Legal Representatives.

Courteous, alert, team-orientated, enthusiastic and aged 25-32 years, you can look forward to an excellent range of normal banking benefits, including mortgage subsidy, personal loan facility and private health scheme.

If you feel ready to run your own show and believe you match our requirements, please ring or preferably write to me, Richard J. Sowerby, Sowerby's (Selection) Ltd., Personnel Consultants, 500 Chesham House, 150 Regent Street, London, W1R 5FA. Tel: 01-439 6288.

# Develop your Project Finance Skills in Banking

Our client is a prestigious international merchant banking group which offers innovative financial engineering services through a comprehensive range of fee-based activities to a select group of corporate clients throughout the world. The Group's project finance team is a recognised leader in the international oil and energy world, both in an advisory and financing

The team needs to recruit several additional executives who will use the latest technology in project evaluation, feasibility analysis and extensive development of financial modelling. You will also assist in external and internal presentations to senior management and you will be expected to undertake responsibility for the

execution of transactions. You will be under thirty years old, ideally with an

accounting or mathematical university background, and you will have gained several years' exposure to project analysis, using financial modelling techniques in a commercial/financial environment. We are looking for self-starters who have a personality which will make a significant contribution to the synergy of this highly

This is an excellent opportunity to gain considerable personal and professional development in an exacting environment which will suit only the most able environment which will suit only the most able individuals. The remuneration package includes a competitive salary and usual banking benefits commensurate with this position. Please apply to Carmina Leon of Cripps, Sears and Associates Limited, Personnel Management Consultants, 88/89 High Holborn, London WCIV SLH. Telephone 01-404 5701.

Cripps,Sears

Newly established United Kingdom subsidiary of U.S. public corporation, engaged in world-wide counter-trade, financing and barter operations, is seeking experienced

#### SENIOR EXECUTIVE

#### for London-based operations

Background experience must include financial with marketing orientation plus practical international trading experience. High-level negotiating track record essential.

Remuneration not less than £30,000 p.a. plus profit

Only executives with the qualifications stipulated should write to:

Mr. A. G. Pole, Ref. IAMC 19 Norfolk Road, London NW8 6HG

#### Unitised fund management experience?

The job involves the supervision of portfolio services for managed funds, using computerised investment records, and includes edministration, preparation of management information and the weekly production of unit prices to strict time schedules.

Aged between 22 and 30, applicants should have experience of unitied fund investment and distinct leadership skills. Excellent fringe benefits include a non-contributory pension purchase scheme, annual season ticket loen and luncheon vous Please write with cu to Sue Harris, Personnel Officer (Investments), Legal & General (Investment Management) Limited, Tempts Court. 11 Queen Victoria Street, London ECAN 4TP.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEALERS AND

#### COMMODITIES TRADER REQUIRED

Progressive company requires traders with at least 2-5 years' dealing experience covering U.S. dollar and major European currencies and also commodity traders. Preference will be given to candidates with a proven track record. Excellent package is being offered for these positions.

All replies should be sent to Bor A.8950. Financial Times
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Management Selection Limited

# **HEAD OF FINANCIAL PLANNING AND ANALYSIS International Banking**

Bank of America is seeking a Manager for its Europe, Middle East and Africa Division Headquarters financial planning group. The successful candidate will manage a professional staff responsible for the development and implementation of performance measurement and budgetary systems to support our international banking network.

This challenging position calls for substantial experience in the development and

operation of advanced financial planning, budgeting and control systems and will demand strong analytical and problem solving skills. In addition, this role will require the ability to

successfully interact with and influence senior line managers.

Candidates should possess a good first degree supplemented by either an accountancy qualification or an MBA and have 5-10 years experience in an innovative, multi-national environment. It is likely that suitable candidates will be aged over 30.

Career development opportunities offered by the scope of the Bank's worldwide operations are excellent. A competitive salary will be augmented by an attractive range of benefits including car, low interest mortgage, non-contributory pension and free medical insurance. Full relocation assistance will be provided if necessary.

If you feel you are ready for this major challenge please send full career details to David Clifford, EMEA Division Personnel, Bank of America, 26 Elmfield Road, Bromley, Kent, BR1 1WA. Alternatively, telephone him on 01-313 2396 to discuss the position in

#### **Bank of America**

# General Manager

Distribution Services Well into five figures London or Midlands base

The opportunity to build a highly professional distribution company and have profit accountability will appeal to a highly motivated business developer who has expertise in

The group already has a high reputation in this and other related operations and has identified a growth opportunity in a particular area of distribution. The task is to develop rapidly from an existing base of 'blue-chip' customers and establish the company as a market leader in this sector.

To be a candidate you should be 30-45 and

come from a profit-accountable role, either in

profitable business is essential. Salary and benefits will be pitched to attract the necessary calibre of candidate and the job base could be either in London or the Midlands, ding upon current location.
Write or telephone for an application form or send detailed c.v. to R.J. Cleland, quoting ref: GM88/9258/FT on both letter and envelope.

No details are divulged to clients without prior permission.

general management in a distribution services company or from a senior distribution post in a large consumer goods organisation. The ability to market and to develop a

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#### TREASURER (Estates Bursar)

Heations are invited for the post ressurer of Christ Church, which become vacant in December Further perticulars are obtain-

# Corporate Finance -**Documentation**

First Interstate Limited, the merchant banking subsidiary of First Interstate Bancorp, is currently seeking a professional with experience in the preparation and negotiation of capital markets documentation to join its Corporate Finance

The successful applicant, who is likely to be a lawyer wishing to develop in a new and challenging role, will join a small team which is responsible for negotiating all documentation for the Corporate Finance Group (including eurobonds, euronotes, interest and currency swaps, and syndicated credits) and for supervising the execution of transactions from mandate through to closing. He/she will also assist the bank's marketing and syndication specialists in the preparation of proposals at the pre-mandate stage.

The position offers a competitive compensation package, which will include all usual banking fringe benefits, and an excellent prospect for further development within a merchant banking environment.

Interested applicants should write, enclosing a full curriculum vitae, to Sharon Ayre, Personnel Officer, First Interstate Limited, 162 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4V 4BS (Tel: 01-236 5292).

J First Interstate Limited

Corporate Finance

#### **Opportunities for Management Potential**

City based - up to £14K

Our client is a leading UK Finance House specialising in equipment leasing transactions to a broad spectrum of industry.

Business growth and market developments have created a number of opportunities for high-calibre graduates, or equivalent, to work on designated accounts. You will need to have up to four years experience in a corporate finance environment with the potential for high-level responsibilities in an organisation which encourages personal development.

Positions are at levels depending on experience and qualifications, with starting salaries up to £14K. Total benefits include non-contributory pension, mortgage and other banking benefits.

Confidential Reply Service: Please write with full CV quoting reference 1937/RS on your envelope, listing separately any company to whom you do not wish your details to be sent. CV's will be forwarded directly to our client, who will be conducting the interviews. Charles Barker Recruitment Limited, 30 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4EA.

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#### A major international Bank, aiming to consolidate its London market leadership in new product introduction, seeks a creative graduate hanker with previous product introduction, seeks a creative graduate hanker with previous product introducement experience, aged 28-35, to enhance the development and bringing to the market of new products. Candidates should be able to demonstrate strong planning, systems and teams and etails. SENIOR PRODUCT MANAGER INT. BANKING To £35,000 + Benefits Our client, a highly profitable manufacturer and distributor of high technology products seeks to strengthen its financial function by the appointment of a high calibre graduate ACA in the age range 27-32. Candidates should have proven staff control experience, a familiarity with multicurrency reporting and outstanding interpersonal skills. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT To £20,000 + Car advantageous. Ref: MJH An ambitious newly qualified Chartered Accountant with a good degree and first time passes is sought by a major firm of Management Consultants. The successful applicant will have good interpersonal skills and possess the ability to provide creative input in any expanding area of activity. A stimulating environment with excellent career prospects and attractive company benefits. MANAGEMENT CONSULTANT Autonomous UK arm of leading multinational offers exceptional prospects CONTROLLER to an ambitious accountant aged 25-30. Broadly based responsibilities including management reporting, financial analysis, performance monitoring and systems development will prepare the successful candidate for a very early promotion to a general management position. Good interpersonal skills are essential. POTENTIAL To £16,000 Middlesex A major public company seeks an ambitious qualified accountant aged 23-28 to assist the Group Financial Controller in period reporting, forecasting and a variety of ad hoc projects including profitability and acquisitions studies. This is a development post which will lead within 12-18 months to a company or divisional line position and a substantial increase in salary. MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT c £15,000 + Benefits This market leader, a substantial commercial group, offers supervisory experience at head office and operating company level. Responsibilities will include treasury involvement and some overseas track. Applications are invited from self-motivated accountants aged mid to late 20's with some staff control experience and the ability to warrant early promotion. Ref: KRJL COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTANT c £15,000

# College Hill Chambers, 23 College Hill, London EC4R 2RT. Tel: 01 248 7851/8 (24 hours)

# Young Business **Analyst**

c.£17,500

Central London

An excellent development opportunity for a young qualified accountant and/or economics or business graduate to join the small European headquarters of a US multinational, manufacturing and marketing industrial and consumer products throughout Europe. Reporting to the London-based European Controller and working closely with him, the

Business Analyst will assist in short and long-term strategic planning; interpret and analyse individual business operations; review and control capital expenditure and compile financial information to tight monthly reporting schedules for the VP Europe and the US parent.

Candidates, 27 to 33, must have had a minimum of three years' similar experience in a multinational company, preferably American. Essential requirements are the ability to devise and use computerised forecasting systems; a high degree of initiative and professionalism; and excellent communicative and inter-personal skills with all levels of European management.

Please write - in confidence - stating how the requirements are met to Lional Koppen ref. B.42212.

This appointment is open to men and women

HAY-MSL Selection and Advertising Limited, 52 Grosvenor Gardens, London SW1W 0AW.

MANAGEMENT SELECTION

Unlike the Grand National, moving into consultancy can be a surprisingly smooth ride. In fact, if you're currently in, say, line management you'll probably find working with us a refreshing challenge.

And because we're one of the top international accounting and management consultancy firms we can satisfy the ambitions of any high flier.

Our client list covers the public and private sector. Our practice involves exposure to the very latest financial and DP techniques. Our solutions are purpose planned to suit each client's individual needs. Our day to day work is usually anything but routine. And our salary scale can put you right up with the leaders.

For our London practice you'll need to be aged between 26 and 33, be able to demonstrate a successful recordpreferably in management - and be ACA, ACCA or ACMA qualified. You may well be a graduate too.

But, most important of all, you'll be a bright, selfmotivated achiever, who's looking to be first pass the post. Please write (in confidence) with relevant career and

personal details to David Prosser, Price Waterhouse, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY mentioning MCS/3975.

# Who says consultancy is such a big jump?



# Finance Director

#### North West

Our client is a highly profitable, £25m t/o Plc., with subsidiaries engaged in the manufacture and import of consumer products for the retail sector.

Following a period of sustained growth, and the recent appointment of a new Chief Executive, a Finance Director is required for the group's principal operating subsidiary to manage the Group's finance, data processing and administration functions. In addition to the normal responsibilities associated with a position of this seniority, the successful applicant will be expected to contribute significantly to the commercial management of the business, working with the Chief Executive to improve profitability and market share. Other areas of responsibility will include treasury

c£20,000 + Bonus + Car management, acquisition studies and liaison with

financial institutions. Candidates, aged 32-42, should be Chartered Accountants who can demonstrate a track record of proven technical expertise and managerial ability, coupled with the personal presence, communicative skills and commercial awareness required to make a positive contribution to the profitable development of the group.

Comprehensive relocation facilities are available where appropriate. Interested applicants should write to Alan Dickinson, quoting reference 7008, at Michael Page Partnership, Clarendon House, 81 Mosley Street, Manchester M2 3LQ. (Tel: 061-228 0396).

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

London Bristol Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgon

# Audit Manager

#### London

As a result of the restructuring and expansion of its group audit function, our client, a major health care and insurance organisation, is seeking an Audit Manager.

This is a challenging appointment and will involve the design and implementation of a new and comprehensive audit programme covering all the group's locations. With a staff of 9, the appointee will plan all audit work, allocating resources to take account of existing requirements and future developments.

The ideal candidate will be a qualified accountant, aged 30-35, with experience of integrating general and computer audit within an advanced computer environment, ideally gained within a multiple branch structure. The position

#### c.£20,000+Car

will require extensive contact with all levels of management and excellent communicative skills are therefore

In addition to the negotiable salary, there is an attractive benefits package. This is a career appointment affording excellent promotion opportunities within a highlyrespected group.

Please reply in confidence, enclosing career details and quoting reference B6394/L to Valerie Fairbank, Executive Selection Division, Peat, Marwick, Muchell & Co., 165 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4V 3PD.

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# ACCOUNTANTS

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# Management Accounting and Analysis

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The London based regional headquarters of a major international banking group. our client has control and review responsibilities for corporate, commercial and retail banking activities in Europe and the Middle East.

Initially working within the bank's London branch, the accountant will be expected to identify areas for profit improvement through the development and enhancement of product costing and customer and service profitability analysis systems. The position is highly creative, will involve considerable use of micro computers and requires substantial exposure to senior management.

In their late 20s, applicants (male or female) should be qualified accountants ideally with a costing/management accounting background. Please write, enclosing a career/salary history and day-time telephone number to David Hogg, FCA, quoting reference 1/2298.

> EMA Management Personnel Ltd. Haiton House, 20/23 Holborn, London EC1N 2JD. Telephone: 01-242 7773 (24 hour).

# FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Thames Valley

£15,000 - £20,000 + Car + Bonus + Relocation

We have been exclusively retained by one of the UK's leading and successful financial services organisations.

Our client wishes to strengthen a key area within their finance division, to support their continuing and planned expansion, by the appointment of two young graduate accountants, to work at the forefront of business development.

Candidates for this appointment will have, a first class investigative and analytical mind, the ability to communicate and, between two to three years post qualification experience.

Written applications enclosing curriculum vitae should be sent, in strictest confidence, to Robert N. Collier or Neil Gillespie at our London address quoting reference 5114.

410 Strand, London WCLA UNS. 181: 01-03-0 9501. 26 West Nile Street, Glasgow Gl 2PF. Tel: 041-226 3101 /115 George Street, Edinburgh EF12 41N. Tel: 031-225 7744 Brook House, 77 Fountain Street Manchester M2 2RF. Tel: 061-236 1553



# Financial Accountant Retail-with promotion prospects

West London

c.£18,000

Our client is an aggressively expanding chain of retail shops, currently based around London but with expectations of wider coverage.

This position, which reports through the financial controller to a director, carries total responsibility for the computerised financial accounting function and department. It is expected that this person will progress to a more senior group

Applicants should be chartered accountants, aged between 27 and 33, probably with retail business experience and the desire to progress in a competitive and expanding environment.

Please send full career details to Douglas G Mizon quoting reference F/605/M at Ernst & Whinney Management Consultants, Becket House, 1 Lambeth Palace Road, London SE1 7EU.

Ernst & Whinney

# FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

**Berks** 

**High-Tech** 

A rapidly expanding company in the computer peripheral distribution market are offering a unique and exciting opportunity to a 'hands-on' Accountant from either the profession or commercial sector.

Working with the Financial Director you will be responsible for formulating and instigating the improvement of Company profitability, by constantly monitoring all aspects of the Company's performance, and responding to changing requirements for financial and management information.

Qualified, and in your late 20's, the reward for a high-level of personal performance and initiative will lead to increased opportunities within the group, and therefore offers an excellent career platform for the future.

Please telephone, or write briefly for personal history form quoting reference number BB5366 to Andrew Fowler, Regional Manager.



2 Eton Court, Eton, Windsor, Berkshire. Telephone: (07535) 54256 (out of hours (0494) 881384).

# Financial

DREC

Our client is a rapidly growing Company in the hi-tech-industry with an annual t/o in excess of £75m. In line with the company's expansion, a new position

has been established for a young qualified accountant in his or her mid 20s.

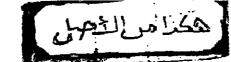
Candidates should possess a sound knowledge of systems and financial skills to provide management with accurate information to strict deadlines. The successful candidate will report to the Financial

Controller and may reasonably anticipate succeeding him in the short term.

The salary and fringe benefits are commensurate with a company of international status and rewards in this role are particularly exciting. Please reply in confidence, quoting ref. HP2203.

BARCLAYS EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS

Arcros in



# Accountancy Appointments

# IT'S ALL HAPPENING NOW FOR

# AMBITIOUS ACCOUNTANTS

# **Central London** Up to £15,000

British Telecom has taken up the challenge of change. Committed to technical innovation, entrepreneurial development and financial success, it is one of the most vigorous and exciting enterprises in telecommunications today.

A leading-edge role belongs to National Networks

**Budget and Management** 

To prepare all financial reports, involving consolidation of plans, budgets and forecasts. Responsibilities will include budget monitoring and producing monthly financial reports for management at Board level. For senior positions, in-depth experience is essential backed with a full ACA or equivalent. Opportunities also exist for finalists with commercial experience.

Assignment

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To investigate, analyse, recommend and develop accounting and financial systems - reporting to Senior Management within set timescales, Positions are for both fully-qualified and part-qualified accountants with good financial experience and the ability to present financial information to users. For some vacancies, a background in computer-based operations will be needed together with an imaginative approach to problem solving.

These are important positions providing scope for individual talent and commitment, with real opportunities for personal and career development. Starting salaries for senior positions will be up to £15,000 and up to £13,000 for part-qualified

- the BT division with the specific brief, among other responsibilities, to meet the total information system needs of British Business. We are now strengthening our team to meet the challenge of future growth, and have a number of progressive positions for both fully-qualified and part-qualified practitioners in the following accountancy areas:-

To work within a group engaged in preparing the books of account to audit standard, reviewing these against the agreed budgets and ensuring their ontime distribution to management. For more senior posts candidates will be fully qualified with broadbased experience and a good understanding of computerised systems. We are also looking for finalists or people with substantial book-keeping

#### **Investment Evaluation**

You will control and report on multi-million pound capital and investment projects for consideration by the Board, with recommendations for action a major part of the work. An enquiring mind with ability to grasp new concepts, particularly those of a technical nature, is essential. You must also have an ACA, ICA or equivalent qualification, preferably with some experience in an engineering environment.

Please write enclosing a detailed CV and indicating which specialist accountancy area interests you to: Chris Black, British Telecom National Networks (P34), Room 136, 2-12 Gresham Street, London EC2V,7AG. Tel; 01-357 4200.

#### DEPUTE **DIRECTOR OF FINANCE** £19,722 - £21,234

**ELECOM** 

The capital city of Scotland, established centre of finance and commerce, is seeking a Depute Director of Finance. The District Council is committed to a progressive policy of improving services and creating

Deputy to the Director of Finance, the postholder will be involved in the financial planning process and administration of the financial affairs of the Council in addition to assisting in the management and coordination of the activities of the Department.

The postholder requires an understanding of the problems of local authority finance in the light of the current economic situation and also the ability to ensure the translation of the financial aspects of the

Council's policy objectives into achievements.

The successful candidate should preferably be a qualified accountant with extensive relevant managerial experience gained at a high level preferably in the public sector

Application forms and further details are available from the Director of Personnel and Management from the Director of Personnel and Management Services, City Chambers, 249 High Street. Edinburgh RH1 IPL. Telephone 031-225 2424, Ext. 6419 or 6426. Closing date 22nd April 1985. Edinburgh District Council is an equal opportunities employer Applications are invited from women and

nen, from all sections of the community. irrespective of ethnic origin, disability or sexual orientation, who have the necessary attributes for the post. .

City of Edinburgh

#### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Banking Investment

High Rewards

Our specification is to find potential candidates excelling in the profession or consultancy. A synopsis of our client's requirements is:- qualified between 1982 and 1985, a good degree and exposure to a wide range of audits and investigation/

In addition to this basic profile the candidate will be able to demonstrate flexibility of approach, ambition, ability to work in a trading environment and willingness to tackle non-accountancy work. High salaries are on offer.

For further details please write or telephone

Rochester Recruitment Ltd., 21 College Hill, London EC4R 2RP Telephone: 01-248 8346

# **Financial Director**

Somerset

to £25.000 + Car + Bonus

Because of an emphasis on product quality our client has developed a considerable reputation in its industrial marketplace. Profitable and with a turnover of £4 million, the company envisages further growth through both new product development and acquisition.

Working closely with the Managing Director and contributing substantially in business decisions, the Financial Director will supervise and enhance the financial function. Concentrating initially on the development of improved control and management information systems, he or she will provide financial guidance to both technical and commercial management.

In their mid 30s, applicants should be graduate qualified accountants with a broad range of industrial/commercial experience. Please write, enclosing a career/salary history and daytime telephone number to David Hogg FCA, quoting reference 1/2297.

EMA Management Personnel Ltd. Halton House, 20/23 Holborn, London EC1 N 2.JD. Telephone: 01-242 7773 (24 hour).

#### PROJECT ACCOUNTANT **International Operations**

London

A major UK fineg company, mainframe and micro-computer with a £2,000 million turnover, is technology. Seeking a qualified accountant Working closely with to take a key project post in its rapidly expanding International Division. This is a new position reporting to the Financial Controller Success in this role will produce a range of opportunities for future career advancement within the

Company.
Aged between 27 and 40, you will have proved your ability to become a project leader responsible for the critical review and appraisal of world-wide financial procedures and new systems based on your

previous application of both

managers in other financial, marketing and operational areas, you will be able to combine your experience of auditing financial standards with your free thinking. investigative strengths. You will therefore be capable of identifying and evaluating alternative courses of action

The remuneration package will include a dependable profit sharing scheme and other significant benefits.

Please write to Keith controls. In the first year, you McNeish (quoting ref 526), will play a vital part in the specification and installation of criteria and enclosing details of your career to date.

C&P Cockman, Copeman & Partners International Limited 26/28 Bedford Row, London WC1R 4HF

# **FUTURE** FIELD MARSHALS

#### **Career Development Opportunities** for Accountants

Some of the country's most successful businessmen have benefitted from a worthwhile period in consultancy. Some of them have spent it with Annan Impey Morrish. If you are one of a coming generation of industrial and commercial leaders we would like to assist you to achieve your goals.

Our work is concerned with helping good businesses get better and the invalids get well. Our terms of reference are developed in the client's boardroom and the diagnosis and corrective action are carried out in the offices and on the factory floor. The problems are not necessarily financial - they may concern any aspect of the company's operations.

If you believe in your future, are a chartered or cost and management accountant, have at least eight years commercial or industrial experience and are a good communicator please get in touch. We have been in business since 1958, are members of the Management Consultants Association and have 3,000 satisfied clients.

If you can help us develop further we can offer you an interesting job, an impressive piece to add to your CV and an attractive remuneration package. Please write to Geoff Child, Managing Director,

Annan Impey Morrish Ltd., Management Consultants 40/43 Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1JJ

#### **TOUCHE ROSS & CO. MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS**

If you find our requirements demanding wait until you get the job

The job is that of a management consultant with Touche Ross & Co., one of the world's largest firms of Chartered Accountants. It's a position that offers considerable challenge and responsibility - matched by an equally substantial reward. Few individuals will take it in their stride. But then, to put it bluntly, even fewer get the chance.

Those who do are usually qualified accountants, aged up to about 40, with a good first degree and several years' commercial or industrial experience. They have intelligence and initiative. drive and ambition, and appreciate that management consultancy demands not. simply technical expertise, but practical ability in communicating with clients

and solving their problems. If you think you can join our team, reference 2262.

we expect you to be every bit as demanding as the role. You will be based in London and we will pay you up to £26,000 plus a car. We'll give you an exceptional opportunity to increase and broaden your experience, together with the chance to rub shoulders with some of the brightest minds in the business. And if you continue to impress, we're one of the few large firms who'll hold the ladder for you while you climb - and the rungs to a partnership are fewer than you might think.

· For the present, however, we'd like to look at your past. So please write to Michael Hurton at the address below, enclosing details of your career to date and your salary record, quoting

#### Touche Ross & Co. The Business Partners

Hill House, 1 Little New Street London EC4A 3TR

Telephone: 01-353 8011



# **Managing Director**

**Recruitment Consultancy** 

City

to £50,000

Our client is a small, long established consultancy specialising in the financial area, salary ranges 15k-40k. The Managing Director will develop business based on existing goodwill and a reputation for high quality work and will interview candidates at senior level.

Candidates should be aged 26-40 with experience in the recruitment field and will ideally be qualified accountants. Please write with full career/salary history and day-time telephone number to Graham Webster FCA, MBA quoting reference I/2295.

EMA Management Personnel Ltd. Halton House, 20/23 Holborn, London EC1N 2JD. Telephone: 01-242 7773 (24 hour).

# **Financial Controller**

**Construction Industry** 

£18,000 + car

This is an exceptional opportunity for an ambitious Accountant to head his/her own separatment, with direct responsibility to the Pinancial Director for the accounting and associated inancial systems of the company.

Our client is an international construction

Our client is an international construction company based in central London, with a substantial growth record in recent years.

The executive they are seeking will probably be about 30 years of age, professionally qualified, and will have spent a number of years working in the construction industry with direct involvement with contracting accounts as well Relative Part

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a sound knowledge of computerised systems
with, ideally, experience of implementation is
required, as well as the desire and ability to make a
major contribution to the Company
The position will involve some overseas travel,
and the package offered to the successful candidate
will include competitive salary plus a company car,
Please send full career
details to Miranda Lewis, quoting
Ref. R2081. All replies will be
forwarded directly to our clients.

& Partners

Recruitment Services 35 Piccadilly, London W1V 9PB Telephone 01-734 7282

# **Operations Audit Manager**

to £22,000+Car

In a new and highly responsible position, the Manager will initiate and develop the audit function of the UK activities of our client. The UK group, with a turnover of £500 million, includes activities in publishing, printing and transportation.

Based in London and reporting to New York, he or she will be responsible for conducting financial and operational audits at division level in the UK. With considerable independence, the position provides continual exposure to senior management and the growth of the organisation worldwide should lead to excellent promotion opportunities.

Aged 28-35, applicants should be graduate chartered accountants with managerial experience gained in a major professional practice. Please write, enclosing a career/ salary history and daytime telephone number to David Hogg, FCA, quoting reference

> EMA Management Personnel Ltd. Halton House, 20/23 Holborn, London EC1 N 2JD. Telephone: 01-242 7773 (24 hour).

#### **Financial Management**

£20,000 +, with Car

Mancos Computers, distributor of DEC Hardware and developer of innovative software packages, is a highly successful company, with an 18m tumover, offices in London and Manchester, and has been in business for over twelve years. In addition to end-user system sales, Mancos has more recently developed profitable

system sales, Mancos has more recently developed profitable micro-computer and catalogue sales divisions.

Re-organisation within the Company has created a vacancy for a Financial Controller to manage the Accounts Department and to play a major role in contributing to the strategic planning and development of the Company through effective financial forecasting. Reporting to a director, you will be a qualified accountant with

Manchester

reflect how closely your experience meets our needs; we also offer a company car, profit-sharing bonus scheme and pension and health insurance benefits. Relocation expenses will be available if

Applicants, male or female, should apply in the first instance giving full career details, to Ken Elvy, Mercuri Cirval Ltd., 1 College Road, Harrow, Middlesex, HA1 1YZ, quoting

#### ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS

Rate £37.00 per single column centimetre

# **Young Financial** Accountant

Near Uxbridge

c.£15,000

interests on a worldwide scale.

Following an internal promotion, we are able to offer an excellent career opportunity to a young, qualified accountant seeking to broaden his/her commercial/industrial experience. Reporting to the Financial Director, you will be responsible for monthly/annual accounts. financial accounting, texation and the treasury functions. An initial brief will be to develop financial controls and the underlying accounting procedures for the newly-installed

To meet the challenges of this key position you will need to be professionally qualified with at least 3 years' post-qualification experience, self-motivated with a creative response to problem-solving, and have the man-management skills and personality to deal with

The company, situated in rural surroundings but only 5 minutes from the centre of Uxbridge, is offering an attractive salary plus Outer London Allowance and bonus scheme. A non-contributory pension scheme, 25 days' annual holiday and staff canteen are among. the generous range of benefits.

For an application form, please telephone Mrs M A Model, Company Personnel Officer, Glaxo Animal Health Limited, Breakspear Road South, Harefield, Uxbridge, Middlesex UB9 6LS. Telephone: Ruislip (089 56) 30266.

**Glaxo** Animal Health Limited

# Finance Director

to £23,000 + Car

Croydon/Surrey

A subsidiary of a major multinational, the company is one of the UK's leading manufacturers of high technology engineering products with a turnover approaching £25M p.a. and employing more than

They seek a qualified accountant with zeal and enthusiasm to take complete control of the accounting function and improve systems and management information. Operating at board level, the job-holder will be totally involved in the decision making process and will be expected to make a significant contribution to the overall management of the company.

Candidates should be qualified accountants, in the probable age range 30-35 with experience in a complex manufacturing environment and preferably some involvement in contract cost control. A record of achievement, commercial awareness, a strong personality and line management experience are vitally important

Please send your career details to Barry C. Skates quoting reference 6735.

Mervyn Hughes Alexandre Tic (International) Ltd



37 Golden Square London WIR 4AN **2** 01-434 4091

# Financial Controller

North West

Our client is a £multi-million turnover, householdname group, engaged in the multiple retailing of fashion goods.

They wish to appoint a Financial Controller, who will be responsible to the Finance Director for the management of the total finance function during what promises to be the most exciting phase of growth and development in the history of the company. Specific areas of responsibility will include statutory and management accounting, stringent control of group cashflow, budgetary control, financial forecasting, assistance in DP accounting systems selection, strategy and implementation, assistance with acquisition studies and the management of a team of 30 staff

c£20,000 + car

including 3 Chartered Accountants.

Candidates should be graduate accountants, aged 30-35, who can demonstrate a solid track record of achievements to date, coupled with a high degree of technical expertise, well developed interpersonal/ managerial skills, above average communicative ability and the commercial awareness and ambition required to succeed in a highly competitive environment

Relocation facilities are available where appropriate Interested applicants should write to Alan Dickinson, quoting reference 7011, at Clarendon House, 81 Mosley Street, Manchester M23LQ. (Tel: 061-228 0396)

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants adon Bristol Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glas Brussels New York Sydney

# **BUSINESS PLANNING/ANALYSIS**

South Coast

£12-15,000 + subsidised mortgage + relocation + large Co. benefits

Aggressive expansion plans and internal promotions have resulted in a requirement for several analysis within the European Headquarters of one of the world's foremost financial services organisations.

This organisation, operating in a highly competitive environment in 14 European markets, seeks young Graduate Accountants/MBA's with strong analytical and presentation skills, to fill "Management Potential" roles, working within the Business Planning and Analysis group.

To find out more about these challenging and exciting opportunities, please write in strictest confidence, enclosing your C.V. to:- Richard Norman F.C.A. or Neil Gillespie at our London address, quoting reference number 5169.

26 West Nile Street, Glasgow GI 2PF. Tal: 041-226 3101. 113/115 George Street, Edinburgh EH2 4IN, Tal: 031-225 7744 Brook House, 77 Foundain Street

# Assistant Financial Controller Starting Salary up to £20,000

London Docklands Development Corporation has the unique and corporation has the unique and challenging responsibility for the regeneration of eight square miles of Docklands. The regeneration task involves the attraction of private investment alongside an extensive and directly funded project programme of land reclamation, infrastructure and environmental works.

The Corporation's Financial Team who

The Corporations Financial Team, who are very much a part of the central decision-making process, have developed and are continuing to enhance the financial planning, control and information systems.

We are now seeking to appoint an Assistant Financial Controller who will take a leading role in the Corporation's financial planning and control activities. The ideal candidate, who is not likely to

member of a similar professional accounting body. He or she will have not less than five years' post-qualification experience of corporate financial planning and control, and that experience will include computerised systems. The nature of the work demands the ability to communicate effectively and to relate to a wide range of professional, technical and manageral personnel both inside and managerial personnel both inside and external to the organisation. Candidates should write to me for an

application form: — David Lowman, Personnel Manager, London Docklands Development Corporation, West India House, Millwall Dock, London E14 9TJ, We intend to start reviewing applications on April 22, 1985.

►►► CONCEPTS INTO ACTION ►►►



Head of Finance

NW Midlands

To £25,000 + car

**T** his is a senior and influential role within a successful, international manufacturing company operating in competitive industrial and consumer electronics and domestic appliance markets.

The requirement is for a high calibre Finance Manager to control the company's accounting function and to act as financial/commercial adviser to the Managing Director. The initial brief will be to organise and develop all accounting, costing and data processing activities to meet the company's present and future needs. In due course you will become increasingly involved in the overall management and planning of the business—advising senior management on the financial implications of their activities.

You will be a qualified accountant (ACA, ACCA, or ACMA), probably aged between 35-45, with several years senior financial management experience in a growth company, where you have personally developed the influence and prestige of the finance function. Success in the job will be largely dependent on personal drive and persuasiveness, a practical hands on approach and considerable expertise in organising, managing and motivating personnel at all levels. Strong commercial and business skills are a pre-requisite.

Salary and fringe benefits are in keeping with the seniority of the appointment and include relocation assistance where appropriate to an attractive part of

Candidates, male or female, should send full career details in confidence to Jerry Wright, Executive Selection Division, Price Waterhouse, Livery House, 169 Edmund Street (PO Box 120), Birmingham B3 2JB. (Tel: 021 236 5011). Please quote reference



# Accountant South Coast Circa £15,000

growth of a well-established and profitable financial services group, which has recently strengthened its senior technical team. The person appointed will review and refine

existing systems — the object being to develop accounting, cost and financial control, and computerised procedures in a profit conscious environment. Previous experience of reporting to an American parent company would be advantageous.

This is an attractive opportunity for a creative

Chartered Accountant to join a dynamic and expanding team in a position offering prospects for personal in addition to salary, negotiable as indicated, will

be added a subsidised mortgage facility and a subsidised private medical plan. Relocation assistance will be considered, where appropriate.

Please send adequate particulars in confidence to

John Finnigan nternational Management Consultants

174 Bromham Road, Bedford, MK40 48W

#### c\$20,000 p.a. Finance Director - Designate WEST SUSSEX Consumer Durables

A commercially minded ACA/FCA, male or female, age mid 30's, with at least eight years proven industrial experience, ideally gained

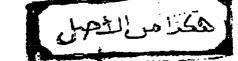
in a small/medium sized manufacturing environment involved in fast moving, ever changing, short run, low technology, consumer durable products. This experience will result in a thorough understanding of management and financial accounting procedures and computerised accounting systems. An outstanding career opportunity with Europe's foremost manufacturer in its field. Fringe benefits include contributory pension, company car, medical/life cover and relocation expenses.

Suitably qualified candidates please phone 01-800 4708 for an application form quoting GF513 (24-hour service).

# GREYFRIARS

EXECUTIVE RECRUITMENT

JOHN W G FORBES MANAGING DIRECTOR 104 NEWGATE STREET, LONDON ECL



Haines Watts has grown from a single office to become a national firm of Chartered Accountants with 14 offices, a fee income of £4.5m and a place in the top 30 UK accounting firms within the last 20 years. This growth is continuing through the expansion of existing offices, openings in new towns and the creation in 1984 of a Financial Services arm to develop the consultancy and corporate finance activities of the group. To help achieve this growth ambitious Chartered Accountants are needed for the following positions.

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£15 - 20,000 + Equity

cE20,000 + Profit Share



# Finance Director

South Wales - Salary c £15,000

The Company is a successful, fast growing business, which supplies the building industry. A Finance Director, who will report to the

Managing Director, is required to take charge of the Company's accounting function.

Ideal candidates should be qualified accountants, aged between 28-35 years. Some industrial experience is required and, apart from a knowledge of management and computer information systems, exposure to raising finance and the treasury function is desirable.

...The terms and conditions of service are excellent and include a profit-related bonus and a

Please write, in the strictest confidence, with full career details to the Company's advisor -Ian Dighe, Darius Industrial Investments Limited, Darius House, Saint Andrew's Street, Droitwich, Worcestershire, WR9 8DY, quoting ref-OFM/801.



Darius Industrial Investments Limited Recruitment Division

We offer a uniquely challenging job playing a key role in the assessment and allocation of our funds to client organisations across all the art forms in England. We currently distribute

across all the art forms in England. We currently distribute £90 million a year and we are poised for a period of substantial expansion and development.

The Financial Controller will manage the Finance Department's Subsidy Section reporting directly to the Finance Director and will be required to show initiative in developing and implementing our financial policies. Applicants should be either qualified accountants or have high-level experience in arts finance and management. Salary will be about £16,000 with annual increments. We also have a non-contributory pension scheme. For a job description and application form contact the Personnel Department. Arts Council. 105 Piccadilly, London WIV OAU. Tel.: (01) 629 9495 ext. 266. Tel.: (01) 629 9495 ext. 266. Closing date for receipt of applications 19 April 1985.

- An Equal Opportunity Employer -

Arts Council' OF GREAT BRITAIN



AND PLANT BREEDERS

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER/ DIRECTOR (DESIGNATE) Rural Lincolnshire c £16,000 + car

A leading international specialist supplier to agricultural and horticultural markets which are undergoing rapid technical and commercial change, the Campany has entered a new phase of development and expansion.

development and expension.

A high coline accountant with a commercial outlook and the proven skill to manage a busy finance department is required to join the progressive management team. Initial objectives will be to develop and improve information and control systems using in house computer facilities.

The successful applicant will report to the managing director and will work closely with the retiring financial director for about one year. wark assery with the retiring intancial attector for about one year. The Company offers a comprehensive package of conditions which reflect the importance attached to this position. This is a career apportunity carrying a potential Board appointment and it is unlikely that the person selected will be over 40 or have been qualified for less than 10 years.

Applications in confidence with full career details to: M.J. RUTHVEN - MANAGING DIRECTOR CHARLES SHARPE AND CO. PLC SLEAFORD - UNCOLNSHIRE - NG34 7HA

# Tax Manager

"other companies will not give the autonomy and the breadth of experience"

Major Oil Company

c.£18,500 + car

The responsibility for the taxation problems of this £1 billion turnover group is yours for the taking. The scope of the appointment is exceptional and offers:

complete autonomy to handle the job as you see fit

diverse group operations including engineering, transport and distribution, financing, insurance, joint companies and all major oil company activities

 liaison with the parent group in Europe involving some travel a head office environment which generates a tremendous team spirit

To accept the challenge of this highly visible and demanding role you will be a qualified accountant and or ATII aged probably 28-35, with at least 4 years corporate tax experience in a major company environment, or alternatively you may have an Inland Revenue background. In addition a familiarity with computer modelling and its application to tax problems is desirable.

This position has a Surrey location and generous relocation expenses

Please forward a comprehensive CV (or telephone for an application form) quoting Ref. MD 299 to Dennis Fielding at Macmilian Davies, The Old Vaults, Parliament Square, Hertford, Herts. SG14 1PU. (0992) 552552.

Macmillan

Macmillan Davies International Search Executive

# Hoggett Bowers Executive Search and Selection Consultants

# Young High Flying Business/Financial Graduates

MBA — ACA/ACCA/ACMA London, c.£23,000 + car

A £multi-million, fast-moving, consumer orientated group is seeking to recruit a highly specialised team of qualified and experienced people with the potential to progress into senior financial/business roles. As part of this small influential team, involvement will include stragetic and financial planning and a commercial review of the group's diverse operations. Projects undertaken by this multidisciplined team and the ensuing recommendations, will have a major impact and significance on the group's future. Candidates, preferably under 30, must be capable of influencing senior decision making through positive; analytical and logical evaluations of business situations. Experience must have been gained within a large company where exposure and involvement in decision making at a senior management level, can be proven. Opportunities for advancement are firstclass and the excellent benefits package includes generous relocation assistance where appropriate.

G. Soble, Ref. 29617/FT. Male or female candidates should telephone in confidence for a Personal History Form 061-832 3500, St. John's Court, 78 Gartside Street, MANCHESTER, M3 3EL

# Financial Controller

Up to £22,000 plus car

A major process plant contracting company based in the Southern Home Counties, servicing a substantial overseas market, now wishes to recruit a high calibre Financial Controller, reporting to the Finance Director.

This senior appointment offers a first class career for an ambitious accountant with excellent technical and communication skills, who will ideally have gained experience in an industrial contracting environment. Duties will include:-

★ Responsibility for project, financial and statutory accounting ★ Responsibility for management reporting

★ Provision of financial and allied advice in relation to major international projects The ideal candidate will be a chartered accountant - aged between 28 and 35 who can demonstrate good, relevant management experience. An excellent package will be available together with an executive car and relocation assistance

Interested candidates should write to Andrew Sales FCCA, Executive Division, enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae, quoting reference 226, at Michael Page Partnership, 31 Southampton Row, London WCIB 5HY.

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants adon Bristol Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glas Brussels New York Sydney

# Assistant Controller

c £ 20,000 + Car

Our client an international manufacturing and trading group with a multi-million turnover seek a qualified accountant, 26/30, who has achieved sound commercial experience. As a member of a small highly professional head office team, the successful applicant will face a particularly challenging role with considerable exposure to top management at home and overseas. Prospects of future promotion with this international group are excellent. If you have the qualities to match this demanding opportunity please contact



Reginald Welsh & Partners Ltd 123/4 Newgate Street, London, ECIA 7AA. Tel: 01 600 8387

# Group Accounting

Central London

Our client is a major force in office automation and equipment, supplying over 80 countries in the Eastern hemisphere; their manufacturing units in Europe and the Far East produce the widestrange of equipment available in this field. Committed to continued growth and expansion, they are currently seeking to recruit three qualified accountants for the following key roles:

#### **Accounting Standards** to £16,500

Responsibilities will include the implementation and maintenance of Group accounting policies throughout the company's international operations. This position would suit a qualified ACA, with up to 2 years p.q.e. preferably gained within a Big 8 firm. Strong technical ability and a diplomatic yet assertive personality are key qualities.

#### Senior Business Analysis to £15,500

A recently qualified accountant aged 24-27, preferably with a manufacturing/management accounting background, is required to prepare profit forecasts, and appraise the operational accounting functions. An understanding of foreign currency transactions and the ability to report to strict deadlines are pre-requisites for this role.

#### Corporate Accounting to £14,000

Reportingar senior level this is a stepping stone role for a newly qualified ACA, aged 24-26, to handle all consolidations throughout Europe, the Middle East and Africa. As part of a small, highly professional team, you will gain exposure to corporate accounting and reporting requirements. Applicants capable of matching the demands of this dynamic high profile organisation should contact Charles Austin on 01-242 0965 or write to him at 31 Southampton Row, London W.CIB 5HY,

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

Major International Bank

# **FINANCIAL CONTROLLER**

Salary £20-25,000

Our client, a major international bank, seeks a Financial Controller for its Europe, Middle East and Africa division based in London.

Reporting to the Division Head, the successful applicant will be responsible for the complete finance function, controlling financial and management accounting, budgeting and planning, as well as taxation and regulatory reporting. There is particular emphasis on the development of management information throughout the bank.

This attractive career opportunity is likely to appeal to an Accountant presently employed in an international bank or alternatively, an Assistant Manager from the accounting profession with relevant experience. A starting salary within the above range will be offered according to experience

together with major bank benefits including company car

Please contact Leslie Squires on 01-588 6644 or send a detailed curriculum vitae in the strictest confidence to the address below.

Anderson, Squires **Bank Recruitment Specialists** 85 London Wall, London EC2

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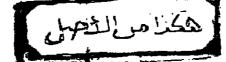
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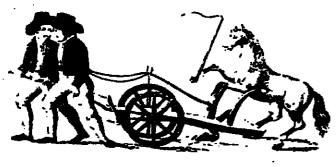




#### THE ARTS

#### German prints/Roy Strong

# Upside down in a cruel world





On the whole, scholarship has On the whole, scholarship has steered clear of the world of the popular print. To the art historian their aesthetic inferiority must inevitably be distasteful; while to the straight historian they present all the difficulties of unravelling a psyche of lost images and, as such, are best assigned the role of mere illustration. In spite of our laments we

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In spite of our laments we still live in a highly literate society and forget the novelty of the assumption upon which it moves: that everyone can read. It is a relatively recent one, just about a century old in this country. We, therefore, under-estimate the place occupied by such popular printed images in the hundreds of years from the invention of printing from the invention of printing in the early modern period until well into the 19th century.

The Topsy-Turcy World, at the Goethe Institute in Exhibition Road, West London (until April 24), launches us into a part of that lost world with a collection of 86 prints from the collection of Günter Böhmer. They make up an unnerving and not altogether pleasurable ex-perience. That, however, should not be a reason to avoid it, for on the walls is hung subject-matter which one often wishes had not existed; and yet, its persistence reflects how deeply rooted it is within the sub-conscious make-up of the European mind.

Perhaps it is significant that chords: the ones that touch on nearly all the prints directly on our relationship with the the theme of the world-upside.

natural world and, above all, the theme of the world-upside-down belong to the biedermeier period when the ancien regime was re-established in the after-math of the Napoleonic wars. Bourgeois society then had no means of expressing the new liberal ideals. One senses its frustration finding fulfilment in contemplating these savage satires. Presented in strip-cartoon format, their content is virtually constant: a horse sits

virtually constant: a horse sits in a carriage whipping a man who draws it; a patient mini-sters to his doctor; mice chase cats; a tree saws a man into cats; a tree saws a man into logs; or a lady asks a man to dance. The theme goes back to the Renaissance and, ultimately, to classical antiquity; but what is compelling is how the same situations can be read either way according to time and circumstance for, simultaneously, they violate or sustain the exist-ing order of things.

It is the matter-of-fact rendering of cruelty in the more violent of these role-reversal images that is so disturbing, evoking in mind the more sadistic streak in German literature typified, for instance, by and begins to gut a man hang- the ing from the ceiling. In our own century these strike new

natural world and, above all, liar with today's ocean of fluffy the one with animals. In this animals, mascots and greeting way they retain their potency in a new context. So do those whose mainspring

is an obesion with dwarfs and monetrosities-a celebration of the grotesque in human form that today would produce mass outrage from the huge lobby for the disabled and physically handicapped. That has no place in the make-up of earlier

Jacques Callot's Varie Figure Gobbi, or various sorts of mis-birth, which appeared first in the 1620s, had a long and vigorous life. He depicts beggars with enormously enlarged heads, hunchback musicians, dwarfs with hideously distended or overhanging bellies. Callot immortalises the cult by renaissance courts of such deformed people who were accorded a place within their ranks, given suites of tiny rooms (as at the Gonzaga court) or, in Spain, immortalised by the brush of

Velasquez. We forget that, for centurios, these abnormal people were used as part of the repertory the punishments meted out in of desoration from porcelain Grimm's fairy tales. An ox to garden statuary. Its conliterally picks up a chopper temporary equivalent would be the use of Down's syndrome children in wallpaper design.

remains vital, if diluted, is the anthropomorphic, Anyone famicards will recognise the complex roots upon which this senti-mentality has been built. It is, in fact, the sentimental side that is missing, an overlay applied only to animals from the middle of the 18th century by the bourgeois classes, and whose eventual result we know in the form of Beatrix Potter, Walt Disney and Paddington Bear.

We are in tougher climes here, with singeries aimed at pillorying the foibles and follies of mankind. They are depicted skating on ice, in a parody of a picture by Avercamp; or, a century later, a bewigged mon-key enacts the excesses of con-temporary courtship from dancing a minuet to climbing a ladder to a balcony.

It is easy to forget how long the influence of Arcimbold lasted. Here, we see it spill down through the centuries. Mountainous landscapes become a man's head in profile; a rock on close inspection is a human head and face; while, in another, huntsmen ride over what is a vast eminence identifiable as a dead stag. It is as well to remember that our own popular imagery will appear as bizarre and remote in two centures' One stream of imagery that time as any we see here.

#### Nerone/Camden Festival

When Arrigo Boito died in has rarely been revived (in 40 worked with Verdi and—as avail. The best singing came 1918 he was a pillar of the years of Italian opera-going, I sources—with Goethe and from Sirry Ella Magnus, as Italian cultural establishment, have seen only two processed libertist of Verdi's ductions).

Shakespeare might well feel Rubria, the Vestal-turned-some inhibitions in tackling a Christian; and from Alastair revered librettist of Verdi's Otello and Falstaff and composer of the youthful Mefis-tojele, then firmly in the operatic repertory. He left a puzzling legacy, the unfinished Nerone, on which he had been working—or claiming to work— for more than half a century. His literary executors found an embarrassing richness of drafts, revisions, pentimenti. Toscanini, who was to conduct the post-humous premiere, had to call in two composers to help sort out the manuscript; first Antonio Smareglia, then Vin-

ductions).

Now, thanks to the enterprise of the Camden Festival, Nerone has had its first British performance (a concert version on Tuesday night in Logan Hall), 60 years after its Milanese proto years after its Milanese production. London's opera-lovers will be grateful, no doubt, for this opportunity to hear a work so famous but so ill-known; it is hard to believe, however, that the festival's venture will lead to repeats, or to stagings of Nerme here

Nerone here. entonio Smareglia, then Vin-enzo Tommasini. The first pro-duction of Nerone finally took lated as "fear of great art." place at La Scala in 1924. It or "fear of not being great." was a succès d'estime; the work After all, a man who

fine reserves of string tone in

the first movement, stark, raw

ing attention to every nuance of the solos in the third move-

ment the symphony was seen through its potentially weakest

passages; the finale may be short-winded but it was carried

here with convincing virtuosity.

This exceptional concert almost fell into the apparently

not quite an overture, more a gentle idyll, a kind of latter-day

Buterworth rhapsody, elegantly shaped and limpidly scored.

grand opera based on the Roman empire. In his deter-mination not to sound like any-one else, Boito erased all char-acter from his music. It sounds like nothing much at all. Boito was not much good with tunes.
anyway, so there are only wisps
of phrases, false starts that go
nowhere. The best music is for
the scenes of Roman pomp (the Christians, naturally, have ethereal, washed-out orchestra-

tion); they have a stirring, Hollywood martial ring, but cannot come up to Franz Waxman or Erich Korngold. Some of the singers, trying to infuse life into the dull score, yelled and bammed, but to no

from Sirry Ella Magnus, as Rubria, the Vestal-turned-Christian; and from Alastair Miles and Patrick McCarthy, in smaller parts: Miles has a deep, solid bass, and McCarthy is

clearly a valuable character-tenor.

In Nerone, the chorus has a lot to do, and the Abbey Opera Chorus did it very well indeed. From the pretty song-fragments that drift across the Roman campagna in the first act, to the "crowd music" of the Circus Maximus, the chorus found just the right sound and volume. Much of the credit must go to the conductor Antony Shelley, who kept his large forces together and drew enthusiastic.

#### Philharmonia/Festival Hall

#### Andrew Clements

Simon Rattle's account of first two movements, with every-Shostakovich's Fourteenth Symphony is already established as
a searing, profoundly moving experience. He repeats it at demand such an attempt at the Barbican next Sunday with the London Sinfonietta. On Tuesday, at the Festival Hall, he turned his attention to the Tenth with the Philharmonia explanation. In every detail Rattle obtained superlative playing from the Philharmonia: the nrst movement, stark, raw chording in the second, a secure brass choir, above all perhaps pungently characterised woodwind, with the bassoon especially outstanding. By pay-Orchestra, and produced a per-formance of quite spectacular intensity and architectural assurance, with the orchestra restored to its most formidable

Rattle's view of Shostakovich 10 seemed structurally akin to that of a Mahler symphony especially the Fifth: the substantial and tragic first movement closely twinned with the ferocious scherzo, the two movements and the second scherzo, the two movements are structured to the second scherzo. ments played with scarcely a break between them; the third movement a broad character piece standing alone; the finale preceded by an extended, relaxed introduction. It made perfect musical sense, and at the ne time placed the emotional centre of the work firmly in the

form.

#### Babes in Arms/Brighton Michael Coveney

The British premiere of this wonderful 1937 Rodgers and Hart musical (composed one year after On Your Toes) was the female star is another popuwonderful 1937 Rodgers and Hart musical (composed one year after On Your Toes) was given by the students of LAMDA last year in a fresh and touching production by Wendy Toye. Roger Redfarn's touring version this week at the Theatre Royal, Brighton, has many good points but the musical direction of Alan Bruce is not one of them, nor are the crashing scene changes during "My Funny Valentin." When that marvellous song gets reprised. so, alas, do the stagehands. There is a heartlessness at the core of the evening, a brash crudity that is not quite the same as an abrasiveness appropriate to the great Hart lyrics. the hairstyles are all to pot, too.

now old-fashioned scheme of overture — concerto — sym-phony. Almost, because David Matthews's September Music is Still, one must be thankful for small mercies. Or, in the case of Matthew Kelly, tall ones. You will remember from the 1939 MGM movie that Mickey Rooney played the revue com-poser leading his band of underpaid apprentices at a Cape Cod The concerto was Mozart's G major K.453 for piano; the solist was Alfred Brendel in summer theatre from dilapi-dated fortune to ultimate triumph. Well, Mr Kelly in the

lar TV face, Su Pollard from Hi De-Hi Miss Pollard's spectacles always match her dress even when her voice does not match the music. Her best moment as the theatre's put-upon codirector comes when she fills in as the maid in the doomed play by the tiresome Tennessee Williams lookalike (rendered even more tiresome and looka-like by Brian Godfrey). She displays sure comic timing, a powerful voice and a spectacularly slender pair of legs.

My own particular favourite, however, is "I wish I were in Love Again" with its brilliantly intricate and witty lyric—"When love congeals it soon reveals the faint aroma of performing seals" is a fleeting sample. As the support couple entrusted with this song. Lisa entrusted with this song, Lisa Maxwell and Mark Haddigan need to be reminded of the quality verse at their mercy. The competent choreographer

is Tudor Davies, the reasonably ditto designer Terry Parsons. The good jokes of George Oppenheimer's book are best solist was Airred Brender in the severely disciplined mood in the first movement, grand expressivity in the second and delicious wit in the finale, where Rattle too led the orchestra in some tellingly moulded playing in the slower episode. The good jokes of George taller than Mr Rooney and, even Oppenheimer's book are best with his Game for a Laugh delivered by Yvonne Manners as beard shaved off, he is not all a domineering mother. After that fresh-faced a juvenile. Brighton, the show moves as What he lacks in musical to Swansea next week, settling finesse, however, he makes up for not only in inches but a chester.

#### Humana Drama Festival/Louisville, Kentucky

#### B. A. Young

The prize exhibit was certainly Tent Meeting, written by the three actors who played it. Becky (Rebecca Alworth) is a simple girl who has had a baby so malformed that she thinks it's a girl. Her father, the Rev Tarbox (Levi Lee), insists not only that it is a boy but that it all goes with a sense of coldis Jesus born again. As he might blooded fun.
well be the baby's father, his opinion must be considered; but confined to when he decides to hold a great prayer meeting to announce this Second Coming, things have

gone too far.
The play is full of invention. It has much humour, real ten-sion, a hint of pathos, and truthful satirical observation (I am told) of the evangelical life. The ending, at the height of a meeting that tempted the audience to join in the prayers and hymns, doesn't cap the earlier business as well as it might, but it's no disaster if colate in the box fails to match all the rest. The third actor is Larry Larson, as Becky's equally simple brother. Darrell, who has made himself

at a junk shop. Jon Jory, the Festival direc-tor, has indulged his liking for

excelled. There were

"I don't know," said an American critic setting behind me, "if but nine one act pieces, ranging we come here for the plays or just to meet all these lovely Two Masters was a couple of people." This year, we have had 45-minute plays by Frank to rely chiefly on the lovely Manley. The first is an account people, for the minth Humana excellently told by Kathy Bates.

restival at Louisville hasn't padded beyond her normal been a great year for drama. dimensions, of an encounter The prize exhibit was cer- with an escaped prisoner seek-Andy Becker, the husband, is

confined to a hospital bed in the other play, able to communicate only by stabbing at letters on a kind of ouija board. Two old ladies (Adale O'Brien and Beth Dixon) visit him on an "errand of mercy." They like to cheer the sick by "giving them something to think about herides being old and dring of besides being old and dying of cancer." They console their patient for the death of his cat

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The state of the s

that drives the soldier away to re-enlist. A bit silly, but nice playing by Dana Mills as the

Roois of Chaos was a fantasy about a family living above a burning coalmine. The trouble here is that the successive deaths of mother, daughter, son and fathar are illustical and not must lady (Rath Divny) being deaths of mother, daughter, son and father are illogical and not always relevant.

One interesting short play, Advice to the Players, by Bruce Bonafede, was the season's only concession to current affairs. In it, the ANC, for political reasons, closes a performance of Waiting for Godot by two black South African players at an American festival. The political and social points raised are interesting, though not always valid. Splendid playing by Tom

one act plays this year, some-thing in which the company has united with his wife after four we never learn; Jon Jory told what it's worth. years tells her of the wonder- us at a Press conference how

**Exhibitions** 

when a stranger of his own age one-act pieces, and perhaps the enters and claims to be his son. economy dammed the river at He is familiar with all the source. The action consists family knowledge that he mostly of a very long fight, couldn't have known. More, he ingeniously devised by Steve Rankin and fought tirelessly by the definer the colding away to Christian Konfigura away to Christian Christian Kauffmann and Leo Burmester. Mr Burmester takes a 15 ft swallow-dive from a balcony on to his colleague. Douglas Soderburg's The Around the battle there is Texas

interrogated by an East German security man (Ken Jen-kins). We see all the classic techniques, except bodily tor-ture, and after a year's failure to extract anything the interrogator packs up and relegates his victim to another operator. The play, which strays now and then into dreams, gives scope for varied and sensitive acting. Now, down to the depths. War of the Roses by Lee Bless-ing (75 minutes with no inter-Wright and Delroy Lindo as the ing (75 minutes with no interactors, and Anna Maria val) is an account of how David Horsford (also black) as the and Carolyn (Rose, of course) parent for the death of his cat by reminding him that, if cats actors, and Anna Maria live longer than his did, it means they weren't hit by a car or poisoned by anyone. It's shared a programme with The wonderfully callous and uncommonly funny. Black farce seems one of the flavours of the hospital.

Of the longer one-act plays.

ful future he has planned, exposition was economised in O'Keefe's Ride the Dark Horse, about the hysterical behaviour of a suburban Chicago family when their daughter (the attractive Melody Combs) suddenly falls ill with a glandular disease, and duly dies in her father's arms. I couldn't believe in arms of them greater the terms. in any of them except the two kids, Joel and Lennie, who were always anxious to get out. "Oh, God, how can this be?" the mother kept asking, and so did I. Robert Spera, the director, wasn't very happy with his eight characters on the little stage of the Victor Jory Theatre.

I would probably have given the same hads marks to Heather.

the same bads marks to Heather McDonald's Available Light about French peasants in 1832. with songs and dances, but I was too discouraged to come back after the interval and this disqualifies me from pronounc-ing a thoughtful judgment.

All the designs, both in the big Pamela Brown Theatre and the small Victor Jory, have been done by Paul Owen, who can do more by decorating a single wall than some can with the Drury Lane stage. In the big theatre, where he can be more elaborate, he produces impressive sets, such as the vineyard in (the author insists) Nor-

wonderfully callous and uncommonly funny. Black farce seems a pointless piece set in a mental divorce. Carolyn thought mandy.

There were two similarly black pieces of less value. In The American Century by Murphy Guyer, the laughs are based on impossibilities, which won't do in farce. A soldier reunited with his wife after four months of the four learn; Jon Jory told was too predictable; I David was too predictable; I David was too predictable. Every known the most entertaining was James of the McLure's The Very Last Lover clické of marital dispute is the four literary staff, whose debates over the year should the four literary staff, whose debates over the year should have been worth hearing. But what it's worth.

Why the girl, played by Debra was J. F. Then there was J. F. of-house staff is unique.

#### Handel/Royal Northern College of Music

#### Stanley Sadie

There is no good musical reason why Teseo, the ninth of Handel's operas and his third for London, should have had to wait so long for a stage revival in this country. Tuesday's per-formance in Manchester was the first, it seems, since the last that Handel himself directed in formances tonight and on Saturday; the opera is to have a London revival by the English Bach Festival in July, in association with the Handel Ter-

Handel's first London opera, in 1711, had been the highly successful "Magic Opera" Rinaldo, his second the more modest Il pastor fido. With Teseo, he clearly was aiming at another spectacular success. His librettist, N. F. Haym, turned to the land of operatic spectacle, france, for his text, and arranged one that Quinault had written for Lully to set in 1675: hence the five-act form of Teseo, uniquely among Handel's

entenary Festival.

The work combines a classical plot (a story about the young Theseus) with magical elements (the sorcery of Medea). It was originally given with lavish scenes, decorations, flights and machines" and new, rich costumes. The music, too, if i not as sensationally various as

that of Rinaldo, is lavish. Its for keeping the ears wide open, enterprise and almost experithat of Rinoldo, is lavisn. 145
enterprise and almost experimental character are that of a
exceptional promise. Janice
close brought a voice of con-

a conservatory should elect to produce a historic work in a way that makes many of the characters' utterances meaningless and requires them to act in a way that is wholly at ocils with the music. In this kind of realistic context the use of high voices for the male parts, though musically obligatory, becomes once again a troublesome issue, as it does not in a setting that comprehends some degree of stylisation. So does Medea's sorcery, when, in a blaze of pink smoke,

when, in a claze or pink smoke, she transforms the house into a "hellish landscape" strewn with bodies, peopled by sinister men in gas masks (as well as the understandably puzzied cast) and watched over by the company towars. tries from searchlight towers. There must be better vehicles than Teseo to carry Mr Fraser's March 22-28 message, whatever it may be

ings where the eyes are better kept closed, it was certainly one

youthful composer—Handel was Close brought a voice of con-27 when he wrote it—flexing his siderable beauty and expressive The opera opens, according to the stage directions, in a temple of Minerva, near Athens, where coping with big rhetorical a battle is being fought. In utterances. It was a pity that Malcolm Fraser's production, it such a superb Act III aria had opens in a country house, a to be delivered from so far back royal residence adapted tem- on the stage. Gillian Webster porarily as a bospital in a war sang Agilea's music in a bright, of the early 20th century. The ringing soprano, capable equally female characters are nurses or of rhythmic and accurate disladies of leisure, the males sions and a long expressive line.

(besides the king) young officers. The opera is, neverthewith some charm and vivacity, less, sung in the original Italian. if slightly indistinct articulation, by Rachel Robins, and there was clean and spirited I find it a shade curious that singing from Adrianne Murray as Arcane. Louise Jackson, in the castrato role of the king. the end of the evening was showing a low mezzo of some beauty and vigour. The leading cestrato part of Theseus was sung with character and vitality by Diana Palmer, who is not yet a very sure actress. One somebut even the tiny deus ex machina part, probably assigned to a bass by Handel, was taken by a soprano.

> U.S. choreographer at Sadler's Wells

American choreographer Merce Cunningham is bringing his contemporary ballet com-pany to Sadler's Wells for a two-week season from May 14-25.

There will be four separate programmes with a variety of composers,

#### Personal

#### **FACT**

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# Arts Guide

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuesday. Theatre/Wednes-day. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts ap-

Treasures from the New York Public Library: 260 works chosen from one of the five best library collections in the world may cover America better than Europe, but the inclusion of a Gutenberg Bible, the Tickhill Psat-ter and French bindings supple-ments Americana, such as examples of Melville's work, announcements of the discourage of New York and of the discovery of New York, and one of the earliest globes. Ends May 24. (42nd & 5th Av).

**NEW YORK** 

National Museum of American Art: 49
works by five 19th century black
artists highlight a show of a littleknown area of American art. It reminds the world of Joshua Johnson,
University of the state the first recognised black American portrait painter, Henry Ossawa Tan-ner, a student of Thomas Eakins and neo-classical sculptress Edmonia Lewis. Ends April 7.

Art Institute: 62 great architectural drawings cover the last five centu-ries in this show lent by the Royal Institute of British Architects. Ends Mon 21

nardo da Vinci Nature St drawings on loan from the Royal Library at Windsor Castle concluding a travelling exhibition in Europe, U.S., and Australia. The exhibition has been designed by Paul Williams, designer of the Renoir at the Hayward Gallery, London. Sei-bu Museum of Art, Seibu Depart-ment Store, Ikebukuro. Ends May

Takve in the Sixties: A rare chance to Tokyo in the Sixties: A rare chance to see Press photographs of Mitsutoshi Hanaga who has captured many of the events of that turbulent decade in Tokyo – much to the authorities' chagrin who feel such Press photos now tarnish Japan's modern image. Plan B Event Space. Nakano (near Nakano Fujimicho Station). Fri on-it (384 2051)

Younger (1497-1543): Thanks to the acquisitions by Louis XIV, the Louvre boasts one of the richest and rarest collections of the court painter of Henry VIII. Five of his master-pieces, portraits of Erasmus and Anne of Cleves among others, retrace his artistic development, accompanied by several drawings of equally prime importance. The exhibition is completed by paintings from the royal collections thought, mistakenly, to be by Holbein. Louvre, Pavillon de Flore, Porte Jaujard (250 3226). Closed Tue, Ends April 15. boasts one of the richest and rarest

emoir - a survey of the life's work of the artist who, more than any other, has come to be seen as the quintes-sential Impressionist. Yet this easy labelling is now shown to be a gross and misleading over-simplification. In Renoir, once the label falls away. we find a wonderfully instinctive painter, aware of what his fellows were doing and responsive to it, but never the creature of theory, analynever the creature of theory, analy-sis or programme. The later works, hitherto considered so difficult, stand as major works in their own right Organised by the Arts Council and sponsored by IBM, this fasci-nating and beautiful show goes on to Paris, where it will be much ex-tended, and to Boston.

#### **WEST GERMANY**

Berlin, Schloss Charlottenburg, Span-dauer Damm, Neuer Flugel: Berlin is putting on the biggest exhibition of Antoine Watteau to commemo-rate the 300th anniversary of his birth. The National Gallery of Arts, Washington, the State Museum of France and the administration of Berlin's castles are sponsoring the show. The French roccco painter often used poor quality colours, there-fore many of his paintings are in a bad condition and have not been displayed before. The exhibition in-cludes 73 drawings and 143 paint-ings. Ends May 25.

#### BRUSSELS Palais des Beaux Arts: Felicien Rops

drawings, paintings and watercol-ours - a mixture of the macabre and ITALY

Syracuse (Sicily) Palazzo Bellomo: An important collection of paintings by Carsvaggio: Focal point is the huge painting The Burial of Senta Lucia – patron saint of Syracuse – painted

in 1608, when Caravaggio returned to Sicily after 14 years in Rome. Un-til Easter.

Amsterdam. Stedelijk Museum. La Grande Parade (named after the painting by Léger) is a feast of high-lights in international painting after 1940. Forty artists are represented with 250 works loaned from all over the world. The show is designed as an encounter between the late crea-tions of patriarchs like Matisse, Pitions of patriarchs like Matisse, Pi-casso and Braque and works by the outstanding representatives of sub-sequent generations (De Kooning, Bacon, Pollock, Giacometti, Rothko and many others). Theory, for once, takes second place, leaving the art to speak for itself. On the ground loop is an impropring ralless of the floor is an impressive gallery of pho-to portraits of the artists exhibited. Ends April 15.

#### VIENNA Adolf Von Menzel: A rare chance to

see drawings and watercolours by the 19th century Prussian master. This selection from the Berlin City Museum shows Menzel's work in all its eclectic vitality. Idealised historiris ececuse vitainty. Internate instorr-cism gives way to a vibrant natu-ralism as images of fallen soldiers, French prisoners of war or of an officer guzzling at a court ball, record aspects of the Empire of Frederick the Great. But it is the spare charcoal sketches of working men and peasant houses that have greater impact than the shadowy emperor and neat theatre parties. Albertina.

There are better ways of treating Teseo too.

If it was one of those even-

#### Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft

# Waugh makes £59,400

The autograph manuscript of Evelyn Waugh's second novel, "Vile Bodies", sold at Christie's yesterday for £59,400, almost three times the pre-sale top estimate. The buyer's identity was kept secret but the British Museum was believed to be the under-bidder.

"Vile Bodies" is the only waugh manuscript not in the greatest novel, "The Glass

"Vile Bodies" is the only tions of Dashield Hammett's Waugh manuscript not in the University of Texas, which purchased his entire library on his death in 1966.
"Un Grand Sommeil": £14,040 death in 1966. "Un Grand Sommeil"; £14,040
Waugh gave it in 1930 to his from Sawyer for a collection of

scripts and letters totalled sarction yesterday of scripts and letters totalled sarction yesterday of bought-in. Brahms's autograph manuscript of the first of the manuscript of the first of the "Five Songs" made £48,600 (against a £10,000 top esti-

waugh gave it in 1930 to his from Sawyer for a contection of friends Bryan and Diana Guinness with the inscription: "I too of North America during the am afraid that this will never the 1760-1770s (estimated be of the slightest value." It £1,000); and £4,536 for letters was sold yesterday by their and other memorabilia of Capson, the Hon Jonathan Guinness.

South Pole in 1912.

12.3 per cent hought-in. Top price was £74,800 paid for "Scene de Rue, Lagny" by mate), and the London dealer "Scene de Rue Fritz-Denneville bought a letter Henri Lebasque.

# FINANCIALTIMES

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON ECAP ARY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday March 28 1985

# New realism in Hungary

the rest of the world. Its semitism would disappear as the leaders told their communist party congress that it was illu- on a common class basis. sory to think that Hungary and other communist countries, simply because they were socialists, were immune from such capitalist ills as economic slumps and inflation and other political problems like nationalism and anti-semi-ms." In other words, Huntims." In other words, nungarian leaders now admit, 40 years into the quest for the Communist Utopia, that they—and their allies—have basic problems just like the rest of us in the non-communist world.

At any previous point in the past four decades, such an outburst of candour from an East European country could be guaranteed both to be isolated and to produce a blast of Soviet anger, But this latest display of frankness from Budapest co-incides with, and indeed is partly prompted by, a signifi-cant official lowering of expec-

Mikhail Gorbachev. Ordinary citizens in the East, of course, know without having to be told, what their problems are. But what increases their cynicism is the narrowness and abstruseness of public political debate in their one-party states. has tended to be couched in blanket appeals to Marxist-Leninist principles, or in terms of endless fine-tuning of one, five, 15 year plans.

#### Sensitive nerve

For lack of an opposition, statements that living standards are always on the rise go unchallenged. Yet this week we have seen Hungary's "candid communists" puncture this shibboleth, with their top leader, Mr Janos Kadar, conceding that real wages went down in 1980-84 and that the country nearly had to default

for the economy, went much comecon and cannot therefore further in condemning what he called "generally well-intentioned revolutionary illusions." systems diverge too far from called generally well-inten-tioned revolutionary illusions. These illusions ranged from beliefs that consumer demand could go long unsatisfied and that prices could stay detached

HUNGARY this week re-joined that nationalism and antipeoples of the Soviet bloc united

> This last admission touches an acutely sensitive nerve. Hungarians are fed up with the pretence that "socialist solidarity" with Romania alleviated the lot of the 2m ethnic Hungarians living in that country. But there are many similar nationality problems elsewhere in the region, most particularly in the Soviet Union where anti-semitism is also rampant. Soviet leaders will not welcome Mr Havasi's candour on that score.

But the rest of Mr Havasi's

remarks will find an echo in Moscow. Indeed Hungarian officials say they are an echo of the work that started under Mr Chernenko and Mr Gorbachev (while he was number two with the Politburo ideology portfolio) to lower expectations raised far too high in the past cant official lowering of expec-tations in the Soviet Union it-self, now under new and more realistic management with Mr take that of the richest Western country, the U.S., has become a sick joke, and the Kremlin knows it as well as anyone. The Soviet communist party congress expected this autumn is to get a new time-table, stating that the Soviet people have a long economic haul and radical changes in front of them before they reach

perfected socialism.
So. Utopia has not been cancelled, but postponed for a further lengthy period. Obviously candour comes easiest to Hungary, where the economy is more buoyant

Everywhere in the communist world, except Romania and isolated Albania, there is now agreement on the need for some management decentralis-ation, some real role for prices to allocate resources, some link between pay and output.
The problem is one of degree

on its debts back in 1982.

The main evangelist of this new realism at the Budopest congress, Mr Ferenc Havasi, the congress, Mr Ferenc Havasi, the congress member responsible cent of their trade inside comeon and cannot therefore each other. This is why what Mr Gorbachev decides to do with the largest economy in the bloc is so important to the from value and cost, to the hope rest.

# Hot air about competition

THESE days the Man on the UK. Liberalisation is sought in Clapham Omnibus must be presumed to take an interest in big fish and is likely to prosper British aviation policy. He may in a free-for-all. Outside Europe have found recent events it is a different story: airlines baffling. On the one hand, Mr such as SIA (and the big Michael Spicer, Aviation Minister, has been probleming the advantages of an open skies London-Singapore route, SIA is policy. "Never before," he said yesterday, commenting on the many passengers as BA even many passengers as BA even many passengers as BA even the street of the st new agreement with Luxem-bourg, "have two governments Outside Europe, the argument agreed to leave it so completely goes, it is best to stick to the to their airlines to use their letter of the restrictive bilateral own individual commercial agreements British officials have

On the other hand, our Man jolting to work on the Omnibus will have noticed full page advertisements from Singapore Airlines (SIA) in his morning newspapers wondering what has happened to the free trade in-stincts of Sir Stamford Raffles, stincts of Sir Stamford Raffles, the British founder of the island city. Why, ask the adverts featuring the photogenic Miss Goh Mui Jong, cannot the Singapore girls (plus jumbos and passengers) land at Manchester as well as Heathrow airport? Singapore wants to augment its daily flight to Heathrow by Landing thrice Heathrow by landing thrice weekly at Manchester and is more than willing to compete with British Airways (BA) on

#### Liberalisation

Mr Spicer's Luxembourg agreement, which follows more liberal pacts with the Netherlands and West Germany, will be welcomed by all who seek services for customers. It is fully consistent with last October's air transport White Paper which promised "to promote competition in all markets: internationally by working to reduce restrictions on services." But why is the Government saying that SIA can fly to Manchester only if it gives up flights to Heathrow? Why in the interests of greater Why in the interests of greater so would be needlessly maso-competition is Mr Spicer not chistic and do nothing to welcoming the Singapore girls and living up to his rhetoric?

judgments as to how they may so carefully negotiated. The dim best meet and stimulate the view Whitehall takes of Singademands of the customer." some sense: Singapore (and other Far Eastern airlines) want increased flight frequencies to the UK for one reason only—to give them more scope to poach lucrative UK-Austro-lia traffic. SIA's UK flights are about 77 per cent full but only about half the passengers are thought to be UK-Singapore traffic; the rest is UK-Australia traffic and technically a contra-vention of the air services

> The logic as British officials The logic as British officials see it is straightforward: Singapore is already breaking the rules of the game—SIA is using only about a third of its present capacity to carry legitimate UK-Singapore traffic. To concede extra capacity at Manchester would be the height of folly and would merely serve to give Singapore a bigger clice of BA's Singapore a bigger slice of BA's

London-Sydney turnover, with-out the prospect of any quid pro quo for Britain. This reasoning, however unattractive to advocates of wider consumer choice, cannot be dismissed. The argument is that while limited competition may be possible on some short-haul routes in Europe, so many national interests are involved on the longer routes that some form of governmental bargaining is inevitable. There may be no fundamental economic justification for refusing Singapore access to an under-utilised airport like Manchester but to do further the cause of competition. The most serious obstacle The cynical answer is that, as the failure to break up BA governments endlessly to bail before its privatisation last year out uneconomic flag airlines.

UIET flows the River Don the once illustrious factories which line its grimy banks through what has long ceased

The empty buildings and abandoned smokestacks are as evident in South and West Yorkshire as anywhere else in Britain's blighted industrial heartland. In their shadow stand the survivors of the recession: tra-ditional engineering businesses, now faced with turning survival into real recovery.

has been decimated.

wherever gases or liquids have to be moved from one end of a pipe to the other. Most are pipe to the other. Most are made of iron, forged or cast steel or bronze. Their shapes fill catalogues of jargon, full of gates and globes, plugs and balls, butterflies and parallel si'des. Their sizes range crimmonly from a 1 in bore, opened and closed at the flick of a wrist, to the great 24 in valves shipped to Alaska and Arabia to control the flow along crude oil pipelines.

Across the whole range. British firms ruled the world

nown names.

But since the mid-1970s, morts to the domestic market

are still over-engineered

have climbed from 21 to 37 per cent of total sales, a six-fold jump in value terms. They have been almost the only statistic on the rise. Employment in the sector has dropped from 25,000 to 12,000 in 10 years. Last year, 21 per cent fewer industrial valves were made in Britain than in 1980. In real terms, sales since 1981 have collapsed.

A striking contrast, however, is already presented by the

OLD SCHOOLFRIENDS pop up in the oddest places. Mr Harry Wood had already been with Serck Audeo for nearly 30 years in 1981, when the Staffordshire valve manufacturer and its sister companies were acquired by the conglo-merate BTR. He got a shock to find his new chairman was the same Owen Green he shared a classroom with at Stockton-on-Tees Grammar School years ago. Appointed managing director, Mr Wood found that was not the only

in Rotherham -- and quieter still are many of to be the Workshop of the

World.

No engineering business is more traditional in the hills around Rotherham and Huddersfield than the great Victorian legacy of valve manufacturing.
The inventor of the household tap valve, Richard Chrimes, built his factory beside the Rotherham Don in the 1840s and Guest and Chrimes is still there. But its sector of the economy

Industrial valves are needed

British firms ruled the world market for a century or more. even in the 20 years up to the id-1970s, when the UK had est its commanding dominance, the industry was still highly ucrative for most of the well-

**British products** 

surprise in Store from BTR.

Quite simply, the new parent limited its interference with his company's Newport plant to an absolute mini-mum. While the old Serck group directors were removed in pretty short order, the operating management of

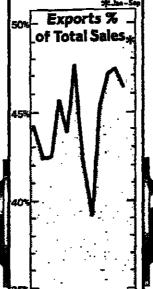
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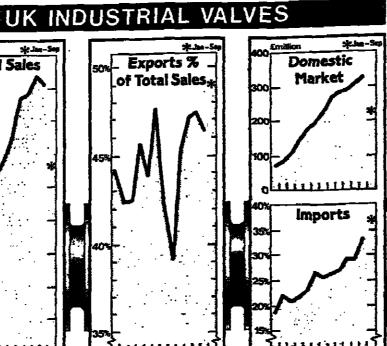
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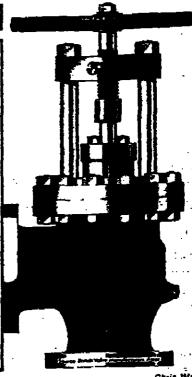
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# An industry that is fighting back

By Duncan Campbell-Smith

various candidates for recovery. On the one hand are those, generally smaller and often family-run, firms struggling des-perately amid a litany of recriminations from the board-room about import dumping, foreign subsidies, Third World cheap labour and export market On the other hand are those

-perhaps exemplified by Serck Audco (see below) - which appear to be regaining the initiative in their marketplace by rising to three broad challenges. First, the rationalisation of plant and equipment—which has been widespread—has had to be accompanied by a fresh regard for market research and product development. Second, far more muscle has been needed in marketing. And third, export success has had to be recognised as the effective prerequisite of future growth. Neither market research nor

product development has had with quality has helped allow much claim to distinction in the recent past, least of all in the North Sea. "UK valve makers are only interested in producing a valve once they can see a definite requirement. says Mr Alan Foulger, materials co-ordinator for Britoil. "That's not very encouraging for a cus-tomer like us working to get into new technology areas

The development of existing products has historically been the main source of inspiration for progress in UK engineering; but too many valve-makers seem to have been resting on their laurels, content with a reputa-tion for high quality.

"British products are still over-engineered," says Mr Michael Scott, marketing manager for Bestobell which is 25 per cent owned by BTR and has just embarked on a revitalisation of its own valve operations. He says that the pre-occupation reduced and every machine

cheap Italian imports to carve up a whole segment of the home market. "UK companies can't see there's a need for the low cost product as well. Marketing gets confused with questions of image. The engineers fall in love with their own technical excellence." Some companies like Durance,

the Lancashire subsidiary of the U.S. group Dresser Industries, have worked hard to meet valve specifications more cost effectively: "We have been able to reduce the cost of our high pressure products, on average, by 20-25 per cent," says Mr Don Saltmarshe, Durance's managing director. And others, including Bestobell, have con-centrated on higher value-added products and on development work which brings in the custo-

mer on a regular basis. Even with unit costs brutally

humming to perfection UK valve manufacturers have still had to overhaul incompetitive marketing.

"The Italians can see a pound through a brick wall," as one leading UK competitor put it. Their aggressive lead on pricing in the UK market—emulated by other Continental producers as well as the Japanese and other Far Eastern competitors— has forced a finer appreciation of some marketing home truths.

For example, with importers ready and able to cut prices in order to buy market share, the UK manufacturer has undoubtedly been judged more harshly than ever by the reliability of his delivery times—occasionally with unhappy provides for demostic soles. Nor results for domestic sales. Nor has every UK competitor been quick to appreciate the importance of pitching hard against the importer by offering specifi-

cations tailor-made for the customer as and when required Above all, perhaps, the more successful domestic manufacture turers have at last overcome lingering disdain among many for the independent distribute whose presence in the Unmarket is been so successfully exploited by the importers themselves.

The producer should concentrate on what he's best at go through the nitty-gritty of go through the nitty-gritly of answering endless enquiries and selling a few valves here and a few valves there, says Mr David Kiggell, managing director of Brooks and Walker, one of the commun's feur biggest valve distributors. Virtually all the leading minutesture. all the leading manufacturers now do so—and the industry's association is even thinking of offering membership to the

The best marketing in the world, though, will do nothing to arrest the volume decline of the UK home market. The drastic cuts in spending by the water authorities, the tailing of water authorities, the tailing off of the UK power station fregramme, the lack of new off refinery projects and constraints on future house-building affidictate that the third challenge facing the valve industry must be to capture a larger share of the world's export markets—though these boast little or as real growth themselves.

"The good UK companies the pull and BTR home regained the initiative at home." Signific Alam Courts of brillens

Mr Alan Chales, of brokens, of brokens, of brokens, of brokens, of brokens, and the still have to turn themselves into big exporters. The pound's decline against the dollar is heaven sent in that respect."

Most of the reviving com-panies need no reminding. Triangle Valves of Wigan, owned by Evered and profitable again after five years of losses. has just had its best month for orders and is pushing ahead fast

Now or never opportunity for success

with U.S. export plans. Hopkinsons, traditionally an in-dustry leader from its hillside 20 acre factory site in Huddersfield, set up a U.S. marketing office last July. This company, too, would like to see expansion in the U.S. crown a remarkable turnaround since 1981. "If we can't achieve success with the dollar/pound rate-where it is." says Mr Phil Thomas, Hopkin-sons' finance director, we never will."

#### 'TURNOVER IS VANITY, PROFIT IS SANITY'

Serck Audco was given its head to run one of the biggest valve factories in the country, which last year achieved an annual turnover of £20m.

The outcome had been a broad vindication of the hopes expressed for Serck's future by the 1982 Monopolies Report into BTR's purchase. A workforce of 400 produces more in volume terms than 0 in 1981. Productivity has risen by about 18 per cent and marketing for its main product — cast steel "plug" valves — has been dramatically improved.

Mr Wood and his colleagues identify two principal BTR contributions to the Newport factory's success. "If we want

funds for investment - 25 we have, for new machine tools — there will be a rigorous review; but if the case is justified, the money will be there." Sercik Andro has been able to spend nearly £5m on its plant since 1982. And second, the entire operation is now imbued with heady regard for profit above all eise. Fastidious planning and profit projections — the hallmark everywhere of the BTR group

are treated by Serck Audco's management with a degree of respect, even awe, which suggests the price for operating autonomy is only too well understood. But the rewards, too, are well appre-

Pursuing them, the Newport company has inevitably assimilated the BTR way of doing things. "Turnover is vanity, profit is sanity," says its managers, quoting Sir Owen Green with unfeigned enthusiasm. More specifically, the BTR approach is reflected in:

 Production efficiencies four new machining centres numerically controlled lathes have helped cut total delivery time on, for example, a large 24 inch steel valve from 24 to

Product specialisation — emphasis on innovatory, lub-ricated "plug" valves has typified the search for higher

vaine added products to keep Serek Andro a step ahead of the market trend, which is pulling many valves had the category of commodities.

• Export marketing — the U.S. distribution system of another valve company in the BTR group, Worcester Controls, is being used to plan a U.S. sales drive which Serck Audce hopes will quickly on a current contract to supply the Arco oil company in Alaska.

• Purchasing policy — better quality as well as com-petitive prices have been sought on all raw materials, most particularly steel cast-ings. The Newport factory will buy at home or abroad

to get the best terms, though the same criteria allows it to buy over half its castings from Wilsons Foundry in Co Bur-ham, another BIR sub-

Seeking to such ways to become a lower cost producer than its international com-petitors, Serch Audeo's record illustrates many of the more incouraging trends in the valve cugineering sector. Its revitalisation of a medium technology business within a carry a message for the broader UK economy — though the nub of the matter probably remains the shift in management attitudes. Or as one of BTR's senior strategists gently put it: "One of the hardest problems is having to turn up the wick under the boffer."

channels The road to cushy U.S. ambas-sadorship for presidential favourites and high-rolling political fund-raisers looks like getting a little harder—much to the delight of the State Depart

Diplomatic

ment's long-suffering career diplomats. Senator Charles Mathias, a moderate Maryland Republican, has persuaded some of his colleagues on the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that, in future, ambassadorial nominees should submit to a new screening procedure to check whether they are actually qualified for the job. The Committee plays a key role in processing the nominations for Senate confir-mation.

The idea, says Mathias, is to send candidates to the newly-formed American Academy of Diplomacy for interviews and "valuation." The 68-member Academy was set up in the autumn by a group of veteran diplomatic luminaries "to encourage high standards of performance by American diplomats."

Founding members child film star turned ambassador, Shirley Temple Black, former Saigon envoy Ellsworth Bunker, President Carter's Middle East negotiator, Sol Linowitz, and General Andrew Goodpaster, former supreme allied commander in Europe and confident of President

Mathias hopes that the screening will lead to the appointment of more career diplomats to the top jobs, and fewer political nominees, thus improving State Department morale and

Ambassadors, he believes, should speak for the whole country and refrain from personal politicking, like the 30 or so Reaganite ambassadors who publicly pledged their support to right-wing Republi-can Senator Jesse Helms in his bitter re-election battle in **Men and Matters** 

sadorial posts now occupied by "non-career" appointees, the

career diplomats are axious to start getting their own back.

Heron International, only to

Street wise Cyril Spencer and Ashley Meyer are delighted to be back on the High Street. Spencer, former executive chairman of Burton group, who left after a bitter power struggle with Ralph Halpern, tried to buy the UDS stores group two years ago in a bid backed by Gerald Ronson's

lose out to the mighty Hanson Trust.
This time around, he has been luckier, heading the consortium making an agreed bid for that perpetual takeover candidate, Waring and Gillow. Spencer, aged 60, says he is looking forward eagerly to run-ning "a great British business with a marvellous name."

> tive chairman, Meyer, aged 37, comes in as chief executive. Until last May, Meyer was managing director of the furniture side of Debenhams group. He left after the company struck a deal with Phil Harris of Harris Queensway. "Absolutely de-lighted," Meyer expects to start work in a few weeks' time. Waring and Gillow has a great name, he says, but the com-pany needs to widen its appeal

While Spencer is non-execu-

#### Maltese cross

io customers.

Central bankers may have to be

partment by accusing career flared between Malta and Italy diplomats of gutless liberalism. More than a year ago, Maltese With 45 of the 130 ambas have been virtually banned more than a year ago, Maltese have been virtually banned from travelling to that country. State - controlled commercial banks in Malta enforce the ban by refusing to change local cur-rency for Italian lira without special authority from the cen-

tral bank. But when the Vatican asked recently for a Maltese boy scouts' contingent to travel to Rome for celebrations marking International Youth Year, few imagined the central bank would stand in the way.

It did-refusing the scouts enough Italian currency to join the Pope and scouts from an-other 130 countries for the celebrations this weekend. The move may be cocking a snook at the Vatican. Talks between Premier Carmelo Missud Bonnici and a Vatican

are said to have made little headway. On the other hand, the central bank may be trying to save on its decision to switch some 90 per cent of its M£500m reserves into dollars.

envoy last week about the future of Roman Catholic church colleges on the island

#### To the point

The City has grown wary of the American male voice choir trying to wheedle investment in the host of U.S. biotechnology firms. But a refined female voice may kindle new interest. British-born Alison Taunton-

Rigby, a loquacious lady with very bright idea for helping diabetics, flew into London from Boston this week in search of a the failure to break up BA governments endlessly to bail before its privatisation last year so amply demonstrated, the rhetoric about competition is mainly hot air. The Government substance only if it is likely to profit the solution in the failure to break up BA governments endlessly to bail Also in Mathias's sights are out uneconomic flag airlines. Careful multilateral bargaining current U.S. ambassador to partner to support her new touch at times, but surcly those controversial figures like the considerable first-hand expersions to far. They are investment banker, who last investment banker, who last mainly hot air. The Government dustry, not unilateral gestures only if it is likely to profit the partner to support her new venture. She is a scientist with

between Connaught Labora-tories, Canada's biggest drugs company, and Damon Biotech, near Boston. Vivotech's mission is to bring

to the market an idea that could free most diabetics from the tyranny of the needle. Instead of purifying insulin for the diabetic to inject, it is developing a package of living cells which makes insulin on demand, as the patient needs

cells could last for a year, Taun-ton-Rigby believes. She hopes to be ready to try it on patients within a couple of years.

It is the kind of idea that will make a major insulin supplier like Eli Lilly wince. But it may lure a rival with international

#### Striking hard

Rumour has been spreading through strike-bound Copen-hagen that the Carisberg and Tuborg breweries, where the strike of private sector workers is not due to start until next week, have rationed supplies of beer because of hoarding by thirsty Danes. thirsty Danes.

Meticulous investigation by Meticulous investigation by the FT man reveals that the rationing has, in fact, been imposed by the brewery workers' union which has ordered drivers of delivery trucks not to handle more than 200 cases a day.

The brewery workers' go-slow delivery is decidedly the most powerful single action in the dispute so far likely to inflame colnion against the non-Socialist minority government. Chief shop steward at United Breweries, Holger Foss, has already held a kangaroo court

at Carlsberg, fining drivers who had exceeded the 200-case limit £75 each. The view from the breweries is that the strike has taken a serious turn. So long as supplies of good Danish Pilsner keep coming, no Dane is ever too unhappy about the state of his nation. But when the beer awini for a Dane to contem-

Observer



# 31st March 1982 Capital Gains Tax Base Date Prices

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Thomas Hopking

IN A discussion last year, Mr Norman Tebbla, Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, pointed to the value of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) as a forum for discussions about trade. The word was presumably chosen deliberately. It is certainly realistic. The Gatt is a forum and little more, but that is not what it was intended to be.

The Gatt was a contractual agreement among sovereign states designed to ensure that diourishing trade would contribute to the well-being of their citizens and to the reduction in international conflicts. It embodied a number of basic norms, aimed at the orderly evolution of a world economy rum on market principles. Adherence to these norms, it was loped, would curb the freedom of action of individual states and oblige them to behave, in their trade relations in the interests of all, including their own citizens. The emission in the interests of all, including their own citizens. The emphasis on these norms of international good behaviour was the fruit of that chaotic period of loisezz-fairs for government.

the 1930s.

The purpose of the agreed norms was to allow the smooth operation of an international market economy by giving businesses a predictable environment within which to

rather than thwart, adjustment to change. The permitted in-strument of protection was to be the tariff, which gives no more than a defined margin of pro-tection, while, in other respects, not frustrating market forces Furthermore, the tariff was to be "bound," that is fixed, in order to provide a stable policy environment. Still more funda-mental was the principle of non-discrimination, which was enshrined in the Gatt's first

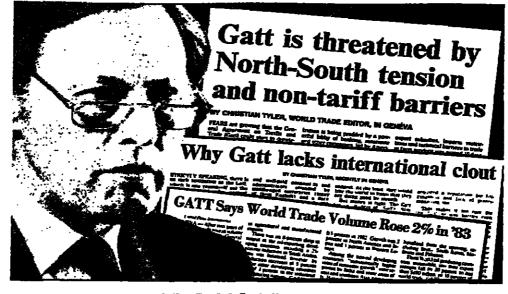
The Gatt was not intended to achieve free trade, although the aim was to liberalise trade. The favoured technique was reciprocal bargaining over tariffs. Reciprocity, sometimes in the guise of retaliation and compensation, plays a central role in the Gatt not only as a technique for negotiating liberalisation but also as an instrument for enforcing agreements. Despite some subsequent encrustations, the ambitious and comprehensive Agreement has retained its

original shape.
But the world has not. Nowadays a high proportion of
international trade is conducted
on a discriminatory basis. Furthermore, whenever a new "crisis" arises, it tends to be settled by a discriminatory arrangement, suphemistically called "voluntary" or orderly," negotiated outside the Gatt framework. Equally, the tariff has become an incressingly unimportant instru-ment of protection.

World trade

# Putting the Gatt back together again

By Martin Wolf



Arthur Dunkel, Gatt's director-general

The fundamental norms of the Gatt exercise little force over the practice of trade policy. The question is policy. The question is whether, if the Gatt does not exist, it is necessary to reinvent it. Alternatively, should one propose, with many commenta-tors and policy-makers, a more realistic world in which permanegotiation replaces

Why has the erosion hap-pened and does it matter? Three fundamental aspects of trade policy since World War II need to be stressed. First, there has never been general acceptance of the

general acceptance of the principle of non-discrimination.

Permitted instrument of protection was to be the tariff

Devices of discriminatory protection have become increasingly common and since the late 1960s have reversed the pre-vious trend towards liberalisa-tion. Once discrimination becomes a norm, further and progressive increases in protection are virtually inevitable, for the system tends to lose its two effective sanctions, namely, the rigibility as visibility of protection and re-taliation by the major powers against each other.

subsidisation abroad is neces-sary, especially in the U.S., if liberal trade is to be politically aceptable. Given the prevalence of subsidisation, however, increases in protection via countervailing duties are virtually inevitable. Because of international conflicts over the use of such duties, the U.S. has agreed that such actions would there can be little surprise that be taken only after proof of "fair" trade is the popular "material injury," the aim slogan, ruling out as "unfair"

being to reduce the frequency of countervailing action.

In addition, in 1979 a pro vision was introduced vision was introduced into American law permitting the negotiation of voluntary export restraints as a remedy for subsidy complaints. That provision is now a powerful engine for the spread of global cartel arrangements, since foreign governments prefer an export restraint agreement to the un-certainties inherent in a full hearing of a countervailing duty

Finally, there is the restsance to changes in comparative advantage per se. It is accepted, for example, that unsubsidised competition among essentially similar countries is legitimate, but competition with those who enjoy cheaper labour or cheaper land it not. But a transparent system of stable protection can-not be combined with a determination to hold on to certain "basic" industries. A commitment to particular economic structures is simply incom-patible with the market-based norms of the Gatt.

Why have there been these Ultimately, a constitutional arrangement, like the Gatt, must educate. Little but a widespread understanding of its virtues can sustain it. Yet here is a paradox. The obvious direct means of enforce-

Secondly protection against ment, retaliation, is an aspect beidisation abroad is necess of reciprocity, but the emphasis miseducates everyone about the benefits of liberal trade. More precisely, what everybody has been taught under the Gatt to see as a cost—the increase in imports following liberalisation -is really its benefit. With

horse trading is likely to be reads like an enumeration of

merits of unilateral liberalism with regard to services but fail to understand if of industry, largely because of almost 40

ever will. The present agenda of the Gatt consists of those

problems that reciprocity has

proved unable to reach, largely because the differences in the

relative weight of the perceived

losses and gains on the two "sides" of the negotiation are

believed to be too large. In addition, there are new issues

in which reciprocity seems

equally unlikely to be helpful, such as services. So the mileage

to be got from the traditional

reciprocity.'

of miseducation by

neuralgic points in the trading system. In other words, it is like the symptoms a patient might explain to his doctor, rather than the diagnosis of an illness still less the prescrip-tion for its cure. There is no underlying conception of how the drift is to be stopped. A negotiation on these points amounts to little more than rearranging deckchairs on the

The drift is dangerous. What

well informed individual with

that are the basis.

One does not need to go to see the poisonous effect of the mistaken emphasis on reciprocity. In discussions of policy towards the services based in the City of London, it ments; the worst would be a significant to the countries is the complete breakdown in international co-operation. Unfortunately, even the best is a reciprocity.

Hong Kong the for economic failure and in due course, serious political One does not need to go far for another decade or so? The to see the poisonous effect of the mistaken emphasis the differences among countries sort of trading system will there

Is there then an alternative to the basic norms of the Gatt, especially non-discrimination? One point must be stressed. The governments of almost 100 countries could never reach and

In any case, reciprocal bargaining has achieved all it Reciprocal bargaining has achieved all it ever will

> sustain a general agreement on policies involving discrimination, since, for every country favoured another would be aggrieved, with power and political convenience securing what-ever accommodation might be

> These considerations lead us back to the original concept of the aGtt. which was more about how trade policy should be formed and what instruments should be used than about the level of protection. What is needed is to restore the central norms of the syster. avoiding some of the initial mistakes. This would involve a careful reconsideration of the system as

Editor of No. 1, Av. million

so that citizens begin to see the domestic interest in liberal trade. Most fundamentally, it is essential to recognise that international order can only be that the requirements of sen-sible domestic policy will, in turn, contribute to international order. When the two are seen as being in conflict, international order is ultimately bound to suffer.

basic Gatt norms, especially non-discrimination, should be put into a treaty among the major trading powers, the implication being that in the U.S. and the Euro-pean Community, in particular, thtey could be enforced in the courts against governments. At the same time, it needs to be recognised that levels of protection are ultimately an issue for domestic political discussion, especially since a given strucprotection may have radically different consequences for output and trade in different

The international interest is in stabilising protection through binding agreements. Greater sovereign discretion on levels of protection must, however, be disciplined by appropriate pro-cedures. Countries should be required to introduce explicit discussion and evaluation of their costs and consequen-before introducing n new easures of protection.

countries.

The re-establishment of basic norms and agreement on common processes with a clear basis in the economics of trade are the priorities for the next Gatt Reciprocity, although an indispensable element, plays too great a role. Discipline must be enforced in other ways, At the same time, it is necessary to structure the political debate Round of negotiations. Otherwise, the Gatt Titanic will end on the iceberg that awaits it.

The author is director of studies at the Trade Policy Research Control.

Samuel Britan will resume his column next week. Round of negotiations. Otherwise, the Gatt Titanic will end

Lombard

# Imitating the Japanese

By Guy de Jonquieres

THE PAST few years have seen a remarkable growth of a new type of Japanese industrial export—ideas. The former "nation nate valuable resources."

Companies till seek at an early stage to forge a consensus petitors borrow freely techniques such as quality circles and inst-in-time production. port—adeas. The former nation of initators" is now being initated in turn, as western competitors borrow freely techniques such as quality circles and just-in-time production.

One of the most popular re-cent imports has been the prin-ciple of industrial collaboration in advanced electronics and computer research. In Western Europe, companies are pooling their resources in programmes such as Britain's Alvey scheme and the EEC's Esprit, while the U.S. has amended its anti-trust rules to permit the formation of a corporate research consortium, the Microelectronics and Computer Technology Corporation.
These initiatives are at least

partly inspired by Japanese successes such as the VLSI programme launched in the mid-1970s. This government-led effort endowed the participating companies with the technical expertise which has since enabled them to capture a size-able share of the world microchip market.
More recently, Japan has

again stunned the west with its Fifth Generation project, an ambitious long-term probe into computer intelligence. Its announcement three years ago helped convince European gov-ernments of the need for matching efforts such as Alvey and Esprit

The fashionable western orth-odoxy today is that such vast resources are required for basic research into frontier electronic rechnologies that closer collab-oration between companies is essential to prevent wasteful duplication and fragmentation

of effort.
Intriguingly, however, just as the west starts to put this approach into practice, the Japanese themselves are setting off on a different tack. Many of their electronics companies have concluded that joins programmes are appropriate mainly for catching up with what the rest of the world is already do-ing. When it comes to pioneer-ing new discoveries, a diversity of approach is considered more

The reasoning is that funda-nental innovation is a hit-andmiss process, for which a shot-gun is getter suited than a rifle. According to Dr Michiyuki encourage its companies to Uenobara, research director of seize more of the opportunities

ment as our expense and the

we've agreed on the broad approach, we compete furiously," says Dr Uenohara,

Partly for these reasons, few Japanese companies seem to expect the government-led Fifth Generation programme to make any really dramatic break-throughs. Many are placing much heavier emphasis on inhouse basic research and are sharply stepping up invest-ment in their own laboratories. It is to soon to say whether Japan's preference for indivi-dualism will yield better results than the west's attempts to club

Esprit's supporters have a second line of defence. They argue that the programme is also a way to remove barriers which have prevented European electronics companies from working together in the past. The hope is that joint efforts in the laboratory may lead to fur-ther constructive cooperation

downstream.
It is worth recalling though, that many of the factors which have inhibited intra-EEC industrial collaboration have also stifled real competition. Protectionist policies favouring "national champions" have frag-mented Europe, while encouraging many larger electronics companies to cling to protected home markets and eschew entrepreneurial risk-taking for "safe" public sector contracts in defence, telecommunications

and infrastructure projects.

If programmes such as Esprit and Alvey are really to strengthen Europe's electronics industry, companies may need some further incentive to apply the technology they produce more aggresively in commer-

Dr Koji Kobayashi, NEC's chairman, thinks European industry is already neglecting its technological birthright. "British universities do good research, but your companies don't seem to want to use it," he says. "I am using it, however." Perhaps a little more 'furious NEC, one of Japan's largest spotted by their Japanese rivals.

#### Conflicts and Chinese walls

From Mr J. W. Robertson
Sir,—Whilst fully acknowledging the need for adequate investor protection, particularly the new environm UK securities industry, I am concerned about the paranoia surrounding conflicts of interest and Chinese walls. There is no doubt that, by adding a market making function to the distribution, fund management (par-ticularly discretionary) and corporate finance roles of an integrated multi-function organisation, new and complex con-flicts of interest will be created. These will have to be dealt with in a responsible manner so that all investors may rest assured that they will receive fair, bonest and correct treatment However, to insist that these functions are separated by totally impenetrable Chinese walls, as many people are suggesting, so that there is absolutely no communication or contact allowed between them, is going too far.

There is nothing new in the existence of conflicts of interest and the City has become accus-tomed to handling them to the satisfaction of all but the most cynical. As has always been the case, deviation from best praccase, deviation from best grat-tice jeopardises client relation-ships; a risk deemed, quite rightly, just not worth taking. The fact that there will be more potential conflicts in future means quite simply that all practitioners will have to devise ppropriate disciplines to ensure that clients will not be dis-advantaged.

It is important to remember that the Government, in countenancing the abandonment of single capacity, accepts the value of multi-function organisations; there will be no point in forming them unless the economic benefits they bring, such as greater liquidity and a wider range of services under one roof, can be utilised. It is true that investors will

lit is true that investors will lose the protection currently afforded by the rigid separation of capacity in the Stock Exchange between agent and principal. This could lead to abuses if proper disciplines are not introduced. Barclays de Zoete Wedd is firmly committed to the establishment of a Compliance Department in order to demonstrate to clients that their monstrate to clients that their paramount interest will be properly safeguarded.

I have no doubt that other organisations are in the process

organisations are in the process of doing the same not only for the reason stated above but also because it will be a necessary commercial pre-requisite to attract and retain business. If we are not in a position to persuade potential clients that their requirements clients that their requirements are being properly protected then we will not get any of

Letters to the Editor

deservedly so.

A reasonable degree of disclosure is an important tool towards this objective. A last trade tape will be an enormous help in gaining investor confidence as well as being a stimulator of interest and activity. However, some of the recent proposals on disclosure, notably are the covernment's white years are smire overwhite paper, are going over-board and will only serve to stifle the very freedom and strength which the City revolution is seeking to achieve. We are all anxious to maintain and enhance London's position as a leading international capital

J. W. Robertson Wedd Durlacher Mordaunt & Co. Astrol House, Basinghall Ave, London EC2,

Redefining market forces

From Mr P. H. Frankel
Sir.—In the article "Time to
redefine market forces" published in your issue of March 25 one important sentence was ome important sentence was omitted for reasons of space. The relevant passage should have read: "Thirdly, it should be possible to devise a new type of contract between the main suppliers and offtakers which would cover a substantial part of the oil flow. To provide flexior the on how. To provide next-bility within an agreed range of volume and of price, such contracts would involve a floor and a ceiling both of price and and a ceiting out of price and volume, preferably not too far apart from each other, within which there would be escalation or de-escalation according to shorter-term criteria."

This last sentence is so relevant because it shows that we are thinking of individual contracts between oil operators which should open the way to a more consistent price curve. The role of governments, however important, should be confined to assuring that such contracts are being maintained. р H. Frankel.

17-19, Barter Street, London, WC1. Graduates in

engineering

From Mr W. W. Sweet Sir,—I am sure the Govern-ment is right to try to increase the number of people graduating in engineering, but I doubt whether the provision of extra places for students will be enough to achieve that aim. places provided in universities and polytechnics outstripped the number of students quali-fied and willing to fill them. The result was half-empty engineer-ing departments in the early 1970s.

Many students with good

A-levels in mathematics and physics are admitted to degree physics are admitted to degree courses in management and business studies. If you ask them why they are moving away from science, they commonly reply that it is boring. Of course these students know very little about engineering but are judging by what they do know, which is mainly the A-level mathematics and physics

gineers has stimulated more students to study sciences at A-level. I believe that some of these have been discouraged by their schools because they lacked natural aptitude in these lacked natural aptitude in these subjects. If the teaching profession in general believes that only those with natural aptitude can study any subject, not only is this an admission of defeat (countries such as Germany seem able to teach a broad range of subjects to age 18) but it will prevent any increase in the number of technically skilled people.

Press comment in recent

I suggest that an essential prerequisite for increasing the number of engineering students in higher and further education is a radical investigation of the quality of the teaching of mathematics and physics in schools.

W. W. Sweet. Head of Careers Advisory Service, University of Lancaster.

Putting business into politics

From Mr Tom Normanton, MP Sir,—The criticism of poli-ticians by Mr Don Mellor, Vice-President, Engineering, Ford of Europe, might have had merit Europe, might have had ment
if a firm such as Ford had
realised decades ago the then
overriding need, and today the
pressing urgency, to synthesise
systematically the political and
industrial cultures in which
wealth creation is facilitated.
In the European Parliament

and in most national parlia-ments, a parliamentarian or an official with industrial experi-ence is a comparative rarity. Most are drawn from the public services, universities, research institutes and the liberal and teaching professions. The days have passed when rich men and the scions of great families played politics. Today politics, though still an art, requires a Potters Bar, Heris.

experience of many aspects of society, and not just academic, It is more than ever necessary for firms which have the financial capacity to do so, to provide the conditions which will enable young ambitious men and women, particularly

family men, to enter politics and to see this development as being in harmony with an individual's continued growth, partly within the company and growingly in the body politic. In this way, a firm or an industry can make its concerns Known publicly. or privately,
For nearly 30 years I have
campaigned to bridge the divide
between industry and the body politic. Industry has only itself to blame, particularly the motor industry, that during that time it was content to dialogue with officials and give them directorships on retirement. Small wonder that governments have appeared relatively insensitive

industry and to the frustrations of other industrial sectors. How many young executives is Ford of Europe encouraging to enter politics Mr Mellor? When will firms realise that they need not lose a talented person who enters politics? Indeed, their potential gain can be considerable.

the worries of the motor

Tom Normanton House of Commons, SW1.

Who should talk to the banks? From Colonel C. de Lisle.

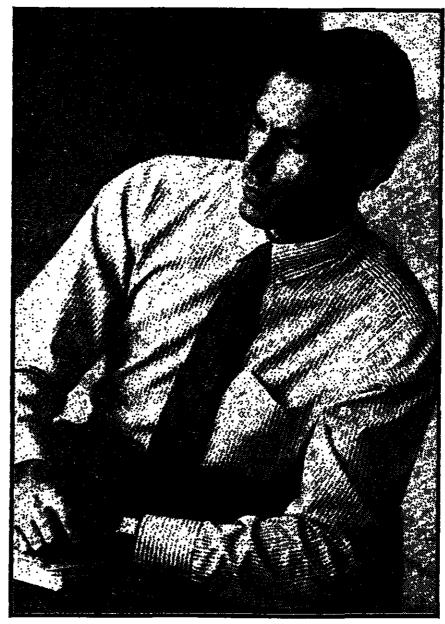
Sir,—Margaret Hughes' excel-lent article (March 16) was headed Interest rate confusion to end. I wish this was so. In various newspapers a building society and a major UK bank advertised their borrowing rates, each calculating by totally different methods. Both institu tions were providing interest with periodic rests, one semi-annually the other quarterly, and wished therefore to adver-tise their overall rate values, namely the annual equivalent in its gross format. The building society, cor-

rectly in my view, found the effective rate from the quoted net form, and then converted to its grossed up format; the bank, however, first grossed up its quoted net, and then from that format proceeded to con-vert this value to its effective rate—giving an advertised rate of almost a quarter of one per cent higher than it should have been.

The Chief Registrar of

The Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies who, according to Margaret Hughes, "quickly stepped in to halt the ensuing confusion for investors" has thus already had an impact on building societies but obviously was not quick enough to ously was not quick enough to impose his views on banks. Someone should—who?

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Austin Reed - Style

# FINANCIALTIMES

Thursday March 28 1985



LEGISLATION PROPOSED TO END PUBLIC SECTOR STRIKE

# Wage costs to rise in Denmark

BY HILARY BARNES IN COPENHAGEN

since the weekend.

The Government proposed ex-tending the present collective wage agreements in both the public and the private sector for two years. This will make it compulsory for the 300,000 workers who are either on strike or locked out in the private sector to return to work prob-ably from Sunday or Monday morning. The measures will also avert strikes in the public sector next

But Denmark's left took a strong line against the proposals. Mr Anker Jørgensen, Social Democrat leader, said the wage policy was totally one-sided: "the bosses policy." The Socialist Party called for a general strike against the Government and the Socialist People's Party called for the present strikes to continue.

A meeting of about 1,000 militant shop stewards in Copenhagen promised demonstrations this week and said they would continue the

The wage settlement imposed by

BAT INDUSTRIES

**BAT** profit

up 44%

By Alexander Nicoli

to £1.4bn

tailing and financial services con-

glomerate, yesterday reported a 44

per cent rise in 1984 pre-tax profits

to £1.4bn (\$1.68bn). It stirred con-

troversy, however, because of novel

accounting methods used by its Eagle Star insurance subsidiary.

BAT's overall result, excluding

the effect of Eagle Star's accounting

change, was in line with market ex-

increase was due to currency move

ments, and this adversely affected

stock market sentiment on a day when the dollar was falling sharply.

BAT's share price fell 22p to 328p.

Analysts were upset by Eagle Star's decision, acknowledged by

Mr Brian Garraway, BAT deputy

chairman, to be "clearly contentious," to include in its profits the

realised and unrealised capital ap-

preciation of investments by its shareholders and general funds –

smoothed by applying a five-year

moving average.

The inclusion of capital apprecia-

tion, which does not apply to life in-surance funds and is offset by a

£10m increase in liability provi-

sions which would previously have

been provided out of inner reserves,

added £95m to Eagle Star's - and

Mr Peter Rice, analyst at stock-

brokers Wood Mackenzie, said con-

ventional accounting methods were

not satisfactory, and that Eagle Star "is to be congratulated for act-ing as a catalyst." But its method is

unlikely to win industry accep-

tance, he said, because operating earnings and unrealised invest-ment gains were like "apples and

oranges" and should not be put to-

Mr Garraway said Eagle Star's

portfolio extended far beyond equi-

ties, and would thus not necessarily

suffer over an extended period from

See Lex; Details, Page 34

a stock market decline.

BAT's - 1984 profits.

pectations. But about half the profit

300

200

WAGE COSTS in Denmark will in-crease by just over 3½ per cent over the next two years under legislation work of about 2 per cent a year. The statutory order to return to work of about 2 per cent a year. proposed by the minority Government yesterday to end the strike which has affected the country of the wage bill in employers social security contributions from October

> The overall effect will be to increase wage costs over the two years by about 3.8 to 3.7 per cent, Mr Poul Schlüter, Prime Minister, told the Folketing (parliament), a figure which also takes into account the effect of a one-hour reduction in the working week from the end of

> Other measures include an inese in corporate income tax from 40 to 50 per cent and compulsory savings, in non interest bearing accounts of 8 per cent of personal tax-able incomes over DKr 150,000

> A freeze on fees in the liberal professions, limitations on increasing profit margins, reductions in mortgage loan limits and restrictions on mer credit are among the other ingredients in what the Government described as a "total solution." The measures were agreed late on Tuesday night with the Radical

continue to strike and unions which support continued strike action will be subject to fines by the labour court. Militant elements in the

trade unions are expected to try to keep the strike going, but as a bank economist commented: The Easter holiday begins next Thursday and I doubt whether many will hold out once the break is over."

The Prime Minister told the Folketing that the Government had no alternative but to intervene because the unions brought out oil and petrol distribution workers and power station workers causing about 100,000 people in the Jutland city of Aalborg to go without heating this

He told the Folketing that the measures would promote produc-tion and employment, substantially reduce the country's 10 per cent unemployment rate and reduce pri-He expected the measures to eli-

minate Denmark's deficit on the current account by 1988, for the first time since 1963. For the third consecutive day, Party, whose support is essential to bond prices increased on the Copen-

hagen stock exchange. Yields on mortgage bonds have fallen from about 13.9 to 13.4 per cent this week. The share price index fell yesterday by 1.19 to 178.54 as a result of the averaged. sult of the expected impact of higher corporate income tax rates.

Bank economists were unanimous in praising the positive effect of the income policy elements of the Government measures and predicted a reduction in annual inflation from just under 6 per cent to between 3 and 4 per cent by the end of this year.

cline in inflation would make for a reduction in interest rates, but others feared that the measures would have virtually no effect on this year's current balance of payments deficit and that this might well mean that interest rates would not

Last week, Mr Erik Hoffmeyer Governor of the central bank, called for measures to cut consumer demand in order to halve last year's DKr 17bn (about 3 per cent of FDP) current balance of payments deficit. Bank economists agreed that the Government's measures would not bring about such substantial reduc-

# Degussa lifts converter output after compromise by EEC

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT

cern, is pressing ahead with plans to expand production of catalytic converters for use in reducing pollu-tion from motor vehicle exhaust

Plans to increase output of catalytic converters at plants in West Germany and Canada are part of the company's steadily rising in-

Dr Erich Sattler-Dornbacher, a that the European Community's re- (\$632m) in its current financial cent compromise decision on car year, compared with DM 170m the emissions amounted to a postponement of the Bonn Government's the process of expanding capacity plans, but at least it was clear that at Rheinfelden from 1.3m to more emission controls would be tightened throughout the EEC.

controversy about whether further are due to be completed in 12 to 18 development of lean-burn engines months. would be a more suitable approach of catalytic converters.

Degussa was satisfied, Dr Sattlercould achieve the emission standards likely to be specified in Eu- 9.50 a share from DM 9.

Continued from Page 1

confidence given by last week's

Sterling's strength brought a

slight fall in money market interest

rates, prompting some suggestions that British banks' base lending

rates could fall over coming weeks.

The Bank of England took the op-

portunity to replenish its foreign

exchange reserves, buying small amounts of dollars at regular inter-

The authorities, however, again

made it clear that the Government's anti-inflation strategy took priority

over any cut in interest rates, and

that borrowing costs could be ex-

pected to stay around present levels

until the money supply was under

In particular, the Treasury and

Bank of England are seriously con-

cerned about the rapid growth of

bank lending in recent months and

appear determined to squeeze cred-it demand with a sustained period

They are not operating a money

supply policy but a credit supply

of very high real interest rates.

vals throughout the day.

firmer control.

\$ falls sharply amid

concern over banks

DEGUSSA, the West German pre-cious metals and chemicals con-ported to the U.S. and Japan. Its

It expects to see one or more companies start production of catalytic converters in Europe, adding to its present competition from Johnson Matthey of the UK.

With West Germans voluntarily starting to buy more cars with catalytic converters attached, Degussa expects its sales revenue from ent board member, said the devices to rise about DM 200m previous year. The company is in than 3m catalytic converters a year, and at Burlington, Canada, from 1m The company tends to discount to 5m a year. The expansion plans

Degussa's overall sales revenue up only marginally to DA 11.12bn in the financial year to September 30 1984, mainly because of Dornbacher said, that in the fore- lower metal prices. But group net seeable future no other technology profit rose 22 per cent to DM 110m could achieve the emission stan- and the dividend is rising to DM

The company, one of the oldest in Degussa claims about 50 per cent Germany, its origins going back to of the current European market for gold and silver refining in Frankcatalytic converters for motor vehifurt, has been benefiting strongly cle emissions, with the devices from its wide-ranging chemical op-

policy," one leading commercial

The massive daily cash shortages

in the London money markets have

allowed the authorities to prevent

any sharp fall in wholesale interest

rates which would put pressure on

the banks to lower their present

The view among the banks last night was that the markets may

have to wait until the publication in

two weeks time of money supply

figures for March to see if base

Max Wilkinson, Economies Cor-

respondent, writes: The British

Treasury assumed that sterling's

exchange rate against the dollar would remain at about \$1.10 to \$1.15

when preparing its budget forecast,

Mr Huw Evans, the Treasury un-

dersecretary for economic assess-

ment, told the all-party treasury and civil service committee that "a

less cautious assumption" might

have been made if the forecast was

officials revealed yesterday.

reworked at present.

base rates of 13% per cent.

enker commented.

erations, the driving force behind

Capital investment, including financial investment, is expected to rise to more than DM 400m a year during the next two years, compared with DM 396m in the last fi-

Herr Gert Becker, chief executive, said that the outlay would be directed mainly at building up business in chemicals and electronics orientated operations, as well as

Degussa has expressed confidence in its ability to cope with any difficulty arising from its involve-ment in the Ok Tedi gold and copper mining project in Papua New Guinea.

The ambitious project, in which Degussa has a 7.5 per cent stake, has run into big problems and de-lays, but the Papua New Guinea Government and representatives of the shareholders recently settled their differences by agreeing on its phased development.

Degussa believes that partners in the project will endorse the agreement, under which copper mining will be postponed until the end of 1988. Among the partners are BHP of Australia, Amoco Minerals of the U.S. and Metallgesellschaft of West

#### Money supply and wages soar in China

Continued from Page 1 we will forfeit the trust of the

He said the Government was drafting a new national wage sys-tem based on "the principle of dis-tribution according to work", which would be implemented from July.

But the recent explosion in wages and bonuses, which outstripped the rate of increase in productivity and national income, meant further incentive pay rises were "unrealistic and impossible at present." The Government, however, was

committed to the objective of a wage system linked to "specific jobs, responsibilities and contribu-

Figures from an official survey published two weeks ago showed that the average urban income at the end of last year was 608 yuan (about \$217) a year - an increase of 15.5 per cent on the previous year.

On the money supply, Zhao said: "A conspicuous problem is the issue of too much currency as a result of lax control over credit and consumption."

#### European accord sought on attitude to star wars

By Bridget Bloom, Defence Correspondent, in Luxembourg EUROPEAN governments are to try to formulate a common Euro-

ean response to the U.S. invitation to participate in the star wars research programme,
The formal invitation for Europe

to participate in the research promme of the U.S. Strategic De fence Initiative (SDI) was delivered by Mr Caspar Weinberger, the U.S. Defence Secretary, to Nato defence this week. Similar invitations have also been issued to France, Israel and Australia.

Nato's defence ministers yester day endorsed the \$26bn research programme. Their final commo que, which was careful to limit Nato's approval to the research obase of SDI and not to the much more controversial prospect of the development or deployment of a ballistic missile defence system, also manimously welcomed the U.S. offer of participation. However, behind the warm words

of welcome, a number of European ministers privately have reservations about participation in the re search programme, at least until the terms of that participation have been clearly established. Britain and West Germany are

believed to be in the lead in seeking to deepen European consultation on the issue in an effort to try to reach agreement on elements of a common approach within the next two months. Mr Weinberger's letter asked for replies to his invitation within 60 days."

Their efforts are likely to find first formal expression in a meeting of foreign and defence ministers of the seven-nation Western European Union in Bonn on April 22-23. The WEU includes Britain. France and West Germany, the three countries singled out by the U.S. as having most to offer to the U.S. research programme. Other members are italy, Belgium, the Netherlands and

European ministers are well aware that their effort to reach a common approach, even on the limited aspect of participating in SDI research, will be both difficult and delicate. For a start, it seems clear that the U.S. will want to conclude

At a press conference at the end of yesterday's meeting. Mr. Wein-berger described the possibility of a joint European approach as "purely hypothetical," repeating that Washington expected to deal with individual nations on the issue.

European governments fear that unless they can co-ordinate their approach, especially on the terms on which participation is to be ac-cepted, Washington will attempt to pick only those technologies where European companies or research establishments have a lead over the U.S. This could leave many companies whose work could be competitive with their U.S. counterparts with no role to play.

Fears are also expressed that such limited participation could result in a net drain in European technology - and possibly of European scientists - to the U.S.

In the immediate future, govern ments are assembling an inventory of the types of technology they might have on offer. Mr Michael Heseltine, the UK Defence Minister, said yesterday that his chief scientific adviser had been asked to report urgently on the matter, while Herr Manfred Worner, the West German Defence Minister, outlined two areas in which Germany be-lieved it has a lead over the U.S. optical sensors and space sub-systems - and a number of others where it was thought to be fully competitive with the Americans. Mr Bob Hawke, Australia's Prime Minister, told parliament yesterday that no invitation to participate in the SDI research programme had yet been received from Washington

so the question of whether Austral-ia would accept participation was hypothetical Change for UK nuclear armament, Page 3

# Case and Paris differ on Harvester

Continued from Page 1 restructuring of the merged Case-

Harvester group in Europe. It is one factor which will determine the long-term future of Case the next two or three years International's two factories in the British plant could be at risk. UK, at Meltham, near Hudders-

at Meltham since November.

The plants will continue to supply small tractors to the U.S., where the tractors. merger has already resulted in the

Tenneco does buy the French plant, rope as a whole, the largest dealer and if the severely depressed U.S. network and a strong base from tractor market does not recover in which to expand. He expected the the next two or three years, one

Case relaunched its range of trac- within the next few years. field, and at Leigh, near Manches- tors yesterday. It consists of most models from the old Case and Har-For the present, the survival of vester ranges, marketed under the both plants, which employ about name of Case International. These 5,000 people, is assured, although, will be distributed by a new dealer Case has made about 600 redundant network of 210 outlets in the UK, thinned down from the 320 which ricultural equipment through its previously sold Harvester and Case dealer network, and negotiations

closure of the large Harvester plant merged company, currently ranked supply items not currently pro-at Rock Island, Illinois. But if third in Britain and second in Eu-

group to become market leader in the UK and continental Europe

He said the U.S. and European agricultural equipment markets were likely to remain flat for the foreseeable future.

Mr Gleason said Case was committed to offering a full range of agwere currently under way with at Mr Gleason said this gave the least one other manufacturer to THE LEX COLUMN

# A bold stroke from BAT

ever reported in the UK - oil comstorm of criticism over its novel accounting policies. And its share price, down 22p to 328p, has suf-fered along with the falling dollar not unreasonably, since over half of group revenue is dollar-related.

The new accounting treatmen dopted by Eagle Star, taking credit ed, not very significant in group terms, since without it BAT could still have shown a pre-tax profit of £1,310m for 1984, comfortably near the top end of City of London forecasts and over one third higher than the year before. Even subtracting its currency gains, BAT would be able to claim profits growth of

around 10 per cent. The effect on Eagle Star's profits, however, is anything but trivial: without it BAT would have been reporting profits in its new subsidiary of about £70m - including Grove-wood - and had obvious troubles explaining why Eagle Star was quite so far short of covering its financing costs. As things stand, BAT has edefined the issue in such a way that it can legitimately draw atten-tion to the fact that Eagle Star is at any rate worth more than was paid

The way it has done this can arguably be represented as doing no more for the holding company and its shareholders - than the market does for the shareholders of independent composites: it is quite clear that the market capitalisation of the composites reflects the

growth in their shareholders' equity rather than just that of their stated earnings. BAT has taken rather radical means to achieve this end, all the same, in arguing that the profit and loss account should be made to do the job.

The attractions of the new ac-counting principle to other compo-sites are clear as day - in a bill

panies apart - BAT has run into a of unrealised gains from four years back if equities start to slide; and just imagine the losses that would have been seen from the weaker composites after the 1973 oil crash.

Babcock Intl.

The transformation of Babcock on the profit and loss account for from a maker of heavy power-unrealised investment gains, has station boilers to a light engineer is added £95 in to the profits that all but complete. Over half of last would otherwise have been report- year's trading profit emerged, from a maker of heavy powerswollen by currency translation, out of the U.S. – and from such activities as making door-knobs.

In the old UK power division Babcock can only push on with infill jobs at low margins and further cut costs until Sir Frank Layfield has finished reading about Sizewell or power stations return to vogue whichever is the earlier. In the U.S. there is clearly a prospect of growth beyond the £6m that fell by the management wayside in materials handling and process control; but the purchase of growth must be a priority, especially as Babcock actually improved its balance sheet through recession, uncovered dividends and the IRH affair, to generate another 13,6m in net cash last

Merely adding back last year's extraordinary losses caused by UK striking miners or Saudi clients, the group should make over £40m this year. But Babcock has attracted misfortunes of one sort or another every year since 1977; and caution on this front would add a point to a prospective multiple otherwise inexpensive, at less than seven.

Norcros/UBM

The loyal shareholders who stood by UBM in 1983 were amply rewarded for their patience yesterday. This time round, Norcros has returned with a much improved offer the price having been bumped up by UBM's board in re-

BAT Industries must be reflecting that the stock market is an ungrateful place. Instead of applianse show £40m of pre-tax profit this shore or the largest profit figure ever reported in the LEE collection. the market is likely to be sceptical prize. Paying that for a building materials company facing a down turn in the construction cycle smacks of tunnel vision - or at least determination to win an immediate

If UBM shareholders have got a good deal, Norcros investors may not be quite so happy. Both sides admit that there are only marginal industrial benefits to be gained from cross-rationalisation, and the combined group will end up with net debt of more than half shareholders' funds. Norcros might have done better to sell its UBM stake and buy a company which moved counter to the construction cycle on which so much of its own business already depends.

#### **Coats Patons**

Coats Patons, like BAT, is a byword for exposure to the dollar. So it was only reasonable for the market to treat Coats in roughly the same way. Good figures, incorporat ing a large currency gain, were hi rather a discount on a day when sterling gained more than 5 cents making next year's translation ef-fect look unlikely to be worth having On pre-tax profits up 26 per cent to £109.8m - passing £100m for the first time - Coats found its shares the victim of a rather churlish tribute, falling 8p to 152p.

There was little to be disple with in the 1984 profits, however, although the contribution of retailing and fashion-wear fell 10 per cent short of its 1983 level, and even further short of target - a mistake which brought stock write downs in the Country Casuals chain. Coats none the less proved that it has a chitch of high-quality operations to counterbalance the uncertainties of South America; Jaeger seems to have pushed ahead despite a heavy load of opening costs, and the dis-casting companies conditined their ability to grow on the profitable edge of some competitive markets.



#### Reuters and Price Waterhouse announce the Treasurer's Workshop - 1985 Programme

Reuters and Price Waterhouse have blined their skills in treasury strategy at rmation requirements, international comment ment satus in treasury strategy and information requirements, international accounting and taxation to create a unique concept. The Treasurer's Workshop.

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Following the success of the 1984 programme, we are pleased to amounce further events in 1985 as listed below. If you would like to be a success of the like to be a success of

would like to be one of the 25 participants i next workshop, please post the coupon or contact James Dean on 01-250 1122.

REDIAND PLC

Mr. Stephen East, Deputy Treasurer

"The course provides a valuable review of the various rapidly developing areas of corporate treasury." management. It strikes a very good balance between the explanation of the various opportunities available and the practical applications thereof." ROWNTREE MACKINTOSH PLC

Mr. Terry Holmes, Assistant Finance Director
"I found this a comprehensive and well focused survey
of all aspects of treasury management."

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May 15-17[]

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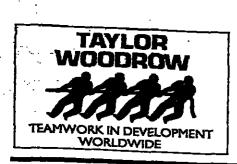
Treasurer's Workshop include the following-

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Paul Reynlers, Managing Consultant

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#### SECTION II - INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES

# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Thursday March 28 1985



# Citicorp may take over failed Ohio savings bank

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

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THE STATE of Ohio is close to a thrifts were now offering full ser- Home Loan Bank Board said it had deal to sell Home State Savings Bank, the Cincinnati-based thrift whose collapse sparked this month's Ohio banking crisis, to Citicorp, the biggest U.S. bank holding self has been declared bankrupt. It

company.
The state's Commerce Department indicated that at present it was only negotiating with Citicorp, but a spokesman said state officials placing the company in Chapter were still willing to talk to other.

Home State shut after suffering beavy losses on deals with ESM Government Securities, a small U.S. securities trader. This caused the temporary closure of 70 state-insured Ohio thrifts. The Ohio Commerce Department said 23 of the

vices to their customers, while the rest were still applying a \$750 a month limit on withdrawals. In other developments, ESM it- month,

faces creditors' claims of \$315m. Mr Thomas Tew, a Miami lawyer placing the company in Chapter Seven proceedings under the U.S. bankruptcy code, meaning the company's assets will be automatically liquidated to pay off its debts. Mr Tew's plan was approved by a

U.S. district court judge at an emergency hearing in West Palm Beach, Florida

received 53 applications for Federal insurance since the Ohio-insured institutions were closed earlier this

In Miami, American Savings and Loan Association of Florida, which suffered losses from dealings with ESM, said it began litigation against Alexander Grant & Company, ESM's auditors, and Mr Jose Gomez, the Grant partner in charge

The S&L said the action sought damages amounting to the financial loss it suffered, punitive damages, tained by statutory violations of In Washington, the Federal securities laws, and legal fees.

# Canadian bank rescue to give support group 75% of equity

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

CANADIAN Government agencies and the country's six largest banks may-end up as majority sharehold-ers of the Edmonton-based bank sult of financial difficulties stemthat they rescued earlier this week. Under the agreement saving Ca-nadian Commercial Bank (CCB) from collapse, the support group is ability of U.S. oil drilling companies to acquire share warrants which, if to repay loans. Non-performing exercised, will give it a combined 75 loans reached 10.2 per cent of the per cent interest in the bank. The bank's assets at the end of January. group includes the Federal Govern-Alberta, Canada Deposit Insurance

CCB was forced to seek aid total- fresh capital from shareholders. Acling C\$255m (U.S.\$185.4m) as a reming from its heavy exposure to the weak western Canadian property market and, more recently, the in-

Mr Gerald McLaughlan, CCB's in 1923. ment, the Provincial Government of chairman, said that the bank ex-Alberta, Canada Deposit Insurance plored a number of other refinanc-Corporation and the six chartered ing options, including writedowns

of problem loans and an injection of cording to a government official, no other bank was willing to acquire CCB, the route traditionally followed by Canadian banks in diffi-The CCB rescue is the first time

the Canadian Government has directly assisted a bank. The last bank failure in Canada took place

The warrants granted to the support group are exercisable at 25 cents a share.

# FN arms group shows big loss

FABRIQUE Nationale Herstal (FN), the Belgian arms and aero-nautics manufacturer, showed a net loss of BFr 159m (\$2.9hn) last year, eliminating the chance of a divi-

turnover had been BFr thu less sulfs close to breakeven. than the budgeted levels, at BFr in 1963 the order book

The group has struggled to make

profits since the start of the decade. It showed a loss of BFr 41m in 1980 dend for the third year running.

EN said yesterday that its 1984 but both 1982 and 1983 produced re-In 1983 the order book fell to BFr

19.3bn, or 20 per cent less than in 16.5bn and last year's poor results reflect this.

Orders started to pick up towards the end of the year to finish at the more normal level of BFr 28bn. This leads FN to predict a turnover this year of BFr 25bn, nearly BFr 6bn more than last, and a return to prof-

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Coupons due May 6, 1985 should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

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INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION

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#### **McGraw Edison** open to

#### Cooper bid

By William Hall in New York

FORSTMANN Little, the New York investment bank, said yesterday that it did not intend to raise its \$59 per share cash offer for McGraw-Edison, leaving the way open for the Houston-based Cooper Industries to proceed with its \$1.1bn

Last week McGraw-Edison, an Ilinois-based conglomerate, agreed to be taken over by Forstmann Little in what was believed to be one of the largest leveraged buy-outs ever proposed. In these deals the purchaser borrows the bulk of the acquisition cost, hence the term leveraged buyout.

However, Cooper Industries, a producer of tools and hardware, topped Forstmann Little's bid a few holders led by the state owned Street by surprise since Forstmann of May. Little had offered what many analysts believe was a very fair price. The bid from Cooper Industries values McGraw-Edison at 15.8 times the company's 1984 earnings from continuing operations and 1.8 times

Cooper Industries, which has a much lower debt-to-equity ratio than McGraw-Edison, has annual sales of \$2bn compared with McGraw-Edison's \$1.7bn. Although Cooper's intervention was initially interpreted as a hostile move, the two companies are now having friendly discussions and they hope to be able to complete the deal on

#### Norsk Hydro's Wall Street listing delayed

NORSK HYDRO, the Norwegian energy group which changed its accounting in 1984 to fit in with U.S. practices, has had its application practices, has had its application in the country restraints on Japanese car exports to the U.S. propractices, has had its application for a full stock market listing in New York delayed.

The listing will probably not now go ahead until the spring of 1988.
Hydro intends to tap the bond mar-

ket on Wall Street once its shares are listed. The current delay stems mission requirements.

Group net profits in 1984 totalled NKr 1.97bn (\$212.5m), up from NKr 1.08bn in 1983. All divisions showed

improved results.
Mr Torvild Aakvaag, Hydro's president, said that for the second year running, petrochemicals, light metals and fertilisers had substan-

tially increased their contribution to total operating profits.

Because of heavy taxes on offshore petroleum production, oil and gas after-tax results were now roughly equal to those of the land-

based operations. Mr Aakvaag forecast that profits for the current year would about maich last year, and that thereafter the group would "at least" maintain earnings - and hopefully gradually

He attributed Hydro's success to its diversity, and to its policy of downstream acquisitions, particu-

larly outside Norway.

Hydro faces a period of heavy investment in new oilfield development, he said, as first-generation oil and gas fields on Norway's shelf (Ekotisk and Frigg) near the end of their producing lives.

But the group expected to be able to finance much of the planned investment from current income. He would not say whether it planned a new share issue in the near future.

#### Finsider makes **\$720m loss**

By Alan Friedman in Milan

FINSIDER, the Italian state steel corporation, last year made a L1,476bn (\$720m) loss, which, while down on the record 1963 loss of L2,095hn, was none the less about 1.265bn larger than forecast.
The setback, which was greeted

with disappointment in Italy, comes as European Community ministers are discussing rationalisation plans for Europe's steel industry. Finsider's 1984 turnover rose by 19 per cent to L12.457hn.

The state steel concern, which has spent hundreds of millions of dollars modernising its Bagnoli plant near Naples at a time when Brussels has been demanding production cutbacks, said the n of workers it employed had fallen last year for the first time to below 100,000.

At year-end, Finsider employed 96,760 workers, a drop of 14,772 in one year. But personnel costs rose last year by 11.6 per cent. Debt servicing charges were down slightly

FLOTATION FOR FRENCH STATE-CONTROLLED GROUP

# **Bourse launch for rocket maker**

HIGH-powered chunk of the European space programme is to be launched on the Paris bourse following a decision by Société Euro-péenne de Propulsion (SEP), the French state controlled rocket manufacturer, to sell around 10 per cent
of its equity to private shareholders
later this spring.

SEP and the tent to say it is the second state on the second state of the

later this spring. SEP which makes the engines for the Ariane space rocket as well as for the ballistic missiles for France's independent nuclear force will become the first state group to make an entry on the thriving "second market" of the country's bourse set up just over two years ago. This sector allows companies to float part of their shares without going through the same formalities demanded on the main stock ex-

change. days later offering \$6 per share Snecma aero-engine group, is exmore. The new bidder took Wall pected to be carried out at the end

> given by the Bourse Commission, and terms have not been worked out. But the issue, to be handled by Credit Lyonnais and Banque Indos

nez, is expected to raise around FFr the SEP chairman, the share flota-46m (\$46.92m) in new equity cash tion will open up the company's gines in both the military and cition will open up the company's share base and pave the way for for SEP in a two-stage operation. Snecma, which currently owns 50.1 per cent of SEP's FFr 60m nom-

bourse about 13 per cent of the current capital - 10 per cent of the new capital - by placing shares on the second market. The two operations, taking into account the premiums on the conversion and the equity sale, will bring in FFr 46m in new capital and will leave Specma with an unchanged majority stake. Other SEP shareholders, includ-

ing the aerospace group Aerospa-tiale and the metals concern Péchiney, are state owned, apart from the private Air Liquide group, which currently has 9 per cent. In coming months, these shareholders will probably sell separately some portions of their holdings

the bourse, increasing the Final authorisation still has to be amount of outside equity in the SEP capital to 20 per cent, company officials said vesterday. According to M Roger Lesgards,

further capital increases in coming years, while at the same time leaving launches of Ariane, for which ing Snecma with the role of "strate- SEP will be turning out one engine

15.5m last year on turnover of FFr

1.8bn, up from profits of FFr 5m on sales of FFr 1.4bn in 1983. the same time, it will sell off on the This year's turnover, according to ties FFr 300m. to FFr 3.5bn forecast by 1988.

ane rocket programme. This is built around development of a cry-

Last year's turnover was split 40 spending is currently put at about per cent each on Ariane work and FFr 200m a year, and the company contracts for France's strategic and is trying to boost its expertise in tactical nuclear missile force, with 20 per cent representing a range of id-fuel engines and boosters for increasingly important ancillary ac-rocket development over the next tivities in composite materials, im- 15 years.

vilian fields.

gic pilot" for SEP's operations. a week, Ariane-connected sales are SEP made net profits of FFr planned to amount to about 55 per cent of turnover, or FFr 1.2bn. Ballistic missile work is expected to bring in FFr 800m and other activi-

M Lesgards, is expected to rise to

M Lesgards believes future ArFFr 2.3bn, with a further increase iane development, against the background of the rocket entering into The company stands to reap a total of FFr 2.5hn in turnover terms
over the next eight years as a result
of the decision by European space

an increasingly fierce commercial
battle with U.S. launchers, is bound
to necessitate further calls for capital over the next few years. But a ministers in Rome two months ago crucial condition for raising more to press ahead with the future Arfunds from the market is that SEP

ogenic HM-60 engine for the heavy duty Ariane-5 rocket, which is due to enter service in the mid 1990s.

A major reason for improving the company's capital backing is its to enter service in the mid 1990s. both small liquid-fuel and large sol-

# Ford Motor predicts 1985 profits drop

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

FORD MOTOR, the second biggest vided a "new and untested ele-U.S. vehicle manufacturer, said it would be difficult to repeat its 1984 financial performance this year, despite its prediction that vehicle sales by the U.S. motor industry will be "somewhat better than "somewhat better than

Ford earned nearly \$2.91bn, or \$15.79 a share, last year, but in its latest annual report company executives give several reasons why it will have trouble matching this. First, the company will be paying taxes at a normal rate, whereas in

1984 it still had some tax credits to use up from previous loss-making

ment." U.S. Home, the largest U.S. builder of single-family homes, expects to report a first-quarter loss of \$3.5m to \$4m, due to a low level of

and the slow pace of economic In the 1984 first quarter the company suffered a \$3.2m or 9 cents a share loss. U.S. Home still expects a profit for all 1985, following a

\$43.9m loss in 1984. Citicorp's institutional banking business, which has been hit by the international debt crisis, is likely to see earnings grow by 12 to 18 per cent annually over the next five years, Mr Thomas Theobald, vice-chairman said.

Institutional banking, which in- tive fashion during 1985, providing cludes lending to corporations and biggest source of profit, generating two-thirds of the bank holding company's \$890m of net income last backlog and inventory at year-end

However, earnings at the division

have been flat for three years. Mr James Wooden, a Merrill Lynch analvst, said that if Mr Theobald's prediction was correct, it would mark a fairly significant turnround" for the division. Abitibi-Price, the world's largest

newsprint producer, said it expects its 1985 profits to be "considerably higher" than the C\$70m or C\$2.97 a share earned in 1984. The North American economies

are expected to perform in a posi- achieved.

further growth for most of our key foreign governments, is Citicorp's products," the company said. Other positive factors were better cost-price relationships and benefits from recent capital projects.

The one area of concern for Abitibi-Price, however, is the continuing strength of the Canadian dollar relative to overseas currencies.

Kaiser Aluminum and Chen said in its annual report that it planned sharply to reduce capital spending this year to \$140m from \$242m in 1984 as part of an effort to

strengthen its financial position. The company also plans to hold future capital spending at the 1985 level until a strong improvement in net earnings and overall finances is

This notice complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and does not constitute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for or purchase, any securities.



#### INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

Issue of

£100,000,000 11½ PER CENT. NOTES DUE 1995 at an issue price of 99½ per cent.

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Barclays Bank Group Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Hill Samuel & Co. Limited Lloyds Bank International Limited Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited Orion Royal Bank Limited Société Générale de Banque S.A. Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

**Banque Paribas Capital Markets County Bank Limited Daiwa Europe Limited Hambros Bank Limited** Kleinwort, Benson Limited LTCB International Limited Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland for the Notes to be admitted to the Official List. Interest on the Notes is payable annually in arrears on May 15, the first such payment being made on May 15, 1986.

Particulars relating to the Notes and the Bank are available in the Extel Statistical Services System. Copies of the Extel Card relating to the Notes, comprising the listing particulars required by The Stock Exchange (Listing) Regulations 1984, the Bank's annual accounts for the year ended June 30, 1984 and the Extel Card relating to the Bank dated March 14, 1985 are available until April 11, 1985 (April 1, 1985 in the case of the Company Announcements Office) from:-

> Baring Brothers & Co., Limited, 8 Bishopsgate, London EC2N 4AE.

W. Greenwell & Co., Bow Bells House, Bread Street. London EC4M 9EL.

Rowe & Pitman, City-Gate House, 39-45 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1JA.

Cazenove & Co.,

12 Tokenhouse Yard,

London EC2R 7AN.

March 28, 1985

Company Announcements Office,

The Stock Exchange,

London EC2P 2BT.

# DCNY Corp., parent of Discount Corporation of New York

58 Pine Street, New York, N.Y. 10005 Tel. 212-248-8900 • WUI Telex 620863 Discorp.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CONDITION

December 31,	198

**ASSETS** 

Cash on hand and due from banks	\$ 5,672,045
Cash deposited against United States Government and Federal Agency securities borrowed or purchased under resale agreements	569,019,050
United States Government and Federal Agency securities in portfolio and sold under repurchase agreements, at market value	741,587,983
Government of Canada and Provincial securities in portfolio and sold under repurchase agreements, at market value	3,821,433
Other securities	6,865,330
Customer segregated deposits and trading equity	36,178,259
Accrued interest receivable	32,196,891
Prepaid expenses, deferred charges and other assets	2,424,275
Land, building, improvements and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$2,136,388	12,936,891
Exchange memberships at cost, market value \$1,056,765	1,002,156
Deposits with Exchange Clearing Associations	285,680 \$1,411,989,993
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements—secured	\$668,608,151
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on	\$668,608,151 574,970,626
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements—secured	
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements—secured	574,970,626
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements—secured	574,970,626 35,803,130
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements — secured	574,970,626 35,803,130 36,178,259
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements—secured  United States Government and Federal Agency securities borrowed or purchased under resale agreements—secured, at market value  Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Customer balances due  Accrued taxes on income	574,970,626 35,803,130 36,178,259 11,114,311
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements — secured.  United States Government and Federal Agency securities borrowed or purchased under resale agreements — secured, at market value.  Accounts payable and accrued expenses.  Customer balances due  Accrued taxes on income.  Dividend payable.	574,970,626 35,803,130 36,178,259 11,114,311
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements—secured.  United States Government and Federal Agency securities borrowed or purchased under resale agreements—secured, at market value.  Accounts payable and accrued expenses.  Customer balances due  Accrued taxes on income.  Dividend payable.  Stockholders' equity: Capital stock: Preferred stock, par value of \$1.00 per share.	574,970,626 35,803,130 36,178,259 11,114,311
Loans payable to banks and amounts payable on repurchase agreements — secured	574,970,626 35,803,130 36,178,259 11,114,311 7,300,000

Total stockholders' equity .....

#### DIRECTORS

KENNETH S. AXELSON Former Executive Vice Pre and Director.

J. C. Penney Company, Inc.

JACK F. BENNETT mor Vice President and Director.

ROBERT H. BETHKE

Faxon Corporation

JOHN C. BIERWIRTH Chairman of the Board, Grumman Corporation

DONALD G. BRODIE

GEORGE CHAMPION Former Chairman of the Board.

EMILIO G. COLLADO

and Director.

DANIEL P. DAVISON Chairman of the Board, United States Trust Company

ANTHONY J. HANLON

JOHN A. LUKE President and Director Westvaco Corporation

SCOTT E. PARDEE Executive Vice President

RALPH F. PETERS

JOHN J. SCANLON Former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer.

**BRUCE W. SCHNITZER** Former President and Chief Executive Officer.

W. BRUCE THOMAS
Vice Chairman, Chief Financial
Officer and Director.

This assistancement appears as a matter of record only.

78,015,516

\$1,411,989,993

# BFCE BANQUE FRANÇAISE DU COMMERCE EXTÉRIEUR

ECU 175,000,000 Sugranteed Bonds

ECU 100,000,000 9 % per cent. Guaranteed Bonds due 1992 ECU 75,000,000 9% per cent. Guaranteed Bonds due 1995

> Unconditionally guaranteed by The Republic of France

Crédit Lyonnais

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Amro International Limited Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A. Banque Nationale de Paris Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft IBJ International Limited Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino Kredietbank International Group Morgan Guaranty Ltd Orion Royal Bank Limited Société Générale Société Générale de Banque S.A. Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Abu Dhabi Investment Company Al Saudi Banque Banca Commerciale Italiana Banca Manusardi & C. Banca Nazionale del Lavoro Banco di Roma BankAmerica Capital Markets Group Bank Gutzwiller, Kurz. Bungener (Overseas) Limited Bank Ippa Bank of Tokyo International Limited Banque du Benelux S.A. Banque Generale du Luxembourg S.A. Banque Indosuez Banque Paribas Capital Markets Banque de l'Union Europeenne Banque Worms Banng Brothers & Co., Limited Bayensche Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank Aktiengesellschaft Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank Caisse Centrale des Banques Populaires Caisse d'Etat du Grana Duche de Luxembourg (Banque de l'Etat)

Chase Manhartan Capital Markets Group Chase Manhartan Limited Chemical Bank International Group Cl.N Oyens & Van Eeghen N.V. Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Compagnie Monegasque de Banque Credit Commercial de Belgique S.A./Gemeentekrediet van Belgie N.V. Credit Agricole Credit Chimique Credit Industriel d'Alsace et de Louxembourg Credit Industriel d'Alsace et de Louxem Credit Industriel d'Alsace et de Lorraine. Luxembourg Credit Industriel et Commercial de Paris Crédit du Nord Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Danwa Europe Umited Den Danske Bank International S.A. Den norske Creditbank (Luxembourg) S.A. Deutsche Bank Aktienijesellschaft DG Bank - Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank Deutsche Einskilda Limited Genossenschaftsbank Genossenschaftsbank DG Bank - Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank Genossenschaftsbank Einskilda Limited Fuji International Frindre Limited Genossenschaftsbank Genossenschaftsbank Einskilda Limited Fuji International Frindre Limited Hill Samuel & Co. Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited Morgan Stanley International Limited Morgan Stanley International Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank nv Nederlandse Credietoank nv Nesbirt, Thomson Limited Nordeutsche Landesbank Grozentrale Usternachische Middenstank Pierson, Heldring & Pierson, Nv Pik Christiania Bank (UK) Ltd. Prostiania Bank (UK) Ltd. Prostiania Limited Sanwa International Limited San Distance Landertank Pierson, Heldring & Pierson NV. Pk Christiania Bank (UK) Ltd. Postipankli Privatbanken A/S
Rabctank Nederland Salomon Brothers International Limited Salomon Floaties Office Generale Alsocienne de Banque, Luxembourg Sparekassen SDS Sumitomo Finance International Limited Survival Handelsoahken Group The Taylo Roce Bank (Luxembourg) S.A. Tokar International Limited Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited Union de Banques Arates et Françaises - U.B.A.F. Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale Wood Gundy Inc. Yamakichi International (Europe) Limited

# INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

BID TO STEM AUDIO-VISUAL DIVISION'S LOSSES

# Philips warns of profits slide

group, predicted that this year's ny." Profitability was 2.3 per cent first quarter earnings would slip be last year. low last year's level, largely be Mr Dek cause U.S. economic growth has Europe's largest electronics compathe first quarter of 1984.

ame would grow by about 6 per cent

Mr Wisse Dekker, president, said on Tuesday that the group 'might to expand its artivities.

come close' to a 3 per cent profita
Philips also reported bility (earnings as a percentage of turnover) this year. That would be the highest ratio since Mr Dekker last year from F1 194m the preced-

PHILIPS, the Dutch electronics necessary expansion of the compa-vision for intensive restructuring. Mr Dekker also said that Philips.

slowed from its "explosive" pace in ny, would employ a more selective policy in product and geographical ery, particularly, helped fuel the with regard to the scope of the comdoubling of profits to F1 282m pany and at the same time select stiff competition, corporate chiefs household appliances and personal (\$77.83m) in the first three months geographical regions where we insect the further except and of 1984. For all of this year, Philips in the further except the furt previously predicted that sales vol- pansion of our business, he said in may be involved. the annual report. In recent years and net income by as much as 25 the Eindhoven-based company has aggressively sought out numerous international co-operative ventures

became president in January 1982 ing year. In a bid to reduce the red and in line with his 3-4 per cent ink. Philips charged F1 295m goal "to ensure continuity and the

turer of colour televisions but must ket share in Europe achieve better economies of scale to Another division in which heavy

home use remained below expecta-tions. The laser-read optical disc Production cutbacks will be made

er, whose sagging sales were bol- the takeover by Sweden's Electrostered last year by the costly intro- hrx of Italy's Zamussi company neduction of the competing VHS for- cessitate the layoffs. Philips said.

mat. Production of the VHS system Company executives said jobs has barely kept pace with sales, will be cut in European colour television production, although no figures or locations were given. Philips is the world's leading manufactions is the world's leading manufaction.

philips conceded that sales of its 1983. Provisions of Fl 119m were set Laservision video disc players for aside for increasing efficiency in

system, which was launched in in the white goods sector, centred in 1982, has been purchased primarily Philips' Italian operations, where

#### Italian fibres group trebles 1984 earnings

By Alan Friedman in Milan SNIA BPD, the Italian fibres, chem icals and munitions group, has an-nounced nearly trebled net profits for 1984, at L50.8bn (S24.7m).

The profit, reflecting in large part a reduction of operating costs and a sharp improvement in the fibres division, was struck on parent company turnover of 1547 Jbn, a rise of 18

In 1983 the Snia BPD parent company made a net profit of Lisbn the group was formed that year when Snia Viscosa merged with its defence subsidiary, BPD Difesa

The group also announced that consolidated group revenues last year totalled 12,092bm.

Snia BPD said that at the group level its debt servicing charges last year represented 6.2 per cent of to-tal turnover, or L129.7bn. This was down from the 1983 level of 8.2 per cent of revenues, or L140bn.

The group said yesterday its total workforce at year-end was 14,299, against 14,705 employees at the end of 1983. This represents less than half the group's 1977 workforce Significant restructuring has taken place in the Snia fibres business where 1984 net profits were quadru-pled to around L12bn.

The Milan-based Medichance Italy's premier merchant bank holds 14.97 per cent of Snia BPD. while Fiat has a 27 per cent stake.

Pirelli, the leading Italian tyres and cables group, said its UK subsidiary last year more than doubled net profits to £13m (\$15.6m). At the pre-tax level Pirelli UK recorded a £28.5m profit, up by 51.5 per cent.

#### Deutsche Bank dividend held

By John Davies in Frankfurt

DEUTSCHE BANK, West Ger many's largest bank, is maintaining its dividend at DM 12 per share on its increased capital after a further

solid performance last year.
Although the bank has not yet disclosed its profits, it indicated months ago that it was on course to match or even exceed the good results of 1983 and envisaged holding

its dividend on capital increased by a rights issue during the year. Its total dividend payout to share-holders will rise to DM 352.5m (\$110m) compared with DM 325.5m on its 1983 results.

#### NATIONAL BANK OF DETROIT US\$109,008,000 Floating Rate Subordinated Capital Notes due 1996

respect of the Interest Period from March 28 to June 28, 1985 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 91/2% per annum. The coupon amount payable on June 28, 1985 will be US\$242.78 per USS10.000 Note.

March 28, 1985 The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank

# Dome losses cut to C\$197m

DOME PETROLEUM, the debt bur- acquisition spree which led to its dened Canadian oil and gas produc-er, suffered a loss of C\$197m (U.S.\$ 145m) or 84 cents a share last year, compared with a record loss of CS1.1bn or CS4.72 a share in 1983.

The 1984 deficit was due largely to foreign exchange losses of CS110m and other costs totalling CS67m related to the company's debt rescheduling and interest on taxes due from Hudson's Bay Oil and Gas, which Dome acquired three years ago at the height of the CS198m to CS209m.

current difficulties. Asset write-downs of more than CS1bn were the main reason for the huge loss in 1983.

Dome's debt currently totals around C\$6.4bn. The company signed a rescheduling agreement with more than 50 creditors last Dome has maintained an active exmonth, extending repayment of its debt to the mid-1990s.

Operating income rose by C\$52m to C\$1.2bn last year, while cash from operations increased from

The company said higher of prices and natural gas volumes fortributed to a 22 per cent boost in income from these sources. But earnings from natural gas liquids and Arctic contract drilling fell substan-

ploration programme, draling 1.303 wells last year, a quarter more than

Total revenues dropped by 5.7 per cent to CS2.4bm. Sales of assets

# J. & H. B. JACKSON

Highlights from the Statement by the Chairman, Mr. P. J White.

The pre-tax profit for the year ended 30th September, 1984 was £2,669,000 (1983: £3.579,000). This figure included a surplus on sale of listed investments of £884,000 (1983: £1,808,000) and is subject to a taxation charge of £783,000 (1983: £821,000}.

The Directors are recommending a final. dividend for the year of 1.00p per ordinary share making the total for the year 1.75p

improvement in the Merchanting and Engineering Divisions were more than cancelled out by the profit shortfall in Forging.

We are sure that the rationalisation carried out over the last few years was the correct action and we have seen a welcome upturn in the results of the two remaining companies in this division and are pleased to be able to

FORGING DIVISION The results from this division were the worst for a decade mainly owing to a very low intake of orders for aerospace forgings. Since the Autumn we have fortunately seen an

increase in demand and with aerospace

say that this improvement is continuing.

generally becoming more buoyant I am reasonably confident of a steady recovery.

PLASTICS DIVISION Gallos Plastics produced profits in line with expectations. During the year new markets were explored and certain new products introduced which have had an increasingly beneficial effect on sales. Sales and profits for the first three months trading of the new year are running ahead of last year.

MERCHANTING DIVISION

There was more activity in metal merchanting (1983:1.70p), to the year of the control of the con operation experienced an extremely difficult year. This trend continues and I cannot see any real improvement in this situation in the foreseeable future.

INVESTMENTS

During the year our investments in quoted securities performed reasonably well, finishing with a market value, including cash, of approximately £11 million. We also purchased for cancellation 400,000 of our own ordinary shares at a cost of £200,000 and since the year end have purchased a further 260,000 for £157,000.

OUTLOOK

The immediate future is looking brighter and the figures for our first quarter's trading support a guarded degree of optimism.



#### VG INSTRUMENTS PLC

RESULTS - 1984

£m	1964 1983
Turnover Profit before taxation	50.9 - 38.6 10.6 7.3
Profit attributable to sharehold Earnings per share	lers 5.7 3.9 11.75p 7.90p
1984 was a successful year for the Conto announce a final dividend of 1.20p p	npany and the Directors are pleased er share.

Copies of the Annual Report will be available shortly from the Secretary, 29 Brighton Road, Crawiey, West Sussex, RH10 6AE.

US\$200,000,000 Continental Illinois overseas finance CORPORATION N.V.

(Incorporated with limited liability in the Netherlands Antilles) GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED NOTES DUE 1994

Guaranteed on a Subordinated basis by Continental Illinois Corporation

(Incorporated with limited liability in Delaware, USA) n accordance with the provisions of the Notes and the Reference Agency Agreement between Continental Minois Overseas Finance Corporation N.V and Citibank, N.A., dated June 24, 1982, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 9918% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, June 28, 1985, against Caupan No. 12 will be US\$244.38 in respect of US\$10,000

March 28, 1985, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept), Agent Bank

commol amount of the Notes

**CITIBAN(** 

Weekly net asset value

Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V. on 25th March 1985, U.S. \$102.06 Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

ion: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Ameterdam.

VONTOBEL EUROBONDINDIZES

WEIGHTED AVERAGE YIELDS PER 26-MARCH 1985

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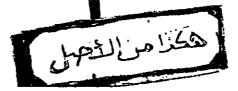
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A B-A-T Industries Report Preliminary results for the year ended 31 December 1984

# Profit up 44% – and again doubled in three years



made this a year of great significance for the Group's strategic development, and the inclusion of financial services for the first time has an important impact on the

Group's results. are now arrived at on a basis which recognises the contribution from changes in the market value of the general insurance business'

investment portfolio. This contributes £95 million of pre-tax earnings, in addition to what would have been reported under the previous policy used by Eagle Star.

Hambro Life's figures are not included in these results, since it joined the Group after the year-end, but its acquisition marks a further development of financial services as one of our four major business activities, along with tobacco, retailing and paper. In 1984 B.A.T Industries again achieved a very fine

performance. Pre-tax profit increased by 44 per cent to reach a record £1,405 million, and so once again has more than doubled within three years.

Group turnover from commercial activities increased by 22 per cent to £14,426 million, and there was also £1,077 million of premium income from financial services.

Group operating profit increased by 50 per cent to £1,465 million. This includes £1,148 million from commercial activities (35 per cent higher), £192 million from associated companies (54 per cent higher) and £125 million from the insurance operations of Eagle Star. Profit attributable to B.A.T Industries' shareholders increased by 43 per cent to £784 million.

The substantial increase in pre-tax profit once again demonstrates the Group's capacity to achieve real profit growth. Even after allowing for the exchange benefit from the strong dollar and the effects of changes in the composition of the Group, real growth over inflation of around 10 per cent has been achieved.
The recovery in tobacco continued, with volume steady and

trading profit 29 per cent higher in sterling terms. Exchange rate fluctuations were an important factor, but higher selling prices and improved productivity provided elements of real growth in profitability, Brown & Williamson held its share of a slightly higher US market. There was a strong improvement in West Germany, and good Brazilian results were helped by leaf export profits. Barclay gained ground in Europe. There were good performances in Latin America, Hong Kong, Malaysia and Africa.

Retailing had a mixed year despite a 34 per cent increase in trading profit in sterling terms. Business in the US was influenced by high stocks and general price cutting, which affected most of BATUS Retail's companies, so that overall results in the US were less good than in 1983. But this was more than offset by the strength of the dollar, a sharp improvement in the UK, led by a very strong Argos performance, and the inclusion of four months' figures from Horten, which became a Group subsidiary in August. International Stores was sold to Dee Corporation at the end of

Paper had an outstanding year, with trading profit 44 per cent fansfers received in order by the Registrar of the Company up to 4 June 1985 will be in time to rank for payment of the final dividend.

The following is a summary of the dividends declared for the years to 31 December 1984 and 1983. higher. Appleton improved on an already impressive performance and is investing heavily in the strong growth of its North American markets, while in Europe and the UK, Wiggins Teape took full advantage of improved markets and several years of new investment and restructuring.

The insurance industry had a very poor year, and had Eagle

The acquisition of Eagle Star been acquired for its first year earnings alone it would have Star Holdings in January 1984 proved a disappointment. But in the context of long-term strategy its performance was encouraging, and its results, compared to those of other insurance companies, endorse our original view of the high quality of its management.

Mardon Packaging again showed a strong improvement, with volume growth in Europe and the UK, and trading profit up 46 per cent, despite strong competition.

Other trading activities now include Grovewood Securities. The results of Eagle Star which achieved its seventeenth year of uninterrupted profit growth. The home improvements business in Germany suffered from a decline in consumer confidence. There was an encouraging profit performance from our enlarged interests in fruit juice in Brazil. Lower profits were reported by the cosmetics companies which since the year-end have been sold to the Beecham Group.

Our associated companies continued to grow rapidly in significance. Imasco was again a major contributor, with an increased market share in tobacco and further expansion in restaurants and drug stores. Aracruz in Brazil benefited greatly from high exports of pulp priced in US dollars.

Reflecting acquisitions and the growth of our existing businesses, the total net assets shown in the Group balance sheet increased by £2.6 billion. It is a demonstration of the Group's financial strength that less than half of this substantial increase was financed by higher borrowings.

In the light of these excellent results, the Board will be recommending a final dividend of 6.25p, making a total for the year of 10.3p, an increase of 25 per cent over the previous year.

The world's economy continues to emerge from the long recession but instability of exchange and interest rates continues. In the industrialised world and developing countries our businesses continue to progress in this more encouraging environment. I shall comment fully on the prospects for this year at the Annual General Meeting.

-PROSPECTS-

PATRICK SHEEHY, Chairman

GROUP R	ESULT	'S			ANALYSI	ES		
Year ended 31 December 1984	1984	1983	change	Year ended 31 December	1984		1983	
TURNOVER (including duty and excise taxes)	£ millions*	£ millions		INDUSTRIAL Turnover	£ millions*	*	£ millions	%
Commercial activities	14,426	11,846	+22%	Tobacco Retailing	6,943 4,511	48 31	6,138 3,528	52 30
Financial services	1,077	_	_	Paper	1,379 659	10 5	1,051 537	9
Share of associated companies	2,700	1,993	+35%	Packaging & printing Other trading activities	934	6	592	4 5
-				Commercial activities	14,426	100	11,846	100
Commercial activities' trading profit	1,148	851	+35%	Profit Tobacco	698	48	542	56
Financial services' profit before taxation	125	_	-	Retailing Paper	698 221 144	15 10	165 100	17 10
Share of associated companies' orofit before taxation	192	125	+54%	Packaging & printing Other trading activities	35 50	2 3	24 20	56 17 10 2 2
				Commercial activities	1,148	78	851	87
Operating profit	1,465	976	+50%	Financial services Associated companies	125 192	9 13	125	13
Net interest	(60)	3	_	Operating profit	1,465	100	976	100
				GEOGRAPHICAL		<del>-</del>		
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	1,405	979	+44%	Turnover United Kingdom	2,346	16	2 167	18
Paxation on ordinary activities	(532)	(373)	+43%	Europe North America	3,095 5,828 1,721	21 40 12	2,167 2,367 4,521 1,601	18 20 38 14 6 ;
rofit on ordinary activities	! ; 873		1912 (415 1914)) 19 19 19 19 1911 144%		939 411 86	7 3 1	725 398 67	6 ; 3
Attributable to minority	. 0.0	000	. 11/4	Commercial activities	14,426	100	11,846	100
hareholders	(89)	(59)	+51%	Profit	,			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO B.A.T INDUSTRIES	784	547	+43%	United Kingdom Europe North America Latin America	106 109 657 138	7 7 45 10	80 65 485 113	8 7 50 11
O. 1991 - T. 1971 - T. 197		*		Asia Africa	83 49	6	61 41	-6 4
Dividends	(151)	(120)	+25%	Australasia			6	1
Carnings per share	53-552p	37-569p	+43%	Commercial activities Financial services	1,148 125	78 9	851	87
DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	10-300p	8-250p	+25%	Associated companies	· 192	13	125	13
	<del></del>	. о 200р	. 2070	Operating profit	1,465	100	976	100
DIVIDE	'ATTAC		_	EXCHANGE DATE SESSOTS				- <del></del>

L	)[	VI	DI	žN.	D5			
ina t	n the	char	abold	are at t	he An	numai (	icrene	M

The directors will be recommending to the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 16 May 1985 the payment on 2 July 1985 of a final dividend for the year of 6-25p per ordinary share of 25p.

Final proposed payable 2.7.85	6-250p	3-375p 4-875p	
	10-300p	8-250p	

EXCHANGE RATE EFFECTS

The results of overseas subsidiaries have been translated into sterling for the purpose of this report at exchange rates ruling on 31 December in each year. Had the same exchange rates ruled at the end as at the beginning of the year, it is estimated that the figures would have been as follows:

Year to 31 December 1984	enoillim 2	% change	
Turnover — commercial activities	12,600	<del>-</del> 6	
Trading profit — commercial activities	970	+14	
Operating profit	1,255	+29	
Profit before taxation	1,200	+23	
Net profit attributable to B.A.T Industries	660	+21	
•£1 Sterling = US\$ 1-16 (Dec 1984); US\$ 1-4	5 (Dec 1983).		

#### INDUSTRIAL REVIEWS

#### TOBACCO

In sterling terms, turnover rose by 13 per cent, trading profit by 29 per cent. Brown & Williamson increased turnover by 6 per cent in dollars and trading profit by over 17 per cent, reflecting higher US cigarette prices and productivity. In West Germany, BATCF had 7 per cent volume growth, raised market share a point to 25 per cent, and strongly improved profitability. Brazilian cigarette profits were affected by price increases lower than inflation, but leaf exports grew and overall profit increased by 25 per cent in sterling.

Export volume and profit from the UK were substantially down, US export volumes continued depressed by the dollar's strength but profit was maintained, and BATCF's profitable West German export business increased volume and turnover.

Termination of direct sales and distribution in the UK eliminated losses. In Europe, only the Finnish market showed growth but most companies benefited from Barclay's continued good performance and,

except for Belgium, their trading profits improved.

Most Latin American countries improved turnover and trading profit, in Hong Kong profit rose significantly, and despite difficult economic conditions the African companies increased profits.

#### RETAILING

Tirrnover increased by 28 per cent, trading profit by 34 per cent in sterling terms. Price discounting and intensive promotional activity affected the US industry, and although BATUS Retail's sales grew by over 7 per cent, trading profit in dollars was down 10 per cent. Saks Fifth Avenue increased turnover but with lower profit, but Marshall Field and Kohl's Department Stores had a good year with turnover and trading profit up. Breuners' furnishing retail and rental stores increased turnover and profit significantly. Gimbels-Midwest's trading profit rose strongly, but it was down at Gimbels-

Pittsburgh and Gimbels-East. In the UK, Argos made substantial strong growth, the

gains in sales and trading profit, and merchants increased margins, and increased its showrooms by 21 to 154. profit increased substantially. A new concept, Jewellers Guild, went into test with 15 stores. International Stores was sold to Dee Corporation as a growing and profitable business. The West German department store group, Horten, became a subsidiary in August and contributed £26 million trading profit.

#### **PAPER**

Turnover increased by 31 per cent and trading profit by 44 per cent in sterling terms. Appleton Papers had another record year, with dollar turnover up 23 per cent and trading profit 22 per cent, due mainly to higher sales volume and improved raw material conversion and productivity. In the UK, capacity utilisation was at a five-year high, Wiggins Teape's sales rose 17 per cent, and exports rose by a third to £132 million. UK profits doubled. The European carbonless copying paper business continued

#### FINANCIAL SERVICES The overall profit of the insurance

operations comprises the underwriting results on general business risks, life business profits and returns on the investment portfolio. Eagle Star has adopted a new accounting policy which recognises, in the investment returns, both income earned and investment performance comprising realised gains and the change in market value over the year of investments held at the year end. This investment performance is taken to profit by reference to a fiveyear moving average.

On this basis, in 1984 Eagle Star contributed £125 million to Group operating profit-including £95 million arising from the change in accounting policy-compared

> of £140 million. Grovewood Securities' profit is included separately in trading

to a pre-tax surplus for 1983

profit from commercial activities. Without the change in accounting policy, the pre-tax surplus (excluding Grovewood) would have been

£30 million, against £67 million. General business premiums increased by 16 per cent to £665 million and the underwriting loss was £126 million. In the UK, premium income increased by 15 per cent but property, motor and liability account losses were also higher. Overseas premium income rose by 13 per cent, and life assurance premiums worldwide rose by 31 per cent to £412 million. In the UK, total new annual life premiums were down but new single premiums were up 46 per cent.

Tirnover of Mardon Packaging International rose by 23 per cent, with trading profit up 46 per cent. There was some growth in the UK and Europe and volume and productivity gains gave higher profit.

North America was also well up. In other trading activities, the West German home improvements operations were affected by lower

consumer confidence, turnover rose slightly but profit was down. Grovewood Securities, the investment holding company acquired with Eagle Star, made another record trading profit, up 21 per cent at £28 million. The Group's cosmetics interests, now sold, reported turnover up 12 per cent but trading profit 9 per cent down.

There was another strong increase in the Group's share of pre-tax profits of associated companies, up 54 per cent to £192 million. Imasco raised Canadian dollar pre-tax profit by 19 per cent. In Australia, AMATIL's profit was up 27 per cent in sterling terms. Pulp production at Aracruz Celulose, Brazil, was 6 per cent higher and profit increased significantly. Skandinavisk Holding's pre-tax profit increased by 45 per cent in sterling.

These figures for the year ended 31 December 1984 have been extracted from the full financial statements to be delivered to the Registrar of Companies, and carry an unqualified audit report. The Report and Accounts will be available on 24 April 1985. The Annual General Meeting will he held on 16 Mm 1985.

be held on 16 May 1985.

Windsor House, 50 Victoria Street, London SW1H ONL.

#### SOVEREIGN OIL & GAS PLC

Year ended 31st December	1984	1983
	(Unaudited) £million	Emillion
<ul><li>TURNOVER</li></ul>	<b>54.6</b>	6.8
<ul> <li>PRE-TAX PROFITS</li> </ul>	18.2	3.4
<ul> <li>POST-TAX PROFITS</li> </ul>	10.6	3.4
• EARNINGS PER SHARE	28.32p	9.331

- South Brae reaches peak production
- North Brae development on target for 1988
- East Brae delineation confirms commerciality
- Central Brae successfully appraised
- Ninth round cash tender block 2/20 awarded
- 'Sovereign Explorer' encounters gas in frontier drilling
- Emerald production test increases confidence for development
- Claymore acquisition increases total production to 8,000 barrels/day

The Comp Portland	in early May, plea namy Secretary, S	he 1984 Annual Report, which will be use BII in the coupon below and send it to Sowereign Off & Gas PIC, te, London SWIE 5BH	
Name			<u> </u>
			- - -

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and does not constitute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for or purchase, any securities.

#### Privatbanken A/S

(Incorporated with limited liablity in the Kingdom of Denmark)

£20,000,000

11% per cent. Subordinated Bonds 1992

Issue price 100 per cent.

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds:—

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

PRIVATbanken Limited

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank

Daiwa Europe Limited

Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise

Manufacturers Hanover Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

Morgan Stanley International

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Orion Royal Bank Limited Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

Merrill Lynch International & Co.

Barclays Merchant Bank Limited

Crédit Commercial de France

LTCB International Limited

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland for the Bonds to be nitted to the Official List. Interest is payable annually in arrear on 11th April, the first such payment being due on 11th April, 1986.

Particulars of the Bonds are available from Extel Statistical Services Limited and copies may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including 1st April, 1985 from the Company Announcements Office of the Stock Exchange and for fourteen days from the date hereof from:—

2 Torvegade, 1249 Copenhagen K

1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PA

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. 33 King William Street, London EC4R 9AS

28th March, 1985

12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC2R 7AN

All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears solely for purposes of information.

**NEW ISSUE** 

March 18, 1985

ECU 50,000,000

# Hercules Incorporated

101/8 Bonds Due 1992

The First Boston Corporation

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Shearson Lehman Brothers Inc.

# INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

# Nisshin Steel chief agrees to join board of NTT

BY JUREK MARTIN IN TOKYO

the president of Nisshin Steel, has agreed to serve as a non-executive director of Nippon Telegraph and Telephone when it is transformed next Monday into a nominally private com-

This constitutes a face-saving settlement in what had been a bitter battle between Japan's business establishment and business establishment and some of its leading politicians

over NTT's new management.

Dr Hisashi Shinto will be reconfirmed today as president of the new NTT. Mr Yasusada Kitahara will be named the sole vice-president. There will be no chairman, though it is widely

Arnotts

Mr Abe, who the business establishment wanted installed alongside Mr Kitahara as a possible next president, will simply be one of a 26-member board, which will include five executive managing directors, all of whom now work for NTT.

Mr Abe had withdrawn his name from consideration 10 days ago, citing health reasons. His supporters were still insist.

assumed Dr Shinto will move up to this advisory position in two to three years, to be replaced as chief executive by Mr Ritahara. Who enjoys the backing of prominent politicians close to the former Prime Ritahara. The settlement itself was in the delicated by the politicians. fact clinched, by the politicians,

on the floor of the Diet (parliament) on Tuesday afternoon. Mr Shin Kanemaru, a leader of the Tanaka faction and secretary general of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party, put it to Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone, the Prime Minister, in a whispered conversation and won his assent.

Earlier in the day, Mr Abe had been visited in hospital by ing yesterday that on his Mr Hiroki Imazato, head of the recovery he could yet be NTT "foundation committee" elevated to the level of Mr and accepted a directorship.

#### **Bank of America rules Bond raises** offer for out trust banking in Japan

By Our Financial Staff MR ALAN BOND's Bond Corporation of Perth yesterday boosted its takeover bid for Arnotts, the leading Australian manufacturer of biscuits, from A\$4.20 a share to A\$4.35, and promised a further rise to A\$4.20 if it wins 90 per cent. terday that it would not enter the current round of applica-tions by foreign banks for licences to conduct trust bank-ing business in Japan. The statement comes ahead of the April 1 deadline for foreign banks to submit their licence applications to Japan's Ministry of Finance. At the same time, Bond is pursuing its challenge to an

Arnotts defence move against the bid, in which it placed a parcel of shares with Campbell Soup to give the U.S. concern a 10 per cent stake. A New South Wales court is due tomorthy to hear a Royd still irrad row to hear a Bond suit issued the state's companies

BANK OF AMERICA said yes believed itself to meet all the terday that it would not enter formal qualifications needed to formal qualifications needed to apply for a Japanese trust bank-

ing licence, but felt it had a "very limited opportunity to contribute to this market." Instead, the bank plans to set up a Tokyo subsidiary of its BA Investment Management Cor-poration, which would provide dvisory services for Japanes institutional investors in over-Japanese financial regulations seas markets. restrict the management of cor-

porate pension funds to licensed
trust banks and life insurance the present round of trust bank
companies. Selected foreign
institutions are due to be
allowed into the trust banking
field for the first time this year,
Bank of America said it Bank of America said it European institutions

#### Director of Deak Perera unit arrested

By David Dodwell in Hong Kong KONG'S Bureau arrested a former director el Deak Perera (Far East), & defunct local subsidiary of the troubled U.S. banking, foreign exchange, and precious metals group. It also issued warrents for the arrest of the group's

founder and for its

principal shareholder. Mr Anthony Pong, 39, wa arrested on two charges inder the Deposit Taking Companies Ordinance. He will appear in court today. Arrest warrants were issued for Mr Nicholas Deak and Mr Otto Roethenmund, both of whom are understood to be in the U.S. It was not clear yesterday whether the two can be extradited to face

the charges.

Deak Perera (Far East) shut its doors late last year after its parent in the U.S. filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the U.S. bankrupery code. The Hong Kong subsidiary, licensed as a gold and foreign exchange dealer, was wound up early in February with Habilities estimated at II \$25500.

mated at U.S.\$25m The charges allege that the men operated an unsegstered deposit taking company contrary to the Ordinance, and that they used a scheme to avoid the provisions of the Ordinance.

Meanwhile in nearby Mar Dr Inglesias Tomis, dep head of the territory's monet authority, has been cleared of month investigation into

#### Growth slows at Adnic

ABU DHABI National Insursiowed from at least 15 per cent ance Company (Adnic), the in former years, due to largest insurance company in depressed conditions in the local the United Arab Emirates, insurance market. largest insurance company in the United Arab Emirates, recorded net profits last year of Dh 104.5m (\$28.4m), up from Dh 83.9m in 1983. It is to make

a one-for-four scrip issue.

The value of premiums written rose 3.5 per cent to Dh 415.6m, and during the year the company's total assets increased by 20 per cent to

Mr Khalaf Al Otaiba, the A 25 per cent stake in Adnic chairman, told shareholders that is owned by the Abu Dhabi the gross premium growth had Investment Authority.

**Recovery for Neptune Orient** BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

ux profits for 1984 to S\$11.2m The company, a minority of US\$5m). Which was sold to private in-However, at the attributable vestors in 1981, has been suftax profits for 1984 to S\$11.2m (US\$5m). the S\$13m produced in 1983that year had the benefit of an

NEPTUNE Orient Lines, the moved up 3.6 per cent to state-controlled Singapore ship-sping company, has reported a dend is maintained at 7.5 cents 24.8 per cent recovery in after-

expects the market to improve

in 1985, partly because of the withdrawal of a number of com-

panies from the insurance business and partly because of the measures the Government is expected to take in order to

fering from the re world shipping industry. Neptune said it expected no extraordinary credit from the further improv-sale of office space. Turnover earnings.

U.S. \$400,000,000 BankAmerica Overseas Finance Corporation N.V.

(Incorporated with limited liability in the Neductands Antilles)

Guaranteed Floating Rate **Subordinated Capital Notes** Due 1996

Guaranteed on a subordinated basis as to payment of principal and interest by



In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the times mouth Interest Period from 28th March, 1985 to 28th June, 1985 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 94% per annum. The interest amount payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date which will be 28th June, 1985 is U.S. \$1,213.89 for each Note of 11 \$ \$50.000 U.S. \$50,000.

All these Bonds have been sold. This announces



#### Settsu U.S.A. Incorporated

ECU 30,000,000

9¾ per cent. Guaranteed Bonds due 1990

Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed, jointly and severally, as to payment of principal and interest by

Settsu Paperboard Mfg.Co.,Ltd. The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

Société Générale de Banque S.A./ Generale Bankmaatschappij N.V.

Amro International Limited Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. **Banque Paribas Capital Markets** Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Nomura International Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited Banque Générale du Luxembourg S.A. Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Kredietbank International Group Sumitomo Finance International Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Banka del Gottardo Bank Gutzwiller, Kurz, Bungener (Overseas) Limited Bank Ippa Bank Mees & Rope NV Banque du Benelux S.A. Banque Indosnez Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A. Banca Commerciale Italiana Bank Len International Ltd. Banque de Luxembourg S.A.
Compagnie de Gestion et de Banque Gonet S.A.
Crédit Général S.A. de Banque Crédit Lyonnais Crédit Crédit Général S.A. de Banque Crédit Lyonnais Crédit de Lloyds Bank International Limited

Ozion Royal Ba anais Crédit du Nord Handelsbank RW (Overseas) Limited IBJ International Limited ational Limited Manufacturers Hanover Limited Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank nv Orion Royal Bank Limited Pierson, Heldring & Pierson NV. Rabohank Rederland Lixembourg) S.A. Tikngin International Bank (Europe) S.A. Tokai International Limited The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Oxion Royal Bank I.
Sparekassen SDS The Taiyo Kobe Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.

New Issue - March 15, 1985

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Larch 28 1985

# Petrofina deal clouds privatisation prospects of Petro-Canada

NO COMPANY evokes stronger emotions among Canadians at large than Petro-Canada, the nine-year-old state energy group. Some patriotic motorisis make a point of filling up at garages owned by Canada's only locally-controlled integrated oil company. In oil-rich Alberta, on the other hand, many western Canadians equally deliberately avoid Petro-Canada as a bloated and inefficient branch calgary residents have nicknamed Petro-Canada's new ferracotta-coloured head office.

Several controversies are swirling around the company, which was formed in mid-1976 to give the Canadian Government a "window" on a strategic imment in the Federal Elections.

The company is presently studies have been completed. According to a Petro-Canada is a plot scheme to ship oil and gas from the Arctic. The company retains a 30 petro-Canada is a sa bloated and inefficient the value of its assets, calculated at close to current costs, were adjusted to the more favourable historic costs used by competitors.

The return to power of a probusiness Conservative Government in last September's Federal Elections has raised the prospect that some of Petro-Canada's assets, valued at C\$9.1bn (U.S.\$6.6bn) at the end of 1984, may be sold to private investors.

The new Government has already announced that Petro-Canada will not receive an injection of equity from public funds in 1985, for the first time since the company was formed. Miss Pat Carney, Federal Energy Minister, says that no further contribution will be made "unless it meets a specific

The privatisation issue is on the backburner for the time being, while the authorities investigate whether Petro-Canada paid a fair price in 1981 for the Canadian assets of Petrofina, the Belgian Energy company. The C\$1.6bn deal, the biggest of Petro-Canada's four major acquisitions in the past decade, gave it a large stake in the retail petrol market in the retail petrol market in eastern Canada.

The price Petro-Canada paid for Petrofina shares was almost double their stock market value before the purchase was an-nounced. The international nounced. The international integrated producers. Imperial integrated producers. Imperial of Chinney, commissioned by the U.S., and the country's deal embedded earlier this Ottawa to assess the Petronna deal concluded earlier this return on sales of 5.5 per cent month that the price was last year, and a return on "above fair market value," but capital employed of 7.3 per cent, was justified "because of the special benefits that were ex- 3 per cent and around 2 per pected to accrue to Petro-canada." The company cur-cent respectively.

Canada." The company cur-positive properties in the Toronto securities house,

The question of whether Petro-Canada paid a fair price in 1981 for the Canadian assets of Petrolina, of Belgium, is being examined. On the backburner is the matter of whether some of the company's assets may be sold to private investors

and gas exploration in the for the company which, in the Arctic and off the East Coast. Ottawa has so far contributed equity of C\$1.7bn to Petro-Canada plus another C\$1.5bn financed by a " Canadian ownership tax" on petrol sales for the Petrofina takeover. Petro-Canada is by far the largest recipient of frontier exploration and drilling grants, taking C\$262m, or 15 per cent of the total, in 1984.

The company last week reported its 1984 financial results, the best since its inception. Net earnings more than trebled last year to C\$151m, while revenues rose by 20 per cent to C\$4.9bn. Cash available for reinvestment and debt repayments stood at C\$911m, a 38 per cent increase. An austerity drive since mid-1982 has cut the workforce by almost one-third to 6,200.

Still, Petro-Canada's performance has failed to match that of most of Canada's other.

first seven years of its life, took over the Canadian business of Atlantic Richfield of the U.S., Pacific Petroleum, the refining and marketing arm of BP of the UK, and Petrofina. Besides financial constraints and the new government's wary policies towards crown corporations, a company official notes: "We're almost everywhere. What do you want us to buy?" The only obvious gap is in

the hostile western Canadian retail market, where Petro-Canada's presence remains Like other Canadian oil com-

panies, Petro-Canada has abandoned some of the megaprojects planned when energy prices were rising in the late 1970s and early 1980s, and is concentrating instead on more modest ventures with a quick

Capital spending rose by 13 per cent last year to C\$1.1bn, of which 65 per cent was ear-marked for oil and gas exploration. An official of the Canadian Petroleum Association says that aggressive in land purchases and drilling in western Canada.

which Petro-Canada was to be

have been completed. According to a Petro-Canada official, the company wants no more than a 20-30 stake in the project, the cost of which may reach C\$4bn. Miss Carney says that Ottawa has examined the privatisation issue only in a "preliminary way." She adds that "until the

issue only in a "preliminary way." She adds that "until the cloud over the acquisition of Petrofina is removed, we can't really address the question of how we will use Petro-Canada in the future."
Several chunks of Petro-

Canada could be privatised without closing the Government's "window" on the oil and gas industry, which the Conservatives appear eager to retain. For example, the company has a 31 per cent interest in Westcoast Transmission, the Vancouver-based pipeline utility. It also has a number of international investments including exploration programme off the

Chinese coast.
Petro - Canada's operations have expanded considerably beyond its original mandate, A Petro - Canada International Assistance Corporation provide Canadian expertise for Third World countries trying to reduce their dependence on

imported energy.
PCIAC has worked in 16 countries. A drilling and welltesting project in Barbados has helped double that country's oil output, cutting its dependence on imports from 70 per cent to 40 per cent. Thai officials have told PCIAC that a seismic Among the projects abantold PCIAC that a seismic doned in the last few years are exploration project may lead to the ambitious Alsands tar sands an invitation to a Canadian company to take part in a joint oil venture in Thailand.



#### Province of Newfoundland

(Canada)

75,000,000 U.S.Dollars 11 %% Bonds due 1995

Crédit Commercial de France - Dominion Securities Pitfield Limited

Bank Brussel Lambert NV. • Deutsche Girozentrale - Deutsche Kommunalbank-Hambros Bank Limited . Kredietbank International Group McLeod Young Weir International Limited • Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Salomon Brothers International Limited . Société Générale de Ranque S.A. Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. • Banca Commerciale Ballana • BankAmerica Capital Markets Group Bank Guizwiller, Eurg, Bungener (Overseas) Limited • Bank Lau International Lid. • Bankhaus Hermann Lampe Kommandilgesellschaf Banque Genérale du Lausenbourg S.A. • Banque Internationale à Lausenbourg S.A. • Banque de Lausenbourg S.A. Banque de Neuflize, Schlumberger, Mailet • Banque Worms • Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale Manhatian Capital Markets Group Chase Markhalla Limited • CIEC Limited • Cificorp Capital Markets Group • Commerzbank Akhenges ase Manhatian Capital Markets Group Chase Markets and indicate the Commercial of Cliscop Capital Markets Group • Commercian Manhatian Capital Markets Group • Commercian • Crédit Commercial of France (Saisse) S.A. • Crédit Industriel d'Alsace et de Lordit Capital Markets • Credit Commerciale • Dat-Ichi Kangyo International Limited • Dater Burope Limited • Drescher Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG Vienna • Ghozzantrale und Bank der Österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft
Kansallis International Bank S.A. • LTCB International Limited • Margon Guaranty Ltd. • Nestrit, Thomson Limited
The Nikko Securities Co. (Europe) Ltd. • Nommur International Limited • Norddeutsche Landesbank Ginzentrale • Orton Royal Bank Limited
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N.M. Rothschild & Sons Limited • J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited • Union Bank of Norway Ltd.
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IF YOU'RE STILL BUYING
COMPANY CARS, MAYBE YOU
SHOULD TRADE IN YOUR
FINANCIAL

Capital tied up in vehicles. Bogged down in vehicle administration, cash flow suffering. Traink of vehicle Contract Hire. A solution that more and more firms, irrespective of size, are finding makes sense. Any good accountant will tell you all about the tax, depreciation and budgeting advantages. Leave the details to MEVC, a company with 25 years experience in Contract Hire and backed by the resources of the Mann Egerton Group. You can have any make or model, Any time. Writine, Writine,

Coventry 0203-683121. London (Piccadilly) 01-493-6425. Norwich 0603-484021.

These Bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

January 1985



#### Zentralsparkasse und Kommerzialbank, Wien **Z-Bank of Vienna**

Can. \$50,000,000

11%% Subordinated Bonds due 1995

Orion Royal Bank Limited CIBC Limited

County Bank Limited

Zentralsparkasse und Kommerzialbank, Wien

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale Crédit Lyonnais Den norske Creditbank Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft **Merrill Lynch Capital Markets** Morgan Stanley International Salomon Brothers International Limited Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Bank of Tokyo International Limited Banque Nationale de Paris Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Kredietbank International Group Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Nomura International Limited Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

New Issue



# **European Investment Bank**

Can. \$75,000,000

12% Bonds due 1995

**Orion Royal Bank Limited** 

Daiwa Europe Limited

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

March 1985

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. **Banca Commerciale Italiana** 

Banque Générale du Luxembourg S.A.

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Crédit Communal de Belgique S.A.

Creditanstalt-Bankverein

DG BANK Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank

Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft Kredietbank International Group

Mitsui Finance International Limited

Norddeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Sparekassen SDS

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

**Amro International Limited** 

**Bank of Tokyo International Limited** 

**Banque Indosuez** Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft

**Crédit Lyonnais** 

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft.

Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG Vienna

**IBJ** International Limited

Mitsubishi Finance International Limited

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Sociéte Générale de Banque S.A.

Toronto Dominion International Limited

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale Zentralsparkasse und Kommerzialbank, Wien

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# BAT heads profit league with £1.41bn

BAT Industries yesterday took its place at the top of the profits league for companies outside the oil sector when it announced a £1.41bn taxable result for 1984.

This surpassed most City expectations by nearly £100m and eclipsed the £1.03bn reported last month by ICI, although British Telecom has hinted that it could be on course for £1.48bn. A change in accounting policy

by Eagle Star, BAT's insurance subsidiary, boosted pre-tax pro-fits by £95m. Eagle Star's results were calculated on a basis recognising the effect of changes in the market value of thet general insurance business's investment portfolio.

In terms of stock market value BAT, a blue chip stock, ranks sixth behind BP, Shell, British Telecom, ICI and GEC. At last night's closing price of 328p, down 22p, the company is valued at £4.81bn.

has been active on both the acquisition and disposal fronts. Its largest purchases were Eagle Star and Hambro Life, while sales included International Stores and the cosmetic business. Germaine Monteil USA.

"Reflecting acquisitions and the growth of our existing businesses, the total net assets in the balance sheet increased by £2.6bn.

"but, he says, there will be some correlation. In overall terms he says the group will be looking for growth in the UK and Western Europe and from the US, over the next few years. The US, is a "great economy in which to be invested."

He says that "our real concern is that we have very extensive historiesses in an extensive head businesses in an

"It is a demonstration of the group's financial strength that less than half of this substantial increase was finance by higher borrowings," says Mr Patrick Sheehy, the chairman. There was a net £60m interest charge in 1984 against a £3m credit. Mr Brian Garraway, deputy chairman, says that BAT is looking at a number of strategic developments which "could be in one or other parts of the

On the financial services side, he says that BAT's sees itself moving into other countries, particularly in Western Europe

particularly in Western Europe and North America.
But the group will be taking its time over its next moves.
"We don't feel pressed on that at ail. What is more important is that we get the strategy right."
The financial services industry is huge, he says and adds: "I think there are hig segments in think there are big segments in it which we should concentrate. Our particular interest is towards the retail end."

Our particular interest is towards the retail end."

Commenting on how BAT might develop in other countries, Mr Garraway says: "I can't absolutely say we will develop from the same activities as we are doing in the UK.

"That may not be appropriate in those countries or the opportunities may not be there,"

Tesults.

In the light of the figures, the the dollar, a sharp improvement the dollar, a sharp improvement in the UK, led by a very strong on the UK, led by a very strong of four month's figures clusion of four month's figures distribution. Earnings rose group subsidiary in August."

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Life assurance premiums world-clusion of four month's figures distribution. Earnings rose group subsidiary in August."

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Life assurance premiums world-clusion of four month's figures distribution. Earnings rose group subsidiary in August."

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Mr Patrick Sheehy, chairman

Valued at £4.8ibn.

Over the past 15 months BAT
has been active on both the "but, he says, there will be some correlation."

The says the

He says that "our real con-cern is that we have very cern is that we have very strongly based businesses in an extremely good commercial and industrial investment environ-

Also, he says BAT will be looking for continuing growth

looking for continuing growth from developing companies and will be aiming to build up its presence in the Pacific basin and the Far East.

"We are reasonably represented there but not as strongly as we would like," he says.

The profit for 1984, a rise of 44 per cent over 1983's £979m, was achieved across the board and included an inaugural £125m. and included an inaugural £125m contribution from financial services. Total turnover rose from £13.84bn to £18.2bn.

Mr Sheeby, says that the record breaking acquisition of Eagle Star in January 1984 "made this a year of great significant for the start of the start nificance for the group's strategic development," and financial services has made an "important impact" on the

GEOGRAPHICAL AND INDUSTRIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	Tur	lover	Op	erating	profit	Profit a		
Geographical	1984 (£m)	1983 (£m)	1984 ( (£m)	1984 (£m)	change	Turnover	1984 (£m) 18,203	1983 (£m) 13,839
UX Europe	2,346 3,095	2,167 2,367	106 109	80 65	32.5 67.7	Operating profit	1,465	976 3
North America Latin America	5,828 1,721	4,521 1,601	657 138	485 113	35.5 22.1	Net interest Pre-tax profit	60* 1,405	979
Asia Africa	939 411	725 398	83 49	61 41	36.0 17.1	Tax	532	373
Australasia	86	<u> </u>			_	Minorities Extraordinaries	89* 64	59 24°
Industrial	14,426	11,846	1,148	851	34.9	Transfer to reserve	68	
Tobacco Retailing	6,943 4,571	6,138 3,528	678 221	542 165	28.8 33.9	Dividends Retained	151* 629	120* 403
Paper Packaging	1,379	1,051 537	144 35	100 24	44.0 45.8	Transfer to reserves	1,113	446
Other	934	592	50	20	150.0	+ Debt. † Revaluati	on.	

demonstrates Even after allowing for the

Even after allowing for the exchange rate benefit from the strong dollar and the effects of changes in the composition of the group, real growth over infation of around 10 per cent has been achieved," he says.

The recovery in BAT's mainstay business, tobacco, continued with volume steady and trading profits emerging 29 per cent higher at £698m in sterling terms.

"Exchange rate fluctuations "Exchange rate fluctuations were an important factor," he says, "but higher selling prices and improved productivity provided elements of real growth." Brown and Williamson "held its share of a slightly higher U.S. market" and there was a

Retailing, however, "had a mixed year despite a 34 per cent increase in trading profits." U.S. business, says Mr Sheehy, was influenced by high stocks and general price cutting, which affected most of BATUS Retail's companies, and the overall result was less good than in 1983.
"But this was more than off-

"But this was more than off-set," he says, "by the strength of the dollar, a sharp improvement in the UK, led by a very strong Argos performance, and the in-

demonstrates the group's already impressive performance capacity to achieve real profit and is investing heavily in the growth.

American markets. In Europe, the UK Wiggins
Teape "took full advantage of
improved markets and several
years of new investment and
restructuring."

The insurance industry, however, "had a very poor year, and had Eagle Star been acquired for its first year earnings alone it would have proved a disappointment. But in the context of long-term strategy its performance was encouraging."

Eagle's general business premiums rose by 16 per cent to £665m. The underwriting loss was £126m, reflecting "inadequate premium levels in the industry in the face of increasing claims in most territories."

U.S. market " and there was a "strong improvement in West Germany." Brazilian results In the UK, premium income was gained ground in Europe.

"bad a "much firmer" attitude to the mains of commercial business by rating of commercial business by

> Overseas premium income rose by 13 per cent. The results were dominated by U.S. underwriting losses of £12.6m. "These were in the U.S. property and casualty market — where Eagle Star's exposure is relatively small — which saw its worst ever year in 1984"

trading profit rose by 46 per cen

Other trading activities now include Grovewood Securities, "which achieved its seventeenth year of uninterrupted profit growth," says Mr Sheehy.

While the home improvements business in Germany suffered from a decline in consumer con-fidence, there was an "encouraging profit performance" from enlarged fruit juice interests in Brazil. Lower profits were reported by the cosmetics companies which since the year-end have been sold for £104m to the

panies. Imasco was again a major contributor with an increased market share in tobacco and further expansion in restaurants and drug stores. Aracruz in Brazil benefited from high exports of pulp priced in U.S. dollars.

On prospects, Mr Sheehy says that the world's economy con-tinues to emerge from the long recession but instability of exchange and interest rates con-tinues. However, in the industrialised world and industrialised world developing countries businesses continue to progress in this more encouraging

environment." After all charges, including a After an energies, including a fifth extraordinary credit, retained profits for the year amounted to f629m against \$403m. There was a total f1.11bu

(£446m) transfer to reserves after taking account of revaluations, goodwill, share premiums and exchange effects on net

Sagging Action of the State of

# UK Investment

Management

The profits of the UK activities including Britannia Asset Management and Britannia Unit Trusts for 1984 amounted to £4,600,000 and funds under management in the UK had grown to £1,100 million at 31

December.

**Merchant Banking** 

cantly broadened our base in fin-

ancial services. Singer & Friedlander has an established reputation in the merchant banking field and a

regional network providing it with a unique base from which to

continue its development and

growth. The profits for 1984 amounted to a record

£9,100,000.

banking and insurance, Britannia Arrow is well-equipped

"With expertise

deployed across investment

and resources

management,

to benefit from the financial services revolution."

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Ongumen 1964 Lienmingly vesuits		
•	1984	1983
Total pre-tax profits	£23.7m	£11.2m
Pre-tax profits (excluding extraordinary profits and exchange gains)	£14.1m	£10.1m
Earnings per share	6.3p	6.1p
Ordinary dividend propose (1983 paid)	đ 2.5p	2.2p
Funds under management	£4,800m	£3,200m

**Investment Management** The profits of Gardner and Preston Moss, and Financial Programs both in the USA, and of Britannia International in Jersey increased to £5,100,000 for 1984. Funds

**International** 

under management in the USA and Jersey were £3,400 million at 31 December. The acquisition of Singer & Friedlander last April has signifi-

#### <u>Insurance</u>

In the first full year within the Group. National Employers Life (NEL) has continued to make good progress in its traditional lines of business. Firm foundations have been laid to develop new types of business, particularly unit linked, and to widen the sales methods. NEL Group premium income rose to £76,000,000 in 1984 and its total funds amounted to £408 million.

# Britannia Arrow

Holdings PLC

The annual report will be posted to shareholders on 30th April, 1985. For a copy and for further information on our financial services please write to The Secretary, Britannia Arrow Holdings PLC, Sallsbury House, 29 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 5QL.

#### Waring and Gillow settles for £25m

By Stefan Wagstyl

ONE OF the City's longest running takeover sagas ended yesterday—with a £24.9m agreed bid for the struggling furniture company Waring

A consortium led by Mr Cyril Spencer, former executive chairman of the Burton store group, reached a deal with the Waring board, headed by Mr Manny Cussins and his son, Mr John Cussins, who together with their families and fellow directors speak for 20 per cent of the

A the same time, the consortium won the agreement of 31-per-cent shareholder Great Universal Stores.

Although Waring has been at the centre of hid rumours for more than a decade, speculation has been particularly intense over the last year after Waring with its advisers Schroders acknowledged that it was talking to potential

But these discussions came to nothing and it was left to Mr Spencer's consortium, advised by Hambros Bank, to make a bid after several weeks of talks. "It was very nail-biting but we did it in the end," he said yesterday.

The consortium, which has formed a company called Hopecastle to make the bid, is offering 160p of Hopecastle unsecured loan stock 1990 issued at par, or 153p cash, for every Waring share. The loan stock will not be listed but it will be backed by a bank guarantee. Waring shares closed 8p down at

Mr Spencer's consortium is backed by Albion Trust, a management buy-out and development capital company set up by commodity trader S and W Berisford, Albion has about 85 per cent of Hopecastle and Mr Spencer a further 18 per cent.

The remaining 5 per cent will be in the hands of 37-year-old Mr Ashley Meyer. former managing director of the furniture business of the Debenhams Store group, who will be the new company's

Waring, with 116 stores and whops which shape contint in the UK, but also in the U.S. and France, they been con-trolled by the Consins family since 1953 when Mr Manny Cussins bought a stake from Great Universal Stores, which nevertheless stayed on as a minority shareholder,

After bitting peak profits of £4.8m in 1979, the Sheffieldbased company found trading difficult and profits declined steadily in the recession before falling into loss in 1983. Waring recovered in the year to last March with profits of £220,000 on sales of £93m but earlier this month reported an interim loss for the current year.

# All-round progress pushes Coats Patons through £100m level

Coats Patons

Coats Patons, a world leader in threads and knitting yarns, pushed its sales through the filbn barrier during 1984 and saw its profits before tax surge past £100m for the first time.

Results generally were good across the group's range of activities, which also take in lessure and craft products, retail shops and precision ensineering shops and precision engineering and discusting

At £1.98bn, turnover showed an increase of 21 per cent over the previous year's £888m, with half the rise attributable to exchange translations due to the weakness of the pound. Volume was 5 per cent ahead in aggregate mainly because of acquisitions.

was 50 per cent shead in aggregate mainly because of acquisitions.

Trading profits rose by 29 per cent along the control of 228 mg of 2

# Nabisco UK profit up 30%

manufacturer, announced a 30 per cent increase in trailing profit to £31.3m in 1984, against £24.1m.

Mr Basil Collins, chairman, notes that the rise comes after a 53 per cent increase in trading profit between 1982 and 1983. Nabisco, an unqueted company, acquired Huntley & Palmer Foods in 1982.

Trading profit as a percentage of turnover—up 8 per cent to £419.7m (£388.6m)—rose from

Nabisco Group, the UK arm of 62 per cent to 7.5 per cent, a Nabisco Brands, the U.S. biscuit, direct reflection of improved rgins, says Mr Collins He says the figures demon-

growth and efficiency. The group plans more capital spending in the current year, with the emphasis on new

technology. Mr Collins says the group is aiming for hig advances in trading profits from increased sales and improved efficiency in

il and

WUS.

Mani

# Metal Closures Group METAL AND PLASTIC PACKAGING PRODUCTS, **PACKAGE HANDLING SYSTEMS**

#### **Preliminary Announcement of Results** Year to 31st December, 1984

Re-stated As Reported £0000's Turnover 88,486 80,577 78,986 Profit before Tax (on ordinary activities) 7,044 7,077 6,829 Profit after Tax (on ordinary activities) 4,188 4,045 Dividends-Interim 2.2p 2.2p 2.2p -Final proposed 4.1p 4.1p 17.1p Earnings per share

"Profitability improved during the year both at home and overseas but the consolidated published results have been affected by the general weakening of the Rand against the Pound. The value of the Rand/Pound relationship varied widely during the year and, on average, was 16% lower than the figure applied in the annual accounts for 1983. The effect of this variant at the accounting date produced a reduction in profit before tax of approximately £640,000.

The profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. This represents a change of accounting policy, as a result of which the 1983 comparative figures have been re-stated."



Peter Smith.

Metal Closures Group plc, Bromford Lane, West Bromwich, West Midlands B70 7HY. The foregoing financial information closs not emount to full Accounts within the meaning of Section 11 of the Con-Act 1981. Full Accounts for 1983 with an unqualified each report have been filled with the Registers of Compan

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# Babcock declines to £31.6m as miners' RONGS Comments RONGS Comments Bureau Teacher Car land According to the comments and Precious to the comments and the comments to the comments and the comments to the comments and the comments to the comments are the comments to the comments and the comments to the comments are strike takes its toll

THE IMPACT of the miners' strike on 1984 profits at Babcock International was severe and was the principal single factor in halting the advance that would have been achieved in continuing the growth trend of 1982 and 1983, states chairman

After moving ahead from f14.04m to £16.02m at the half-way stage, the taxable surplus finished the year to December 31 last at £31.6m, compared with £34.1m, the miners' strike costing some £6.5m lost in respect of orders not placed or deferred, the chairman says.

Stated earnings per 25p share were down from 17.5p to 16.2p but shareholders are receiving a higher total dividend of 8p per share with a final payment of 4.3p. Adjusted for last year's scrip issue the comparative total last time was 7p.

Group turnover increased to £1.13bn (£1.02bn) while trading profits came through virtually £6m behind at £31.49m (£37.41m). Income from investments was £514,000 (£306,000), interest payable was similar at £6.03m (£5.63m) and associates' share of profits expanded from £1.99m to £5.63m.

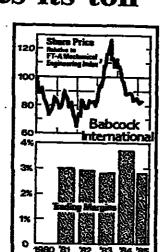
A divisional split of both turn-

The last Feat de last les last SI.99m to £5.63m.

A divisional split of both turnover and trading profits shows:
UK power group £254.17m
(£238.1m) and £10.7m (£14.2m): mechanical and process plant contracting group £76.58m (£91.22m) and £1.83m (£517,000 (191.22m) and £1.83m (£517,000 loss); industrial and electrical products group £100.23m (£108.41m) and £160,000 loss (£5.81m profit); overseas group £203.24m (£216.54m) and £1.97m (£5.5m); North American group £415.96m (£292.41m) and £15.35m (£10.69m); FATA European group £79.58m (£69.6m) and £2.05m (£1.87m); miscellaneous expenditure was £249,000

(f126,000).

Lord King point out that, for the first time since 1979, the UK companies were not the major contributors to group trading profits, this title going to the North American group which boosted its results by 43.5 per cent during the year. The chairman says that the cable controls and furniture, and automotive hardware businesses should again be the maintage of the North American group. solidation of the improvements achieved in 1983 and that "there



is still considerable potential for additional profit in the future."
Activity in the UK power group was indirectly affected by the miners' strike, which is blamed in part for the £3.5m profit decline in this sector. The increase in turnover of this group was wholly attributable to the inclusion of PED, pipework engineering company acquired from the British Steel Corporation last July, and a full year's operations of Babcock Worsley. The chairman says that current

The chairman says that current work in the UK power group carries narrower margins than the business it replaced and, despite rigorous cost reduction action, lower profits in this sector are unavoidable. However, improved trading results from the other UK operating companies should compensate,

Lord King says.

He adds that the industrial and electrical products group holds the greatest potential for

the North American group.

#### American Trust

Growth has been shown by the American Trust in the year ended January 31 1985. By the end of the year the net asset value had risen from 135.2p to 172.2p after prior charges at par, profit before tax was up by 52m to \$7.38m and the dividend is raised from 2.5p to 2.9p net with a final of 1.85p.

Total income for the year came to \$9.38m, against \$6.28m, comprising investment income minority shareholders.

comprising investment—income-£3.8m (£3.43m), interest received £1.28m (£611,000), and other income £4.25m (£2.24m).

#### Fame Computers

minority shareholders. Fame will use the funds to expand its database and to design

#### **Public Works Loan Board rates** Effective March 27

#### Recovery continues as DRG hits £26m

A GOOD second half has enabled the DRG stationery and packaging group to continue its recovery and produce its best figures for many years. For the whole of 1934 the profit before tax has risen by nearly £10m to £26m, and all businesses played a part in achieving the "encouraging progress."

played a part in achieving the "encouraging progress."
Mr John Camm, chairman, says the company has strengthened its management, improved the financial position and the quality of the business portfolio.

He looks to progress both by organic growth and through acquisition, which DRG is actively seeking in related areas.

related areas.
Balance sheet gearing was

Balance sheet gearing was down to 34 per cent and a return on average capital employed in excess of 20 per cent was achieved.

In the second half of the year the profit surged ahead from £6.6m to £15.4m. Share-holders' dividend is raised by 1p to 7.5p net, their final being 4.5p with the option of taking shares.

Group turnover rose by

Group turnover rose by £62.3m to £605.7m and the operating profit was ahead from £22,6m to £32m, with the

from £22,6m to £32m, with the UK contribution rising from £16.7m to £22m and the overseas from £5.9m to £10m.

There were exceptional credits of £500,000 this time, related companies contributed £800,000 (£700,000) and interest charges were held at £7.3m (£7.2m).

£7.3m (£7.2m).

A breakdown of the operating profit showed that manufactured stationery accounted for £15m (£12.6m), packaging £10.4m (£8.7m), trading £3.2m (loss £1.3m), engineering £3.8m (£2.6m),

#### comment Over the past five years DRG

Over the past five years DRG has spent a lot of time and money—£150m of it—changing its business profile, the strategy being to get out of areas where it had no strategic strength and to position itself nearer to the customer. Last year alone it either sold off or closed five businesses. leaving a five businesses, leaving a much tidier operation, a 20 much tidier operation, a 20 per cent return on capital and a balance sheet no weaker than it was on entering the recession. This was despite the fact that raw material increases of up to 50 per cent made life very difficult in stationery and UK packaging took: a slight knock. But other areas more than compensated, helped by a strong overseas performance. All the structural changes are the structural changes are now coming to an end, so the pressure is now on for the changed group to turn a defensive strategy into an attacking one. Pulp and paper prices have fallen back, so it should be easier to achieve real growth on the stationery side. Over in the U.S. the medical packaging acquisition should start making tracks after the reorganisation over in France there will no doubt be an opportunity to fill a vacuum with a major competitor having gone into liquidation. At 175p, up 8p on this stronger-than-expected second half performance, the multiple is under 8—a rating which prefers to wait for this

# **Britannic Assurance**

PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

RESULTS FOR 1984		
	1984	1983
Life Branches	£000	2000
Total Premium Income	122,991	112,910
Total Surplus for Policyholders	66,363	55,173
General Branch		
Total Premium Income	16,321	14,785
Underwriting (Loss)	(3,099)	(1,952)
Investment Income	1,824	1,812
Profit (Loss) after Tax	(838)	(58)
Transfer from Claims Equalisation Reserve	235	_
Profit and Loss Account		
Transfer from life branches	5,435	4,516
Transfer (to) from general branch	(603)	(58)
Total Surplus for the year, including other net income	5,469	4,600
Net Dividend for the year for stockholders	25.5p	21.8p

#### BONUS DECLARATION FOR POLICYHOLDERS

**Ordinary Branch** Reversionary Bonuses Annuities **Ordinary Policies** A scale from A scale from £5.50% to £7.50% £6.65% to £8.65% (1983 - £6.65%) (1983 - £5.50%)

of amuity of sum assured PLUS increased scale

of terminal bonuses

Bonuses A scale from £4.40% to £6.00% (1983 - £4.30%) of sum assured

special reversionary bonus and increased scale of terminal bonuses

**Britannic Assurance Covers the Country** 

# Morgan Crucible up 58% and calls for £21m

RECORD PROFITS for 1884 and a second property of the group, as well as anounced by Margan Crucible, growth by acquisition in its existing product areas.

It is proposed to raise approximately 220-7m net, by an electrical industries, and components for application in electrical and electronic industries, and contribution of 15-8m (24-5m) from the carbon sector, its results rose 58 per cent 1,578-220 new ordinary 25p (24-5m) from the carbon sector, its results rose 58 per cent and that it was appropriate to the midway point in 1984 the midway point in 1984 from the lissue will assist the profits had reached fr 23m, against 124.2m—margins improved to 10 per cent (8.8 per cent). Profits were split between: carbon 18-9m (14-5m) from the carbon sector, its results rose 58 per cent 1,578-220 new ordinary 25p (14-5m) from the carbon sector, its results rose 58 per cent that the company's capital base should be widered that it was appropriate to seek additional equity capital profits had reached fr 23m, against 124.2m—margins improved to 10 per cent (8.8 per cent). Profits were split between: carbon 125.5m (125.5m), Inbrication 123.5m that of the abstract of the rights issue of the new factor so a one-for-five basis at the entire split split the entire split split the entire split split split the entire split spli



#### **SUMMARY OF GROUP RESULTS FOR 1984**



The results for 1984 have been prepared on a new basis. We have, for the first time, included investments at market value in the shareholder's balance sheet and taken a conservative amount in respect of asset appreciation to the credit of the profit and loss account.

On the new basis the results were as follows:-

Мои	ntain,	BL, Chi	tirman,	

		241		£m
PREMIUM INCOME				
Fire, accident and motor	620.5		537.4	
Marine, aviation and transport	44.1	664.6	34.3	<b>571.7</b>
Long term – annual premiums	237.2		215.9	
– single premiums	174.8	412.0	98.4	314.3
		1,076.6		886.0
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
Underwriting loss *		(126.4)		(70.3)
Shareholder's long term profits **		<b>22.2</b>		20.5
Investment return ***		257.3		212.8
Surplus before taxation		153.1		163.0
Taxation	(33.8)		(28.0)	
Minority interests	(7.4)	(41.2)	(9.1)	(37.1)
		111.9		125.9
Extraordinary items	(3.6)		1.2	
Transfer to capital reserves	(49.1)	(52.7)	(58.0)	(56.8)
Balance available for appropriation		59.2		69.1
Dividends		(40.0)		(27.7)
Balance added to revenue reserves		19.2		41.4
<ul> <li>Includes £10m (1983: £10m) for additi disease claims on contracts written m.</li> </ul>			pect of indus	trial

\*\* After grossing up for corporation tax and income tax; the corresponding net figure is £13.4m (1983: £11.6m).

	1984	1983
	£m	£m
Investment income	127,4	109.9
investment expenses	(3.3)	(3.0)
Profits of Grovewood Securities	28.2	23.3
Share of associated companies' profits	0.2	0.2
•	152.5	130.4
Investment appreciation	112.1 . 14	2.7
Transfer of deferred investment gains	(7.3) 104.8 (6	0.3) 82.4
Total investment return	257.3	212.8
	<del></del>	-

investment appreciation is the appreciation in the shareholder's funds of stock exchange investments, property and mortgages in the year. It includes profits and losses on investments sold and the movement in market value of investments held throughout the year and is stated after off-setting exchange differences on currency liabilities and matching currency investments. Credit is taken in the profit and loss account for one fifth of this appreciation and of the appreciation in the previous four years. Balances not credited to profit and loss account are carried forward as deferred investment gains.

The profits for 1984 would have been £58.3m (1983: £90.3m) if presented using the accounting policies adopted during 1983.

The industry-wide losses now emerging are the inevitable result of the rate cutting war that has taken place over recent years which has produced premiums which were totally inadequate to compensate the deterioration in claims experience in all classes of business. These losses have been exacerbated by the weather catastrophes suffered in many areas of our operations.

At the end of 1984 the free reserves of the group, excluding the value of the shareholder's equity in the life funds, amounted to 112 per cent of general business premium income. This compares with 116 per cent at the end of 1983 and provides a substantial margin of free reserves over and above the provision for liabilities.

INVESTMENT INCOME. The total group investment income, (excluding capital appreciation), on shareholder's funds amounted to £127.4m (1983: £109.9m), an increase of 15.9 per cent. These figures do not include the earnings of Grovewood Securities.

Currency appreciation during 1984, particularly the strengthening of the US dollar, accounted for approximately £2.2m of the investment income. Adjusting for this factor the underlying rate of growth would be 13.9 per cent, which we regard as an exceptionally satisfactory performance achieved in difficult circumstances.

GENERAL BUSINESS. General business premium income increased by 16 per cent to £664.6m. Although strong competition for insurance business worldwide continues, market capacity has been reduced as a result of the very poor underwriting results experienced in recent years. In accordance with our usual practice the table set out below analyses the income and underwriting results for each major territory including

an estimate of the investment income applicable to the insurance business in each territory. The figures shown include in the 1984 result an additional amount in

respect of unexpired risks to cover the inadequacy of premiums written in 1984 which relate to exposure in 1985 and in particular the claims resulting from the severe weather in the early part of the year.

#### **GENERAL BUSINESS INSURANCE RESULT**

	Premium Income £m	writing Result £m	Investment Income £m	1984 Total £m	1983 Total £m
United Kingdom and the			<del></del>		
		Joseph Chi	<b>60.4</b>	140 CL	400
Republic of Ireland *	469,8	(87.9)	69.4	(18.5)	16.9
Australia	51.1	(1.6)	6.2	4.6	2.1
Belgium	29.4	(7.0)	5.2	(1.8)	(2.3)
South Africa	60.1		4.0	4.0	6.2
USA	29.6	(12.6)	1.9	(10.7)	(5.9)
Other territories	24.6	(5.3)	2.8	(2.5)	(1.2)
Change in provision for					
unexpired risks - overse	26				
business	_	(2.0)	_	(2.0)	1.0
Propince 2		(20)		1207	
	664.6	(116.4)	89.5	[26.9]	16.8
	<del></del>				
<ul><li>including reinsurance</li></ul>	and worldwid	le marine ar	id aviation.		

In the United Kingdom there was an increase of 15 per cent in premiumincome, the underwriting loss was £70.3m (1983: £32.3m). Commercial fire and liability business made an underwriting loss of £5.8m and £18.7m (1983: £5.8m, £7.3m) respectively, the latter account suffering from an unusually high number of large public liability claims and an increasing number of claims relating to industrial deafness. The All-In severely affected by the extreme winter weather in the early months of 1984 and 1985 and by the continuing problem of subsidence. The motor account made a loss of £18.4m (1983: £1.6m) reflecting increased claims frequency. The loss on the accident account was £4.2m (1983: £2.4m) again reflecting the high cost of running this business and the loss on travel business of £3.9m (1983: £1.8m) arose from deteriorating claims experience.

The results for London market business showed an overall loss of £11.2m (1983: £6.6m) and this result arises mainly from deteriorating trends in claims relating to earlier years. Industrial disease claims are still causing concern and claims provisions in respect of contracts written mainly before 1965 have been further strengthened by £10m.

The worldwide marine and aviation account resulted in a transfer from profit and loss account of £3.0m (1983: £2.5m) which mainly arose from the particularly-poor results experienced by our subsidiaries in the United States and France.

The overseas results were dominated by the underwriting loss of £12.6m in the United States which was exacerbated by the strength of the dollar. The results in Australia again show an improvement, but there was a deterioration in South Africa. Premium income increased by 13 per cent in both sterling and underlying currency terms.

LIFE ASSURANCE BUSINESS. Worldwide premium income increased by 31 per cent to £412m, and the shareholder's life profits were £22.2m (1983: £20.5m), an increase of 8.3 per cent. The reduction in the rate of corporation tax has had the effect of reducing the 'grossed up' value of life profits and had it not been for this change the increase would have been 15 per cent.

In the United Kingdom total new annual premiums showed a reduction in 1984 which is accounted for by the non-recurring benefit from the MIRAS switching which took place in 1983 and the abolition of life assurance premium relief during 1984. New business showed a healthy increase over 1982, the last comparable year, despite the loss of LAPR. Mortgage endowment business and individual pension business were the most buoyant sectors.

New single premiums showed an increase of 46 per cent, the main contributor to this growth being immediate annuities

Overseas business developed strongly with increases in new business in our most significant territories, Australia, Ireland and France, of 33 per cent and 147 per cent for annual and single premium business respectively.

GROVEWOOD SECURITIES, 1984 was the seventeenth successive year of increased profits for Grovewood Securities, the earnings being £28.2m, an improvement of 21 per cent over 1983. This represents another remarkable achievement for this group under the chairmanship of Mr John Danny.

The above is a summary of the results for the year. The full report and accounts which contains an unqualified auditors' report will be published on 22nd April 1985 and delivered to the Registrar of Companies within the prescribed period.

# Eagle Star Holdings PLC

1, Threadneedle Street, London EC2R 8BE

+ 14 - 12 + 78 + 14 - 18 ci the latest to 25 e and mwise ad on plus yearly g-di-tax. I - rdend ist di-accurn the of tra-idend dend. as. I - cash high. ig re-ed by ww-utton. yield.

To the second

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**Industrial Branch** Reversionary

36

THE Burton Group made further strong headway over the 26 weeks to March 2 bylif ting its pre-tax profits by £8.6m. All major re-tailing divisions contributed to

Turnover pushed ahead from £198.05m to £263.92m, an increase of 33 per cent, with women's fashions accounting for a higher percentage than the men's.

The menswear businesses, taking in Burton and Top Man, raised their combined sales for the period by 31 per cent, with the womenswear divisions, com-prising Top Shop, Dorothy Per-kins, Evans, Peter Robinson and Principles, the latest addition, showing a higher percentage re-turn of 35 per cent.

Mr Ralph Halpern, the chairman, says the successful half year was achieved by the continuing policy of targeting divisions on clearly defined sectors of the on clearly defined sectors of the clothing market.

The increase in both sales and profits also benefited from performance related incentive

Trading profits improved from

£25.19m to £34.62m and trading margins by 0.4 per cent to 13.1 Pre-tax profits came through at £34.71m, compared with a previous £26.11m.

vious £26.11m,
Earnings amounted to 12.3p
(9.5p) after tax of £12.9m (£9.5m)
and the interim dividend is
being stepped up by 0.5p to 2.5p
net per 50p share.
The Principles chain was
launched in September 1984 there are now 32 shops trading, with another 11 due to open before year-end. Earlier this year the group said it planned to open 150 stores overall in 1984-85. In the previous year

1984-85. In the previous year Burton opened 166 new stores, modernised 49, resited 17 and



finished with Burton Group, it will probably have a stake in almost every area of High Street fashion—and more besides. Its growth has continued apace in the first half to March 2 of this year with practary profits and year, with pre-tax profits and sales up by a third. Volume in existing stores grew by an impressive 11 per cent and extra space added 17 per cent, while price inflation was a modest 3 per cent. But capital expendi-ture of £75m for the year is eating into cash resources; from a net cash position at the last year-end, Burton will move £20m into the red by the end of this year. Gearing is still negligible, but if the company wants to expand at the same rate and open its planned 600 extra shops it will have to generate enormous amounts of cash to finance itself without recourse to shareholders. Perhaps this is what is on the

market's mind, for a prospective p/e of 17 (assuming £75m for the modernised 49, resited 17 and extended five.

Comment

Sylvania does not seem excessive on a company which grows so fast. Yesterday, the shares rose 2p to 458p, more than double last year's low.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

The following companies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange, Such meetings are usually held for the ourposes of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether the dividends are interims or finals and the subdivisions shown below are based mainly on last year's timetable.

TODAY
Interiors:—Attwoods, British C.
Auction, Britannia Security, Jame
Halstead, LV/T, Lucas Industries, C k
Pearce, Rollable Properties, Stafford
shire Porteries,
Finals.—A——

shire Potterios,
Finels:—Ameri, Berkeley and Ha
Hill Investments, Bridon, Brow
Boveri Kent, Commel Independen
Talevision, Charterheuse Petroleum
Descutter Brothers, Estates an
Goneral Investments, Friedlae
Doggart, Grampan Holdings, John
Jacobs, Kode International, Ladbroks
Legal and General, Lincad, Manders
Bernard Matthews, Municipal Propei
ties, Peninsular and Oriental Staar

Navigation, Thomas Robinson, Silke-lene Lubricants, Squirrel Hom, Super-drug Stores, Tricentrol, United News-papers, Vectis Stone, Woolworth, **FUTURE DATES** 

eđ	Beskman (A.)	Apr
	Downing and Mills	Apr
	Druck	Apr
	Glaso	Apr
ar		
65	Klark-Teknik	Apr
H.	Ramus	Mar.
d-	Finals:—	
-	Associated British Ports	
	Rank of Scotland	Apr
ay	Braime (T. F and J. H.)	Apr
NT.	Clay (Richard)	Apr
ZRI	Exeter Order. & Construction	Azr
<b>33.</b>	Stater Big. & Construction Gaskeil Broadloom?	"Air
nd	Industrial Scotland Energy	Apr
	Olifield Mapadian Salvices	40.53
44	Olyiero Hisbangio desaires "	MO
ı.	Ramco Oil Services	Figh
tD,	Relyca	Mar
rs.	Thurgar Bardex	Apr
Br-	Waverley Cameron	Mar
370	Wood (Arthur) (Longport)	Apr

#### Granville & Co. Limited

Member of The National Association of Security Dealers and Investment Managers

Telephone 01-621 1212 27/28 Lovat Lane London EC3R 8EB

	Over-the-Co	unte	er Ma	rket
High Low 144 123 151 135 77 51	Company Ass. Brt. Ind. Ord Ass. Brt. Ind. CULS Airsprung Group	Price 142 148 56	Change	Gross div.(p 6.5 10.0 6.4

					_		, ,	
					Gross			Fully
High	Low	Сомрапу	Price	Change	div.(p)	) %	Actual	
144	123	Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord	142	_	6.5	4.4	7.9	9.4
151	135	Ass. Bot. Ind. CULS	148	_	10.0	6.8	_	_
77	51	Airsprung Group	56	_		11.4	6.2	7.4
42	26	Armitage and Rhodes	34	_	29	8.5	4.2	7.0
145	108	Bardon Hill	144	+1	3.4	2.4	14.5	24.2
58	42	Bray Technologies	54	_	3.5	6.6	6.3	9.0
201	170	CCL Ordinary	170	_	12.0	7.1	_	_
152		CCL 11pc Conv. Pref	110	_	15.7	13.8	_	_
915		Carborundum Ord	915		5.7	0.6	-	_
87		Carborundum 7.5pc Pf.	87	_	10.7	12.3	_	
103		Cindico Group	435	_	_	_		_
73		Deborah Services	53	_	6.5	12.3	5.0	8.2
312		Frank Horsell	312	_	_	_	125	16.4
266	170	Frank Horsell Pr.Ord.87	266	_	9.6	3.6	10.7	14.0
32	25	Frederick Parker	27		_	_		_
58	33	George Blair	57	_	_	_	3.8	7.7
50	25	Ind. Precision Castings	25x0	4 —	2.7	10.8	6.8	7.4
218		Isis Group	189	_	15.0	7.9	7.5	13.6
124		Jackson Group	101	-1	4.9	4.9	4.7	9.1
285	213	James Burrough	252	-2	13.7	5.4	8.9	8.9
93		James Burrough Spc Pf.	85	_	12.9	15.2		_
87	71	John Howard and Co	87	_	5.0	5.7	8.9	12.6
176	100	Linguaphone Ord	178	_	_	_	6.5	68
100		Linguaphone 10.5pc Pt.	96	_	15.0	15.6		_
617	300	Minihouse Holding NV	617	_	3.8	0.6	44.4	48.6
120	31	Robert Jenkins	45	_	6.0	11.1		_
60		Scruttons "A"	32	_	5.7	17.8	16.8	3.9
92	61	Torday and Carlisle	78	_	_		8.4	17.7
444	355	Trevian Holdings	355		4.3	1.2	20.2	19.8
27	4 17	Unilock Holdings	274	+0%	1.3	4.7	13.3	19.2
98		Walter Alexander	95		7.5	7.9	9.4	11,4
247		W. S. Yestes	216x	d -1	17.4	8.0	6.1	10.5
S = Suspended.								
Prices and details of services now available on Prestel, page 48146								

#### **Tootal** upholds defence **forecast**

Tootal, the textiles concern which is currently fighting a £124m cash bid from Entrad Investments of Australia, yesterday reported a 33 per cent increase in taxable profits for the 1984-85 year.

The result, up from £17.18m to £22.85m was attained on sales ahead by £50.05m ahead at £435.38m.

per cent increase in the dividend through a second interim payout of 1.87p making a total 3.1p against 2.5p for the 12 months to January 31.

ordinaries.

#### £101m bid for Dunlop

By Charles Batchelor

Dunion's shares.

of both the ordinary and preference shares under its control and it declared the bids for both classes of share unconditional as to acceptances.

The two companies brought their flerce seven-week takeover battle to a surprise end on March 8 when they reached sarren 8 when they reached agreement on a higher BTR offer. BTR originally offered only £44m for Dunlop's ordinary and preference shares but it raised its bid when Dunlop disclosed more details about its financial position.

Dunlop announced on March 13 that it had halved its overall loss to £88m in the year ended December 1984, from £166m the previous year. It had ordinary shareholders funds totalling £58m at the end of 1984, down from f110m a year earlier. BTR put in its bid for Dunlop

# transformer stake

Low and Bonar, the diversified Scottish industrial group, has sold its heavy transformer and switchgear interests to National Industri of Norway for £2.23m cash. Also, £1.43m in dividends has been drawn by Low and Bonar from its main transformer subsidiary, Bonar Long, since November 30 when its book value

£12m, employs 400 in Dundee and exports over one-third of its output. Profits from UK opera-tions were £489,000 in the year to November 30 1984. National Industri, which is seeking to build up its electrical Stare in Bonar Cruicksnank Power Engineering, its 35 per cent interest in Malaysia Trans-former Manufacturing, and 40 per cent stake in Lanka Trans-

formers in Sri Lanka. No redundancies are planned. Low and Bonar said the sale

# Pru hit by doubled underwriting losses

general insurance and reinsur- shareholders. ance operations.

Shareholders' attributable profits declined by a third from £68.9m to £45.2m, with earnings per share coming down from 23.1p to 15.1p. Bowever, shareholders receive an 18 per cent increase in their dividend payments for 1984 up

Shareholders are getting a 24

January 31.

Thread operations accounted for the bulk of the profits improvement with an increase to £20.42m (£17.13m).

The profits are roughly in line with Tootal's circular sent out to shareholders in February. Although attributable profits also fell in line at £13.37m, against £10.04m, the company was left with a retained deficit of £18.08m (£2.8m) after extraordinary items which were shown in the interim report. Earnings are given as 7.5p (5.7p) pre-extraordinaries.

# BTR clinches

BTR, the broadly-based conglomerate, yesterday clinched its £101m agreed takeover bid for Dunlop, the tyre and rubber products group, with an an-nouncement that it had won acceptances from the holders of more than 50 per cent of

BTR said it had more than half

on January 18, only days after Dunlop had reached appreciate with its bankers on a £142m refinancing package. This was astended to free the company

from the massive debt burden caused by the losses of its Euro-pean tyre-making business.

#### Low & Bonar sells

was £3.59m.

Bonar Long makes large trans-formers and switchgear for power tormers and switchgear for power station and industrial use. It is not as large as GEC, Hawker Siddeley or Northern Engineering Industries in this sector, but has annual turnover of about equipment business, is also buy-ing Bonar Long's 60 per cent stake in Bonar Cruickshank

continued its strategy of disposing of businesses no longer central to its future development.

largest life group, recorded a drop in pre-tax profits last year of more than one-fifth from £101.1m to £78m, following doubled underwriting losses of the profits increase of the fifth of the profits of the profits increase of the profits increas doubled underwriting losses of non-recurring surplus increase of files against £76.9m on its £240m of which £24m went to

However, underwriting losses on the general insurance and reinsurance operations soared from £76.9m to £161.4m, on premium income up 14 per cent from £690m to £788m—with an underlying growth rate of 7 per cent.
Investment income of £81.5m
failed to cover these underwriting losses and the general
insurance operations had a prefrom 19p to 22.5p.

The good news from the Pru tax loss of £79.9m against the was the rise in distributable surplus from the long-term business, which improved from £754m to £1.1bn in 1984, of which £1bn is allocated to policyholders

tions were hit by poor results on UK direct insurance business

Underwriting losses in the UK more than doubled last year from \$25.6m to £54.8m on pre-mium income up 16 per cent to £279m (£240.7m).

The motor account losses rose from £6m to £9.5m with an unexplicable rise in numbers of claims in the final quarter, The situation was even worse for M and G where underwriting

losses climbed from £39.9m to £93.6m on premium income up

previous year's £7.6m. The general insurance opera-

Prodential Corporation, Britain's and £136m to shareholders. Howlargest life group, recorded a ever, the Pru is converting some ever, the Pru is converting some of its terminal bonus payments the and General Reinsurance.

The production of the product of the state of the product of the Belgium subsidiary L'Escaut.

• comment

A drop of one-fifth in pre-tax profits looks had enough given the buoyant situation in the UK life and pension market. But the drop would have been far worse had the Pru not boosted the profit contribution from its massive life business by "reversionising" terminal bonuses paid to

weakness of its general in-surance operations. Its bread-and-butter domestic insurance opera-tions in the UK have been knocked badly off course, and its commercial insurance operations enumerciai insurance operations are a disaster area. Recent rate increases on motor insurance and household contents insurance. will take some time to work through to the bottom line. The Pru is far more canticus this year in forecasting when the current round of rate revisions sive life business by "reversionising" terminal bonuses paid to
solicyholders, that is by crediting an extra bonus to all policyholders. It also moderated the
terrible deterioration in the
terrible at Mercantile and
General by introducing the practice of discounting reserves for Elsewhere the Canadian operations showed a trading profit of £Sm. even though underwriting showed a £1.3m loss against a Despite these moves, the Pru £1.4m profit in 1983. There was cannot disguise the underlying 5.4 per cent gross.

# Britannia Arrow profits surge by 40% to £14.14m

A 40 per cent rise in pre-tax rise in 1984, from £10.06m to fil4.14m, is reported by the financial services group Britannia Arrow Holdings.

A tax charge of £4m and £512,000 of minority interests resulted in a net profit of £9.58m against £7.57m last year, against £7.57m last year, although various extraordinary items resulted in profits for the year reaching £15.86m against £8.73m in the previous year.

The results include contributions for varying periods from the group's recent acquisitions which makes comparisons. sitions which makes comparisons with the previous year difficult. Earnings per share excluding extraordinary items were 6.3p against 6.1p in 1983.

Construct. seeks

Construction Holdings, the civil

engineering group which went into receivership 12 years ago, aim to take legal advice on the

possibility of winning compensa-tion from the parties alleged by Mr David Morrell, the company chairman, to have been connected

Mitchell Construction Holdings went into receivership as a result

of mounting losses incurred by one of its subsidiaries. Mitchell

Construction Kinnear Moodie, on a film contract it secured to build the North Bank Power Station at Kariba, Zambia. The group previously employed 5,000

and had a turnover of £50m a year.

The subsidiaries were put into liquidation but the holding com-

them to attend a meeting in London yesterday. Forty came and supported a move to ask all

shareholders with a holding of

shareholders with a holding of over 50,000 shares to contribute ip a share towards the estimated £10,000 needed for leading counsel's advice.

He claims millions of pounds are at stake and hopes to have counsel's opinion by June.

Three of the biggest shareholders, apart from Mr Morrell and his family, are Pearl

and his family, are Pearl Assurance Prudential Assurance

and the Church Commissioners. None would comment yesterday.

£1.3m for STC plant

sort brand name, is the subject of a £1.8m management buy-out.

The deal was arranged by Charterhouse Developments and Barclays Bank and the manage-

ment will have a major share of the equity. The new company will be called Equipment Pro-

ducts and sales are projected to rise from £4m to £5m in the

Murray Ventures net asset value per 25p share was 373.91p at the end of the half year to

January 31, 1985, compared with 302.26p at July 31, 1984. The net

interim dividend is raised from 1.05p to 1.5p. Earnings per share

were 5p (496p).

Net revenue moved up from £176,000 to £313,000, after tax of £187,000 (£102,000).

Murray Ventures

current year.

The Milford Haven plant of STC, which produces small elec-trical appliances under the Con-

Mitchell

legal advice

By Richard Tomkins

with its downfall.

Fund management profits for the year rose 25 per cent from £7.73m to £9.67m, with the U.S. operations showing strong growth. The inclusion for the first time of the merchant banking operation Singer and Friedlander contributed £5.7m for the eight months since acquisition out of a full year's pre-lax profits of £9.1m for 1984.

The life company subsidiary, National Employers Life pro-vided £406,000 pre-tax profits against £235,000 in the previous

years, the fund management division has been divided into two operations: UK activities, which contributed f4.6m profits in 1984 from funds under management of f1.1bn; and a U.S. and International operation

Investment income for the year fell slightly from £3.74m to £3.71m, reflecting the use of internal assets to part finance the acquisitions, while interest charges rose from £1.47m to £5.79m — the increase was mainly from servicing the £30m convertible stock issue last April.

As a result of the dramatic expansion of funds under management over the past three years, the fund management the funds under management over the past three years, the fund management over the past three years, the fund management division has been divided into two operations: UK activities, which contributed £4.6m profits of £5.1m from funds under management of £3.4bn.

Since the end of the year, the group is sold its investment in the transaction. The proceeds of the sale action. The proceeds of the sale action, aided by a strong dollar. The UK fund management of £4.5m on the transaction. The proceeds of the sale action. The proceeds of

Park Place bid

value Trident

Park Place Investments, a hold-

ing company with interests in financial and computer training, is making an agreed 12m offer

for Trident Computer Services, computer staff agent and distributor of computer peripherals.

Park Place said the acquisition was in line with its strategy to

extend its training division and would enable. Trident's business

Terms are one Park Place share, which closed yesterday at

161p. up 4p. for every two Trident shares, which ended at 76p, up 6p. The share offer values Trident at 12m. There is

a 75p cash alternative, valuing Trident at £1.9m.

Park Place already has irrevocable acceptances covering

78 per cent of Trident's equity. Mr John O'Sullivan will retire

to expand significantly.

at £2m

# New era for Stock Conversion

BY MICHAEL CASSELL, PROPERTY CORRESPONDENT

Stock Conversion, the UK's fifth largest property group which has been a widely-tipped takeover target since the death last year of Mr Robert Clark, its chairman and co-founder, yesterday gave no tice of its intention to remain independent.
The group, which has a mixed

The group, which has a mixed investment portfolio valued at over £200m and centred mainly on London and Glasgow, announced that Mr Joe Levy, who acquired Stock Conversion with Mr Clark in 1951, is retiring from the board. He will become

surveyor sultant.

It was also announced that Mr a financially strong and enterPeter Levy, the elder son of Mr prising property development Joe Levy, has been appointed a director. Mr Levy, who is 45, has been a senior partner in ability to ensure the long-term, profitable and independent growth of the group."

It was also announced that Mr a financially strong and enterprising property development and investment in their ability to ensure the long-term, profitable and independent growth of the group." Mr Harry Norris, who replaced Mr Clark as chairman, said the

trusts own 10 per cent of the equity in Stock Conversion. Last night, Mr Peter Levy said:
"Joining the board reflects my family's continued confidence in the present management which has built Stock Conversion into

#### **CDI bids for Times Veneer**

Armitage Brothers, manufac-

turer of pet products, reported pre-tax profits of £366,000 in the 28 weeks to December 15 1984

against £349,000. Turnover was up at £8.59m against £7.44m.

Earnings per £1 share were 56p

Despite taking account of start-up costs and interest charges totalling I£336,000 in connection with development projects in U.S. joint-venture companies and an exceptional provision of I£522,000 the Rohan

Group raised its 1984 pre-tax profits from 1£2.38m to 1£3.23m.

A final dividend of 6.9p maintains the net total at 12.75p on

tains the net total at 12.75p on the increased share capital.

Turnover declined from £26.94m to £25.03m—the group, based in Dublin, is an industrial estate developer, property investor and building contractor.

Net profits improved to £4.91m £4.91m £4.91m.

(£1.79m) after a tax credit of £1.58m (charge £591,000).

\* \* \*
Premiums written on Trade

Indemnity's three underwriting acounts open in 1984 increased by 28.2 per cent to £57.67m. On

the 1982 underwriting account the company swung from losses of £112.594 to profits of £1.17m which together with a 35.3 per cent increase in investment

income ot £2.45m pushed group pre-tax profits up from £1.7m to £3.51m for the 1984 year.

against 39p.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

A final dividend of 4.688p lifts

the net total by 12.5 per cent to 8.4884p. Earnings amounted to 27.43p (11.83p) per 25p share. Trade Indemnity is a credit

Frogmere Estates, property developer and investor, increased pre-tax profits by 15 per cent in the six months to December 31 1984, although turnover fell by

12.7 per cent.
Pre-tax profits were £4.63m
(£4.02m) on turnover of £17.07m

(£19.56m). Earnings per 50p share were unchanged at 8p and

there is an interim dividend of 1.768p (1.607p).

TraveLodge International of the U.S., part of Trusthouse Forte, reports a 13.6 per cent in-crease in sales to \$23.66m (£20.14m) in the quarter ended January 31 1985 against \$20.83m. Net income increased 9.8 per cent to \$750,594 (£638,803) against \$683,712.

against \$883,712.

\* \* \* \*

City of Aberdeen Land
Association, housebuilder and
property developer, lifted pretax profits from £130,000 to
£619,000 for the six months to
December 31 1984. Turnover was
\$8.10m against £8.65m

E8.19m, against £8.66m.

Hitherto, house completions and profits have been heavily concentrated in the second half, but this time the imbalance is likely to be less marked, the heavel states

against \$683,712.

insurance concern.

The subsidiaries were put into liquidation but the holding company had no trading debts of its own and was returned to Mr Morrell. its sole remaining director, last year.

Morrell hapsince compiled a 160-page confidential report on the events leading up to the failure of the Kariba contract and Mitchell's subsequent receivership.

Mr Morrell sent his report, or an abbreviated version of it, to all 2,000 shareholders and asked them to attend a meeting in shares. Corporate will return make a cash offer for the remainmant of the re

Partly to reduce dispailty, the interim dividend is hoisted to 6p

(adjusted 3.86p). The board says it should prove possible to

(adjusted 3.86p). The board says it should prove possible to improve on the minimum 16.5p, on increased capital, aiready forecast for the full year. Earnings per 50p share were 21.7p (5.2p).

\* \*\*

Rock, dealer im engineers' consumable supplies, turned a pretax loss of 2274386 in 1983 into a pretax profile 172,458 in the year to December 31 1984.

Turnover was up 39 per cent

year to December 31 1984.

Turnover was up 39 per cent at £5.85m (££2m) while extraordinary debits fell to £32,314 (£508,258) reflecting the final costs of rebrganisation. Earnings per 10p ordinary share were quoted at £44p (£82p loss) and no dividend has been declared. The latest dividend was paid in 1979.

Directors expect profits to be

raised substantially during 1985 provided current trends

Chieftain Industries, a Scottish maker of heat pumps and heating appliances, is asking investors for up to £816,000 through a share offer under the Business Expansion Scheme.

The funds are to be used to investors

increase production of Chieftain's existing products and

to reduce borrowings. The offer is sponsored by the Edinburgh issuing house, Clarke

Farquharson & Partners.

continue.

#### Cecil Gee profits fall

but prospects 'good' Cecil Gee, USM-quoted retailer and designer of menswear, re-ported lower pre-tax profits of

£822,000 for the year to December 29 1984, against £1.08m previously. The company, which has close status and only pays a single dividend each year, is raising the 1984 payment from 2.1p to 2.8p per share. Stated net earn-

Liber payment from 2.19 to 28p per share. Stated net earnings per 10p share are shown virtually unchanged at 8.9p (8.8p).

Trading so far in 1985 has been well up to budget, the directors say, and prospects for the rest of the year are good.

For 1984 turnover rose from £16.46m to £20.65m, although operating profits were down at £780,000 (£1.1m). This figure is after exceptional stock writedown of £595.000 and other operating expenses of £9.18m (£7.05m). It also includes a £615,000 (£42,000) surplus on the sale of a property.

Tax took £44.000 (£334,000).

Hoskin SHT

Scottish Heritable Trust states scottish Heritable Trust states that following the recommended offers for Hoskins and Horton the requisite number of acceptances have now been received in respect of the increased ordinary offer and SHT accordingly intends to acquire compulsority the outstanding ordinary shares.

# CANNING

Manufacturers and suppliers of Speciality Chemicals, Metals and Electronics for Industry

#### **1984 GROUP RESULTS**

Pre-tax profit increased to £1.94m + 27% Dividend per share increased to 3.5p + 40% Earnings per share increased to 9.95p + 36% Strong balance sheet.

"The Company is well placed to achieve improved results in 1985. F. J. Essex, Chairman

Copies of the Report and Accounts and the Brochure will be available from: W. CANNING plc, "CANNING HOUSE", ST. PAUL'S SQUARE, BIRMINGHAM B3 IQR-

200 YEARS 1785-1985

# Sharp fall expected at Minorco

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

SUBSTANTIAL reduction in Charter. full-year net profits is forecast by Minerals and Resources Corpora-tion (Minorco), the Bermuda-ordinary items which take the registered international investment arm of South Africa's represent Minorco's share of Anglo American Corporation— Charter's losses arising from its na Reers group, which earned investments in John Matthey and Anglo American Corporation— De Beers group, which earned U.S.\$1.28 per share in 1983-84. An unchanged interim of 6 cents is declared and Minoroco expects to maintain the year's

First half earnings before extraordinaries fell to \$62.4m (£51.5m) from \$75.4m a year ago. Because of sterking's weakness the U.S. dollar value of dividends declared on the holdings in Charter Consolidated and Consolid t'ed Gold Fields declined by 15 per cent while interest income was lower in line with smaller cash balances and reduced interest rates.

accounted for by the equity ted earnings of investments for method has also fallen, largely the full year to June 30 may because of the decline in earn-amount to less than that of the accounted for by the equity ings of Phibre-Salomon and first half.

Adding to the tale of woe on

form of a \$40.4m debit. These Cape Industries and of Engelhard Corporation's losses on the closure of refinery operations. A year ago there was an extra-ordinary gain which largely re-flected the sale of part of Minorco's holding in Phibro-Salomon.

Taking all items into account, Minorco comes out with latest half-year net earnings of \$22m, or 13 cents per share, compared with \$205.7m last time. Pointing to the impact of low base metal, energy and com-

modity prices plus non-recurring nterest rates. charges on its North American The share of undistributed investments, Minorco experts investments that its share of the undistribucomment About the only comfort to be

board states.

Mount the only contour to be provided by the latest results ois Minorco's continuing strong financial position with share holders' equity of \$1.9bn and debt of only \$36m. The investments are quite well diversified, albeit of prestionable quality in albeit of questionable quality in some cases. But this basically natural resource group remains burdened with the adverse effects of a strong dollar and low metal prices, particularly in the case of the Inspirational Resources' mining activities. Un-til there is a marked change for the better in this scenario, it is difficult to work up any enthusiasm for the shares which after falling 50p yesterday to 700p yield under 3 pre cent.

> LADBROKE INDEX Based on FT Index 981-985 (+1) Tel: 01-427 4411

# DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Aidcom
Associated Book 6.25
Babcock Intl. 4.3 9.5 4.75 \*3.91 8 \*73 43 Banro 3.73
Ben Bailey int 0.25
BAT Industries 6.25 May 16 July 4 July 2 BAT Industries 6.25
Blue Bird Cfet. int. 1.8
Britannia Arrow 1.4
Britannia Assee. 1.7
Bryant Holdings int. 1.4
Bunzi 4.25
Barton Group int. 2.5
Coats Patons 3.85 1.52 — \$36 1.2 2.5 22 15.01 25.5 21.8 65 5.75 4.7 May 17 4.25 July 1 3.2 July 9 — Ceril Geet 2.8 Gibbs and Dandy 1.58 May 17 Metal Closures 45
Morgan Crucible 43
Ocean Transport 335 May 20 41 June 3 2.35 5.5 May 30 13.5 22.5 April 30 0.8 1.25 Rea Bros. ...... 0.8 April 30 0.8 1.25 1.25 May 24 2.1 4.5 2.95 May 24 1.15 2.05 1.00 June 10 4 10 6 May 22 1.4 3.1 Tharsisi 2nd int 1.87 June 10 4 10 6
Tootal 2nd int 1.87 14 31 75
W. A. Tyzack int 0.6 May 22 0.5 15
VG Instruments 12 May 31 1.8
Dividends shown pence per share except where otherwise size increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. I USB 1
§ Unquoted stock. I Gross throughout.

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# All round recovery **boosts Ocean** Transport 300% The group's worldwide froight forwarding business, MSAS, had its best year to date, and the development of Cory Waste Management continued. The chairman is confident that Ocean Cory will continue to make steady progress, Ocean Marine managed an improvement largely as a server!

stated net earnings per 255
share were shown at 16.8p against losses of 2.7p.
Locking ahead Mr William Menzies Wilson, the chairman. says that 1985 will he a year of increasing competition for the container shipping interests. However, overseas containers, oCLL, the group's main associate, is better equipped, he says, than nost others, to compete.

In addition. Barber Blue Sea ill lear to containers, ochair— chairman and there is a full vear with its fleet, he says.

chair— corry W.

and to corry W.

and continued to mak steady progress.

Ocean Marine managed an improvement largely as a result of actions taken in 1983 rather than through improved trading conditions. Marine companies contributed £14.7m (£3m), mostly from OCL. The other marine business—s are still not profitable.

O.I.L. increased its contribution to profits from £3.1m to £5.3m, Group turnover totalled vAT to the monometric force in the land vAT in the monometric force in the land vAT in

Ocean's results are a much peeded improvement on the dark days of 1982/83 and attest to the rationalisation efforts of a traditional shipping company that now sees few growth prospects in a glutted shipping market. But the figures have signally failed to impress a market hoping for both a higher dividend and fatter profits. Stripping out gainst rom ships sales and extraordinary losses from associate OCL, Ocean made

roto fieet, he says.

The chairman is confident that Ocean Inchcape's wide spread of businesses and services will help to counter the effect of a depressed supply boat market which has affected the profitability of many other companies operating in this sector.

While trading in Nigeria remains difficult and the board cannot be optimistic about a significant improvement in 1985, he says that they remain confident that the West African businesses will return to satisfactury profitability.

Overall, in view of the continuing highly competitive nature of the shipping industry he says that it remains the board's strategy to concentrate

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Termino

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board's strategy to concentrate Ocean could achieve £27m (exon the development of the
group's non-marine activities, the marineb usinesses will conboth through organic growth
and by further investment.

Ocean Cory's profits of £13.7m

Ocean Cory's profits of £13.7m are better than the previous year's £15m after adjusting for some exceptional profits in 1983. This improvement would have been greater, Mr Menzies-Wilson says, but for the miners' strike and associated dock strikes. says, but for the miners' strike and associated dock strikes.

The strategy of concentrating resources led to a number of acquisitions and to the sale of two small businesses in 1984. The beneats of these investments will show through in the current year, he says.

### **Bryant lifts** profits 19% despite dull markets

DESPITE DIFFICULT market conditions, Bryant Holdings, which is involved in property investment, homes and property development and construction, lifted its pre-tax profits by 18.6 per cent from f4.73m to f5.61m in the half year ending November 30 1984.

The interim dividend is increased by 10 per cent to 1.1p. Last year a total of 3p per share was paid on total taxable profits of f11.3m.

Since the start of the current half the directors have welcomed the abolition of development

the mortgage rate rise "is not beneficial" to the company, it is more likely to affect the next financial year than this one, they

constraints they say that lettings have been slow.

On the homes side the directors report a "satisfactory" half year. During
The group was able to make some successful land purchases, however, which gives directors confidence for the future.
On turnover about he film at

from associate OCL, Ocean made £23m at the pre-tax level, and a large slice of that came from OCL. The Cory subsidiary—on which Ocean is pinning much of its long-term hopes—produced lower trading profits, but with the miners' and dock strikes stripped out, the trend is positive. The balance sheet looks in reasonably good shape, with a debt equal to 50 per cent of shareholders' funds. This year Ocean could achieve £27m (excluding ship sales). OCL apart,

from associate OCL. Ocean made

After tax charge of £2.53m (£1.66m), net profits emerged at £3.09m (£3.08m) Elders IXL's finance sub-

ment with rivals. Thet main growth will have to come from Cory (about to reap the benefits of a GLC waste disposal contract) and OCL, which is enjoying a good first half. OCL, however, it will be to both the contract of th ever, is vulnerable to both a declining dollar and growing competition from Evergreen and U.S. Lines, which may mean a historic yield is 4.9 and the p/s of 9.5 at 163p is probablya bout

the abolition of development land tax and the statement on VAT in the Budget, Although

financial year than this one, they say.

Despite the slow start to 1985 due to bad weather, they hope to produce "creditable results" for the full year.

For the first half the directors report that the construction division operated profitably in a very difficult market. The company maintained a "reasonable level" of turnover, and also had the benefit of ongoing settlements from earlier contracts.

In a property market de-In a property market de-pressed by present economic constraints they say that lettings

On turnover shead by £10m at £65m, the group achieved an operating profit of £5.2m (£4.55m). Associated companies added £510,000 (£290,000).

sidiary has acquired assets in two UK finance houses for an

### Charles Batchelor looks at the benefits Norcros will gain from UBM Building up an even bigger showcase

NORCROS- ALTO UBM-

THE £113m agreed takeover bid by Norcros for UBM will give the building materials group a sizeable shop window for its products—ranging from concrete slabs to £5,000 conservatories. UBM—formerly United Builders' Merchants — has nearly 90 branches around the UK which will form an ideal outlet for its will form an ideal outlet for its new partner.

The combined manufacturing and marketing skills of the enlarged Norcros should allow the company to withstand the periodic ups and downs of the building industry better than most, according to Norcros chief executive, Mr Terry Simpso "The combination of UBM's marketing and selling force with

ours will allow us to provide a package to architects and consulting engineers," he said. "We can give UBM an entrée into the building sector while they will involve us in distribution." This should give Norcros a broader base in a sector where most companies concentrate on either the manufacturing or the

merchanting side.

One strong argument for separating the two roles is that a manufacturer should not be seen to compete with its cus-tomers by running its own builders' merchants outlets. Blue Circle, the cement-maker, dis-posed of its small merchanting arm a few years ago for precisely

But Mr Simpson said he had seen no sign of customers switching suppliers since the prospect of Norcros buying UBM was first raised by Norcros's initial unsuc cessful bid in August 1983,

Norcros plans to allow UBM to retain a large degree of autonomy to meet this objection. UBM's branch network, which is particularly strong in the North-East, South and South-West, will help solve one of the main problems facing a maker of bulky building components—how

to cut transport costs.

Not all of Norcros's product range can be manufactured locally but some items could be produced on UBM's sites and delivered economically to the Elders Finance has acquired Keep Brothers, which will be renamed Elders Keep, and will concentrate on short-term revolving import finance. It has also conservatories. With acquired Selected UK and Southeast Asian operations of Gillespie Brothers. Some of the operations will be merged into Elders Keep.



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Mr Ken Roberts, chairman oi Noreros

show these products but UBM's existing stake of 36.5 per cent branches would give Norcros an even bigger showcase.

On the manufacturing side Norcros has considered building its own toughened glass plant to supply windows for its Critialis frequent contacts between the two heavils that only resumed On the manufacturing side Norcros has considered building its own toughened glass plant to supply windows for its Crittalls window frame subsidiary. It has never gone ahead because it would have no outlet for the glass it could not use itself. UBM's glass division has three factories making toughened glass in the Midlands. weeks ago. Yesterday's announcement of the bid agreement was hurried by the 21p rise in UBM's share

in the Midlands. Even if Norcros is able to exploit both the broader and

"We have done a lot of the negative things that had to be done to rationalise UBM. But

there is a lot more to be done.

more specific opportunities it sees in UBM, it is paying dearly for its failure to clinch its original takeover bid in 1983.

The strength of UBM's recovery and the buoyancy of its share price has forced Norcros allost to double the value of the failure.

its own shares and 840p cash for every 10 UBM shares, or a cash alternative worth 189p per share. The new Norcros shares will

If the ordinary offer is accepted in full it will lead to



tal, and payment of £33.3m in At the offer price, which has now been agreed, the purchase would dilute Norcros's 1984-85

earnings but the combined profits the enlarged group expects to make in the year endover-will not be diluted. Norcros's borrowings currently amount to 30-35 per cent of shareholders' funds. These will

March 31 while earnings per share will rise to about 20p from 19.64p.

The company will, however, take an extraordinary charge of f5m to meet the cost of rationali-sation within its loss-making engineering division.

It has closed its Lion Foundry in Glasgow, which was hit by British Telecom's decision to move from cast iron to glass-reinforced plastic telephone boxes, and has taken remedial action in its mechanical handling business, which was affected by

ban.
In the year ended March 1984 Norcros made a pre-tax profit of £33m on turnover of £328m. UBM pre-tax loss of £2m in the year ended February 1982 after the arrival of Mr Roger Pinnington, the chief executive, in August

It estimated pre-tax profit rose to about £13.5m in the year ended February 1985, compared with £10.2m the year before, though analysis had been expect-ing profits of £15m. It is now in a net cash position compared with gearing of 50 per cent in The company has tightened up

financial and management con-trols over the past four years and shut down 35 inefficient or expected to fall to about 40-45 overlapping branches.

Per cent in March 1986.

Norcros forecast that pre-tax profits will rise by just film to traction last October and re-about £34m in the year ending vealed yesterday it is disposing of its 51 per cent stake in Neiman-Reed Lumber & Supply, a Californian retailer of home improvement and garden pro-ducts, for \$6.25m, payable over

UBM has now been reduced to three core divisions: building supplies, glass and vehicle distribution, comprising five Ford main dealerships.

"We have done a lot of the negative things that had to be done to rationalise UBM," Mr Allen Sheppard, the chairman But there is a lot more to be done in, for example, marketing. What Norcros has to do now is get some excitement into their business. They must £33m on turnover of £328m. UBM get themselves re-rated by the has recovered strongly from its stock market."

# Prudential Corporation

# Group Results 1984

Total profits before tax in 1984 were £78.0m compared with £101.1m in 1983. There was a sharp increase in long-term profits but this was more than offset by substantial general insurance trading losses in two major divisions, United Kingdom and Mercantile & General.

The directors have declared an increased final dividend of 15.0p per share, making a total of 22.5p for the year compared with 19.0p in 1983. The increase reflects the advance in long-term profits, the strength of the Group's financial position and our view of prospects for the future.

•		1984	1983
		£m	£m
Long-term Business:	Premium income	1,837.5	1,542.8
_	Surplus for distribution	1,099.9	753.5
	Policyholders' bonuses	1,011.3	694.5
	Shareholders' profit before tax	136.1*	89.3
General Insurance:	Premiums written	788.5	690.3
<u> </u>	Underwriting result	(161.4)+	(76.9)
	Investment income	81.5	69.3
	Trading profit (loss) before tax	(79.9)	(7.6)
Shareholders' Other	Investment income	24.5	20.7
Income:	Miscellaneous net income	0.1	0.8
<b>,</b>	Expenses	(2.8)	(2.1)
	Other income before tax	21.8	19.4
Profit and Loss	Profit before tax from:		
Account Summary:	Long-term business	136.1	89.3
	General insurance	(79.9)	(7.6)
	Shareholders' other income	21.8	19.4
	Total profit before tax	78.0	101.1
-	Tax	(31.9)	(31.6)
	Minority interests	(0.9)	(0.6)
	Profit attributable to shareholders	45.2	68.9
Earnings per share		15.1p	23.11
Dividend per share		22.5p	19.0

1. This year, for the first time, shareholders' long-term profits are shown gross of the attributable tax.
1983 figures have been restated to reflect this and also a change in group accounting policy in 1984 in relation to reserving for accident non-proportional reinsurance business (see text).

2. The abridged income statement for 1984 is an extract from the latest accounts. These accounts have not yet been delivered to the Registrar of Companies, nor have the auditors reported on them.

Long-Term Business We have again made substantial increases in benefits payable on UK with-profits policies. We have also converted a substantial part of the terminal bonus

element on long standing assurance policies to reversionary form, to give policyholders greater certainty as to the eventual proceeds under their policies. The total value of

bonuses declared world-wide exceeded £1bn. Shareholders' profit before tax from long-term business was 52% higher at £136.1m. This includes a largely non-recurrent amount of £24.0m before tax at Prudential Assurance resulting from the conversion of terminal bonuses to reversionary form.

### General Insurance Business

The general insurance trading loss before tax was sharply higher at £79.9m. Total

terms, or 7% adjusted for exchange rate movements.

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plus yearly g-di-tax. I- rdend set di-set di-idend dend. es t-l cest i high. ng re-ed by ution. yield.

		miums written	Underv	vriting result		stment ncome	profi	rading t (loss) are tax
	1984 £m	1983 £m	1984 £m	1983 £m	1984 £m_	1983 £m	1984 £m	1983 £m
UK Division Overseas Division:	279.0	240.7	(54.8)	(25.6)	24.6	23.5	(30.2)	(2.1)
Canada	100.9	92.1	(1.3)	4.4	9.3	8.0	8.0	12.4
EEC	51.2	42.2	(3.9)	(4.2)	7.5	6.3	3.6	2.1
Other Countries	19.5	17.6	(0.5)	(2.3)	1.6	1.5	1.1	(0.8)
London Market-Overseas	34.8	33.2	(5.8)	(5.8)	4.7	3.4	(1.1)	(2.4)
Total Overseas	206.4	185.1	(11.5)	(7.9)	23.1	19.2	11.6	11.3
Marine and Aviation	26.2	20.9	(1.5)	(3.5)	2.6	2.4	1.1	(1.1)
Mercantile & General	276.9	243.6	(93.6)	(39.9)	31.2	24.2	(62.4)	(15.7)
Total	788.5	690.3	(161.4)	(76.9)	81.5	69.3	(79.9)	(7.6)

In the United Kingdom the major features of the £30.2m trading loss before tax were significant increases in the number of

claims in most classes of business and bad weather claims of some £8.5m in the first quarter of the year. before tax.

In the Overseas Division there was a very satisfactory trading profit of £11.6m

Mercantile & General

The sharply higher trading loss of £62.4m before tax has arisen principally on business written in earlier years. Following a thorough review of reserving policy we have strengthened the basis on which we estimate the required level of claims reserves. We have also decided to discount reserves for non-proportional accident business in order to reflect the long average time taken to settle claims which is characteristic of this class of business

The effect of discounting has been to reduce the reported underwriting loss for 1984 by some £20m. The corresponding figure for 1983 would have been £3m and is reflected in the restated 1983 results. During the treaty renewal season at the end of 1984 we improved still further the terms on which we were prepared to continue to write business. Together with our sound reserves, this provides a basis for recovery.

Capital Resources

The total capital resources of the Group at the end of 1984 amounted to £535m,

equivalent to 66% of the general insurance

premium income.

Copies of the Report and Accounts will be available on 1 May 1985. Prudential Corporation plc, 142 Holborn Bars, London ECIN 2NH



BY LIONEL BARBER

Associated Book Publishers, group's confidence in future exchange rate movements, which produces the best-selling prospects, the directors were In the UK, Associated Adrian Mole series and legal and scientific titles, yesterday an-nonunced a record 36 per cent

rise in pre-tax profits to £8.6m. Associated, which has made a recommended £4.4m bid for rival publishers Routledge & Kegan Paul, also announced a final dividend of 6.25p, making a total dividend of 10p, a 33 per cent rise on last year.

News of the growth in profits pleased the market and Associated's shares closed at 480p last night, up 7p.

Mr Peter Allsop, chairman, said 1984 had been a record year for the group. Sales advanced 23 per cent from £57.3m to

serious consideration was given

requirements of the current year should be recognised.

Looking ahead he sees new

cooking aread ne sees new opportunities for profitable growth based on the firmer foundation now secured. The balance sheet is "noticeably stronger" with a major reduction in borrowings from £18.35m representing a debt/

to £13.23m, representing a debt/

to 113.23m. representing a debty
equity ratin of 45 per cent, compared with 69 per cent and
95 per cent respectively in the
previous years. And when the
Malaysian subsidiary becomes an
associate (the transaction is in
hand) borrowings will be further

out to £9.91m and produce a 34 per cent debt/eauty ratio.

At the end of 1984 net assets employed stood at £30.47m, com-

pared with £27.8m, of which shareholders funds were £29,25m

In 1954 turnover of the group, which manufactures Kosset, Gilt Edge. Crossley and other carpet brands, fell from £81.44m to

**Turnround in UK helps** 

Carpets Intl. into profit

WITH the most encouraging eliminate the sale of non-feature being a return to profit-ability of the UK carpet opera-tions in the second half, the As to the profit, Europe carpets

uons in the second half, the Carpets International group reports a recovery to a profit of £1.42m for 1984. This compares with a loss of £630.000 insured.

reports a recovery to a pront or £1.92m for 1984. This compares with a loss of £630,000 incurred in 1983, and represents a favourable swing of £7m over the last [£2.12m]. Asia lost £910,000 (loss £3.27m) while the contribution from tiles was down to £260,000 (£530,000). Overseas returns were America £1.97m (£2.12m). Asia lost £910,000 (loss £3.27m)

two years.
However, the company is not yet returning to the dividend list.
Chairman Mr R. C. Anderson says

Chairman Mr R. C. Anderson says

to such a move but it was felt Interface's latest figures sport

fr3.25m, primarily because of the price of 50p, par value, which disposal of the tile division. UK is just about equal to half the carpet sales were almost at the current market worth of CI's same level, but the chairman investments in listed securities—

carpet sales were almost at the same level, but the chairman investments in listed securities—emphasises that this represents 24.6 per cent in Interface and substantial progress in executing a deliberate policy to company.

that priority should continue to some self-inflicted wounds-be given to the process of full computers with attendant he recovery, and that the cash flow stories and some poor per-

comment

stories and some poor perform ing acquisitions that need turn-ing round—but though its profits

are lower, even in sterling terms, the contribution as an associate

does a fine job in propping up Carpet International's accounts.

But associate profits do not mean

very much in terms of cash flow

the income stream is very small and again CI holders go without a dividend. Actually CI is hauling its UK carpet activities into the

black, there was a small profit in the second half, but the

directors admit it could be two years before the domestic busi-

ness realises its full potential. Interface, however, is recovering strongly and, say, a £2.8m contribution this year could lift CI to around £3.7m pre-tax. The balance sheet is in fairly good there after the Malaysian com-

shape, after the Malaysian com-pany is shunted off to associate

status capital gearing drops to 34 per cent. But the market's

caution is summed up in a share price of 50p, par value, which

ommending a one-tor-one

Among the highlights in the year's results were a much improved perfomance in the group's Australia and New Zealand operations. Trading profits were up 84 per cent from 1772,000 to 11.63m, a result of more efficient distribution helped by spending on compu-

Associated's trading is heavily weighted towards exports, covering same 70 per cent of sales.
Mr Allsop said the decline in
sterling had helped considerably
group turnover was up by \$5.8m and overseas earnings up by £700,000, purely as a result of

In the UK, Associated saw publishing profits up 63 per cent to £3.6m, helped by an exceptionally strong year for legal titles and the two Adrian Mole books which have already sold more than 2m copies in hard-back and paperback.

However, Mr Allsop said some of these gains had been offset by the Canadian operations' performance, where trading profits were down from £3.38m to £3.48m, a result of poor trading climate and non-recurring costs.

Yesterday, both Mr Allsop and Mr Michael Turner, group managing director, were enthusing about the prospect of acquiring Routledge & Kegan Paul, which they described as a "tremendous

Bespak

cash call

for £4.6m

AEROSOL VALVE manufac-turer, Bespak, is calling on its shareholders for a fresh injec-tion of capital with a one-for-four

snareholders for a freed injection of capital with a one-for-four rights issue at 178p per cent, raising £4.59m after expenses. The issue, which is underwritten by Hambros Bank, is being made to reduce short-term borrowings and provide "flexibility to invest further."

With the issue comes a directors' forecast that profits for the full year will be at least equal to the £2.1m pre-tax achieved in the year to November 1983. When reporting a near 32 per cent jump in interim profits to £1.38m last January the company warned that a cutback by a major customer, Glaxo, would damage second half profits leaving a virtually static year. The final dividend will, however, be lifted from £2.25p per share to 2.5p making a total for the year of 4.25p compared to 3.75p.

Some of the shares provision-

ally allotted to members of the board and their families, amoun-

ting to 7.64 per cent of the enlarged equity, have been placed with institutions.

Brokers to the issue are de Zeote & Bevan.

The Canadian subsidiary of

M & S (Canada)

buy." Last Monday, the Rout-ledge board advised by Morgan Grefell, recommended Associated's earlier shut-out bid after the controlling Franklin family sold out his 52 per cent interest.

### comment

Associated's figures show there is plenty of money to be made in publishing if you can spot a best seller (Adrian Mole) and market properly the rest of what is obviously a good catalogue in legal, scientific and educational books. The big test will come when it tries to integrate Routledge and Kegan Paul's opera-tions. Associated believes that Routledge will give it a genuine worldwide presence with America

the key market. The group's heavy dependence on exports and the fact that it got its fingers burnt in the U.S. five years ago should mean it has the experience to make a successful plunge. Both group's have a complementary academic catalogue though much will depend on goodwill of staff to work under the Associated banner. In addition, there is apparently weakness in Routledge's distribution network. The favourable ex-change rate has, of course, helped profits. Associated feels comfortable at \$1.30 to the pound so an upward moving sterling needs to be watched carefully. The share's rose 7p to 480p where the p/e is 13.3 and the yield is less



Mr Eric Morley, chairman of Miss World, pictured at yesterday's meeting with some of the group's assets.

### Casino expansion still a priority for Miss World

THE Miss World Group still has wide-ranging plans for diversi-fication, especially into gaming, but may call a halt to its most recent venture in the casino

Mr Eric Morley, the chairman, told shareholders at the annual meeting in London's Hilton Hotel yesterday that the group may decide not to proceed with the application for a gaming licence for the Grey's Casino in Newcastle, which is still under negotiation with the Gaming Board. He said, however, that "there are other ways of getting gaming licences, like acquiring a company that already has one."

The Canadian subsidiary of Marks and Spencer, the UK chain store, saw pre-tax income slip from C\$13.81m (£8.21m) to C\$12.94m (£7.7m) in the year ended March 31 1984, on sales up from C\$276.65m to C\$295.33m. There is a final dividend of 10 cents.

On larger diversification plans Mr Morley said that there was lots more scope within the Miss world and related leisure fields, and that he was investigating "one or two fields" within merchandising. In particular, one in the UK was a "revolutionary

idea, which if it comes off would idea, which if it comes on would be quite big news.

"I haven't even told my co-directors yet," joked Mr Morley.

The Miss World Group has a sponsorship and merchandising contract with Top Shop, the women's fashion store chain owned by Burton Group, which still has two years to run. still has two years to run. He said yesterday that the strategy behind the casino expansion was to generate strong cash flow, and he pointed to the success of Mecca in the gaming sphere.

The group's share structure— Mr Morley and his wife Julia hold a controlling 51.2 per cent interest, while board member Mr Michael Ashcroft's Midepsa has another 26.9 per cent—has been seen in the past as a factor inhibiting growth, but the chairman yesterday was non-committal about any radical change in the near future. As regards a move from the USM to a full listing, he said that the group, " still has, a year, or two.

to go.:

"The nature of the group at the moment isn't one that lends itself to institutional share-bolders, but we may go m to the Stock Exchange, if it's to our advantage," he said.

"The nature of the group at are expecting a pre-tax £13.5m and a p/e of 16 if the tax rate fills as expected to 38 per cent. This is one for a capital gain rather than income, however, given the dividend policy.

### Over £3m profit rise for VG Instruments

AN ADVANCE of £3.27m to AN ADVANCE of 23.21M to fill fill fill for 1984 is reported by VG Instruments, a quoted subsidiary of BAT Industries. The company, which came to the market in December 1983, makes scientific instru-

The directors believe that the momentum for the result has been provided by the incentive the staff has from personal interests in the group. Many of them are public shareholders and key members have investments in the companies which they manage, and those companies enioy a "high degree" of

And the directors "have no doubt" that the group will continue to generate above average results for its industry.

results for its industry.

Shareholders are to receive a final dividend of 1.2p. This is in line with the forecast and gives a total of 1.8p.

Turnover in the year showed an increase of 32 per cent. from 538.56m to £50.89m, and 84.2 per cent went overseas. Orders received in the year were ahead 41 per cent to £65m.
Substantial investment was made, including £2.6m for build-

made, including £2.6m for buildings and fixed plant to increase production capacity. Further plans are in hand which will provide over 100,000 sq ft for 1986 output, and a further \$0.000 sq ft for 1987.

The plans cover seven developments including three new locations and the directors.

new locations, and the directors anticipate that 1985 will see the formation of several new com-panies, and a further expansion into the semi-conductor industry is being planned.

### comment

The market is warming more and more to VG Instruments, the amoeba-like high-tech group which is spawning subsidiaries at a rate of knots. The group has BAT as a stient foster parent with almost 70 per cent and trading in the rest of the stock has pushed the share price up from the 130p at the time of the somewhat muffed tender offer in December 1983 to yesterday's 278p. The news that there was a little more pre-tax in the kitty than expected put 6p on during the day. Unlike other high-tech groups whose margins are being squeezed as a result of problems in both the semiconductor and computer businesses. VG is doing very nicely as its target is primarily the R & D departments where pricing is often a secondary question. VG Semiconductor, in particular, has much promise with its MRE and more to VG Instruments, the amoeba-like high-tech group ments where pricing is often a secondary question. VG Semi-conductor, in particular, has much promise with its MBE equipment sales and the core business of mass spectrometers continues to perform well. With an end-1984 porter book of \$65m, 1985, is looking like another 25 per cent sales 1987. Ahalysts

# Bunzl rises 59% and looks to expansion opportunities in UK

Bunzi, paper, packaging and filter group, increased pre-tax profit by 59.6 per cent to £27.65m in the year to December 31
1984, against £17.33m.
Approximately fim of pre-tax
profit is attributable to the effect

of movements in currency ex-change rates; the company says. All four divisions of the group -merchanting, industrial, distribution and filters — increased profits. Merchanting and distribution, however, with increases of 95 per cent and 107 per cent respectively, were the biggest contributors to group

profits.
Mr Earnest Beaumont, chairman, says the growth of these two divisions has led to a further reduction in the proportion of profits arising from cigaretie filters, although the filter division achieved a satisfactory

division achieved a sausantory increase in profits.

He says the proceeds of the January rights issue enable the group, which has a 49 per cent interest in Metal Clasures, to consider a number of internal and acquisitions. consider a number of internation investments and acquisitions, particularly bearing in mind the group's wish to increase its UK involvement to counterbalance rapid expansion in the U.S.

rapid expansion in the U.S. Turnover, excluding associated companies, was 58.6 per cant up at £857.2m (£540.55m).

Trading profit was £32.02m (£18.19m). Associated companies contributed a further £2.41m (£2.71m) while there was a debit for the factories. of £6.79m (£3.58m) for net especially in the U.S. sinterest and dividend.

uterest and dividend.

UK tax on ordinary activities in 1984 was £2.49m (£2m), overseas tax was £8.84m (£4.25m) while the tax liabilities of associated companies fell to £892,000

ciated companies reli to Essa, 000 (£1.02m).
Minorities were £1.76m (£975,000) and extra-ordinary debits rose to £1.75m (£641,000).
The principal item in this category comprised reorganisation costs which amounted to

extraordinary items were stated at 23p (16.9p after adjustment for scrip issue) and a final divi-dend of 4.25p (3p) is being recommended making 7.5p (5.5p) for the full year. figures are adjusted.



Mr Earnest Beaum

ascent of sales and profits at

Bunzl not to mention the share pany had no difficulty in beating its January rights issue foreign and there is every indication that it can make the same rate of progress this year, rea about \$40m pre-tax. In particular the distribution busine the distribution businesses on both sides of the Atlantic, but again grow strongly, organically and by small-scale assistation. But Bunzl also has anoth bigger ambitions—it wants to build by its UK position to balance the while the tax liabilities of associated companies fell to £889,000 rapid U.S. growth, and it would [£1.02m).

Kinorities were £1.76m tion large enough to form a fight (£975,000) and extra-ordinary division to the group. While it lebits rose to £1.75m (£641,000). Is coy about naming handes, recent share purchases offer attegory comprised reorganisation costs which amounted to a stake in the Brammer, built bearings and electrotic comparts of the group and electrotic comparts of the group and the stake in the Brammer, built bearings and electrotic comparts of the group and the stake in the Brammer, built bearings and electrotic comparts of the group and the stake in the Brammer, built bearings and electrotic comparison of the group and the stake in the Brammer, built bearings and electrotic comparison of the group with an electronic of the group with a group w bearings and electronic cons-ponents distribution group, and is currently sitting on 49 per-cent of Metal Closures, the packaging group. In each case, Bunzi could apply its skills in managing low-technology, cash generative businesses. The shares, trading on a prospective miditals of 18 (assuming 3, 22) The City has frequently been per cent tax charge) are well up left breathless by the rapid with events.

### **Rand hits Metal Closures**

IMPROVED PROFITABILITY average, was 16 per cent lower both at home and overseas was than the figure applied in the achieved in 1984 by the Metal 1983 accounts.

achieved in 1984 by the Metal 1983 accounts.

Clearers Group, but the general weakening of the rand against for Stering has hit the priofit to the foreign and minorities take extent of 5640.006 compared with 2207,000 (2036,008), leaving the extent of 5640.006 compared with 2207,000 (2036,008), leaving the from a turnover up nearly equalling examings of 17.1p gsm to £88.49m, the profit before (16.9p) per share. Extratar has only been maintained at tridinary debits total 556,000 £7.04m, compared with £7.08m, this time.

Value of the rand-pound varied. The final dividend is 4.5p for widely during the year and, on a net total of 6.7p, against 6.3p.

# Leading the lifestyle revolution

# A strategy for success

Results for the half-year to 2nd March 1985

- Sales up 33% to £264m Pre-tax profit up 33%
- to £34.7m Interim dividend up from
- 2p to 2.5p
- 88 new trading outlets
- Sales value of British goods up by £55m.
- Employment up by 1000

### The future

" Another successful half-year has been achieved by contributing to the lifestyle needs of customers through retail chains which are targeted on clearly defined sectors of the clothing

The Group's continuing programme of investment, which will this year exceed £75m, and the extension of product ranges are expected further to expand sales, profits and market Ralph Halpern

o find out more about The Burton Group send for a copy of the Interin Statement and the Annual Report

rom: The Secretary,

The Burton Group PLC 8-11 Great Castle Street, London WIN 7AD THE BURTON GROUP PLC Contributing to Lifestyle

COATS PATONS,

# 1984 RESULTS AND FINAL DIVIDEND

We continue to make excellent progress with pre-tax profit. breaking through the £100m level for the first time, 26% higher

Earnings for ordinary shareholders increased by 35% and with no extraordinary items, profit for the year at £64.7m is double last year's level.

Final dividend increases by 20% giving a 17% increase for the year. We look forward to 1985 with confidence.

### HIGHLIGHTS

•	1984 £millions	1983 Emillions
Tumover	1,076.0	888.0
Trading Profit · ·	121.8	94.5
Pre-tax Profit	109.8	87.0
Capital Expenditure U.K. Total	26.7 69.9	17.4 49.1
Net cash flow	(27.3)	(8.8
Gearing	31%	26%
Earnings per share	23.4p	17. <b>3</b> p
C.C. Earnings per share	12:5p	7.0p

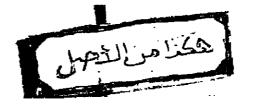
The figures for the year to 31st December 1984 are abridged from the Group's kull accounts which will be filed with the Registrar of Companies after the Annual General Meeting

The directors recommend an increased final dividend of 3.85p per share (1983 : 3.2p) which together with the interim dividend of 1.65p (1983 : 1.5p) amounts to 5.5p per share (1983 : 4.7p). This dividend will be payable on 1st July to shareholders on the register on 10th May 1985.

With some recovery expected in the U.S.A., we look forward to 1985 with confidence, provided there are no substantial adverse exchange movements of the major currencies in which we

W. D. Coats, Chairman

The Annual Report will be posted to shareholders on 1st May, 1985. Further copies will be available from The Secretary, Coats Patons PLC, 155 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow G2 5PA.



MEW YORK STUCK EXCHANGE 40-41 SECTION III - INTERNATIONAL MARKETS AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE 41-42 U.S. OVER-THE-COUNTER 42, 50 **WORLD STOCK MARKETS 42 FINANCIAL TIMES** LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE 42-45

Time runs out for tropical timber agreement, Page 48

Thursday March 28 1985

**WALL STREET** 

ragidaria-Lighty

Citch 20 RG

### Measure of confidence returns

UNIT TRUSTS 46-47 COMMODITIES 48 CURRENCIES 49 INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS 50

THE steady tone of the bond market in the face of this week's Treasury refunding programme helped Wall Street stocks yesterday to continue the recovery that began towards the close of the previous session, writes Terry Byland in New York

A further dip in the federal funds rate took the pressure off other short-term rates. Confidence in the stock market was bolstered by increased turnover on the upswing, contrasting with the reduction in volume at the beginning of the week when prices were on the slide.

At the close the Dow Jones industrial average was 5.19 higher at 1.264.91. Technology stocks again provided a good lead for the market, although Dat-Products weakened after disclosing that profits had been halved in the

The dip in the dollar offset this week's warning from major companies of the effects of a strong U.S. currency on corporate profits. The markets success in rebounding after profits warnings from IBM, Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing and other major names strengthened belief that the March shakeout is

End Month Figures

over, and prices are poised for a fresh

IBM continued to recover from the shock administered by the board's profits warning, gaining % to \$126% in modest turnover. Burroughs, responding to its new high-powered main frame computer model, jumped \$1% to \$59, while AT&T, now making a challenge for the desk top market, added \$% to \$21%.

Other strong features included Digital Equipment, which bounded ahead by \$3% to \$103%, Data General, \$1% up at \$44% and Hewlett-Packard, \$% up at

Data Products slipped \$% to \$13% on the profits warning. But Control Data, which announced a stock bonus plan for executives involving up to 2m shares and which suffered adverse criticism this week from a major brokerage analyst, dipped \$1% to \$29%.

General Electric edged ahead by \$1/4 to \$60 after commenting on the federal indictment of fraud and also publishing its latest profit forecast for the full year.

Among the takeover stocks, the talk-ing point was the sharp jump in Unocal, the oil company which is the latest target of Mr T. Boone Pickens, after a block of 7m Unocal shares or 4 per cent of the equity-traded on the Midwest Stock Exchange at \$48 each for a total of \$336m.

The trade was by Jefferies, the third market firm which has acted for many of the oil industry predators. While well below peak NYSE trades, it represents the largest single deal recorded on the Midwest market the previous largest was a 2.7m block of Phillips Petroleum traded two months ago.

The Pickens camp could not be reached for comment on market sugges-

Feb 1985 Mar

Mar 27 Previous

1.239

3.875

3.27

4.385

78.1

1.6825

1017/4

9%

8.31

913/10

2,487.5 2,414.25

1.1825

3.2125

4.2875

1.627

5%

6%

9%

8,34

100% 10.61

9911/2 11.76

96<sup>35</sup>/<sub>22</sub> 11.80 95<sup>35</sup>/<sub>22</sub> 11.75

73% 10.62 74% 12.50

Price

11%a

**CURRENCIES** U.S. DOLLAR

Previous

3.209

2.721

3.628

2,042.5

64.55

1.377

INTEREST RATES

U.S BONDS

Mar 27

Price

74%

97 11,20

11.80 Feb 2013 94.186 12.55 94.186 12.55

FINANCIAL FUTURES

90.44

COMMODITIES

11.76

11.80

11.75

10.62

94.72 12.95 94.72 12.95

68-24 69-02 68-19 69-09

91.22 91.28 91.05 91.14

89.94 90.00 89.92 89.88

108-27 106-31 106-04 105-28

Mar 27 Prev 544.55p 532.95p £1,151.50 £1,200.50

£2,202.00 £2,296.50

90.57 90.31 90.43

12.50

255.45

2.6485

3.5375

63.05

6-month U.S.\$

1.3675

(3-month offered rate

(offered rate)

U.S. Fed Funds

11% 2015

Corporate

10% June 1990

8% May 2000

10% May 1993

10% May 2013.

8% 32nds of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

Silver (spot fixing)

LONDON

Diamond Shamrock

Federated Dept Stores

II.S. Treesury Bonds (CBT)

1984 1985

**KEY MARKET MONITORS** 

Tokyo New Stock Exchange

1980 1981 1982 1983

1,264.91 1,259.72 1,154.31

150.18

178.43

1,290.4 622,16

679.80

500.3

12,550.82 12,486.15 10,582.4

505.5

72.03

2,038.6\* 2,039.18 2,299,0

128.84

179.83

114.2

415.54

1,183.2 1,204.1 1,024.2

1,350,65 1,344,13 1,131,25

165.2

825.97

1,008.7 879.7

n/a 1,403.56 1,548.21

424.4

Prev

199,7

Mar 27 \$331.75

\$330.50

\$328,58

\$330.75

302.74 303.21

111.14 111.83

277.10 220.51

127.1

257.05

998.51

1,002.9 1,105.3

Yearago

185.3

\$324.00

\$324.50

\$315.31

\$315.35

1,005.90 1,001.80

2,255.93 2,271.06

10.59

499.07

127.46

157.30

1,101.9

521.14

584.72

SwFi Guild

Lira

BFr C\$

599.53 595.68

STOCK MARKET INDICES

151.36

179.55

1,268.0 .620.92

677.82

10.53

519.6

129.66\*

178.64

408.55

165.4

817.06

422.5

200.1

GOLD (per ounce)

502.1

DJ Transport

FT Ord

FT-SE 100

FT-A 500

Tokyo SE

AUSTRALIA

All Ord.

AUSTRIA

BELGIUM

CANADA

Portfolio

DENKARK

FRANCE

CAC Gen

Ind. Tendance

FAZ-Aktien

HONG KONG

Hang Seng

Banca Comm

NETHERLANDS

ANP-CBS Gen

ANP-CBS Ind

SOUTH AFRICA

Golds Industrials

Madrid SE

SWITZERLAND

SWEDEN

WORLD

London

Zürlch

Paris (fixing)

SPAIN

HORWAY

Oslo SE

WEST GERMANY

Commerzbank

Credit Aktier

Belglan SE

Toronto Metals & Minis

Copenhagen SE

TOKYO Nikkei-Dow

FT-A All-share

FT Gold mines

FT-A Long gilt

S&P Composite

tions that Mr Pickens was the buyer of the block, which, if so, boosts his stake to nearly 14 per cent of Unocal. At \$47%, the shares were 5% up on overnight level, and active on the NYSE as the specu-

lators bought in. There was heavy turnover in the Phillips Petroleum when-issued stock, which represents the new corporate structure. The stock held unchanged at \$38% with more than 1m shares traded. Also active was Texaco, unchanged at \$35.

The mainstream oil stocks continued to hold firm, benefiting from the improved tone of crude prices. Exxon shaded by \$% to \$50% from the new 52 week peak achieved on Tuesday. Chevron added \$1/2 to \$341/4.

Motor issues also maintained their recent improvements. Although General Motors at \$74% shaded by \$%, Ford at \$42% added \$% and Chrysler at \$35 were a similar amount higher, American Motors, the dull feature of the sector because of slow sales for its smaller models, held unchanged at \$3% in minimal

The Dow transportation average was boosted by gains in both railroad and airline stocks. Among the domestic air carriers. United added \$1/4 to \$46 and American put on \$% to \$40%. Norfolk and Southern added \$% to \$63% and at \$47%, union Pacific were \$1/4 better.

In the credit markets, optimism over the near term outlook for interest rates was spurred on by the apparent willingness of the Federal Reserve, whose open market committee met this week, to acquiesce in a federal funds rate at 71/2 to 8 per cent. Treasury bill rates were 5 to 11 basis points down, although the Fed bought \$450m bills on customer account at mid-session.

Early gains in bonds were cut back at noon as the Treasury opened its auction of \$5.75bn of seven year notes. The key long bond was little changed from its overnight quotation.

### LONDON

STERLING'S strength aroused specula tion about UK interest rates in London financial markets yesterday with confidence beginning to increase about a small reduction in bank base rates.

Falling money market rates reinforced these hopes. Foreign funds attracted by the present high interest rates forced longer dated Government stocks up in after hours trading, while domestic demand was also evident. Leading equities edged lower, reflect-

ed in a 2.7 point decline in the FT Ordinary share index to 979.3, after a marginal improvement during the morning. Chief price changes: Page 43; Details, Page 43; Share information service, Pages 44–45

SUSTAINED profit-taking continued to make inroads into the prices in Singapore and the Straits Times industrial index lost a further 8.91 to 817.06, on increased volume.

Although much of the selling was concentrated on lower priced issues, blue chips were not immune to the decline. Banks were led lower by DBS's 15 cent drop to S\$6.10, with OCBC down 10 cents to S\$9.25 and UOB 6 cents lower at

Cycle & Carriage fell another 24 cents to \$\$3.78 on market talk again dismissing takeover speculation. Declines during the past two days total almost 10 per cent of its market capitalisation.

### **AUSTRALIA**

A RESUMPTION of solid buying support pushed Sydney to another record level. All sectors benefited, with investors showing a preference for leading mineral stocks.

The relative weakness of the Australian dollar encouraged buying from the U.S., while local investors derived confidence from climbing international bulli-

on prices.
The All-Ordinaries index closed 8.3 higher at 826.4, compared with a previous high of 821.1 on Monday.

### **HONG KONG**

INSTITUTIONAL buying helped Hong

Kong forward during quiet half-day trading. Small investors held back awaiting Friday's results from Jardine Matheson which closed up 5 cents to HK\$9.0.

Fellow market leaders Cheung Kong rose 10 cents to HK\$13.50, Hongkong Wharf 15 cents to HK\$5.35 and Hutchison Whampoa 20 cents to HK\$19.90. Against this trend, Hongkong Land eased 5 cents to HK\$4.80.

### **SOUTH AFRICA**

BUOYANCY in the international bullion price inspired rises among gold issues in Johannesburg.

Eastern Transvaal closed R3 higher at R36 and Simmers was up 35 cents to R3.95. Diamond and platinum issues shadowed golds, with De Beers firming 5 cents to R9.70 and Rustenburg Platinum 45 cents to R17.50.

Mining financials also improved, while industrials were generally unchanged with a firmer bias.

### CANADA

STRENGTH returned to trading in Toronto as gold mining shares surged forward during hectic business.

LAC Minerals was at the forefront of interest among gold stocks, trading C\$1% higher at C\$31%. Dome Petroleum was in demand following the announcement of reduced annual losses and traded 15 cents higher at C\$3.45.

The tempo of trading in Montreal also rose with a broad section of stocks registering advances.

TOKYO

### Record high greets new fiscal year

reflecting mounting expectations of price rises, took the Nikkei-Dow market average to a record in Tokyo yesterday, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

and turnover displayed its traditional surge, rising from 410.88m shares to 854.34m - the highest since March 30 last year.

Allowing for ex-rights drop of 36.71 in the market barometer after dividend payments and new share issues by cor-

As expected by major securities companies, more institutional investors and business corporations were drawn to the market, anticipating further price surges in April.

with 55.40m shares traded, adding Y6 to Y237 on news of its biotechnology development efforts. Surnitomo Chemical increased Y6 to Y221.

were mixed. Green Cross climbed Y100

BROADLY based active buying of large-capital and non-ferrous metal stocks,

The Nikkei Dow market average rose 64.67 to 1.2550.82, exceeding the previous peak of 12,542.60 recorded on March 22. Yesterday marked the first day of trading of the market's new fiscal year

porations closing their books at the end of this month, the gain was 100 points.

Mitsui Toatsu headed the active list

Other biotechnology-related stocks

at one stage, but closed Y20 down Y3,360 under profit-taking pressure. In con-trast, Daiichi Seiyaku moved up Y110 to Y2,360, and Toyama Chemical added Y45 to Y915. Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, the

pace-setter among highly capitalised is-sues, weakened Y3 to Y276, on the second biggest volume of 51.86m shares.

Non-ferrous metals also drew interest in early trading, reflecting the strength of gold prices, but they later slackened. Mitsui Mining and Smelting traded heavily and shed Y4 to Y555, and Sumitomo Metal Mining dropped Y10 to Y1,940. By contrast, Nippon Mining, regarded as a laggard among gold-mining issues, firmed Y12 to Y409.

Marine and Fire firmed Y35 to Y912 and Yasuda Fire and Marine gained Y24 to Y504, while Nomura Securities declined Y20 to Y1,300.

Stocks with large off-the-book assets drew popularity. Nippon Express strengthened Y26 to Y382, on the third biggest volume of 39.42m shares. Mit-subishi Estate firmed Y19 to Y649.

Blue chips remained dull, although Sony rose Y90 to Y4,550 and Matsushita Electric Industrial Y40 to Y1,590. Bonds surged, paced by the yen's strength against the dollar, a drop in

U.S. short-term interest rates and steady tender purchases of four-year U.S. Treasury bonds.

The yield on the benchmark 7.3 per cent government bond due in December 1993 fell from 6.720 per cent to 6.680 per

**EUROPE** 

### **Divergent** reactions to dollar

A WAVE of profit-taking in the wake of the sharply lower dollar drove German shares lower, with export-orientated companies which have benefited most from the dollar's recent surge, being

The weakness of the U.S. currency had the opposite effect in France, with strong demand seen from U.S. investors seeking currency hedges, taking prices to record highs.

In other European centres, a mixed to lower tone emerged. Frankfurt's decline was also attributed to a consolidation of the market's gains to peak levels earlier in the

month. Luxury sports-car maker Porsche was singled out for particularly heavy selling, pushing the share down DM 53 to DM 1,175, with investors again display-

ing extreme caution amid exchange rate uncertainty. Daimler shed DM 9.50 to DM 665.50 and BMW DM 3 to DM 378.50. Volkswagen, planning to raise production and take on 1,000 new employees on expectations of healthy sales in coming months,

Financial stocks were mixed. Tokio The banks were lower. Bayernhypo fell DM 9 to DM 330 abead of results. Bond prices picked up strongly in re-

sponse to the weaker dollar. Bundes-bank plans to liberalise the capital markets - and thus increase the attraction of mark investments - provided further support. The Bundesbank sold a large

DM 104.7m of paper to help supply the market, compared with sales totalling DM 29.2m the previous day.

In Paris, much of the foreign interest centred on metals issues which are thought to be likely to benefit if the dollar remains weak for a prolonged period. The CAC General index edged up 1 point to a new peak of 210.4.

Among the metals, Nord Est advanced FFr 7.40 to FFr 90 after an order imbalance had delayed its opening. Elsewhere, Valeo fell FFr 3 to FFr 230

after reporting higher losses than had

been expected.

Amsterdam was mixed as it continued its recent consolidation but the undertone remained positive.

Akzo added F1 1.20 to F1 109.80 and Royal Dutch picked up early losses to end 30 cents ahead at FI 197.30. Among banks, Amro edged 20 cents ahead to Fi 75.20 as the market awaited publication of its annual report.

Biotechnology group Gist Brocades closed Fl 1.50 higher at Fl 184.50 ahead of its announcement of a 50 per cent rise in 1984 net earnings.

Bond prices rose in brisk trading with the mood cheered by the success of the new state loan issue the previous day. Brussels was lower overall on profittaking. Ebes, the electrical group fell

BFr 20 to BFr 3,080 despite its higher 1984 net earnings and plan to raise its dividend. Société Générale de Belgique ended unchanged at BFr 2,000 with its raised dividend apparently not living up to ex-

pectations.

Zurich was lower with investors displaying a reluctance to take new positions, while bonds were little changed in lacklustre trading. Stockholm and Ma-

drid were also easier. Milan was also lower, led down by a L121 loss to L6,529 in Olivetti amid market rumours that a major stockholder might sell its stake.

Snia, which added L3 to L2,813, was one of the few issues in demand following its announcement of higher profit, dividend and capital increase operation. Ciga rallied L145 to L8,395 in response to the purchase of the hotel chain by the

# Our name goes back centuries. Our approach is very forward-looking.



### We took our name from the hilly area of Burgan where once caravans

used to stop on their travels in the Arabian Peninsula, and where the first and largest oil field was discovered. So 'Burgan' not only stands for the

country's past tradition, but its present prosperity too. In our case, it also stands for something else, a progressive attitude that is definitely looking to the future.

And that's something we believe is a very important quality in a bank.

After all, a bank's success is often dependent on its ability to spot future business potential. Our success is proof of us having that ability.

So, if you need a forward looking bank, talk to us.

At Burgan Bank we can help with contract or project financing, trade financing, loans, fund management, foreign exchange and a full range of other financial services.

Whichever you need, use us once and you'll never look back.



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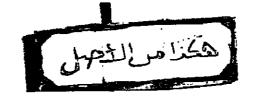
og bedet franklik fra Constant Con 97 491 1770 1481 1289 1951 146 G SS2 5 555 in the Control of the 72 1 40 1 22 16 22 16 26 5 12 9 1 5 11 | Section | Sect WC pfC 260 1747 260 1747 260 1747 260 plus plus plus 2748 260 2748 260 2748 260 260 plus pfc.15e 25 16 209 26 12 940 56 8 33 26 17 275 47 13 394 42 18 134 49 17 263 93 2 852 19 10 598 45 9 118 85 8 136 12 32 19 10 598 45 9 118 10 598 11 12 32 11 12 32 11 12 32 11 12 32 11 12 32 11 12 32 12 32 38 13 1776 13 17 273 13 17 28 2 14 12 32 2 15 18 5 8 129 17 27 24 8 64 17 27 24 8 64 18 11 11 11 5171 F 1757 37 1 8 24 52 5 19 30 20 25 47 7 2 10 25 8 5 15 17 17 12 12 0 0 8 4 22 5 89 37 15 15 25 15 16 24 10 25 16 25 .40 1 G .15e 1.20 pt2.50 24 16 93 6 30 4 11 10 22 10 D D D 1 1 29 9 17 52 46 8 6447254182226119475611550148676 566451819995536674722777618477574105772571644847475768 8 413 1 476 281 80 218 45 5 31277 4415 550 122 764 122 764 122 764 122 764 122 764 122 764 122 764 122 764 122 34918 4305 pl 170 124 18 pl 24 18 pl 26 18 pl 26 18 pl 27 18 pl 28 18 18 pl 28 18 25 EGG EOK Engler Eastar Eastar EAL ESAIR ESA ##0 ##3 ##3 ##5 # 1.38 # 1.54 # 1.50 # 2.24 # 2.35 # 2.75 470 167 210 16 4 72 994 1 297 297 203 203 | Learner | 116 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | Harsse 1.50
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### AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

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### **FINANCIAL TIMES**

### INTERNATIONAL EDITION

# WORLD STOCK MARKETS

AUSTRIA	GERMANY	NORWAY	AUSTRALIA (continued)	JAPAN (continued)	<u> (</u>	OVER	-THE-COU	UNTE	R Nasdaq national mark	et, 230pm prices	133
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NOTES — Prices on this individual exchanges and ere	last traded prices. S Dea	the Costain Aust 1.60 . dings Dunlop Olympic. 2.08 .	0.01 ME1	Safren 13.9 Sage Hidgs 6.85 SA Brews 6,3	BM BM BR	N CD .1Ga 1 Sy 1Com IndC	3 6 6 5 - ½ Ca 19 27a 27a 27a 23 1002 1012 1034 Ca 63 7½ 7½ 7½ 7½	18 15 15 15 17 17 17 18 18 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	25 261 <sub>2</sub> 263 <sub>4</sub> + 1 <sub>4</sub> Decade 18 173 <sub>4</sub> 173 <sub>4</sub> Decade 191 <sub>4</sub> 183 <sub>4</sub> 19 Decade 191 <sub>4</sub> 183 <sub>4</sub> 19 Decade		Barie 25 65 32 514 32 +14 Plantes 22 1614 1514 1514 -14 Plantes 20 5 1614 1514 1614 +12 Plantes 20 5 4 4 +14
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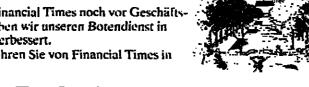
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### AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSING PRICES

l	High	Low	Stock	Div.	YM. E	100	s High	LON	Custe Clos	e   High	LOW	Stack	Di₩.	YM. E	100s H	gh Les	r Cheste !	Clase	High	Low -	Stock '	Dist.	YM. E	100	: Wish :	100	Dunta Ciri	i
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# WORLD ECONOMIC INDICATORS

every Monday in the Financial Times

### MARKET REPORT

March 28 1985

Price changes

LISES

-- <sub>54</sub>, \$15,

FALLS

# Gilts respond strongly as soaring pound revives hopes of lower base rates

Option

\*First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day Mar 21 Mar 22 Apr 12 Mar 25 Apr 13 Apr 12 Apr 22 Apr 15 Apr 25 Apr 26 May 7

\*\*Now-time\*\* Gealings may take place from 9.30 am two business days savier.

A strong performance by sterling—the rate jumped 5; cents to \$1,2390 as the dollar weakened internationally—aroused speculation about UK interest rates in London financial markets yesterday. Operators who had been concerned that the authorities would be unwillings to see rates fall too quickly began to change their views. Consequently, confidence began to increase about another small reduction in bank base rates, perhaps before the Easter holiday.

Falling money market rates—three month interbank came back to 13½ per cent—reinforced these hopes, which were particularly strong in the Giltedged sector. Foreign funds, but also by the present high level of UK interest rates, forced longer-daied stocks up and after-reinforced these hopes, which were particularly strong in the Giltedged sector. Foreign funds, but also by the present high level of UK interest rates, forced longer-daied stocks up and after-reinforced these hopes, which were particularly strong in the Giltedged sector. Foreign funds, but also by the present high level of UK interest rates, forced longer-daied stocks up and after-reinforced these hopes, which were particularly strong in the Salar and the dollar and willis Faber dropped 13 to 665p, after 657p. Reflecting a continuation of fading takeover hopes, Royal Bank of Scotland lost 7 more for a two-day decline of 12 to 276p. News that two directors had increased their holdings in the company sparked off good support for Sangers which raced up along the reinforced these hopes, which were particularly strong in the Giltedged sector. Foreign funds, but also by the present high level of 50 pefore profit-taking left the close just a penny dearer on a balance at 63p; the new nil paid shares settled 2 higher at 62p premium, after 67p premium, after 67p premium, after 67p premium, after 67p

Money shortages continued to impede trade among the shorts which made only limited progress, while index-linked Gitts suffered from further switching to conventional stocks. The latter have weakened latter have weakened progressively since the Chancellor made known his views about the rate of inflation; many stocks fell ? more yesterday to extend losses over the past week to some

Leading shares continued to disappoint and the overall trend was again a shade lower. Secondary and situation stocks, on the other hand, claimed considerable attention and provided a host of good features. Another deluge of company results also stimulated interest and British Aero-space benefited further from an impressive preliminary state-

Any group with overseas earnings potential, or recently on future trading favoured by U.S. investors, lost half-year figures. ground, however. ICI were a good example at 775p, down 13, along with Jaguar, which gave up 14 at 330p. Bats slipped back 22 to 323p. The FT Ordinary share index closed 2.7 off at 979.3. after having shown a marginal rise at the 11.00 am calculation.

Life issues made the running in Insurances, stimulated by

**EQUITY GROUPS** 

it was announced after-hours that Whitbread Investment controls just under 9 per cent of Brown's

equity. Early attention in the Building sector centred on UBM and Norcros following the latter's agreed share exchange, or cash agreed share exchange, or cash alternative, bid worth £119m; dealings in UBM restarted at 190p and the close was 187p, some 28 above the previous day's suspension price. Norcros resumed at 159p, compared with the suspension price of 167p, and fell away to close 14 lower at 153p.

at 153p.
Among the companies report-Among the companies reporting trading news, Ben Bailey fell 5 to 27p following dismal half-year figures and dividend reduction, but Gibbs and Dandy "A" gained a penny to 28p in reply to satisfactory preliminary to satisfactory results. Bryant Holdings lost a penny to 75p, the cautious view on future trading eclipsing good

Cecil Gee disappoints Leading Stores shrugged aside recent concern over the present

high level of mortgage rates and annual results, while Energy displayed gains across the board. Services gained 3 to 70p following rise of 15 to 783p, after 787p, while revived takeover speculases bid of around 90p per tion lifted Debenhams 7 to 214p.
Burton hardened a couple of
pence to \$580-after announcing
interim profits at the top end-of
market estimates. Waring and better-than-expected preliminary market estimates. Waring and figures from both Prudential and Gillow initially figure at 156p, dipped to 147p, a net fall of 8 625p before closing 28 higher at following the agreed terms from 615p, while the latter finished 14 Hopecastle, the consortium

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

Fixed Interest.......... 84.68' 84,63' 84,54' 84,53' 84,48' 84,37' 87,05 Ordinary ....... 979.3 982.0 989.9 992.4 993.1 1001.9 875.2 Ord. Div. Yield ....... 4.64 4.61 4.57 4.57 4.58 4.54 4.37 Earnings, Yld.% (full) 11.52; 11.42 11.53 11.55 11.55 11.26 9.72 P/E Ratio (net) (\*)..... 10,59 10,66 10,76 10,75 10.73 10,81 12,39 Total bargains (Est.) 26,966 26,697 27,782 25,442 37,320 25,668 29,146 Equity turnover £m. - 242,83 288,93 414,04 460,24 409,60 317,58 Equity bargains. --- 24,886 26,119 28,600 25,984 22,350 22,117 Shares traded (ml) ... - 184.8 166.5 217.4 237.6 209.3 176.0

10 am 982.4. 11 am 983.3. Noon 981.5. 1 pm 986.2. 2 pm 960 2. 3 pm 980,4. Basis 100 Govt, Secs. 15/10/26, Fixed Int. 1928, Ordinary 1/7/35. Gold Mines 12/9/55. SE Activity 1974,

"Nii = 10.25. HIGHS AND LOWS

S.E. ACTIVITY

-	1984	85	Since Co	mpliat'n	<u> </u>	Mar. : 26	Mar. 25
	High	Low	High		Daily Gift Edged	:	:
Govt. Secs.				49,18	Sargains.	248.4	147.9
Fixed Int			150,4	(0:4143)	Bargains,	. 158.0 . 692.9	169.2 '584.0
Ordinary			128,11,47 1024.5		ibday Average Gift Edged	i	
	(22/1/86)	(2817:84)	(22:1(85)	/26/6:49)	Bargains Equities	1	163.2
Gold Mines		459.5 (25 1:85)		43,5 (25/10/71)	Bargains Value		162.8 771.2

on the preliminary figures, while

4 cheaper on balance at 154p.

headed by Mr Cyril Spencer. Menswear retailing chain Cecil Yarrow reflected compensation Gee slumped 15 to 170p follow-ing disappointing full-year Following Tuesday's late surge

Thorn EMI, the subject of a

broker's adverse circular, fell 10 further to 402p, after 399p, on fresh concern about its Inmos subsidiary in the wake of the latter's decision to cut working hours at its plant in Newport. GEC lost 4 more to 1820 after further consideration of the 134m purchase of the Yarrow warship yard on the Clyde. British Telecom, on the other hand, attracted good institutional interest and good institutional interest and firmed 4 more to close at a new peak of 142p. BICC revived with a rise of 7 at 252p. Elsewhere, VG Instruments put on 6 to 278p in response to the good annual results, while Energy Services gained 3 to 70p following resulted speculative buying

ings, riging 8 to 152p, after 154p, in response to better than expected annual results and the chairman's confident statement regarding prospects. Delta gained 6 more for a two-day rise of 11 to 1444p following comment

Otter Exploration were finally 10 up at 43p, Sons of Gwalia 8 to the good at a record 85p and Australlan Consolidated Minerals 4 firmer at 1984-85 high of 43p. Elsewhere former tin producer Januar more than doubled to touch 27p before settling a net worday decline of 15 at 267p. Excellent company trading statements gave impetus to Paper/Printings. DRG featured with a gain of 8 to 175p reflecting satisfaction with the annual results, while Bunzl, also announcing preliminary figures, hardened 3 more to 488p. Publishers were subdued, although Associated Book attained a new peak of 489p before settling a net 7 to the good at 480p following the annual results and proposed 100 per cent scrip issue. Leading Properties suffered attracting 1,100 calls.

per cent scrip issue.

Leading Properties suffered from lack of interest and closed on a dull note. Land Securities settled 4 off at 292p and MEPC 3 easier at 3070 settled 4 on at 282p and MEPC
3 easier at 307p.

Ocean Transport and Trading,
the subject of "put" option
business, dipped to 160p before
settling a net 6 lower at 163p;
the increased annual profits and
dividend were selinsed by the

dividend were eclipsed by the cautious tenor of the accompany-Among Textiles, Coats Patons dipped 8 to 152p after revealing preliminary profits slightly below market expectations preliminary profits slightly below market expectations. Up to 361p in immediate response to the full-year results,

Bats thereafter drifted lower following a closer examination of the figures and finished 22 down on balance at 328p, after 325p; sentiment was also adversely affected by the current

The latest advance by sterling against the dollar deterred overseas buying interest in the leading oils which tended to drift lower throughout the session.

BP closed 5 cheaper at 5539 and BP closed 5 cheaper at 5539 and BP closed 5 cheaper at 5539 and 55451 Following Tuesday's late surge to 158p on rumours that S. and W. Berisford might sell its near W. Berisford might sell its near 15 per cent stake in the company, Ranks Hovis McDougall encountered profit-taking in the absence of developments; the price reacted to 148p before renewed demand left the close just a change on balance at 154p. Royal Dutch gave up 1 to £451. Secondary stocks were much livelier. Aberdeen American A cheaper on balance at 154p.

BAe up again

British Aerospace were outstanding again among miscellaneous industrials, rising 15 more to 413p, after 417p, following comment on the excellent annual results. Among other leaders, Beecham were notable for a gain of 8 to 380p, but Glaxo were affected by the dollar's weakness and gave up 1 stake in the company to 5.74 at £111. Elsewhere, Trident Computer Services were marked up 6 to 76p on news of the share-Petroleum rose 8 to 108p follow-

Comparier Services were marked up 6 to 76p on news of the share-exchange bid from Park Place, 4 higher at 161p. Asset value considerations prompted a fresh improvement of 4 to 327p in Manchester Ship Canal, while James Wilkes responded to revived speculative support with a gain of 30 to 255p. Details of the 20p per share cash bid from Corporation Development International and proposed rights issues if the deal is completed caused gyrations in The Times Veneer, which dropped to 23p before recovering to close under the substantial before recovering to close unchanged at the overnight level of 45p. Evered rose 8 to 193p on buying ahead of next Tuesday's higher in dollar terms South results, while Christies International, scheduled to announce ginally firmer in sterling terms results the same day, closed 16 higher at 626p. Morgan Crucible fell 12 to 213p, after 210p, on the proposed £20.7m rights issue which accompanied the results, while Bespak lost 8 to 207p following the call for fresh funds of nearly £5m.

Australians mining markets

lowing the call for fresh funds of nearly £5m.

One-time bid favourite Horizon
Travel came under selling pressure and fell 8 to 122p. Elsewhere in the Leisure sector, Miss World rose 30 more to 280p awaiting news fro mthe annual meeting, but Spectrum encountered selling in an unwilling market and slumped 18 to a 1984-85 low of 80p.

Tesults.

Australians mining markets surged ahead across a broad front, led by gold issues. In the leading rank, Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie jumped 25 to 435p, while Central Norseman and awaiting news fro mthe annual meeting, but Spectrum encountered selling in an unwilling market and slumped 18 to a 1984-85 low of 80p.

**NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1984/5** 

NEW HIGHS (93) BRITISH FUNDS (3)
Trees 3oc 1985 Exch 10tipe 2005
Com 9tipe 2001
CANADIANS (1) Midepsa MIDEDSA BUILDINGS (D)
Access Sarellite Latarge Copee
Hewden-Strart 10pc UEM
LD 03-98 Ward Hidgs Did Corv (Horsec)

Seattle (J.) A STORES (1)

Beattle (J.) A STORES (1)

British Telecom 15D Computer
Cray Encronces Peanty & Giles
Dowding & Mills
Energy Services VG Instruments
Garing Kerr
Garing Kerr
Broham Holler 500 Group
Firth (G. M.)

FOODS (1)

FOODS (1)

Tesco 9pcCmLn 2002-07 Queens Most 101:00 States Cmy 189-91

Cow 189-9 INDUSTRIALS (22)
Alexandra Workwear Lamont Hidgs
Bridshad Processes
British Aerospack
British Bloodstock
Agency
CVD Inc
Courtney Pone
Dyson (J. & J.)
Do. A
Friedland Doggart
Halma
High-Point Services

Wikes (J.) Haima High-Point Services INSURANCE (8) Pearl As Britannic Assince Pearl Assince General Accident Prudential GRE Sun Alliance Sun Life Legal & General Sun Life LEISURE (3) Julkana's Hidgs President Enti Julizez's Hidgs Mas World

Abbey Panels MOTORS (2)
Abbey Panels PRG Intra
NEWEPA PRG (6)
ASSOC Book Poishrs Fact Cities
Colling (William)
Metal Sulletin
East Mid Allied A Octoous Publishis
Burg)
Rungs (Midden)
Valin Polien Int Bunz)
Peters (Michaelt
PROPERTY (5)
Stockley Land Investors Wates City or a Priest, Marians Do. A (NAV) Alled Textile IIIIngworth, Morris (3)
TRUSTS (3)
Kwahu Close Brothers Ex-Lands

Ex-Lands Off.S (2)
Hightand Particonts North South Resrcs
East Rand Cons Jantar
ACM Musto Explorations
Sons of Gwalia

NEW LOWS (13) Derma-Lock Medical FPL Group
Allied Irish Banks
BTORES (1) Peters Stores ELECTRICALS (3)
HB Electric Consess Vitatron
Utal Scientific AC ENGINEERING (1) Ash & Lacy INDUSTRIALS (2) Dufay Bits LEISURE (1) TRUSTS (1) Gem Expin & Mints

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

10 6 54 269 328 849 63 200 284 30 24 70 1 9 7 84 15 79 25 119 68 569 712 1,422

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

RECENT ISSUES

**EQUITIES** 

Issue price		Latest Jenuno. date	1984		Stock	Olosing price L	 
l	1 <b>&lt;</b> =	<u> </u>	High	LOW		-	L
\$101 85.81 100 100 \$180 \$974 	F.P. C51 F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P.	15/2 19/6 2-5 25/5 25/4 26/4 12/7 27/3	10314 5478 10314 10154 1234 9958 10018 100	1015 50 94 1015 102 984 984 995 108 95 108 95 108		10254 5212 3034 10254 10254 10254 9944 9944 9964 105 35 35 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	+ 14 + 14 + 15 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16

RIGHTS OFFERS

price	3=	Latest Renunc. data	1984 High	·	Stock	Glosing price	  + or
8 R6 225 A52 249 70 131 <sub>2</sub> A50.2 650 351 190 315 158 240	Nii Nii F.P.	29:3 31:5 25:4	38 68pm 275 48pm 79pm 6pm 141 <sub>2</sub> 5pm 383 67pm 204 38pm 20pm 28pm	20pm 240 40pm 57pm 12 312pm 360 3614pm 19513 29pm 14pm	#Acom Computer 1p Beatrix Mines Blibby (1) 50p #CSR A81 Fisons Lyle Shipping Prefd. 5p #Oil Search R.E.A. Hidgs #Sangers STC Trafalgar House 20p United Biscuits Watmoughs	45pm 240 46pm 67pm 1pm 13 212pm 360 68pm 202 29pm	+5 -5 +1 <sub>2</sub> -1 -3 -12 +4

Renunciation data usually last day for dealing free of stamp duty. b Figures based on prospectus estimates. d Dividend rate paid or payable on part of capital, cover based on dividend on full capital. g Assumed dividend and yield, u Forecast dividend cover based on previous year's samings. F Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1965. H Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1964. Q Gross. p Pence unless otherwise indicated. T Issued by tender, Il Officred holders of ordinary shares as a "rights." \* Issued by way of capitalisation. §5 Reintroduced. T Issued in connection with reorganisation marger or takeover. Allotreant letters or fully-paid. Il introduction. & Unlisted Securities Market. § Placing price. T Figures assumed. If Official London Usting. If Dealt in under Rule 555(3). t Comprising 100 Prf. and one Ptg. share.

§ Figures or report awaited. It Units comprising 5 Ord., 1 Warrant and £2.50 nominal of conv. stock.

**OPTIONS** 

First Last Last Deal- Declara- Settle-ings tion ment Mar 18 Mar 29 June 27 July 8 Peatland Inds Freet Hidgs ...
Apr 1 Apr 19 July 11 July 22 Bnt Aerospace 

Call options were taken out in Polly Peck, Sound Diffusion, BSG international, North Kaigurii, Chaterhall, Acorn Computer, Blackwood Hodge, Metals Exploration, Carless Capel and Leonard, Westland, James Finlay, Eglinton Oil and Gas Leonard, Westland, James Finlay, Eglinton Oil and Gas. I. & J. Hyman, Barratt Developments, Tranwood, Pentland, Bristol Oil and Minerals, Applied Holographics and Churchill Energy, Puts were struck in Riley Leisure, E.R.I.C., Stanadard Telephones and Cables, "The Times" Veneer, and Ocean Transport and Trading, while doubles were transacted in Morgan Crucible, Crystalate and Dominion International.

TUESDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS** 

Above average activity the following stocks ve		oted in
Stock	Closing	Day's change
BAT Inds	328	-22
Babcock International British Telecom	152 142	+ 8 + 4
Commercial Union	205	+ š
DRG	175	+ 8
Jaguat	775 300	-13 -14
Norcros	153	-14
Ocean Transport	163 815	- 6 +28
RHM	154	-4

### **LONDON TRADED OPTIONS** CALLS PUTS May Aug. Nov. May Aug. Nov. Option 34 | 40 19 | 26 12 | 18 4 | 9 | 460 | 83 | 95 | 108 | 11<sub>2</sub> | 5 | 500 | 45 | 60 | 73 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 550 | 14 | 23 | 40 | 50 | 33 | 600 | 5 | 16 | 27 | 70 | 78 | 60 | 65 | -- | 4 | 40 | 50 | 57 | 12 | 28 | 40 | 47 | 25 | 13 | 23 | 32 | 50 | Cone. Gold 460 80 90 100 2 6 11 (\*534) 500 44 55 65 8 20 27 550 12 36 43 30 42 50 Courtauida 110 39 42 — 112 (\*146) 120 29 32 — 112 12 140 12 16 22 5 160 4 8 14 16 | 300 | 55 | 67 | -- | 2 | 4 | 330 | 33 | 45 | 55 | 6 | 9 | 360 | 15 | 27 | 36 | 25 | 30 | 390 | 7 | 16 | -- | 47 | 52 | Com. Union 160 47 55 55 2 (\*205) 180 28 37 40 3 200 15 25 29 3 220 7 16 20 22 160 32 -180 14 24 200 4 12 220 1 6 240 1 8 39 2 20 15 12 34 54 102 63 37 4 fc 5 ls 3 lg 1 ls 2 m OSe 1 fs Ole Ole 700 82 107 - 2 8 - 750 42 67 75 15 23 38 800 17 45 55 37 47 57 850 7 25 35 80 90 95 900 2 10 20 130 137 142 June Sept Dec. June Sept Dec. 260 35 — 280 17 24 300 6 13 550 11<sub>2</sub> 7 32 4 19 11 11 38 65 75 36 42 18 25 Marks & Sp. | 120 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 112 | 130 | 18 | 25 | 26 | 2 | 2 | 144 | 140 | 10 | 14 | 21 | 5 | 160 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 18 460 | 100 | 115 | -500 | 65 | 80 | 90 550 | 25 | 40 | 52 | 390 | 130 | 145 | - | 6 | 9 | 420 | 102 | 120 | - | 10 | 20 | 460 | 70 | 90 | 105 | 25 | 26 | 500 | 45 | 68 | 80 | 40 | 56 Traf-gar Hse 275 68 — 2 2 295 48 54 — 2 3 32 33 28 37 3 353 9 15 25 26 353 3 9 15 46 180 52 58 — 2 8 — 200 34 40 — 4 7 — 220 19 25 52 10 13 16 240 8 14 20 21 25 29 May Aug. Nov. May Aug. Nov. BAT inds. 280 58 68 — 2 (\*331) 300 40 52 — 5 330 25 37 45 16 360 11 22 32 38 390 5 12 22 67 | 500 | 102 | 117 | — | 3 | 550 | 57 | 72 | 87 | 10 | 600 | 26 | 37 | 55 | 38 | 650 | 7 | 18 | 30 | 62

Mar. 27, Total contracts 7,191 Calls 5,062. Puts 2,129 \* Underlying security price.

### FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	EUUIIT				Wed I	farch	27 19	85	March	March	March 22	March 21	age (approx.
Fis	& SUB-Si pures in parenthe stocks pe	ses show	nymber	of Index	Day's Change	Est. Earning Yield %		Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	Judex No.	index No.	index No.	Index No.	Index No.
11	CAPITAL COOP	S (206) .		550.1		19.17		12.46	551.17				
2	<b>Building Materia</b>	is (23)		504.1		12.68		9.76	503.65 699.38	584.94 701.63			
3	Contracting, Con-			696.5 1564.9		13.15		12.79	3534.22	1549 15		1547.31	
5	Electricals (25) Electronics (36)			1452		8.86		14.68	1763.61		1726.01		
6	Mechanical Engin	ocering (	50)	304.6		12.65	4.44	20.54	302.78				
ě	Metals and Metal	Forming	(8)	1964		11.53			190.26				
9 [	Motors (18)			162.1 950.1		11.62 7.81			164.81 954.50			,	
10	Other Industrial I			634.9		9.22		13.12	638.77			1	
22	Brevers and Dist			563.		12.00	4.77	19.33	566.72	570.76			
<b>5</b>	Food Manufactur	ing (21) .		503.5		21.61		10.73	505.51		505.27		
<b>26</b>	Food Retailing (1	دو		1482.		6.46 5.85		29.64 19.98	1475.01 1029.45		3483.88 1829.49		
77	Health and House	shold Pro	ONICES (7).	_ 679.2		8.48			676.43				686.5
29	Leisure (22) Newspapers, Pub	lishing (1	2)	1761		6.64	4.29	19.51	1768.33	1732.53	1742.99		
3	Packaging and Pr	per (14)		323.		11.4			323.07				
34	'Stores (45)	-		587.2		6.96		17.41 9.65	581.47 326.87				498.2 294.3
5 (	Textiles (19)			321.! 868.4		12.75 14.47			914.80				
ă	Tobaccos (3)	1901		683.1		8.85		14.23	481.21			680.44	454.3
2	Chemicals (17)			766.	3 -12	13.49	4.76		775.90				617.2
ŭ l	Office Equipment	(4)		153.0		7.22		17.15	183.63		183.54 1156.96		
5	Shipping and Tra		2)	1124		6.68 7.25		38.94 36.78	1134.41				613.3
<u>(6</u>	Miscellaneous (6			838.		7.99		16.34	\$25.38				م م
9	Telephone Netwo	MIS (2)	P2\	634.6		9.37	3.92	13.22	635.63		637.63	638.97	517.6
ᆰ	Oils (17)			1156		15.95	7.18	7.70	1162.77	1173.04	1197.88	1196.37	1968.2
_	500 SHARE INB	EY /SMI		677.1		10.25	436	12.06	679.80	683,66	684.43	685.55	564.7
2	FINANCIAL EM	MIP (114		463.7	3 +05	T =	4.95	Τ	461.26				386.1
2	Basis (6)			449.3		18.62			50.49		453.82		383.4 484.6
31	Incurance (Life) (	(8)		6931		1 -	4.32 5.48	=	677,23 338,04				
6	leserance (Comp	osite) (7)		345.4		7.30		18.72	1193.66		1207.25		
7	Insurance (Broke Merchant Banks (	15) (b) 132)		229.9		1 —	4.67	_	230.57				
8	Property (50)			636.8		5.55		23.83	640.79				578.6
ro. i	Other Financial(2	<u>5)</u>		292.2		9.28	5,44 3,30	12.98	294.10 689.73				268.4 517.6
7	Investment Trust	: (106)		602.7		2.44		13.49	381.57	300.92			326.3
u j	Mising Finance (			653.6		9.62		12.89	656.45		663.23		581.7
	Overseas Traders		<u> </u>	620.9		_	4,42	-	622.16	625.44	626.42	627.00	521.1
2	ALL-SPARE INI	EA (120	ţ	Index	Day's	Day's	Day's		1				
ı				No.	Chang	e Kigh	Low		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
+	FT-SE 100 SHAL	E INDE	K	1288	8 -24	1290.9	1288.8	<u>'</u>	1298.4	1297.8	1302.9	1308.7	11,119.
				REST			AVEI	ASE ER MPTION	OSS YIELDS	;	Wed March 27	Tues March 26	Year ago Capprox
						4 4 4		sh Gover	- -				
	PRICE	Wed March	Day's	Toes March	today	제 # 1985	1 Low 2 Count		5 years		18.64 18.65	19.89 19.71	9.9
•	BEDICES	27	change %	26		to date	2 Coupt		5 years 5 years		10.29	10.26	9.6
_		<del> </del>	<del> -~</del> -	┝╼╼┤			4 Medi		5 years		11.72	11.79	10.5
_ 12	kithi Gorgania	116.77	40.10	116.29	0.35	2.94	5 Coupe		5 years		10.99	11.05	10.5
	5 years				0.26	3.29	6 7 High		5 years		10.42	19.49 11.85	7.90 10.66
2 5	5-15 years	]			1	2.83	8 Coupe	. I	5 years 5 years		11.73	11.21	10.63
3 0	wer 15 years	195.70			-		9	2	5 years		10.53	10.59	10.05
	rredeemables	148.0L		147.31		142	10 Irred	emables_		<u>t</u>	20.05	10.09	9.63
4		126.82	+0.36	126,63	926	3.00	11 Dobs		5 years		12.16	12.25	11.3
- 1	Lij stocks			198.73	_	2.39	12 Leas		15 years		11.78	11.79	11.3
5/	UI stocks	700.00	18 7F				13.		25 years		11.64	11.69	11.33
5/	Lij siscis Glanbra & Louis	109.00			~+					7	29.74		12 7
5/ 6 •		109.00 76.86		76.84	_	2.15	14 Prefe			<del> </del>	12.74	12.77	12.7
5/ 6 •	Jehoniurus & Laurs	76.86		76.94 BRITISH	SOVERN		14 Prefe	NŒD ST	ocks 5%		3.40		12.7

51 B: \$330,90 36 " 25 " 3 16,50 93 19,90 8 23 11 | 19 314 3,50 A 6 11 8 8.50 8.50 8.50 75 81 49 208 5.30 9,60 11.20 14 20 18 5.20 63 66 195 501 118 113 7 29 Jul. Oct. Apr. 39 9 — F.405
10 8 9 — F.405
11 9.50 1 13.50 A/F.1.85,50
11 9.50 1 8.50 B/F.215,50
14 9 11 8.50 B/F.215,50
14 9 11 8 50 B/F.215,50
164 6,70 42 7,80
10 6,70 1 7,50 F.75,20 1 7.50 FL75.20
13 5.80 FL58.80
6 4.50
12 5.10 FL59.10
14 FL185.59
1 5.20 FL70.10
148 4.20 FL 50.80
11 8 FL90.80
12 13.30 F1197.80
2 14.50 AFL 74.90
92 1.40 FL541 HOOG C HOOG P KLM C KLM P NEDL C NATN C PHIL C

**EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** 

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACT: 20,205 B=Bid G=Ca¥

44	AMERICANS—Cont.	LONDON SHA	DE SERVICE	FINANCIAL 111  ENGINEERING—Continued  Financial 111  Engineering—Continued  Financial 111  Engineering—Continued  Financial 111	HOTELS—Continued  1984-85   Stack   Price   Het   Continued  1984-85   Stack   Price   Het   Continued  234-1   Roan Houst 50
NOMURA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	High Low   Stock   E	BEERS, WINES—Cent.	DRAPERY & STORES—Cont. 938	11 Sairy (f. H.) 22 -1 44-45 27 45 10.33   25 -1 44-5 27 45 10.33   26 Sairy Perkey, Star 205 -1 44-45 7 1   3 Sarkicar Higs: 19 - 4   3 Sarkicar Higs: 19 - 78   27 Securior 1.59   112ml+2   14 Securior 1.51 5a   26    77    27	20-2 7 Roam Hotels 50 233-1 248.579 \$ 33 6 420 256 Savey "A" 10p 253 254 10 10 25 256 16 16 17 27 States 10p 26 17 27 States 10p 26 17 27 States 10p 26 17 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27
NEW-ERA INVESTMENT AND UNDERWRITING OFFICES WORLDWIDE	470 155-3694nt/Techi 37-39-22 189-105-105-105-105-105-105-105-105-105-105	High Law Stock   Price   -   Ret   CW   1873   1972   -	125   125	49 dermit (baless   205   115 19 80 (0.2) 53 Bermedgen Mett   205   115 19 80 (0.2) 134 Bitch & Decker St. 90   125   25   25   9 Stackword St. 105   25   25   25   25   25   5 Bookson Wm. 105   27   24   11   24   17   27.7	152 100 4AH SSL 25 - 2 16.18 23 5.9 RHs. 151 25 26 26 26 AB Research 100 25 255 16.18 23 5.9 RHs. 152 4 16.28 25 AB Research 100 25 16.573 1.2 7.8 RMs. 152 103 4AH STREET Group 155
3 Gracechurch Street EC3V BAD Telephone (01) 283 8811 BRITISH FUNDS	397. 241.EPC lotal 25c	261 186   AMEC 50p	158   63   Lucroli (Geori 10   188   55-25   52   111   118   117   118   11	14 Beautoware 21 122 (10.1 0.3 1.7 1.2.5 20.1 1.2.5 21.1 1.2.5 21.1 1.2.5 22.	53 52 Abbey 49 49 55 55 72 22 22.6 530 10 Abbey 60 10
1984-a5   Stack   Price   + or   Yield	654 394 (Campbell Soop 60c	337 232 898 leak: 50n 257 -1 17.0 3.5 3.9 9.3 260 124 Rapperidge Brick 254 6.25 3.7 3.5 10.9 45 27 Rapter (Sera) 10a 27 -5 12.6 29 2 4.9 188 64 Rampati Dec. 10a 27 72	965 260 Other (6,1 "A" 30844 80 4.0 1.2 "77.7 36 778 215 for Price 209 345 83.0 4.0 1.2 "77.7 36 188 128 Oeses Over 180 33 2.4 2.6 119.5 522 188 128 Oeses Over 180 58 4 2.0 4.9 4 162 162 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163	8 Brocke Tool	110 13 Amer Group FM29 216 224 (2056 1164 1200 Amer African Fin 77g8 120 124 (205 Apr) Amer African Fin 77g8 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120
104.1 99.1 Each 124ct 1965 9921+4 12.26 12.27 1033 99.1 Each 114ct 196. 9921+2 11.77 11.87 102.1 98.1 ress 3ct 1966 93.4 12.2 1017 11.87 1	343 227 Desciroush Pour's S1 284-5, \$1.92 - 6. 320 159 Desciroush Pour's S1 285-5, \$1.00 - 13. 327 179 Discorp 54 355-6 114, \$2.50 - 5. 239 149 Cotypus P. S1 209-5, \$1.20 - 5. 574 354 Cot lost, \$1 485-14, \$2.50 - 4.	162 114 Berbary 115 +1 (M 25 6.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1	66 40 Report 100 66 +1 2.5 0.7 5.3 44.7 55 48 22 Report 109 228 +1 40.57 4.4 5 19.50 280 228 2109 Report 109 280 49 25 3.6 15.7 127 231 38 Reed Again W NV 208 13.0 21 4.0 8.3 76	18 Canterd Eq. 19 -5	75 16 Marson Treat 10s 25 25 5 11 63 14 180 25 25 25 12 Marson From 175 27 27 2 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
985 93-5 ress 8-5e 1984-864 95.2 + 8.51 11.59 11.50 11	1559   433-piCost Hibrar, Hidys S1   255     -	69 46 Britinest Pudery 100. 63	39 29 Da. 311-gcPl. 17-gs 36 394 - 15.6 - 605 128 103 Samet Old 123 123 H17 10 48 299 42 195 E84 Da. W 80 H17 10 74 195 72 963 67 Sear Ways 85 +1 30 26 50 119 549 26/2 107 Sears Ways 85 +1 40 26 50 119 549 26/2 107 Sears Ways 85 +1 41 30 26 50 119 549 26/2 107 Sears Ways 85 +1 41 30 27 11 38 48 50 11 38 48 50 11 38 56	78 Christy Ham 33 15.7 55 Chaytor See 950 58 19.8 5.4 2.7 7.3 330 Coten (A) 250 74 3.48 1.5 6.7 12.1 36 Cote (Wa.) (Sb.) 250 52 12.2 12.6 3 5.0 37 Cote (Wa.) (Sb.) 250 52 12.2 12.6 3 5.0	20
101.3 944-5xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	67 27- Data General	205 65 Berrett & Hallan 85 +5 8.79 0.8 14.7 12.7 55 50 Carr Clork 95 55 55 1.45 45 3.7 8.5 56 68 47 Content-Roadstone 63 1.56 56 1.67 67 68 47 Content-Roadstone 63 1.56 68 47 Content-Roadstone 62 20.73 1.7 - 17 -	220 148 Sumpson (S.) "A" 210 47. 32 22 23 228 118 Smith (W. H.) A 50p. 204 44 1942 31 22 15.6 12 2 50 3 3 Stanley (L. G.) 5p. 48 4 151 14: 45 20.9 39 133 99 Stanley (L. G.) 5p. 772 - 3 46.0 1.4 5.0 124 160 147 58 Stanley (L. G.) 5p. 73 +1 22 4.8 4.3 15 5285 76 49 String Group 20p. 76 10.72 8.0 14 14.0 98	27 Cooper (F) Bib   111   90.67   12   13   141   10   Goode Inch. 100   36       148   156     148   125   156     148   125   159   Constitut 7674     224   2.0   5.9   125   1	F254   F164   In Sector 2010   15   13   15   15   15   15   15   15
1004   921   Each 10   9c   88   9521   42   10.83   11.74   12.83   12.74   12.83   12.74   12.83   12.74   12.83   12.74   12.83   12.74   12.83   12.74   12.83	10   24   24   24   25   25   25   25   25	2 240 174 Countryside Props 220 504 51 33 63 59 106 65 Creach (O.) 206 72 -2 57 22 11.3 57 7 67 45 Douglas (Robs. M) 49 -2 21.75 - 2 68 10 Erith	190 40 Searrie 20p 52 401 225 Sepering Ses. 10p 400 -3 143.5 3.8 1.2 27.6 1445-1318 75 FT & S Sanra-Sp. 138 402.63 2.1 2.7 25.0 144 143 138 76 FT & S Sanra-Sp. 138 12.2 7.6 144 145 138 138 138 142 144 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	88 Detect 500 144 151 30 60 62 51 51 50 62 51 51 50 62 51 51 50 62 51 51 52 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	627   29   Barrow Heathers   298   6.0° LD 22 22 22 22 22 23 23 24 25 25 24 25 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 25 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
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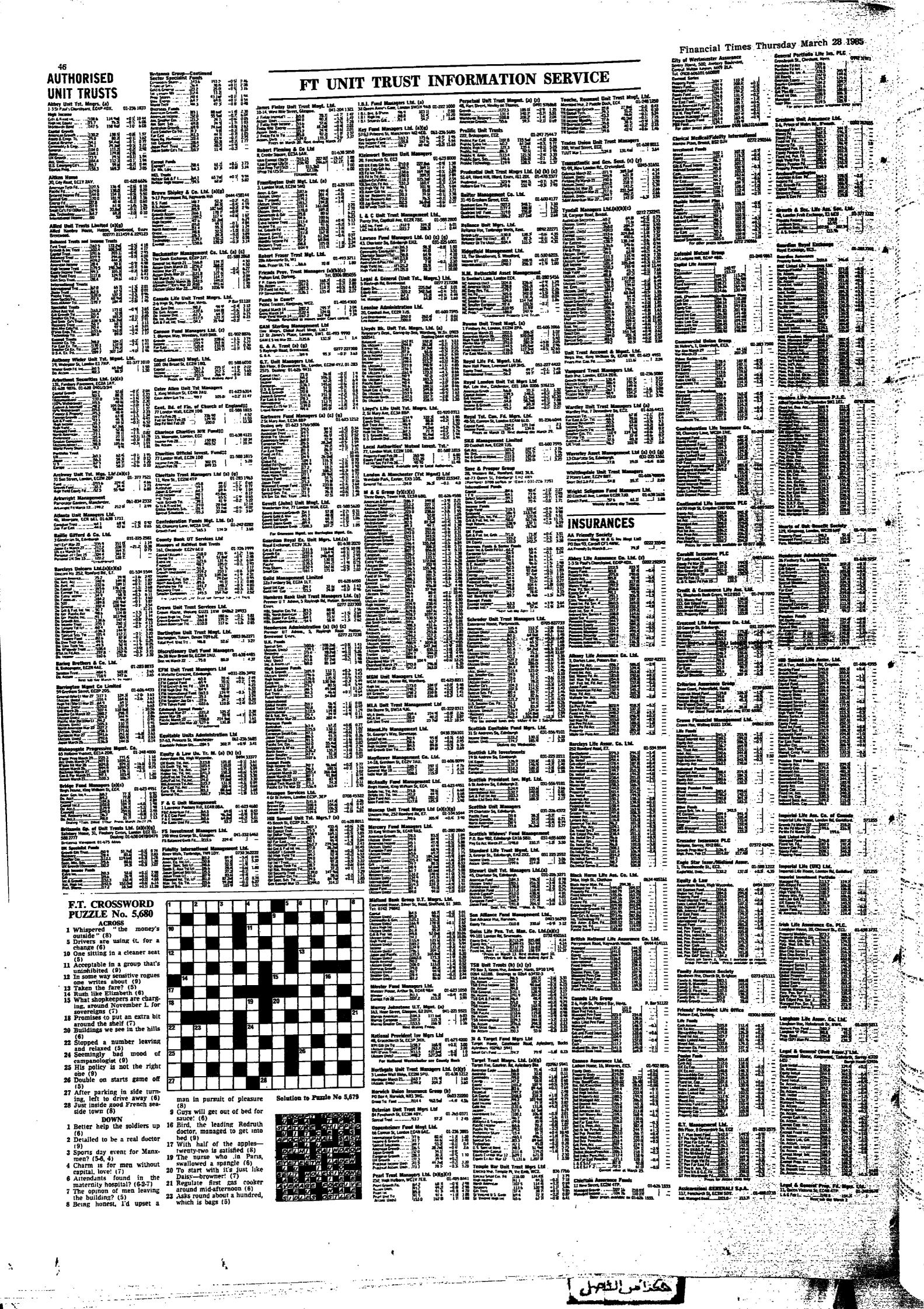
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# **Currency chaos** hits metals

BY JOHN EDWARDS, COMMODITIES EDITOR

in a chaotic state vesterday following the renewed decline in the value of the dollar. While gold, platinum and silver prices of base metals on the London

Metal Exchange.

The three months price of higher grade copper plunged by £46.75 to close at £1,171.25 a tonne and dropped to £1,165 in

The decline in copper came in spite of a statement by Kennecott that it will be unable to fulfil its contracted delivery commitments of copper cathodes to overseas customers after July 1, because insufficient metal would be available after the closure of its Utah division, announced on Monday. company is to declare force majeure on its overseas con-tracts. It is believed about 3,000 tonnes of copper a month are

Kennecott added that threemonth "evergreen" sales con-tracts for domestic customers were not being renewed after June 30 until the company had a clearer idea of its supply

The second biggest U.S. copper producer, Phelps Dodge, said it was closing its Ajo for an indefinite period. The dealers company said it could not traders."

LONDON METAL markets were justify spending \$5m for pollution control equipment needed to allow the smelter to operate after the end of this year.

smelters.

Nevertheless traders were Other base metals suffered

steep price declines in London, although dollar quotations were steady. Aluminium, lead, nickel and zinc were all marked down sharply. Tin values, however, were sustained by continued support buying by the buffer stock of the International Tin Council. As a result of this un-expected intervention, London tin values are now calculated to be at a premium over the Straits tin price in Malaysia. However, no one was quite certain of what was happening yesterday. As one dealer put it: "We might

### Outlook gloomy for early **EEC** farm price deal

BY IVO DAWNAY IN BRUSSELS

agreement on EEC farm prices for 1985-86 looked distinctly gloomy vesterday after agriculture ministers ended three days

Several commented that a further week of negotiation beginning in Luxembourg on Monday may not be sufficient to complete a comprehensive deal.

The principal sticking point remains West Germany's insistence that its farmers suffer no reduction in cereals prices.

The European Commission is seeking a 3.5 per cent cut while the UK wants the full 5 per cent reduction, triggered by this The closure of this small

forged ahead, there were heavy smelter, with an annual capa-losses in the sterling quotations city to handle 180,000 short city to handle 180,000 short tons of concentrates, should have little impact since the present supply of concentrates are being switched to other

> surprised that there was only a modest rise in the dollar prices of copper on the New York market (Comex). In early dealings the May futures position on Comex was less than one cent higher, in spite of the Kennecott news and the lower dollar.

smelter in Arizona on April 4 as well be foreign exchange for an indefinite period. The dealers instead of metal

THE PROSPECTS of an early year's bumper harvest under the guarantee threshold system. There are also serious dis-putes with Italy and Greece over planned cuts in fruit and vezetable prices.

Filippo Maria Pandolfi. the Italian farm minister cur-rently presiding over the council, will fly to Germany this weekend for further talks with Herr Ignaz Kiechle, his West German counterpart.

The ministers agreed yester day to roll-over existing price and intervention programmes for sheep, beef, dried fodder and milk for two weeks to allow payments to continue.

### **Distillate** fuel oil stocks fall in America

U.S. STOCKS of distillate fuel oil sunk by 5.3m barrels last week to 106.7m barrels, the lowest point since last June, according to the American Petrolium Institute.

Distillate on had was almost 2m barrels below last year at this time.

Crude oil imports rose from 2.4m barrels in the week ending March 15 to 2.7m barrels at the end of last week. While crude imports declined from last year, product imports which have been steadily growing, jumped to 2.1m barrels, almost 300 barrels more than last year at this

time. Crude oil stocks moved ahead for the fifth week in succession to 334.2m barrels, more than 8m harrels available at the same time in 1984. Stocks of residual fuel oil held steady at about 46.9m barrels, almost 300 bar-rels ahead of last year.

SILVER: The Chicago Board

of Trade will begin trading tomorrow in options on 1,000-ounce silver futures, its first precious metals option contract. • RUBBER: Floor trading on London's rubber futures ma ends officially this week and all trading will be inter-office as from April 1, a spokesman for the London Rubber Terminal Market Association said. There has been virtually no trading on the floor since last October. The decision to move to interoffice trading was taken at the annual meeting of the London

• SUGAR: The EEC Commission authorised the export of 42,000 tonnes of white sugar with a maximum subsidy of 43.84 European currency units per 100 kilos at its weekly tender yesterday. The result was in line with market predictions and had no impact on prices.

Terminal Market Association

last November.

· COTTON: A programme to eradicate the boll weevil in cotton-growing areas of Arizona, California and northern Mexico has started with this spring's planting, the U.S. Agriculture Department said. • SOYABEAN MEAL: The

Commodity Futures Trading Commission has approved Mid-America Commodity Exchange's soyabean meal futures contract. the U.S. agriculture Secretary, which would drop support Trading will begin on April 22. has proposed. Acreage-reduc- prices but would also offer ex-

# Time runs out for tropical timber pact

Andrew Gowers reports on the threat to next week's signing

THE International Tropical Timber Agreement, designed to are at a loss to explain why it

ducers and 33 consumers in said one puzzled Western rep-November 1983 after nearly resentative this week. seven years of negotiation, is up for ratification by the beginning of next week. For it to enter into force provisionally, 10 producing countries and 14 consumers must formally set their

seals on it by Sunday. So far, although almost the necessary number of consumers have done so, only three producers — Indonesia, Malaysia and Gabon—are on board. Fears are growing that the other producers' apparent footdragging may scupper the entire accord.

If so, it will be another blow to the already battered credi-bility of North-South commodity agreements. implications for the future of the world's tropical forests covering a vast belt across Asia, Africa and Latin America,

which conservationist organisation, and concerned consumers say are being depleted at an alarming rate.

BY NANCY DUNNE IN WASHINGTON

huge cuts in farm spending and

dropping loan supports, is get-

ting little support among farm-state congressmen, already wor-

agricultural economy.

ried about the deteriorating

Instead, the two agriculture

The American Farm Bureau

Federation, a conservative organisation which claims to be

the biggest farm group, has re-

eased a moderate version of

the Administration's Bill, which

would retain some government

protection for farm incomes

Like the Administration, the

farm bureau recommends drop-

ping loans to 75 per cent of the average five-year domestic price.

excluding the high and low

However, the farm bureau

level.

committees are being showered with alternative proposals.

foster co-operation between pro-ducers and consumers in the African and Latin American ber industry. \$7bn-a-year tropical timber producers in this way. "They trade, is in trouble. The pact, adopted by 36 pro- while it was being negotiated." half

> For consumers, the agree-ment was something of a test for a new, more realistic approach to commodity pacts. In comparison with some of the more grandiose schemes dreamt up in the past, the ITTA set itself modest objectives.

The text agreed 18 months ago contained no provisions for price stabilisation—unlike the international agreements on rubber and tin, for exampleand involved no great commitments of funds either from producing or consuming nations. Instead, its aims were to be fourfold:

• To gather information on short- and long-term trends in the market for tropical timber.

To help producing countries to replant trees and manage forests.

• To encourage producers to boost timber processing facili-ties to gain the maximum added value from their exports.

Reagan's Farm Bill upsets congressmen

Mr Dan Glickman, an influen-

tial Kansas Democrat in the

House of Representatives, has

proposed a completely different alternative. He would establish

a two-tier pricing system for wheat and feed grains, provid-ing farmers with supported

prices for grain production for domestic use, while grain sold

for export would be at market

The congressmen's four-year

proposal provides for grain pro-

duction subsidies and lower

loan rates. Diversion payments

would be based on a farmer's

actual production, rather than

acres set aside. Similar legisla-tion is expected to appear in the

the Senate agriculture commit-

Mr Jesse Helms, chairman of

programmes

until 1989.

level.

would not phase subsidies out tee, has introduced another of existence, as Mr John Block, "market-oriented" Farm Bill

velopment in the tropical tim-

When the ITTA negotiations started, consumers - led by Japan, which imports nearly of all internationally traded tropical timber and is acutely conscious of its dependence on these supplies—were getting worried at what they saw at threats to future supply resulting from wasteful exploita-

For their part, the producers were aware that their natural forests—the source of virtually all tropical timber—were in effect a non-renewable resource. They want to boost their earnings from timber-a large proportion of the value of which comes from processing.

tion of the forests.

The idea of an Opec-style cartel, though initially attractive to some timber exporters, was thrown out because producers realised that the resulting high prices would merely encourage consumers to find alternative products.

Price stabilisation measur involving the use of a buffer stock were considered unnecessary as, in the words of a study the International Institute

and financing exports.

Advocates of the agreement To promote research and dement "the best buffer stock for tropical timber is clearly the standing trees in the forest."

Equally, plans put forward by the UN Conference on Trade and Development (Unctad) for a levy on tropical timber exports to pay for reafforestation programmes foundered on bitter opposition from the consuming

But the scaled-down agree ment seemed, to many participants, workable.

All is not lost, however. If enough producers have not rati-fied the agreement by next week, Unctad will call together the ratifiers and the six other countries which have taken the initial step of signing the docu-

That meeting, expected to take place in June, could result in an extension of the ratification deadline, or implementa-tion of the pact just by those countries which already belong. The latter course is one that

would leave many consuming countries distinctly uneasy. Although it would include the two biggest current producers. Indonesia and Malaysia, it would leave out countries with huge reserves in Africa and Latin America, including Brazil.

### U.S. tobacco acreage may fall to record low

with government aid must be moved on U.S. vessels. A recent court ruling that blended credit grain must abide by the requirements has caused the suspension of U.S. shipments to several Middle-East countries. The department said tobacco growers last month indicated

with average yields, would lower the 1985 crop by about 15 to 20 per cent from last year's

1.74bn lb. U.S. tobacco quotas are decided by referendums among the growers.

supply to 5.47bn lb, 2.5 per cent above the previous year's.

### Aid donors asked to back Africa projects

THE UN Food and dericulture Organisation will askalled donors to morrow to finance a set of projects for the reinfelitation of farming in 28 Arought-

stricken countries in Africa The aim of the projects is to get agriculture going again if and when the drought ends, and so reduce the ever-mounting burden which the need for food aid is putting on the donor. countries.

The projects, devised by the FAO. should be under way within a few months and show esults in less than three years. They are aimed at benefiting a large number of food producers

large number of food producers and populations recently affected by natural calamities. They include, for example, the development of fodder production, the resettling of displaced people, the supply of mobile veterinary units, the cleaning out of neglected irrigation canals and the supply of fertilisers. fertilisers.

The total value of all the projects devised by the FAO comes to \$108m. They are in countries: such as Sudan, Angola, Kenya and Zimbabwe. Ethiopia is not included because its rehabilita-tion needs were partially taken care of at a donors' meeting in January. This week Mr Edouard

Saouma, the FAO director general, sketched an alarming picture of Africa's ever-growing needs for food aid. Too much food aid, he said, had the effect of changing people's diets and making farming uneconomic

"We also want to avoid a crisis in the allocation of emergency food aid. If the crisis continues the international community might not be able to meet other aid needs in the rest of the world. There could be a crisis of resources," he said. "The sum of \$108m for these

"The sum of \$100m for these rehabilitation projects is ridiculous," he said. "It works out at only \$5m for each country. These projects are almost symbolic, but they will stimulate governments and give them confidence in agriculture. They are just numer writing." are just pump priming."

Tomorrow's meeting is not a pledging conference. It is pledging conference. It is aimed at getting aid donors to discuss and consider the projects, so that they can later decide which ones to back and implement.

CHICAGO

LIVE CALTLE 40,000 15, cents/ib

May Z79.4 280.0 279.0 1 1 299.0 280.5 279.4 280.0 279.0 280.5 279.4 280.0 279.0 280.5 279.4 280.2 279.6 279.6 279.6 285.0 286.2 264.6 279.4 279. Close 279.4 280.0 271.0 265.0 273.4 280.2 283.0

65.70 57.40 LIVE CALILE 40, 65.70 57.40 55.26 45.70 April 45.82 65.26 65.26 June 151.10 65.26 65.26 June 152.65 67.40 65.30 April 52.65 67.40 65.40 April 52.65 67.40 April 52.65 April 52

### LONDON MARKETS

COFFEE\_prices tumbled on the London futures marke yesterday, mainly reflecting the dollar's continued decline against sterling. With no bul lish factors emerging to sentiment alread bearish this was enough to send the May position down £94.50 to £2,202 a tonne. In contrast, the bullish background sentiment in the cocoa market counteractes much of the potential cur rency-inspired fall in tha commodity. The May position finished only £12 down on the day at £2,035.50

### COPPER a.m. + or p.m. +

COPPER	Official		Onotticial	<u> </u>
High Grde	£	£	- ₽	£
3 months Settlem't. Cathodes	1778-80 1159,5	59.6 -41.5	:	<u>-46.</u>
Cash 3 months settlem't.	117762 1164	-89.6 43	(1 <b>724</b>  - \_—	-47 -43, 
that in the traded at 81, 79, 76 Grade: Ti	e momin £1159, 1 8, 79, 80, tree mon	g car three , 79.1 ths (	rading repsh higher ( months & 5. Kerb: H	pra <i>d</i> 1171 ighe 77.5
months £ 72.5, 73, Three mo 67, 64, 6	1177, 74, 72, 71.5. nths £117 15. Turno	75, Kerb 1.5, ver:	Grade: 74, 73, 72 : Higher G 72, 71, 70 21,225 to	, 73 rade , 68

_	1 129	Q);iCiai	ì	CINDITICIES.	, _,
Ç	months	9680-5 9586-90	+ 10.5	9556-60	-52 -58
SI	anderd. ash	9580 5	_72.5	 9556-60	- -52
S		9586		9556-60	<b>-69</b> J
7:	5, three 3, 76, Ki	months £ arb: Three	9550. • mo	d; Cesh E 55, 60, 70 nths £9565.	, 60, , 70,
B	9560, 75, igh Grad	70, 65, le: Three	50, 4 mon	Three mo 45, 50, 55, the £9590.	. 56. 81.
K		e month		45, 50, 55,	, 60.

### LEAD

LEAD	a.m. Official	+ 01	p.m. Unofficial	<u>+</u>
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3.5, 4, 4.5 3.5, After Karb; Thn	. 4. Kerb; noon: The month; 00 tonne:	Three no £300	months is months is months is months is 230 is 5, 300 is Spot:	C304 3. : Turr

ZING	a.m. Official	+ or	p.m. Unofficial	<b>!</b>
Gash 3 months Settlem't		2 +4,5 -15 +4	£ 774-9 734-6	<u> </u>
Zinc—Hi prices: Ci	igh Grad ish am £	e 0 784 £	ficial/Unol 785. pm	nc 7

	Mar. 27	+or Ma	nth
AETALS	1985	— ag	jQ.
Juminium	£1100	£11	00
ree Mkt	\$ 120/140	-5 \$112	. 1745
opper	1	·	
ash h Grade.	£1151,5	-49 £12	3B,5
3 mths	£1171.75	-40,75£12	<u> </u>
iold tray oz	5331,70 F703	-10.5 £32	2.5
3 mths		_11 433	ž F
licke l	2002.10		4.6
ree Mkt	238/200-	+1 228/	758a
alladium oz.	5116.25	+2.25 811	6.50
latinum cz	\$282.75	+10.5 825	<b>5.5</b> 0
iulckilivert	<b>828</b> 5/295		235
ilver troy oz .	644.56p	+11.6527	.05p
S mths	562,50p	+12,U5:544	.40p
in cash 5 mths	E8,000	.—02 4510, 'co €'£10	120 E
o nruis Tungsten	275 70	375	ر جور
Wolfram 22 04	575/7A	573	777
Ling	E776.5	-6 EB1	
ð mths	£734.6	-21 E79	6.5

### ALUMINIUM

	i		
1158,5-9,5 1178-80 1159,5	-41,5 -38.6 -41.5	1151-2 1171.5-2	49 46.7
11504 1177-62	-57 -59.5	1164.7	_47 - _43.5
i 1164 mated Mi he momin	ital Ti	h higher	orade -
t £1159, 1 78, 79, 80 Tures mon	, 79.5 ths C	. Kerb: H 1178, 77,	igher 77.5,
rnoon: H E1177, 74, 72, 71.5. onths E117	75, 7 Kerb:	74, 73, 72 Higher G	, 73, rade:
65. Turno	ver: 2	21,225 to	nnes.

TIN	a.m. Official		p.m. Unofficial	
High Grde Cash	9585 9580 5 9575-6 9585	-75 -72.5	 9656-60	52
85, three in 75, 76. Ke Afternoon:	months £ irb: Three Standa	9550. • mo rd:	nths £9565	), 60, 70, onths

LEAD	a.m. Official	+ 01	p.m. Unofficial	+
Cash 5 months Settlem't	3045	-9.5	401.52	
Load N 3.5. 4, 4.5 3.5. After Karb: Thr over: 8,46	, 4, Kerb; noon: The month:	Three no £300	nonths £30 2. 1, 300,	C30 33. Tur

ZINC				
ZING	a.m. Official	+ or -	p.m. Unofficial	+ ol —†
Cash 5 months Settlem 't		£ +4,5 -15 +4	£ 774-9 734-6	£ -6 -31

prices: Cash am £784\_£785. pm £775\_ £789. Three months am £765\_£771\_ pm £765\_£769: Settlement £785. Morning: Cash £777, 80, three months £737, 37.5. 37. 35, 35.5. Migh Grade: Cash £785 Kerb: Three months £737. Afternoon: Three months £738, 37, 36, 36.5, 36, 35. High Grade: Cash £775. Kerb Three months £730, 28, 26. 25. 24. 22 Turnover: 14,825 tommes, U.S. Prime Viestern: 45.00-45.75 cents percound.

### MAIN PRICE CHANGES - '

	ton -other	4,6	otne	twing to	7
METALS	Mar. 27 + or 1985 —	Month ago	OILS	1985	+er Me
Aluminium Free Mkt Copper	£1100 8/120/140 5	£1100 \$1125:1145	Coconut (Phil) Palm Malayan SEEDS	\$655y	+30
Cash h Grade. 3 mths Gold tray oz Lesd Cash Nicke I Free Mict	£301,75 11	5.£1262.75 6.5282.5 5.£325 £335.5	Copra Phil Soyabean (U.S.) GRAINS Barley Fut. Sep Malze Wheat Fut. May No. 2 Hard Wint	£98.60 £152.00	0,20 €
Platinum oz	\$282,75 +10. \$285/295	5'8255.50	OTHERS		
Silver troy oz	044.55p +11, 562.50p +12,0 £9,558 -52, £9,568 -58, 876.70 b \$75/78 -6 £776.5 -6 £734.5 -21	\$527,05p 5:344,40p £10,095 5:£10,182,5 \$75,68 \$75,77 1:2816 1£796,5	Cocos Ft. May Coffee Ft. May Cotton A Index Gas Oil April Rubber (kilo) Sugar (raw) Wooltops 64s ± Unquoted,	£2202 67.50c £233,76 66p \$112vy 508pkild w April-	May, x
			y May. y March c Cents a poun		Per 75 lb

Alumn'm	a.m. Official	+ or -	p.m. Unofficial	+ or -t
Spot 3 months	8905 921,5-2	£ -30 -31	894-5 916-7	£ -39 -38,5
Aluminium—Morning: Cash £830, three months £923, 24, 23.5, 23, 22.5, 23, 20, 21, 21.5, 22, 21.5, 21, 21.5, 22, 21.5, 24, 23.5, 23, 20, 21, 21.5, 22, 21.5, 20, 19.5, 21.6, 21.7, 21.5, 21.				

Silver was fixed 11.6p an oun higher for apot delivery on the Lond builion market yesterday at 544.55 U.S. cent squivalents of the fixilevels were: apot 658.9c, up 32.4 three-month 673.75c, up 33.3c; is month 68.9c, up 32.55c; and 12-mon 725.15c, up 33c, The metal opened 540-540 (662-695c) and closed
543-548p (668-671c).

LME-Turnever: 49 (62) lets of 10,000

Mar. 27 → or Month 1985 — ago	Mar. 87 → or Mon 1985 — age
TALS	OILS
minium	Palm Malayan 8655y +30 86
nper	SEEDS
sh h Grade£1151.5 —49 £1238.5 mths£1171.75 —48,75£1262.25	Copra Phil
d tray oz 5531,75 + 7,75 \$282,5 id Cash £295 —10,5 £325	GRAINS
mths £301,75 —11 £335.5	Barley Fut. Sep £98.60 -0,20 £11 Malze £152,00
ne Mkt 238/268c +1 228/268c Hadium 02 5115,25 +2,25 \$116,50	Wheat Fut. May £123,50 +0.10 £11
tinum oz \$282,75 +10,5 \$255,50  cks  vert \$285,235 \$285,235	OTHERS
ver troy oz 544.55p + 11,5527.05p mths 562,50p + 12,05:544,40p	Cocce Ft. May (£2035.5)-13 (£316 Coffee Ft. May (£2202 -84.5)£241
r cash	Gas Oil April \$233,75:+1,258228
ngsten	Rubber (kilo) 66p —1 68p Sugar (raw) \$112vy +1 \$114
E776.5 -6 E816	Wooltops 64s 508pkilo 518p

	HONEM
nn'm s.m. + or p.m. + or Official - Unofficial -t	NICKEL S.m. + or Unofficial -1
E	Spot 4580 40-97.5 4265-75 -165 8 months 4370-5 -5 4306-10 -175
uminium—Morning: Cash £890, a months £823, 24, 23,5, 23, 22.5, 20, 21, 21.5, 22, 21.5, 21, 21.5, b: Three months £321, 20, 19.5, moon: Three months £318, 19, 16, 17, 18, Karb; Three months £314,	Nickel-Morning: Three months £4405, 10, 05, £4390, 85, 80, 75, Kerb: Three months £4370, Afternoon: Cash £4310, 4280, three months £4350, 50, 50, 30, 26, 30, 20, 25, 05, 10, Kerb: Three months £4305, 4300, Tumbver-

NICKEL

•	OOOOA
GOLD  Gold continued to gain ground on the London buillion merket, as the dollar weakened on the foreign exchanges. It rose \$74 to \$3314-3324, after opening at \$329-3301, The metal was fixed at \$329.90 in the morning and \$330.40 in the atternoon, it touched a peak of \$333-334 and a low of	COCOA—(FFr per 100 kg): Merch 2,355 eak, May 2,335/2,337, July 2,390 bid. Sept 2,270/2,280, Dec 2,175/2,190, March 2,130 bid. May 2,125 bid. Futures opened (ower but raffied during a quiet morning. The weakness of the doller during the afternoon provided more activity but prevented prices moving higher. The physical market was quiet, reports Gill and Duffus.
\$328-329. GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Mar. 27	COCOA (Yesterday's Close + or Business Done
COLD DOLLION (IIII) COLISSA (INC.) C.	- 5010

# (£2784-279) (£1454-144) (£73-751<sub>2</sub>) (£291<sub>2</sub> 501<sub>4</sub>) (£2784-2791 (£534-541<sub>4</sub>) (£584-383<sub>4</sub>) (£53-64)

# Sales: 5,530 (4,113) lots of 10 tonnes, ICCO Indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound). Delly price for March 27: 108.33 (104.78); five-day average for March 28: 105.44 (104.88). COFFEE

fixed 11.5p en gunce	A sharp rally in sterling prod- a weaker opening, as much as lower, reports Drexel Burnham Lam A brief recovery attracted addit selling and a continued rise in ate prompted further losses during active afternoon.
dalivery on the London yesterday at 544.55p.	COFFEE Yesterd'yz + or Busin

Sales: 4.217 (1.946) lots of 5 tonnes. 1CO indicator prices (U.S. cents par pound) for March 26: Comp. daily 1979 133.95 (134.23); 15-day average 132.60 (132.24).

LIVERPOOL—Spot and shipment sales amounted to 2,558 tonnes. Extensive trading developed with American, East and West African and Communication operation operations.

### INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES

Mar. 27 Mar. 26	M'th ago	Yearag
294,62 297, 58 (Base: July		
•		

### Mar. 27 Mar. 26 M'th ago Year ago 1953,9 1969,8 2022,1 2003,7 MOODY'S Mar. 25 Mar. 22 M'th ago Year ago

(Base; Dece			
DOW JO	NES	i	
Dow Mar. Jones 25	Mar. 25	Month ago	Year
	<del></del> -		

GI MIN	
Old Crops rose 45p on	shipper b
ing reflecting stronger	
markets but faded later	in the d
New crops were dull, a l	
to begin with following of	
never showed any res	l directio
reports Muirpāce.	

HEA	ī		B/	RLE
nth	Yesterd'ys ciose	+ or	Yesterdy ciose	<b>5</b> + c
ay	119.95 123.50 98.55 101.80 106.25	+0.10	98.60 102.80 106.50	-0. -0. 1+0.

to 1.000.

Business done—Wheat: May 120.35-18.95. July 123.90-3.50, Sept 98.65 only.

Nov 101.90-1.80, Jan untrafied. Sales: 149 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: May 117.50-7.00, Sept 98.80 only. Nov 102.35-2.30, Jan 105.50 only. Sales: 70 tots of 100 tonnes.

TABLE — cmfqwcmfwyet cmfet ceta

PiGi	MEAI	=		
hanged	opened reflective reports (	ig a	quiet	physi
Aonth '	Yesterda close	ys Pre	rious 050	Busine: done
	p, per kil	o idea	dweig	ht)
une	110,40 107,20 103,00 108,20	107.	,10 ( ,80 (	

### Sales: 27 (8) lots of 50 carcases, 3,250 kg.

JUTS-March/April shipment c and t Dundec BTC \$880, BWD \$375, BWD/STD \$365; c and I Antwerp BTC \$980, BWC \$375, BWD/BTD \$955; ex. India March shipment 40 in 10 oz £28.33.

### OIL Crids oil triding remained thin. Undered April and May Brent firmed slightly. Nymex Wil traded tectrainity over a 40c range during the morning, mostly on the downside, in the first time in a week. Prices roses any due to the buillish API statistics the weaker dollar and the firm Tuesday Nymex close. Prices softened in mid

Heavy to	t supplies
etrol Argua	London.
<del></del>	Chenna
Latest	+ or -
per barre	i— April
. 27.75 27.8	55: <del></del>
. 26,50 26.6 . 27,10 27 <b>.</b> 2	0 — 0.05
	Heavy fur for prompt for prompt for prompt for prompt for party fo

	Dan -/	. 4	
	. Lendlen	n Argu	s astimates
AS OIL I	-UTURES		
	Yest'day's		
Month	Ciose	<del>-</del>	l
	\$ U.S.	<u> </u>	
	per tonne	!i	
arch	. 144.00	+2,09	244.75-45.00 256.25-55,50
pril	233,75 229,75	. + 1,25	232,25-23,75
ay	225.25	10.65	998 BD-28 DB

# SOYABEAN MEAL

pressure wi	thin narrow	range	5.
	Yesterday close	+ or	Business Done
April	per tonne		
lùne	184.1-184.5 188.7-184.8	<b>—1.80</b>	135,0 135,0-\84,0
october Dec	158.0-158.5		159.0-158.9
		1.98	160,0-148.0

### SUGAR

gar \$135.00 sterling lit values fe C. Czamii	ited prices
Previous close	Business done
tonne	<del></del>
118,4 (18,6	110,6-116,
122.4 122.6	124,2-120,0
128.4 129.5	129.0
142,2-142,8	148,6-148,1
147,3-148,0	164,0
152,0-156,6	_
	sterling like values for C. Czamia  Previous close

### THE Reagan Administration's tion and paid diversion tensive assistance in promoting 1985 Farm Bill, which proposes programmes would continue and financing exports. Meanwhile, legislation has been introduced in both Houses By Nancy Dunne in Washington AMERICAN tobacco acreage to remove the blended credit programme and other agricultural export credit programmes

may fall to a record low of 361,000 acres this year, if planters carry out the intentions they have signalled to the U.S. Department of Agriculture. from requirements that 50 per cent of all cargoes generated

they would reduce crop acreage by about 10 per cent from last year in response to an 8 per cent cut in the quota for flue-cured and a 22 per cent reducthey expect congressional approval and Administration tion for buriey. The smaller acreage, together

rent legislation runs out in Sep tember. Proposals simply to renew the law would cause The 1984 tobacco crop boosted this year's domestic leaf irreparable damage to American agriculture" which is losing foreign markets as a result of

COLTON SO.000 lb/squ

May 57.05 \$7.88 July 95.59 66.15 Oct 65.30 65.40 Dec 65.30 65.40 Merch 95.66 66.75 May 67.20 67.40 July 97.20 67.40

GOLD 100 troy oz, \$/troy oz

### high price supports, he said. U.S. MARKETS

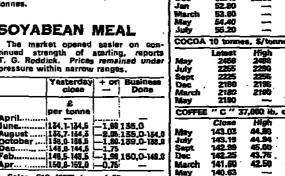
Sponsors of the legislation said

Mr Robert Dole, the Senate Majority Leader, has urged Con-

gress to get on with writing the Farm Bill before the cur-

support for their proposal.

HEATING Off came under heary selling pressure after a higher opening one to a bullish report on industry distiliate stocks; late trade and local selling demoralised the market as concerns about the



# LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw sugar \$112.00 (£93.00), up \$1.00 (down

elivery. The st ver the	White surength of day but	for March gar \$135.0 sterling lk values fa C. Czamii	0, same. Ited prices Il towards
No.6 Y	'est'day's close	Previous close	Business
	\$ pat	tonne	<del></del>
		118,4 (16,6	
		118.9-118.2 122.4-122.6	
CG	128.2-127 0	128 4 129.6	129.6
AT	140.0 140.6	142.2-142.8	148.6-148.0
ey	145,2.145,6 140 B 151 6	147.9-148.0 152.9-168.8	164,0
Sales: Tate ( ranulate £204.00)	1.767 (77) and Lyle d basis	4) lots of delivery sugar wa	50 tonnes. price for is £203,50

and soyabeans reflected and so y a beans renected foreign currency strength and advanced moderately except for soyaoil. Short-covering and commission house buying lifted maize and wheat slightly, while deferred soyabean contracts found support and rallied moderately. Precious metals maintained a firm tone despite late profit-taking on continued dellar weakness and lingering con-cerns over the status of U.S. cerns over the status of U.S. banks. Copper firmed, reflecting the strength in precious metalls and on reports that shipments by Kennecott to foreign customers will be disrupted after July I due to the closure of the Utah mine. Cocca firmed on arbitrage buying prompted by strength to sterling. Coffee weakened on disappointed long liquidation as roaster buying remained lacklustre.

COFFEE " C " 37,000 lb, cents/lb

Close High Low

May 143.03 44.90 43.06

July 143.19 44.94 42.15

Sept 142.99 45.00 42.90

Dec 142.25 43.75 42.10

March 141.69 42.50 41.60

May 140.63

July 139.57

ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lb, cents/lb High 62.80 63.00 61.00 61.25 Close 162,30 162,75. 161,25 160,75 181,00 161,25 161,25 Prev 48.85 48.95 48.35 50.75 50.35 52.35 54.35 54.35 May Sept Nov Jan March May July PLATINUM 50 troy oz, \$/troy oz Close 275.8 280.6 286.6 293.1 300.6 Close 660.7 650.8 665.0 674.2 686.9 703.8 710.0 722.3 735.8 749.6 High 673.0 Prev 44.54 44.94 44.37 43.50 43.00 41.75 40.75 579,0 689,0 700.0 720.0 739,0 749,5 763,0 661.5 670.0 663.0 702.3 723.0 736.6 WORLD Glose 3.50 4.08 4.23 4.32 4.90 5.27 5.53 5.76 Low 3.88 4.07 4.23 4.30 4.90 6.26 5.53 5.76

21.90 76.70 74.05 73.00 73.40 74.20

High 83.25 78.20 75.15 74.00 74.10 74.80

254.0 326.5 337.5 341.5 341.6 354.0 362.0 366.0 May 74.00 74.50 77
July 74.20 74.50 77
July 74.22 74.87 73
August 72.95 73.42 71
Peb 75.70 76.20 75
March 75.15 75.40 74
May 75.20 75.60 76
July 75.10 76.00 75
SOYABEANS 5.000 bu min, cents/60-lb bushel HEATING OIL 42,000 U.S. gallens, cents/U.S. gallens Prev 82:37 77-52 74-50 73.28 73.45 74-30 High 614.0 623.0 623.2 615.4 618.0 628.0 Prev 60.80 61.95 60.20 60.15 60.35 60.35 SOYABEAN MEAL 100 tone, 5/ton May July Augus Sept Oct Dec Jan March SOYABEAN OIL 80,000 lb, cents/ May 30.03 30.4 July 28.43 28.34 August 27.43 27.48 Sept 28.70 28.3 Oct 25.65 7.5 Dec 24.87 25.20 Jan 24.63 24.60 WHEAT 5.000 bu min, cents/60-lb bushel Prev 646.3 647.2 661.5 661.1 672.1 689.9 986.9 708.1 721.4 Prev 356.6 306.2 345.0 345.4 351.0 SPOT PRICES—Chicago loose 24.00 (same) cents per pound. York tin 540,0-568.0 (\$25.0-557.0) per pound. Hendy and Herman builden: 973.5 (647.5) cents per

### OTHER MARKETS

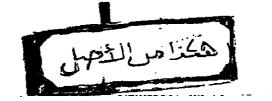
GB—Sheep 221,54p per kg est dow (+9.36), GB—Pigs 79,52p per kg (w (+0.36), GB—AAPP 101,63p per kg (w (-0.09), SAMTHUFIELD—Pence per pound. Beef Scorch killed sides 74.0 to 61.0; English hindquarters 92.0 to 96.0, fore-quarters 50.0 to 54.0, Veek—Dutch hinds and ends 724.0 to 127.0, Lamb— English small 90.0 to 95.0, medium 88.0 to 90.0, heavy 80.0 to 86.0; Scottch heavy 79.0 to 86.0; Imported: New Zestand PL (new season) 68.5 to 66.5.

WHEAT—(U.S. \$ per tonne); U.S. two soft rad winter May 170, July 148, Aug 148, U.S. two northern; spring 14 per cent protein April/May 155,50, Aug 166, June 165, July 185,50, Aug 166, Sapt 166, U.S. northern aprilog 15 per cent protein April/May 175, Do. Sept 177,50, U.S. trink hard smber durum April/May 177, June 178, July 177, Aug 178, Sept. 172, Oct 178, Censdian one western artiber durum

April/May 185.50, May/June 187, Sept 185. WOOL FUTURES ## WOOL FUTURES

SYDNEY GREASY WOOL—Close (in order: buyer, saller, businass).

Australian cants per kg. Mey 615.0, 620.0, 620.0, 620.0, 620.0, 620.0, 620.0, 620.0, 620.0, 620.0, 615.0, 618.0



# CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES -

<sup>15.</sup> March 28 1865

 $\mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \subseteq \mathbb{E}^{n}$ 

FINANCIAL FUTURES

# Dollar stays under pressure

The dollar came under pressure in rather volatile end of quarter foreign exchange trading yesterday. U.S. monetary policy may not have changed at this week's Federal Open Market Committee, but with the recent problems among Ohio savings institutions, and the sharp fall to 6 per cent in the Federal funds rate on Tuesday, there was some suspicion the FOMC had eased interest rate targets. Rumours that banks in Texas were assisted to the energy industry, following so closely the Ohio crisis, remewed fears of wider banking problems, and further undersmined confidence in the dollar. Recent economic data has also pointed to a slowdown in U.S. growth, and against this back-ground today's trade figures and tomorrow's leading indicators are awaited with nervous interest.

The dollar fell to DM 3.1250 from DM 3.2090: FFF 9.5450

The dollar fell to DM 3.1250 from DM 3.2090; FFr 9.5450 from FFr 9.5425; SwFr 2.6485 from SwFr 2.7210; and Y251.85 from Y255.45. On Bank of England figures the dollar's index fell to 147.3 from 149.6. STERLING - Trading range against the dollar in 1984-85 is

4.99 1.22-1.17pm
3.03 0.98-0.84pm
7.01 87-63-pm
3.03 58-47pm
4.03 58-47pm
4.03 98-73-pm
4.03 98-73-pm
-18.08 495-1465d
-0.84 20pm-15dis
-0.72 8-13dis
-1.75 28-13dis
-0.72 8-13dis
-0.74 8-13dis
-0.74 8-13dis
-0.74 8-13dis
-0.75 8-13dis
-0.75 8-13dis
-0.76 8-13dis
-0.76 8-13dis
-0.76 8-13dis
-0.76 8-13dis

3.86 n 2.18 6.16 2.64 2.40 d -0.42 7.19 -1.59 -1.59 2.03 -0.27 n 8.55 5.16 7.23

±1.5522 ±1.6419 ±1.1475 ±1.3689 ±1.8171 ±1.6703 ±4.0410 44.9008 8.14104 2.24184 6.87456 2.52595 0.72569 1403.49 44.9534 8.00161 2.23653 6.83167

3.21 on Tuesday. The Bundesbank did not intervene when the dollar was fixed at DM 3.1623, against DM 3.2316 previously. Anxiety about the U.S. banking system and lower U.S. interest rates encouraged selling of the dollar, while the market was also nervous ahead of testimony by Mr Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, to a Congressional committee. The weakness of the U.S. currency also threatened to cause strains within the European Monetary System, where the D-mark rose sharply against the weakest currency, the Italian lira. rency, the Italian lira. STERLING EXCHANGE RATE March 27 Previous 8.30 am ..... 9.00 am ..... 10.00 am ..... 76.6 76.6 76.8 77.0 76.8 77.0 77.1 77.2 77.5 £ in New York March 27 prev. close £ Spot | 51,2576-1,2366 | \$1,1886-1,1885 | 1 month | 0,55-0,51pm | 0,53-0,52pm | 2 months | 1,95-1,51pm | 1,62-1,55pm | 1,62-1,5

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST DOLLAR Ireland†
Canada
Mothlnd.
Belgium
Denmark
W. Ger.
Portugal
Spain
Italy
Narwey
Franca
Sweden
Japan
Austria
Switz.
+ IIK 

OTHER CURRENCIES								
Mar. 27	<del></del>	<u> </u>		£				
mar. ar	· £	•	<b>j</b>	Note Rate				
			Austria	26.70-27.0				
Brazil Gruzeiro	5,258-5,287	4.510-4.530	Seigium Denmark	76.75-77.7 13,59-13,7				
Finland Markics. Greek Drachma.	7,9755 8,0035	6,5430 6,5480 135,63,138,37	France	11,58-11,7 3,80-3,84				
HongKong Dellar	9,5000 9,5100	7.7960-7.7980	Italy	8410-245 303-308				
iran Rial KuwaitDinar(KD)	111,10- 0,3705-0,3715	0.80510 0.50620		4.30.4.34				
I IIvembalian Es	78 05.79 1F	83 00 43 10	MaawayI	10 93.11.0				

Belgian rate is for convertible france. Financial franc 78 45-78.55.

Six-month forward dollar 1.50-1.45c pm, 12-month 1.50-1.35c pm

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST POUND

**CURRENCY RATES** CURRENCY MOVEMENTS U.S. S. B. O.982345 0.71207:
Canadian S. 11.19
O.973052
Austria Sch. Belgian Fr. 11
Danish Kr. 11.1349 8.00161
Dmark ... 51.25.663
Guilder ... 51.25.61047 9.25663
French Fr. 12.50.596 1.80.298
Norway Kr. 51.298.16 6.83567
Lira... 151.2 1981.16 1.427.71
Yen. ... 151.2 1981.16 1.427.71
Yen. ... 172.500
Span'h Pta. 172.500 125.076
Swedish K. 9 8,53935 6,45142
Swias Fr. 4 2,63121 1.99526
Greek Dr'ch 1734,00.88973 0.716736 \*C\$/SDR rate for March 28: 1.33929.

### **EXCHANGE CROSS RATES**

Mar, 27	Pound Stirling	U.S. Dollar	Deutschen: k	J'panese Yen	FrenchFranc	Swiss Franc	Dutch Gulid	İtalian Ura	Canada Dollar	Seigian Franc
Pound Sterling ,	€	_1,239	3.875	312.5	11.84	3.270	4,385	2488.	1,683	78,10
U.S. Dollar		1_	3.125	251.9	9.545	2,849	3,538	2004.	1,358	68,06 -
Deutschemark	0.258	0.320	1.	80,65	3,058	0,844	1,132	641.9	0.434	20,15
Japanese Yen 1,000	3.200	3.965	12,40	1000,	57,89	10,45	14,03	7960,	5,884	249,9
French Franc 10	0,845	1,046	3.273	263.9	10.	2,762	3.704	2101.	1.421	66.96
Swiss Franc	0,806	0,379	1,185	95.57	3,621	1.	1.541	760,7	0,515	23.88
Dutch Gilder	0,228	0.283	0.884	71.27	2,700	0.746	1.	567,3	0,384	17.81
Italian Lira 1000	0.402	0.498	1.556	125.6	4,760	1,316	1.763	1000,	0,676	31,40
Cenadian Dollar	0.594	0.736	2.303	185.7	7,087	1.944	2,606	1478	1.	46,42
Belgian Franc 100	1.280	1.586	4,952	400.1	15,16	4,187	6,618	3185,	2,154	100, . ?**

### EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market closing rates)

Mar. 27	Sterling	U.S. Dollar	Canadisn Dollar	Dutch Guilder	Swise   Franc	D-mark	French Franc	italian Lira	Beiglat Conv.	Fin.	Yen	Danish Krone
Short-term? day's notice	141 <sub>8</sub> -146 <sub>8</sub> 183 <sub>4</sub> -187 <sub>8</sub> 1873-137 <del>4</del> 1274-1273	734-778 848-854 844-844 978-974 958-954 1075-1078	1014-1034 1014-1034 1036-1036 1016-1038 11-1136 1136-1136	514-512 516-516 516-516 616-512 578-7 716-712	50-32 101g-103g 5-6-51g 5-6-51g 51g-51g 51g-51g	534-578 559-534 559-534 578 534 578-578 678-578	101g-105g 101g-105g 10-101g- 101g-101g 111g-111g 111g-111g	134-144 134-144 144-145 144-154 161 <sub>8</sub> -151 <sub>8</sub> 161 <sub>8</sub> -161 <sub>8</sub>	91 <sub>4</sub> -101 <sub>4</sub> 101 <sub>8</sub> -101 <sub>8</sub> 101 <sub>4</sub> -101 <sub>2</sub> 101 <sub>4</sub> -101 <sub>5</sub> 101 <sub>4</sub> -101 <sub>5</sub> 107 <sub>8</sub> -111 <sub>6</sub>	978 1016 1014-1016 1036-1038 1036-1038 1048-1018 1078-1118	64e-61e 65e-63e 6-1-6-1- 65e-6-1- 66e-6-1-	11 & 12 % 11 % 12 % 11 % 12 % 11 % 11 %

Asian S (closing rates in Singapore); Short-term 8½-8½ per cent; seven days 8½-8½ per cent; one-month 8½-8½ per cent; three months 9½-9½ per cent; three years 10½-10½ per cent. Long-term Eurodollars; two years 11½-11½ per cent; three years 11½-11½ per cent; four years 11½-12½ per cent; five years 12½-12½ per cent nominal. Short-term rates are call for U.S. dollars and Japanese yen; others two days' notice.

### MONEY MARKETS

# London rates fall on strong £

Interest rates declined on the London money market, encouraged by the sharp improvement of sterling on the foreign exchanges. Hopes increased of an early cut in clearing bank base rates, as three-month interbank closed at 13.4-13.4 per cent compared with 13.4-13.4 Tuesday.

The Bank of England forecast

a money market shortage of £1,400m in the morning, but UK clearing banks base leading rate 13; per cent since March 20

The state of the s changed this to £1.300m after lunch. Total help provided on the day was £1,319m.

An early round of assistance was offered, and at that time the authorities bought £72m bills outright, by way of £2m bank bills in band 1 (up to 14 days' maturity) at 13; per cent; £67m bank bills in band 2 (15-33 days) at 13; per cent; and £3m bank bills in band 3 (34-63 days) at 13; per cent. at 134 per cent. Further help of £741m was

(11,00 a.m. Three months	
bid 9 1/8	offer 9 1/4
Six months (	J.S. doltars
bid 9 11/16	offer 9 15/1
The fixing rates	ere the arithm

Same of Late of F

Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late assistance and were purchased outright, by way of £36m bank bills in band 1 at 13\frac{1}{2} per cent; £129m bank bills in band 2 at 13\frac{1}{2} per cent; and £1m bank bills in band 3 at 13\frac{1}{2} per cent.

The authorities also provided late assistance of £340m.

Temporary facilities were also balances above target by £10m.

March 27	Frankfurt	Paris	Zurich	Amet'dam	Tokyo	Milan	Brussels	Dub
night nonth	6.00-6.15 6.10-6.85 6.20-6.35 6.25-6.40 6.0	103, 1065-103, 1055-103, 2054-103, 1012-1013	291g-301g 511-513 513-513	612 639 611 812 672-7 612-7-1	6,89375 6,40826 6,34375	151g-157g 1514-156g 151g-157g	8.65 104-1058 104-1058 104-1078	14-1 141 <sub>6</sub> -1 141 <sub>6</sub> -1 137 <sub>6</sub> -1 133 <sub>4</sub> -1
NDON MONEY	RATES	Logsi ı	Disc	ount Ho	ouses D		and Bij	
ar 27 Certificate in		rtnority   Co	ompany N	Aurket   Tr	essury Tr		lank Bar	

LONDON	MONE	Y RATE	:S	Di	scount	Houses	Depos	it and	Biji	Rates
Mar. 27 1985	Sterling Certificate of deposit	Interbank	Local Authority deposits	Company Deposits	Market Deposits	Treasury (Buy)	Treasury (Self)	Eligibie Bank (Buy)	Eligible Bank (Self)	Fine Trade (Buy)
overnight days notice days notice days notice days notice one months five months fix months lix months one year		10 145, 	141g-145g 141g-145g 141g-145g 157g 157g 158g 158g 121g —	121g-141g 141g 141g-141g 135g 135g —	10-14%	15% 15% 18%	1212	151 <sub>4</sub> -152 131 <sub>4</sub> -153 131 <sub>4</sub> -15 136 <sub>5</sub> -12 <u>4</u> ; 117 <sub>8</sub>	127a	1316

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
T LONDON NTERBANK FIXING			il.ocal Auth. negotiable bonds	Local Authority Deposits		# Gert of Deposits	SDR Linked Deposits	ECU Linked Deposits		
		One month	1419-1416		24	8,65-8,75	84.84	10-1018		
(12,00 a.m. Marc	h 27)	Two months Three months	13%-13½ 13%-13%	=	131g 154a	6.6-6.9 i 8.9-9.0 i	원6출-명기를 용 <del>(됩-용(함</del>	1016-1016		
Three months U.S.	dollars	Six months	13-125	<u>-</u>	125g	9.4-9.5	¥-914	104-104		
<del></del>		Nine months		_	124 124	9,85-9,95 10,2-10,8	9 <del>11</del> -9#	104-104		
bid 9 1/8 of	fer 9 1/4	Two years		1179		' <u>-</u>				

Three years Four years	Ξ_	1178 1144 1144	Ξ	Ξ	=	<u> </u>
February 8 to and finance he Houses Base R cant from Marc 14 per cent. Lo cent. Treasury Cartificates of one month 13% cent: six-nice 11% per cent fro for all deposits	March 5 nuses seva ate (publis h 1 1985, i ndon Depo Bills: Ave ex Deposit par cant; ou onths 121, i m March 21	n days' no shed by the London and sit Rates for trage tender (Series 6) ne-three more per cent; nis 8. Deposits 1	tive): 13.1 tice, other finence Scottish reves of retes of the 13½ p e-12 mont held under	BB3 per c its seven Houses Clearing E t seven de of discours \$ \$100,000 er cent ti its 12% per Series 5	ent, Local days' fixe Association lank Rates sys' notice on 12.3865 and over nrea-six mo or cant. Und	euthorities d. Finance ): 12½ per for landing 11-11½ per per cent. held under nths 13 per er £100.000

<u> </u>	<u>! -</u>
MONEY RATES	
NEW YORK (Lunchtime) Prime rate Broker loen rate Fed funds Fed funds at intervention	10½ 9½ 7¾
Treasury Bills One month Two month	7.85 8.25

given, roughly rolling forward

maturing agreements on gilt edged stock. This was provided

at an average rate for two-month money of 13% per cent.

### Gilts strong

nancial Futures Exchange	rates.	and i	r AGLA	expen	etve to
sterday, but dealers were dis- pointed at the performance of	cash,	and i	<u> Little</u>	incen	tive to
pointed at the performance of ree-month sterling deposits,	buy,	while gives	the Se	ptembe	r con-
ich failed to respond to the	interv	mi raio	e to co	ma dou	m end
e of sterling on the foreign	looks	more :	tttracti	ve at n	resent.
changes. Short sterling deposits	· Kn:	rodollar a fire	futur	es we	akened
June delivery opened firm 88.45, compared with 88.32,	Chics	go resi	rtence	, Dut Invelo	Met a
t soowed little movement	PARTY	alen fa	iled te	n rico	a bosso
ring the day and closed at	90.00	on fe	ar of	Feder	al Re-
46, against a peak of 88,54. On	Serve	inter	vention		drain
ntract finished at the day's	at 89.	ity in 3	pared	with &	2050a
other hand the September struct finished at the day's the of 89.07, against an open-	Jun	e US	Tre	201170	hande
of 89.00 and a previous close 88.87. Dealers suggested that	finish	med un	change	dat 68	-25, on
present June price discounts		usness ury and		of last	gråpt,2
			.LOE,		
ONDON	U.S. 1	MEASURY	BONDS		
REE-MONTH EURODOLLAR	8% SK	0,000 32			
bolute of 100%	June	Close 68-25	High 68-29	LOW 68-19	68-25
Close High Low Prev e 89.34 90.00 89.92 89.88	Sept	67-28 and volume as day's Q—?			67-30
et 89.30 89.34 89.28 89.24 88.86 88.91 88.86 88.83	Previou	R GSA, P	opes int	(1,A/3) 2,852 (2	.836)
Ne 89.94 90.00 89.92 89.88 Nr 89.30 89.34 69.25 89.24 1 88.86 89.91 68.85 ruh 88.57 88.61 88.67 88.55	94368	Q —?	?		
mated volume 5,010 (4,622) vious day's open int 15,713 (15,483)	CHR	CAGO	)		
EE-MONTH STERLING	U.S. T.	REASURY	BONDS	(CBT)	
0,000 points of 100%	8% \$10	0,000 32	ads of 1	00%	
Clase High Low Prev		Lettest	High	Low	Prev
e 88.46 <b>88.54</b> 88.41 88.32 t 89.07 <b>89.</b> 07 <b>88.32</b> 88.67	June Sept	68-25 67-30	68-26 67-31	58-19 67-23	69-09 68-14
89.09 89.10 88.98 88.92	Dec	67-06	<i>67-</i> 05	87-00	67-22
ch 38.96 29.05 38.36 38.35 8.36 28.05 28.96 12.35	March	65-16 65-30	65-16 65-00	66-12 65-27	67-01 66-14
mated volume 2,281 (1,615)	Sept	65-13	65-13	<b>66-11</b>	65-29
lous day's open int 5,502 (5,541)	Dec March	64-30	65-01	64-28	65-14 65-01
FAR 12% NOTIONAL GILT	June		_	_	64-21
Close High Low Prev	Sept Dec	_	=	_	64-02
ch 105-26 105-29 105-25 105-16		REASURY	RIIIS		
106-27 106-31 106-04 105-28 1 110-25 — — 108-25	S1m po	ints of 1	00.2 Direct	mental.	
110-27 — — 109-27		Latest	High	Low	Prev
ch 110-16 — — 108-16 mated volume 2,926 (963)	June Sept	91.08 91.55	91.11 90.58	91.05 90.54	91.14
lous day's open int 3,283 (3,680)	Dec	96.20	90.22	90.20	90.61 90.29
is quote (clash cash price of 134%	March June	89.95 89.78	89.78	89.95	90.00
sury 2003 less equivalent price of futures contract) -24 to -12	Sept	89.61	63.76 —	69.78 69.61	89.82 89.84
ds)	Dec	89.42 89.28	_	89.42	89.4B
RLING £25,000 \$ per £	March	DEPOSIT		89.28	<u> 89.34</u>
Close High Low Prev 1.2145 1.2145 1.1915 1.1680	\$1m po	ints of 1	(1046) 10%		
1.2145 1.2145 1.1915 1.1680 1 1.2105 1.2105 1.1880 1.1540		Letest	High	LOW	7168
1.2095 — — 1.1630	March	81.2D	91.22	91.20	91.21
meted volume 354 (44) loue day's open int 6,824 (6,828)	June Sept	90.33 69.67	90 36 89.67	90.31 89.62	90.43 89.76
TSCHE MARKS	Dec	89.20	89.23	89.20	89.31
125,000 \$ per DM	THREE-	HONTH E	URODO	LAR (IN	IM)
Close High Low Prev 0.3201 0.3203 0.3175 0.3137 0.3231 0.3231 0.3216 0.3167	June	Latest 89.93	High se es	Low	Prev
nated volume 109 (103)	Sent	89.Z7	89.95 89.28	89.91 89.24	90.03 89.36
ous day's open int 334 (299)	Dec March	88.84 88.53	88.86 88.54	88.83 88.53	<b>88.</b> 94
SS FRANCS	June	88.28	88.30	88.28	58.53 88.39

Gilt futures were strong on a cut of 2; per cent to 11 per

Close High Low Prev 123.70 123.95 123.60 123.95 123.70 129.00 128.90 123.70 129.20 — 129.20 Sept 129,20 — — 129,3 stimated volume 269 (281) Pravious day's open int 1,540 (1,603)

STERLING (IMM) \$5 per £

### Company Notices

### TOKYO TRUST S.A.

FINAL DIVIDEND

A Final Dividend of U.S.\$1.30 per share will be payable on 15th April 1985 to holders on the Register on 29th March and to holders of the Bearer shares against presentation of Coupon 123 at the Payable Agence

Singer & Friedlander Ltd. 21 New Street, London EC2M 4HR

Kredietbank S.A. Lux 43 Boulevard Royal, Lux

TOKYO TRUST S.A.

SOCIETE GENERALE \$ US 400 millions 1985 - 1997

Please be advised that for six to September 17, 1985 the interest rate has been

The interest due on September 18, 1985 will be \$ US 523,89 and has been computed on the actual number of days elapsed (184) divided by 360.

THE PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT SOCIETE GENERALE ALSACIENNE DE BANQUE LUXEMBOURG BRANCH

SOCIETE GENERALE \$ US 250 millions 1984 - 1994

Please be advised that for six months, March 18, 1985 to September, 17, 1985 the crest rate has been fixed at 10,3125%.

The interest due on eptember 18,1985 will be \$ US 527,08 and has been computed on the actual number of days elapsed (184) divided by 360. THE PRINCIPAL

PAYING AGENT SOCIETE GENERALE ALSACIENNE DE BANQUE LUXEMBOURG BRANCH

TORYO TRUST S.A.
NOTICE OF
NOUAL GENERAL MEETING NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Sudmenth Annual General Meeting of Meeting of Company will be held at Hotel Critic Palce, Venice, 7221, to 15th April, 1985 at 12.00 moon for the billowing suggests. wing surposes:—
To receive the report of the
Directors and the Audited
Accounts for the year ended
Sist December 1984 and to

TOKYO TRUST S.A. NOTICE IS MEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at Motel Gritol Palace. Veoice, Italy, on 15th April, 1985 at 12.30 p.m. for the purpose of associate Resolution—refluency shares of U.S.\$10.00 each in the capital of U.S.\$10.00 each in the capital of the Company be sub-divided into 20.000.000 Ordinary shares of U.S.\$1.00 each. By Order of the Board BANQUE PARIBAS 9 AVENUE D'OSTENDE. MONTE-CARLD, MONACO

ONTARIO 4 QUEBEC RAILWAY
COMPANY
5% DEBENTURE STOCK
6% COMMON STOCK

In preparation for the payment of the ball-weath-interest payment on June 1 was to be a local to the ball-weath-interest payment of the local to the

# **Scottish Equitable** Life Assurance Society

INVESTMENTS

### "AN EXCELLENT YEAR FOR THE SOCIETY"

Formostof the vearwe operated at close

The distribution of our assets by market

to what we regard as a prudent maximum

Extract from the Chairman's Statement

NEW BUSINESS

In terms of new business the Society had an excellent year in 1984. New annual premiums increased by 19% from £23.0m to for the proportion of our assets held £27.3m, with growth experienced in most classes of our business. We also achieved holdings, but hedged these purchases, in

good increases in our single premiums for the process effectively creating a long-individual pensions and for annuities.

Sales over the year were distorted by attracted in particular by the exceptionally the decision to abolish Life Assurance high yields available on long-term U.S.zero-Premium Relief announced in the coupon bonds, with an effective duration Chancellors Budget speech. The longer than that of atternative sterling individual pensions market for the self-employed and for executives and directors position in the Japanese equity market was has been growing rapidly in recent years reduced and the proceeds invested in U.K. and expanded at an even greater rate in ordinary shares. 1984 with most offices, after the Budget, increasing their sales and marketing effort

on pensions policies.
It is still rather early to assess conclusively the effect on the assurance market of the loss of Life Assurance Premium Relief Certainly for the second half of 1984 new annual premiums for the industry were about 25% down on the same period in 1983. However, 1983 itself was an unusual year with an exceptionally large increase in endowment monoage business as a result of the change in the treatment of mortgage tax relief.

launch of 1984 designed as a portable pension plan for executives and directors

the repayment of a mortgage by an produced the best return under a withendowment assurance policy 3. Trustlink a range of unit-linked funds

for our self-employed contracts.

Money-plus, aimed at the company

5. Term Assurance, where we offer bonuses have been maintained at £4.70% separate smoker and non-smoker for life assurance policies and £5.50% for rates for the first time.

employees on a money-purchase £38m in 1983.

Other U.K. Fixed Interest **U.K.** Equities **U.K.**Property Overseas Equities and Bonds Cash

U.K. Government Securities

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Mention was made last year of the spectacular investment performance of the Unit Linked funds for individual pensions The Society enjoys a reputation as a progressive, innovative office and we consolidated that reputation in 1984 with a particularly heavy programme of new product launches. During the year we launched five major new products aimed top-performing funds in their sectors for the products aimed top-performing funds in their sectors for each of their first two years. In addition launched five major new products aimed top-performing funds in their sectors for at our principal markets of pensions and each of their first two years. In addition, our U.K. Equity Fund was first in its sector in 1983 and second over the two year period. At the same time our longer-term 1. Ersel-plus, our major new product performance under with-profits policies shows up favourably. A recent independent survey of results under annual premium self-employed policies over the 2. Mortgage Matcher, a new approach to past ten years shows the Society as having profits policy

BONUS RATES

The total distribution, excluding terminal wishing to make provision for its bomus, for 1984 is £51m. compared with

Our main rates of declared reversionary individual pension policies. The total accumulation rate to be applied in 1985 under the Society's S.E. Funding policy for

company pension schemes will be 13.25%. The rate of bonus for 1984 under our Reilex policy for the self-employed will be between 82% and 8.5% depending on duration in force compared with a uniform 8.2% in 1983. The intermediate bonus rate to apply in 1985 is 6.5%.

Terminal bonus rates have been increased for the fourth consecutive year. For the first time we have introduced a separate rate for single premium policies in the pension fund reflecting differences revealed by an analysis of the contributions made to surplus by annual and single premium policies. The revised rates are 65% for ordinary life policies, 90% for annual premium pensions policies and 135% for single premium pensions policies.

### LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

4%

In conjunction with the Life Offices' Association and the Associated Scottish Life Offices we made strenuous representations to the Government advocating the retention of Life Assurance Premium Relief. The Government chose to disregard our views and, as a result the net cost of new life assurance has increased in the final analysis it seems likely that Life Assurance Premium Relief was sacrificed on the altar of fiscal neutrality Whilst the concept of fiscal neutrality has theoretical attractions. much of the debate ignores the variation in conditions applicable to different forms of saving. Equality in terms of opportunity and fiscal treatment should be accompanied by equality in terms of regulation and control

The focus of the debate has now switched to pension schemes. The Social Security Bill will, if enacted, improve the rights of early leavers and increase the disclosure requirements for pension funds. We understand that the Fowler enquiry has completed its review of pension scheme provision and is about to publish its findings. There has also been a wide-ranging debate in the press on the desirability of otherwise of fiscal reform of pension funds.

We have been involved in the provision of pension benefits for many years and I hope that the debate will not concentrate on short-term considerations at the expense of the long-term outlook so critical in pension fund planning.

For a copy of our Annual Report or full details
our contracts, consult your Broker or Financial Adviser or write direct to 31 St Andrew Square,
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# CAPITAL MARKETS

# Pressure on dollar discourages fixed-rate issues

BY MAGGIE URRY IN LONDON

WITH the dollar suffering badly on the foreign exchanges yesterday, the Eurodollar bond market was again free of a new fixed-rate issues. However, secondary market prices were a touch firmer during the morning, though they weak-ened again later as the New York bond market opened easier.

Among floaters, the new NatWest \$400m issue continued to trade inside its 5 basis point selling concession. However, the Ireland issue in European currency units slipped badly, with the lead manager Citicorp quoting the issue around 99.45 and other traders noting even lower levels. The Ecu 150m issue has fees

of 25 basis points. There are strong rumours in the Eurobond market of the first stering zero coupon issue, thought to be for a UK company. The Samurai market is firmly

back in business with two more deals launched. The first, for the World Bank, raises Y50bn on the same terms as the Asian Development Bank issue on Tuesday – a 15year final maturity, a 7.3 per cent omon and 99% issue price. The other deal was for Air Cana-

da – its first Samurai issue. This is for Y15bn with a 10-year maturity, a 7.3 per cent coupon and a 99.35 issue price. Both deals are led by Dai-D-Mark bonds gained % to %

81<sub>2</sub> 7 63<sub>4</sub> 151<sub>2</sub> 30 161<sub>2</sub> 191<sub>2</sub> 27<sub>6</sub> 37<sub>8</sub> 10

.1De

1.84

.22 .03

+12 +55 +12 -12 +36 +16 -34

+1<sub>2</sub> -1<sub>4</sub> -1<sub>8</sub> +1<sub>4</sub> -1<sub>2</sub>

1,20 1,06 ,15b

.90b .05 1.68 .05 1.92 .12e .96 2.20 .09e .24

-18 +14 -14 +14 +14

BHF Bank bond average 4--ch 27 1984/85

103,042 point yesterday, benefiting from the lower dollar, with volume improved and buying interest seen. Recent issues for the World Bent and Escom are trading well.

A slightly firmer trend was seen in the Swiss franc foreign bond market, with some issues gaining up to 1/4 point Dennison Manufacturing's war-

rant issue picked up again. The package gained 1/2 point to 95%, while the warrants alone rose SwFr 1 to SwFr 23. Crédit Suisse indicated a 3% per cent yield for a SwFr 70m private placement for Toko, the Japanese

electronics company. The five year bonds come with equity warrants with a likely premium for the ever cise price of 2½ per cent. Nikko (Switzerland) launched

SwFr 40m convertible private place ment for Takasago Thermal Engl neering, and UBS priced a Switt 30m private placement with equity warrants for Denki Kogyo with 3% per cent coupon compared to the indication of 3% per cent. The exercise price was set at Y803 compared to the closing share price of Y799.

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.12 1.20 .80 .99 .40 .04 .80

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.34 .20 .40 .10e

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